

For the Christian Messenger.

Organization of the Three-mile-plain Church.

The brethren and sisters (colored) of the Three-mile-plain having expressed a desire to be organized into a Church, Brother Burton, of Hantsport, and myself met with them for this purpose, on Tuesday, the 10th inst. After the reading of the Scriptures, and prayer, twelve baptized persons, seven males and five females, offered themselves for membership. The articles of our faith having been read and assented to, the Covenant was read and prayer offered. The little Church then listened to some very appropriate remarks from Brother Burton. On the Thursday following the organization, I met with them in Conference, after which, we went to a Jordan flowing in the vicinity of the Chapel, where I baptized two willing converts; and they went on their way rejoicing.

D. M. WELTON.

Windsor, Nov. 13th, '57.

Christian Messenger.

HALIFAX, NOVEMBER 18, 1857.

To our Readers generally.

We gave in our last week's issue and continue in our present number a revised list of our valued Agents. We have added the names of some friends who have aided us by transmitting monies and otherwise. If the list is found incorrect we shall be obliged by an intimation to that effect.

Our Subscribers will much oblige us by an early remittance of amounts due, either directly to our office or through one of those named in the said list. Many of our patrons require no word of exhortation on this subject, but send on their subscription some little time before their year commences. We hope this number is increasing and that the practice will, before long, become pretty general. If all would but do the same, we should be spared much anxiety and trouble. We should then be happily relieved from saying a word about money matters; but as some are not blessed with such good memories and have not formed such good habits, we would just intimate, by way of assisting them, that we are greatly in need of funds, and shall be glad to receive all arrearages without delay. We get no credit, but are liable for interest on all debts incurred.

The expenses of the paper are now greater than at any former period. Our London Correspondent's letters are a considerable item; yet we are fully persuaded that, without making any invidious comparisons with our contemporaries, it is a feature in the Messenger with which our readers would not willingly dispense. The out-spoken and truth-telling historical letters of Menno, too, are a valuable part of the paper; numbers have told us they get more value for money expended in this, than in any other article they purchase during the year. We can, with confidence, ask our readers every where to use an effort to introduce the Christian Messenger to others, and persuade them to become subscribers. Many of our warmest friends are those who knew nothing of their present desire for our weekly visits, till induced by an acquaintance to subscribe for a year. Many persons would be able to spend a day or two in making an effort of this kind. Who is there who could not get one New Subscriber before the beginning of the year? GENTLE READER! will you not TRY?

Any person who may succeed in getting the names of SIX NEW SUBSCRIBERS, and forward to us with the payment, in advance, may have his own copy free for one year, or, for FOUR NEW SUBSCRIBERS he may have his own free for six months, or, for two new subscribers he may have his own free for three months.

Young Men's Christian Association.

The first meeting of this Association for the season—a prayer-meeting, was held in the old Wesleyan Chapel, on Tuesday evening last. The Chief Justice, the President of the Society filled the chair, and gave interest to the meeting by his venerable appearance and appropriate remarks. Addresses and prayer were offered by the Rev. Messrs King, Maturin, Freeman, Churchill, and Jardine. The place was too strait for the number of people present—many having to stand and others to leave without gaining admission.

The first lecture will be delivered in the Temperance Hall on Tuesday the 24th inst., by the Rev. John Hunter; Subject—The Age and its Young Men.

AMHERST BAPTIST CHURCH.—We have just learned, with much pleasure, that the Rev. James E. Balcom has accepted an invitation to the pastorate of the above church, and arrived on the 11th to commence his labours. Our acquaintance with both pastor and people, enables us to congratulate both on the union thus formed. We trust the blessing of Heaven may rest on the labours of Brother Balcom, and that he may be made the means of conveying an extensive blessing to that locality.

Telegraphic news from New York brings us intelligence of the fall of Delhi. Our accounts by our last steamer rendered this event strongly probable, as the British forces had gained nearly sufficient strength for an assault. This event will in all human probability substantially put an end to the insurrection, as it was here in the ancient capital of Mahomedan power, that the hopes, as well as the chief force, of the mutineers were centered. No particulars have yet been received, although we may rely on receiving them by our coming mail, now hourly expected, except that the King of Delhi had escaped, and that no quarter was given except to women and children. Thousands have probably paid the forfeit to retributive justice which their diabolical and remorseless cruelty had provoked. Some time will elapse before all the horrors of the outbreak will be fully disclosed, and in the extensive regions through which the mutiny has more or less extended, it will probably be a considerable period before the lawless hands that have been let loose upon society will be effectually got under.

We rejoice to observe from the American papers that the new State of Kansas is likely to emerge from its difficulties and become a free state. The late elections for a Legislative body by which the constitution is to be settled, have terminated in a large majority opposed to slavery, although the most barefaced and disgraceful frauds were attempted to be practised in the Elections by the pro-Slavery party. In two counties nearly 3000 sham votes were smuggled into the ballot boxes, and which, if undiscovered, would have thrown the majority into the other scale. Owing, however, to the honesty and independence of Mr. Walker, the U. S. Governor of the Territory, the spurious votes have been rejected, and no doubt seems now to be entertained that the new State will be enrolled among those which repudiate the curse of slavery, so far at least as to allow no slaveholding among them. In other respects every State in the Union may be pronounced a slave State, in so far as they are compelled by the general laws of the Union to seize all fugitive Slaves and send them back to their owners in the Slave States.

The Supreme Court commenced its Michaelmas Term Sessions yesterday. We understand their is a heavy docket of arguments.

TELEGRAPH DESPATCH. Latest From India.

CAPTURE OF DELHI.—FAILURE OF THE BOROUGH BANK OF LIVERPOOL. Merchant's Exchange, Halifax, Nov. 13th, 1857.

The Cunard Steamship Arabia arrived at New York this forenoon. Dates from Liverpool to the 31st October.

Delhi has fallen—No quarter given, except to women and children—The King escaped. The Garrison of Cawnpore still held out. The Borough Bank of Liverpool has failed—liabilities three millions sterling.

Provision market dull. Breadstuffs market—very dull—prices downward. Sugar market firm. Tea—Congo, 13d. Consols 89½.

An additional Telegraph from New York, by E. M. Archibald, states that the Borough Bank was expected ultimately to pay all its liabilities.

We are also informed that several failures of extensive firms in Liverpool-G. B., had taken place: some of them doing business largely with New Brunswick.

Since the above was in type we have received the following further particulars. The large proportion of officers killed would indicate that they were more than ordinarily exposed; probably the atrocities perpetrated on the wives and daughters of officers, at the commencement of the mutiny, induced such a state of excitement that but little caution was observed by them in the recapture of the city.

SECOND DESPATCH, via ST. JOHN, N.B.

The British forces commenced the assault upon Delhi on the 14th Sept., and after nearly six days of the most desperate fighting, captured the entire City with all its defences on the 20th. Many of the mutineers escaped. Among them the King of Delhi and his two sons. No quarter given to the Rebels, only to women and children. The British loss, in killed and wounded, up to the 16th (that of the following days is not given in the despatch) was six hundred, including fifty officers.

General Havelock had received reinforcements at Cawnpore and was marching to the relief of Lucknow.

Outbreaks were threatened at Assam. Accounts from Bombay Presidency were favorable—all peace.

Considerable reinforcements had reached Calcutta.

COMMERCIAL.—Several Liverpool, Manchester, and London firms have suspended.

Trade dull. All descriptions of Breadstuffs declining in prices.

SECOND EDITION.

ARRIVAL OF THE "NIAGARA."

THE Steamship Niagara, from Liverpool, G.B., arrived about 1 o'clock this morning. The news she brings fully confirms that given in the above Despatches via New York.

The arrangements made by General Wilson, for preventing a general pillage and sacking of Delhi, reflect the highest honor on the British army. The inhabitants had been almost as badly used by the mutineers as the British were at the commencement of the outbreak, and were quite tired of their rule.

The puppet King of Delhi and his sons fled, disguised in the dresses of women, and his zenana, of harem, in men's clothes.

News from General Havelock is anxiously looked for.

Lord Canning is still interfering with the operations of the army and obstructing their movements with regard to the rebels.

Our London Correspondent gives us the first installment of the details which will appear next week.

General Cavaignac, the Republican rival of Louis Napoleon, is dead, and was buried with public honors in Paris on Saturday, the 31st ult. No Oration was allowed.

The Journal of the 11th contains a letter from a teacher in Cape Breton, sent with a subscription of 25s. from his pupils to the Deaf and Dumb School in this city. Such an act does credit to both teacher and pupils. He suggests the propriety of other children making a similar thank-offering for having the use of their faculties, and thereby sustaining the Institution.

FIRE AT DARTMOUTH.—On Saturday morning about ¼ past 12, the city was aroused by an alarm of fire. The flames could be seen rising from the rear of Dartmouth, and the fire engines and men were all in readiness at the steam boat wharf for the purpose of going over to assist in its suppression, but no steamer appearing, after waiting about an hour, the order was given to return. Some few persons went across in boats, and it was soon found that the Tannery belonging to Mr. Stanford was wholly in flames. The old Dartmouth engine was of little service; it was, however, on the spot, and probably saved buildings in the neighbourhood. The property and stock destroyed is said to have been valued at 6 or £7,000. An insurance of £1,500 only was on the whole, so that Mr. Stanford's loss is estimated at 4 or £5,000. An immense boiler had just been put up to the steam-engine, making it perhaps the most complete Tannery in the province. The origin of the fire is not yet accounted for.

General Intelligence.

Foreign and Domestic.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

HALIFAX, Nov. 11, 1857.

APPOINTMENTS.

By Royal Madamus, dated Buckingham Palace, 27 of June, 1857, the Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed, under the Public Seal of the Province of Nova Scotia, appointing ADAMS G. ARCHIBALD, Esq., to be one of Her Counsel in Her said Province, learned in the Law.

By Royal Warrant, dated Balmoral, 29th Sept., 1857 the Queen has been pleased to confer upon the Hon. WILLIAM YOUNG the rank and precedence of an Executive Councillor of the Province of Nova Scotia.

To be Commissioners of Schools:—In the South District of the County of Pictou:—The Rev. H. DeBlois, in the place of the Rev. J. Forsyth. In the Township of New Dublin: H. P. Almon, Esq., in the place of the Rev. H. DeBlois, removed. The Rev. H. M. Spike, in the place of the Rev. J. Ambrose, removed.—In the West District of the County of Halifax: The Rev. John Ambrose, in the place of the Rev. John Stannage, removed.—In the District of Barrington: The Revs. C. Lockhart, Albert Swain, and Henry Stokes, and Withrop Sargent, Thos. Coffin, R. Robertson, Prince McLauren, A. Crowell, David Thomas, John McGray, Wm. Nickerson, and Paul Brown, Esquires.—In the district of Argyle: The Rev. H. Berthe, in the place of the Rev. John Rolles, removed, and Jas. Kirby, M. D.—In the district of Clare: The Rev. P. L. Madden, in the place of the Rev. D. Geary, removed. Timothy Sullivan, Esq., in the place of E. Dunphy, Esq., deceased.—To be one of the Trustees of the Arichat Academy: John J. Jean, Esq.—To be one of the Directors of the Normal School: Hiram Hyde, Esq., M. P. P., in the place of J. W. Dawson, Esq.

To be Justices of the Peace.—In Hants County: B. Currie, Esq., of Falmouth, with the rank and precedence he enjoyed under the previous General Commission; John Palmer, John Brown, Jas. Reynolds, (Cockmagun) and G. B. Stanford, Esquires.—In the County of Inverness:

John McLean, Angus McEachern, (Jadique) and John G. Crowdis, (Margaree), Esquires.—In the County of Digby: John V. Purly, Wm. Aymar, Wm. F. Potter, Ed. Hains, Lazarus Mallet, and George Taylor, Esquires.—In the County of Colchester: S. Kettie, (Truro), Francis Leighton, Jas. N. Crow, (Lower Vil. Truro), John Youill, Richard Shade, (East Mount. Truro), Ezekiel Sibley, (Lower Stewiacke), Ezekiel C. Banks, (Lower Stewiacke), George S. Rutherford, junior, (Middle Stewiacke), William Fulton, (Upper Stewiacke), Alexander Ellis, (Upper Stew.), Simeon H. Blair, (North River), Stephen Upham, (N. River), John Broderick, (Five Islands), Thomas Fulton, (Economy), James Flemming, (Londonderry), Thos. S. Dalaney, (do), John M. Campbell, (do), Jas. Morrison, (do), Joseph Fulton, (do), Silas Clark, (Onslow), James Crow, 7th, (Onslow), John Graham, (New Annan), James McKay, Son of Wm. (Earltown), Hugh Gunn, (Earl'n), and Robt. Logan, (Tatamagouche), Esquires.

There are said to be no less than sixty cases in the Supreme Court for argument, the largest number ever known in this province; and only twelve days in which to get through them.

The famous Hill case which occupied so much time and excited such intense interest last year, is one of those to be argued, and it is said that so voluminous are the papers connected with it, that the bare reading of them will occupy several days.—Journal.

The Committee appointed to manage the forthcoming Temperance Bazaar, invite ladies, willing to lend assistance, to meet with them in the Division Room, Temperance Hall, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

ACCIDENTS.—A fine lad, named Webby, while engaged in driving one of Mr. Faulkner's trucks in Dartmouth, on Saturday last, tripped and fell under one of the wheels, which, passing over his body, caused his death on Sunday morning. His remains were interred on Monday. An elderly man while on his way home from the City to Rawdon fell off his cart, and the wheel going over his head, occasioned death a day or two after.—Chronicle.

Mr Samuel F. Johnston, fourth Missionary of the Presbyterian Church of Nova Scotia, is now studying Medicine in the Pennsylvania College, Philadelphia. He will be fully prepared to leave for the New Hebrides next autumn.—Witness.

AGRICULTURAL.—We have been favored with a sample of onions (from the seed), grown on the farm of Mr. Warren Bent, near this town, which are without doubt, the finest ever raised in this county. The dozen sent us will average in weight nearly one pound each. Mr Bent has garnered nearly twenty bushels of these onions, and we need not say to our friends in want of a winter supply to call upon him and buy for themselves.—Western News.

Our Municipal Elections come off on Tuesday next. There will be a contest between W. H. Townsend, Esq., and W. Burdill, Esq., for the office of Warden. We understand that in three of the four Electoral Districts the vacant Councilors' seats will be contested, and that a vigorous canvass is going on.—Yarmouth Herald.

New Brunswick.

The Circuit Court commenced its sittings at St. John on the 3rd inst.

After the Grand Jury had chosen their Foreman, J. E. G. Tisdale, Esq., his Honor, Judge Ritchie, rose and delivered a highly impressive charge. But little of crime comparatively had been expected to come before them for adjudication; but the fearful tragedy which had but a few days before occurred, would bring before them one of the most diabolical events which had appeared on the annals of crime in the province.

It had been the pride and boast of the country that our people respected the law, and that life and property were almost secure from the hand of violence; but six human beings had just been swept from the face of the earth; and no reasonable doubt could exist that they had passed from the world at the hands of the murderer. Three distinct offences had been committed by the parties guilty of this crime—Murder, Burglary, and Robbery. These remarks, the learned Judge observed, were preliminary to those which he was about to make. For, however great may be the magnitude of the offence, however much their feelings might be shocked by the enormity of the outrage, they (the Grand Jury) were to approach their duty in a cool, dispassionate and impartial manner; and while careful to prevent the escape of the guilty, they should be equally solicitous to shield the innocent from harm. After defining the crime of Burglary, the Judge concluded his very impressive charge by observing however awful the result to the individuals who were accused of the murder of McKenzie and family, they, as Grand Jurymen, and he, as the Judge of this Court, had nothing to do. It was their duty, he said, faithfully and impartially, and to the best of their ability, to discharge the solemn duties devolving upon them, and leave the consequences with a higher power; all that was expected at their hands was stern, impartial justice. The trial no doubt will take place at an early day.

TRIAL OF THE MURDERERS.

November 11th.

BREEN AND THE ELDER SLAVIN PLEAD GUILTY.—On Friday morning the three prisoners were brought into court and arraigned. It was the first time they had met since they were committed to prison. They looked less wretched than when arrested, as they were clean and