

which the names of the delegates and visitors were called over. This was a list of no ordinary interest, embracing as it did the names of men long known to us as faithful and tried labourers in the Lord's vineyard—men who have not shrunk from suffering nor fainted under trial, but have given up property and liberty, and submitted to shame and contempt, rather than deny principles which they deemed founded on the will of their Heavenly Father.

Dr Hoby, and Messrs. Hinton, of London, and Hunter, of Nottingham, as well as several other English friends, were then introduced, and a letter from the Baptist Union was read, expressing the interest taken by that body in the German Mission.

The Conference continued with consideration of matters of great interest, during eight days. The cause of truth and religious freedom on the continent of Europe must be greatly affected by the progress of the Baptist churches there. We feel deep concern in the efforts of Mr. Oncken and his fellow labourers. May they have an abundant reward for all their sufferings and labours.

A TERRIBLE PUNISHMENT.—The London Spectator contains the following expression of opinions as to what should be done with Nena Sahib, in the event of his capture alive:

"He should be caged as matter for study; and after exhibition in India, should be brought to England, and carefully guarded, to live out the term of sympathy. His physical health should be preserved with the utmost care, and he should live to undergo the most painful of all punishment to such a miscreant—the absence of all sympathy, and the knowledge that he was reduced to the condition of a captured beast of prey, a study for the natural philosophers of the nation he had outraged, as some compensation for forfeited humanity. He should be caged in the Town, as the real Bengal tiger, with some of the fourfooted tigers in cages alongside of him for comparison. We do not revenge ourselves on wild beasts; we kill them out of the way, or keep them as specimens; and we cannot afford to waste the opportunity for the punishment of a human tiger as a warning, a punishment that distance from the scene of his atrocities will magnify manifold as a deterring influence. He is a gentleman, a high caste, ever susceptible of mortification by the process of degradation from the condition of humanity to that of brutality; devoid of moral feeling, probably a moral idiot, and only sensitive in pride or vanity. The spectacle of his hopeless captivity will do more to deter than would the hanging of a hundred thousand of his fellows. Mere death would have no effect on the future."

THE SUBMARINE CABLE BETWEEN EUROPE AND AFRICA.—A telegraph despatch from Cagliari, dated September 9th, announces that the submarine cable connecting Europe and Africa has been successfully laid between Bona and Cape Teulada. The communication between Teulada and Spartivento, a distance of seventeen miles, had to be made before regular telegraphic communication can be opened with Algeria. The cable is a heavy one, with four conducting wires, and has been laid successfully in above 400 fathoms of 1,500 to 1,700 fathoms water. The total distance covered is 124 nauts, or 145 miles.

ESCAPE OF AN EMPEROR.—The Emperor of Austria, who left Presburgh on the 27th ult., by railway, to continue his journey to Hungary, had a narrow escape. At Hobokult the locomotive ran off the rails with such violence that one of the wheels broke, and the whole train was dragged off, and stuck fast in the ground. After some delay his Majesty resumed his journey, and in the evening reached Bolassa-Granaath.

CAPTURE OF A BRITISH SHIP BY PIRATES.—MASSACRE OF THE CREW.—Yesterday morning intelligence was received at Lloyds' under date, Kingston, Jamaica, August 27th, of the capture of the British ship Endeavour, by a piratical vessel, and the murder of nearly all on board. It seems the Endeavour was on a trading voyage on the South American Coast. On the 1st of Aug., about fifteen miles from Bahia Heads, when lying becalmed, a number of boats filled with armed pirates put off from a vessel that had followed the Endeavour for several days previously; and, despite the gallant efforts of Captain Durant and his men, they succeeded in boarding the vessel. The captain and thirteen of the crew were instantly murdered in cold blood, seven others of the crew on witnessing this contrived to get over the side into one of the boats and made their escape. After being on the ocean four days and nights, without food or water, they were picked up by the Conway steamer, and landed at Kingston on the 27th ultimo.

MR. CAIRD'S SERMON BEFORE THE QUEEN.—On Sabbath last, Mr. Caird preached in Crathie Church. Her Majesty the Queen, the Prince Consort, the Princess Royal, the Earl of Clarendon, the royal suite, the Duchess of Kent and suite, and other persons of rank were present. The church was crammed, hundreds standing—so much so that her Majesty had to give directions to open the windows, for the purpose of ventilation. The rev. preacher adopted part of the Church of England service in his first prayer. The Text was 1 Cor. iii. 22, and part of the 23rd verse. The discourse is described by an author to have been "most magnificent."

Mr. Caird did not use even notes. Some rain fell during the service, but the day, on the whole, was not unfavourable.—Dundee Advertiser.

NEW BAPTIST CHAPEL ADELAIDE, AUSTRALIA.—The Rev. Edward Dewhurst (son of the late Rev. C. Dewhurst, of Bury St. Edmund's, England), who has been pastor of the Independent congregation in Ebenezer Chapel, Rundle-street, Adelaide, will commence on Sunday next to hold divine service in connection with the Baptist denomination at White's Assembly-room. The rev. gentleman, who has recently changed his sentiments on the subject of infant sprinkling, was on Sunday last immersed by the Rev. G. Stonehouse, having first given a statement of the scriptural reasons for the change which has taken place in his opinions. The chapel was crowded in every part, and great interest was excited on the occasion.—Adelaide Observer.

The will of Mrs. Jay, widow of the Rev. William Jay, the well-known Independent minister, of Bath, has been sworn under 30,000l.—The testatrix has bequeathed 200l. to the Baptist Missionary Society, and legacies to twelve other institutions.

The palaces of Delhi are said by Bishop Heber, to be of such massiveness as if they were built by giants, and their internal arrangements of so much splendour as though they were furnished by jewellers.

To Cure a Cough, buy a bottle of the Balsam of Wild Cherry. We have more faith in this combination of Dr. Wistar, than in any other remedy known, having witnessed its entire success in many cases of protracted cough.

Asthma.—Upwards of one thousand of the worst cases of Asthma have been relieved by using Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma. In no case of purely Asthmatic character, has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases, a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety.

LATEST NEWS!!

THE Steamer Eastern State arrived here early on Monday morning, having been detained both in Boston and at Yarmouth by the stormy weather. She brings further news from India received by the Atlantic at New York. We find the following amongst the most important items:

From the London Herald, Sept. 30.

Bombay letters have arrived. The Bombay Times of Aug. 31, does not mention the arrival of Gen. Havelock at Lucknow. The principal features contained in the papers have been previously published. The Bombay Times considers that the intelligence is certainly of a disastrous character.

A letter from Aboo, dated Aug. 11, in the Poona Observer, mentions that the King of Delhi offered to make terms with us on condition that 36 lacs of rupees annually, instead of 15, as heretofore, should be secured to him and his successors. He was informed that nothing but an unconditional surrender could be accepted.

A Meerut letter, of the 10th of August, mentions that numbers of the Mutineers were leaving Delhi. About 500 were seen crossing the Ganges at Gurmuchtsurghat, five days previously, and 250 more were at Hauper, making for Rohilkund—all unarmed. The bridge of boats at Delhi is reported broken on the Meerut side, and the mutineers were attempting to repair it.

The Punjab is tranquil. The organization of Sikh regiments for Delhi is rapidly progressing.

The mutineers at Meerut had been cut up. No sympathy was shown to the rebels by the inhabitants of the Province.

The King's magazine of Jodhpore was struck by lightning; 900 persons were killed, and property valued at £1,000,000 sterling destroyed.

The whole province of Bengal seems to be in a state of alarm. Calcutta was becoming crowded with fugitives from all parts of Bengal.

Boston papers to Friday, 16th inst., report the arrival of steanship Vanderbilt. London dates by this arrival are to 3rd inst. The Vanderbilt brought out nearly four hundred passengers and \$20,000 in specie. She reports having encountered on the 9th a terrific gale which lasted 36 hours.

The India mail had arrived in England, but furnishes little intelligence additional to that already given by telegraph. A despatch received at Bombay from Cawnpore states that Gen. Havelock defeated the rebels near that place on the 16th without loss, excepting a few wounded, but the cholera had carried off nearly one hundred of his troops. Accounts from Lucknow of the 18th reported all well. Calcutta letters contain nothing new. Advices from China are unfavorable. The Emperor refused to agree to an amicable arrangement.

A proclamation had been issued in England, appointing Wednesday, October 7, to be observed as a day of humiliation and prayer in consequence of the disturbances in India.

At a meeting in London of the owners of property in India it was resolved to demand compensation for losses sustained by private persons in India, and complaints were made of the want of vigor on the part of the Indian government.

The Mohurrua holiday, as to which great fears were felt, had passed off quietly. Lord Elgin had made over the Shanung and the Pearl to the Indian government, and was about to return to China in a chartered steamer.

The Paris Press contains a rumor that serious dissensions existed between Lord Canning the Governor General, and Sir Colin Campbell, the Commander-in-Chief, in India. Lord Elgin had sided with the latter, who was also supported by the voice of public opinion.

The report of Havelock having reached Lucknow was received with doubt, and his position was regarded as a precarious one.

An officer reports that he saw the end of Nena Sahib and his family, who took to a boat on the Ganges and were swamped.

A telegraph despatch from Paris to the London Post, dated September 29, says:—

A French telegraph from Marseilles, dated to-day, says that private letters from Calcutta state that the population is beginning to rise in Bengal, pursuing and killing English settlers.

United States.

THE MONEY PRESSURE.—The suspension of such houses as Bowen & McNamee and Harper & Brothers, with a million of dollars assets each above indebtedness, illustrates the difficulty of exchange just now. A mass meeting of the business men of Philadelphia was held last Thursday, and there was a large attendance, notwithstanding the short notice. Mr. McAllister presided, and made a speech, attributing all the present difficulty to the New York banks, in first expanding to the amount of \$7,000,000 in thirty days, and then contracting \$12,000,000 in two months. He advocated a general banking law, and the banks to be required to have one dollar in specie for every three of issue. Numerous speeches were made, representing the distress existing in the community, and urging a renewal of public confidence in the banks as the only relief of hundreds from bankruptcy and ruin.

MILLS STOPPING.—All the cotton works on the Lowell (carpet) corporation, says the Lowell News, have been stopped till further notice. We regret to learn, too, that the Middlesex Mills are being gradually stopped as fast as the work now in the looms is run out, and will soon be stopped altogether. We trust the suspension will be but temporary.

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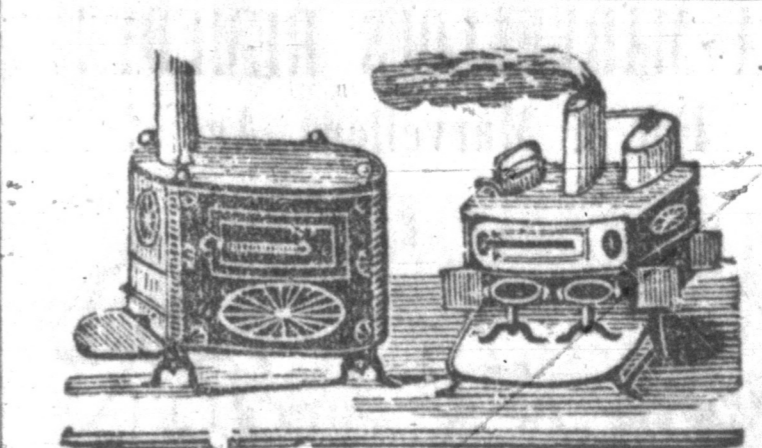
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