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## Correspoindence.

-lth For the Caristian Messenger
Statistical Reports.
The value of statistical reports of religious progress may be differently estimated. We gains when they do not seem to have added to their real power. And it may be feared that reports of benevolent contributions, although
correct, have been swelled under the influence of some other feeling than pure benevolence Such parade of results must bè unpleasing ${ }^{\text {+o }}$ proper and valuable use of statistical reports of proper and They give us a comparative view of the number connected wies,-they aid in determining what fields need help;-they show us where to loo for help,-they show whetber we are relaxing from year to year, what objects ar ing from year to year, whest the people's hearts, and how that innearest the peoples from time to time. I have been led to make these remarks by an examination of the Statistics in the Minutes of en ace wha averave for each member the sum reported by the Western Association would give. I naturally took the sum reported on the 31st. page. Thi than member. This cannot be right, I thought, and took the sum of the reports of the various funds. The average then was 15 d . a member. But
glance at the next aceount shows that this i not an accurate result. The reports of the imperfect state. The sum reported on the 23 r and 4th pages of the Minutes added and averaged on the members reported, give about 9d. member. It must be that that Association have ing the last year.
It may be said that these reports are given show that the various Treasurers have faithfully performed their duties. So far they are valuable. But they give false impressions now short paragraph in the Minutes containing statement from each church of monies raiser for objects of general benevolence, whether paid in at the meeting of the Association or previously paid to përsons authorized, to receive such monies, would make the case plain. It would raised by our people during the year for these general objects. Is it too late to ascertain this?
It may be well to state the result of some farther examination on this subject. It ap-
pears from varibus records at hand that As sociations composed of feeble churches, as they would be called, report sums which averaged on the members reported would make the contribution of every member five shillings. Othe from every member for successive years. If our churebes could come up to the first rate of contributions we ehould raise every year enoug to pay the expenses of our College, and have systematic effurt would undoubtedly raise on contributions to this point and-no unimportan result-some now ignorant of it would lea that there is a positive pleasure in giving.

## For the Christian Messenger.

Strict Communion.
Dear Editor,
The question of "An Inquirer alter Consist ency" proposes a grave matter. It resolves itself into thio-Is schism desirable in the Baptist in their action? The answer to the second proposition torns on the first question.
That the introduction of open communion in one or more churehes must result in schism i if it does, the history thereof, even in the il lustrious hands of such reverend gentlemen Rubt. Hall, John Bunyan, and John Foster, argues that it must prodace a retrogrede more ment in the body, and in no way serve Bible

Bat the advocates of open communion in our provinees are chiefly taking a higher ground in efersoo alrota than formerly. They will a mit none but immersed believers, to the table of
our Lord, and they argue that it is bigotted, our Lord, and they argue that it is bigotted, illiberal narrowmindedness that disallow all
immersed believers from Eitting in one coimmunion.
Here, Mr. Editor, in mg humble opinion, i as fulse a position taken as that all who regard
themselves as baptized, whether Pedobbáptists or

Baptists, should commune together. We do Baptists, should coll simply on one Baptism,-our wodel
not dwell ohurches teach alike forcibly ONE Lord, One Arra, as One Baptism, and it appears thating areful to lay stress on doctrinal unanimity as careful to lay stress on doctrinal says, Acts ii They continued stedfastly in the Apostle oetrines und fellowship, and in breaking read and prayers. Doctrine comes first, and Cellowship succeeds to unanimity in doctrine d the the unity of mind and affectionate love, posssed by those who in the Eacharist, kept the leath of Christ before them, that they might eel fresh life imparted to their souls in a reali ation of the benefits of His death
From this view of the subject it appears tha he Scriptures afford no room for Open Commu ion. Inspiration embraces church anity Christ's Church is an undivided body in Scrip tore terms, and while the A postles lived no di isions entered into the church. When in Corinth schism was arising and or Paul man ested great anxiety, exposing the abuse, and orrecting it; 1 Cor. i. 10 . Listen to tha apostle how in the words of a modern writer you by (the hope you cherish through) the Lord Jesus Christ (by his sufferings, his blood), that there be no schusms (schismata or seets) among vided? Was Paul (or either of those whose names you assume, and whom you wish to place at the side of Christ; as leaders or heads of the Uharch,) crucified for you, or were you baptized in the name of Paul? (or of A pollos, or of Peter ot into the church of Christ.)" The simple fact that they were baptized into the name of Christ and that Christ must not be divided are The only arguments he deemed requisite to prove umption of different names.
Divisions in doctrine and differing commu ions are alike condemned in Scripture, and while open communion is a practical endors ment of these divisions and differing, comnu-
nion, it evidently appears that a true benefactor o any community is one that labours after do trinal union, and Christian communion in thos ume to that we can unite, and will comm nion until there is that kind sympathy and $r$ ligious interest in each other that enables dif fering sects to obtain one common platform without compromieing the great principles of God's blessed Truth. Of all the scandals that have ever fallen on the Christian church her divisions seems to be the greateat. Nothing more in her unwarrantable assumptions than the contentions of the professed Charch of Christ. Among Pedobaptists this contention hrist. Among ne less than among those who follow imhersion but in all this contrariety its caus may be traced to a rejection of some vital par lod's Word.
The errors in the prevailing, seets may with little accommodation be classed under tw divisions: 1st. Errors concerning the order and government of the charch and the mode of he operation in the world, and 2ndly. Errors concerning God, the Great Head of the Church son with any error concerning the Autbor and Benefacter of the Church. Christ has said - Whosoever shall break one of these commandthe least in the Kingdom of Heaven." A re jection of God's Fureknowledge, His Election, and Predestination of His Church, ' before the coundation of the world. He Cnis and riniwork of the Holy Spirit, in connection with the Sovercignity of Gud; the accountability of man to God; and the everlasting ubligation o the Charch of Christ to glorily God ; doetrine clearly taught in the volume of Inspiration
must evidently be attended with a fearful re sponsibility
All or any of these doctrines may be treated o, as to oceasion a negessary separation, by and infringing the liberties of conscience, for - How can two walk together except they b agreed ?" The rejecting of these doctrincs in part on whole has filled the world with Arian dections have followed: New Testament doctrine bave beeu discurdud, because embraced by op ponents ; insinuations and misrepresentatione one denomination, reatored in another: pablic
eputation attacked, both ministerial and priate. And shall Open Communion cover all hese contentions, and endorse these error gainst Goal ? Not until the Church finds some noral panacea to cure these diverse doctrine can she again act with one accord and be of on heart and of one soul. When this is realized, schismatics will not dare "to join themselves believers will be the more added to the Lord," and the time will then come when the motto of the Church will be "One Lord, one Faith, one Baptism, one God and Father of all, who With these considerations before me the Whaction of schism is very undesirable: and troduction of schism is very undesirable: an
the monster who would attempt to throw stumbling block in his brethren's way, and violat existing regulations, which have divine sanc tions, would, in my opinion, break any other
compact as readily if circumstances seemed to ustify. "Neino pecco licet." "s tur May a
men.

## Yours faithfully <br> A Strict Baptist.

## Donation Visit.

Rev D. Farnham, Pastor the Church at Little River.
Where is Little River? some may feel inclined 0 ask. A small village four miles east of the Amherst and Halifax Road, and eighteen miles A large portion of its inhabitants hold Baptist A large portion or its sentiments, of whom many are valuable members of the
stances.
The Rev: D. Farnham, having received and accepted a call from the Church at Little River removed from Now Branswick and took the pastoral charge in June last, since which time well as devoted a purtion of his time to the Wallace Road Church.
Rev. Mr. F., having recently purchased a littl plot of land and built a house of sufficient size or his family, his friends took possession of the atter on the day above named, and after al prepared by the ladies of the company, Mr Matthew Johnson was called to preside. A appropriate hymn was sung, and addresses delivered by Cyrus Black, Esq., Mr. B. Douglas, of Amherst, and Mr. Dobson, of Little River ho announced the receipt of provisions, cloth ng , and a small purse of cash-amounting in Il to about Twenty Pounds value.
Mr . F., who could scarcely contrul his feelings, then rose to acknowledge to his friends his was utterly unable to convey, and as well as the ther speakers, expressed a hope that the Lori was about to begin a work in that place.
I would not omit saying that much praise is due to Mr. and Mrs. Mark Patton and other brethren and sisters for the hospitable manner which he has be
The Union Hymn was sung at the close, when he coumpany dispersed, apparently realizining tha It is more blessed to give than to receive."

## One Present. tian Messenger.

## Obituary Notices.

## hrs. pantha megreook

Died at Guysborough, on the 5 th inst., in the
52 nd year of her age. Her health had be 52 nd year of her age. Her health had been
feeble for several years: the immediate cause of her death was a stroke of paralysis-for the third time.
Mrs. M
Mrs. MeGregor experienced a change of heart
about 25 years since, and united with the
Baptist Church at Guysborough. Baptist Church at Guysborough. From the
tinue she made a profession of religion, her
character was inarked by consistency of conduct in a high degree ; she adorned the doctrine of
God her Suviour, by a conversation in all things becoming the gospel, Her attendance at the house of God was uniform and regular. Her
voiee was heard, with great edification, in the
Conference-meeting and in the praying circle.

of the Psulmist were verified, "Mark the parfe
of the Psulmist were verified, "Mark the perfec
inan, and behuld the upright, for the end nxiety.
t man is peace." When death appeared in




 Guyzorough, Noo. 1th, 1858. Muws.
mr. benjamin crinday
The deeneded wis anow of Rever: Peter Crandan

 zither was Pistor.. Both he and hise wifo took recoummendation to join another Chureh when hey left Digby, but it was mislaid, and although
Rev. Wm. Chipman wrote to the Church in Digby for Mr, and Mrs: Corandal's dismission, yet it was never sent, and consequently Mr. C. was a astember of that Chureh till be died. He was esteemed as a Christian hy those hest
aequainted with him. Although his last sufferquainted with him. Although his last sufferings were great, yet he passed througg them all
in the triumphs of faith, and went down to the in the triumphs of faith, and went down to the
grave trusting in Jesis. He leaves a widow grave trusting in Jesus. He leaves a widow ffectionate busband and father.-Comm y Mr. E. M. Saunders.

## Religious Imetlifignce.

Wesleyan. - The Wesleyans have recently espatched from England seven missionaries to resent borne down by incessant toil and

The Rev. Dr. Rule, the Wesleyan Chaplain a Aldershot, writes to The Watchman, urging on he wants of she army. Dr. Rule aleu expresses his opinion that the pointment and payment of three sets of chaplains, Anglican, Popish, and Presbyterian, to the exclusion of all other denominations, is more than questionable. A letter in The Watchman announces the death the "oldest Methodist preacher and the last rvivor of the 'Helpers' of John Wesley.'
'he Rev. John Hickling finished his useful and y appy life on Tuesday morning, last week, in inistry, and would have been ninety-three is last public service he conducted at Birming am, a fortnight since. At the time of his eath large hand-bills were announcing him to conduct six services. He has conducted, on the
verage, 150 special public, services a-year verage, 150 special pub
during the last three years.
Evienise Skirtiess in St. Pavi's.-The a rangements for the evening seryices at St. Paul's
Cathedral are nearly brought to a close. Yes terday the interior of the cathedral presented he appearance of a large ecelesiastical work hop, carpenters, gasaitters, decorators, and ot rtificers being engaged in furthering the nece ary works. A temporary organ ond pulpit has been taken in, but the precise spot in which it is to be placed appears to be a natter of doubt. Temporary stalle have been erected for the accommodation of the minor canons,
horisters, and singing boys. The first sermon choristers, and singing boys. The first sermon
in connection with the new evening services will connection with bishop, in all probability, on preached by the bishop, in all probability, on Advent Sunday. Every preeaution has been noise, and among other contrivances direoted to this end the entire surface of the floor under the dome is being covered with many thousand yard $f$ a new kind of elastic floor-cloch or matting, pulled "Kumptulicon," made expressly for the fill, the well-known ciecua-nut fibre manufac curors, the patterns for the same having been
designed by F. Penrose, Faq., the eathedral designed by F. Penrose, Fsq, the
surveyor.-London Paper, 10 th ult.
A Poor Curats in a Rich Crurch.--The
following is an advertisment in Wednesday' Record, from a minister of the wealthiest ehurch establishment in the world:-"A-curate, with four young children, having been out of em
ploy ment a long time, and having no private neans, is in great diffculty and distress, and Protestans Presscution in Norway,--
another case of religious persecntion curred in Norway:-M. Lichtle, a Catholic a fine of twenty rixdalers, for having alluwed
Protestant lady to a a Protestant lady to a bjure her faith, and hav-
ing inserihed her on the list of his floek, withong inscribed her on the list of his floek, with-
out first obtaining the consent of the Lutheran out first.
cle
The Rev. J. Hanson's lectures in the theatre
it Huddersfield, on Sunday afternogns, cuntinue to excite much interest among the working
classes of that town. The Shakesperian title of ast Sunday's lecture. "Much ado about nothing,"
was quite in keeping with the genius loci of a
theatre. After a few remarks abol theatre. After a fow remarks about the im-
mortat hard and his recognition of an overruling
and a retributive Providence, he pused on and
told his audienee that he had a sorinture tosi told his audience that he had a soripture basin
for this, as for other lectures; and they would find it in the bqunce, the relf-conceit, and the
selfrighteonaneess of the bragging Pharisee, who self-righteousness of the bragging Phariees, who
said;": God, I thank thee I aun nut as other men
are," Le. He then intersperned several foreihle e, co. He then interspersed severul toreimle
lustrations; and, in his usual happy style, the
ev. gentleman strove to lodge in the he.stis of
is hearers the truthe of the gospel.

