are illegitimate. In regard to property, if the father died intestate, the mother and children would inherit nothing, not even the beds they lay on; the other nearest relatives of the father would divide all. the property were willed to the mother and fy them legally, instead of the widow paying no legacy duty, and the children but one ing, M.D., J. R. Fitch, M.D., Dea. S. Sweet. per cent, the whole property would pay ten per cent to the Crown, as if it had been left to entire strangers!

"These are some of the most frightful is the object of Lord Bury's Bill to set Special Meeting was convened aside. We imagine few of our readers will contemplate the facts without a shudder. For no crime in the sight of Gon, for no offence against society, thousands of innocent children, and thousands of pure-minded females, are to be branded with an intolerable legal disgrace and subjected to legal hardships. The unions are ho.y in the sight of God, and yet our iniquitous and profane law, presumes to "put asunder those whom God has joined together." No man parties referred to are man and wife; and what, we indignantly ask, are all the laws of England, that they should presume to ignore a bond wich GoD ratifies? The inpart, thought that by marriage where their impaired. marriage was lawful, it would be good in English law too. It is now decided otherwise. Their only offence is that they have refused to be bound by a canon of the Church of England, to which Church they owe no allegiance, a canon inherited from with so little weight even with Papists

present law are martyrs to the connection and that efforts be made to raise the permanent government to give license to any to sell and moral law. We shall recur again of Church and State; to the presence of the endowment to a sum the annual interest of Bishops in the House of Lords; to the existence of the Prayer-book and of canons, which, on this point, accepted by the State because they are those of the State Church. We have suffered and do suffer innumerable disadvantages from that bane of our civilisation a State Church, but it surely cannot be endured for a single year longer, that it should declare what we know to be holy matrimony concubinage or worse, and basconfident they will see that immediate acrevolting, the appalling truth."

that it could be violated by dispensation."

be glad if you will oblige us by sending the bourhood.

The demands on us are imperative, and our readers. On these conditions we are most happy to give you our best services.

OBSERVE. - We shall be glad to furnish the Messenger to NEW SUBSCRIBERS for the remainder of the present year on receiving ONE DOLLAR.

## Christian Messenger.

HALIFAX, JUNE 9, 1858.

## Special Meeting of the Convention.

Wolfville, June 4th, 1828.

In pursuance of a call from the Directors through the Rev. A. S. Hunt, a Special meeting of the Baptist Convention of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward's Island was held this day at the Baptist Meeting House, Wolfville, at 10 o'clock A. M.

D. Lyons, Esqrs.

Church, Rev. T. A. Higgins. Milton Union ral liceuse also shall permit anything other than Society, Rev. A. Martell. First Horton Church, victuals or drink usually consumed in a tavern to Rev. S. W. deBlois, A. M. Nictaux, Rev. W: be exposed for sale on the premises, or shall not G. Parker. Lower Aylesford, Rev. C. Tupper, have reasonable accommodation for travellers and D. D., V. P. Germain Street, St. John, N. B., their horses, cattle, and conveyances, he shall for-Rev. L. E. Bill, V. P.

Hantsport, Rev. S. T. Rand, Rev. W. Burton. court which he shall be convicted. Amherst, Rev. J. E. Balcom. Newport, Rev. J. Bancroft, Bro. Levi Dimock. Falmonth, any intoxicating liquors on Sundays, except in Bro. Lewis Payzant. First Cornwallis, Bro. the case of tavern keepers, to lodgers on the pre-Levi Woodworth, H. Lyons, J. E. Rand, Elisha mises, he shall incur the like forfeiture as men-Harris, Wm. Eaton.

R. Bill, J. W. Johnston, Esqrs., E. F. Hard | boarder or traveller.

V. P. Rev. Dr. Cramp stated the object of the on proof thereof before a justice of the peace, meeting. Further statements by the Rev. Jno. shall forfeit his license, and shall not again be It appeared that the critical condition of

we have for carrying on the College. Rev. A.

Remarks made by various brethren.

Friday, June 4th, (afternoon.)

Prayer by the Rev. W. Chipman. After remarks by Rev. W. Chipman, Rev. J Chase gave an estimate of the probable amount required to carry on the College, and also information respecting the result of previous efforts. The following resolution, moved by J. W. Johnston Esq, and seconded by Rev. Jno. Chase. After remarks by brethren Hunt, Bill, Balcom, J. dares deny that, by the law of God, the W. Barss. C. Tupper, W. Burton, A. W. Sawyer, and D. Freeman, passed unanimously:-

Whereas it is the opinion of this Convention that it would be most disastrous for the interests of the Baptist body in these provinces that dividuals in question, indeed, for the more Acadia College be suspended or its efficiency pounds, and imprisonment for a period of not

> And whereas the sum of at least £900 will be required to sustain the College during the ensu-

the annual income necessary to sustain the Popery, opposed to the word of God, and College be continued, and if requisite increased until such income be realized-and that the Governors of the College be requested to take immediate steps to realize the amount due for for themselves. "The whole of the innocent victims of the principal and interest on the outstanding notes, which shall meet the required expenditure of the College.

> Voted, That the Editors of the Christian Messenger and Christian Visitor be requested to insert the Minutes of this Convention in their papers, with a view to printing them in the Minutes of the next meeting of the Convention.

> > S. W. DEBLOIS, Sec. for Nova Scotia. A. D. Thomson, Sec. for New Brunswick.

THE Abstainer of the 1st gives its readers terdise the offspring. Let our brethren the new Liquor Law recently passed in the look the plain facts in the face, and we are State of Maine, which was to be submitted to the vote of the people on Monday last unwonted plainness, but it is because we Act for suppressing the traffic. It has acfear that few would otherwise realize the companying it "An Act to ascertain the will of the people concerning the sale of Intoxicating liquors," which provides for Notice.-We hope to be present at the receiving the ballots of the people on the meetings of the Associations. Respected day of voting. Those who vote for pro-Reader, if you are in arrears for your pa- hibition are to give in their ballot with been previously baptized, were received into the per and will be unable to attend, we shall "PROHIBITORY LAW OF 1858" written or Church,—the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper printed upon it, whilst those who oppose it amount due by the hands of one of the and prefer that Licenses to sell shall be Delegates or brethren from your neigh- allowed, are to give in their ballot with "LICENSE LAW OF 1856" on it.

Legislature will be in full force. If otherwise the License law will continue as heretofore. This is placing the matter fairly before the people, and we doubt not the result will shew that the friends of sobriety and industry far outnumber those of intemper- circumstances, the rite of baptism strikingly imappeal could be made to the people of No- fect and good gift cometh down from above." the voice of the people on the subject.

publishes the new License law passed at the mind, when witnessing the act of the late session of our own legislature. sprinkling "with water." Indeed, we We doubt if it will be much more effectual think it exceedingly appropriate. The New than its predecessors. Some of its clauses Testament references to baptism, however, look well, and are doubtless framed with seem rather to make it an act of obedience the intention of regulating the business. on a profession of faith in our Lord Jesus The following are clauses of the Act:-

Delegates as appointed for the last meeting :- not maintain good order on the premises, or if he rose again, see Romans vi. 3, 4, and Colos-Acadia College, Rev. J. M. Cramp, D. D. N. shall permit raffling or gambling thereon, or shall sians ii. 12. It also appears designed to S. Baptist Education Society, Ward Eaton, Esq. on Sunday permit persons other than lodgers or Central Nova Scotia Association, J. W. Barss, persons coming for necessary victualling only, to remain about the premises drinking or idly Churches and Union Societies :- Liverpool spending their time. or where not holding a genefeit his license and a sum not exceeding ten Delegates appointed for the Special Meeting :- pounds for every offence, in the discretion of the which have for these three years past ex- committed, and the question of Slavery is

"If any person holding any license shall sell I tioned in the last section.

Members in their own right :- Rev. Wm. "No person shall recover or be allowed to set to such a degree as seriously to impede the Chipman, V.P. Revds. J. Chase, A.S. Hunt, off any charge for intoxicating liquors, in any missionary operations abroad, and has tend-A. W. Sawyer, Professor in Acadia College, J quantity less than one gallon, delivered at one Parker, D. Freeman, Agent for the College, A. and the same time; and all specialities, bills, W. Barss, A. D. Thomson, Agent for the Col- notes, or agreements, given in whole or in part to lege, E. O. Reid, Jas. A. Moore, R. S. Morton, secure any such charge shall be void; but nothing D. M. Welton, A.M., Hon. Prov. Secty., of Lerein contained shall extend to any charge made children, under her maiden name, to identi- Nova Scotia, W. Johnson, M. Beckwith, C. by a person holding a tavern license against any tions of the Foreign Missionary and appro-

"Any person holding a license who shall Meeting called to order by the Rev. I. E. Bill, knowingly sell intoxicating liquor to a minor, up-

capable of holding a liceuse. "If the husband, wife, parent, child, brother, results of the present law-results which it Acadia College was the object for which this or sister, master, guardian, or creditor of any per- and were dependant on other means for son addicted to the intemperate use of intoxicat- sustaining their Missions. The Union. Voted, That we now ascertain what means ing liquors, or any justice of the peace or overseer of the poor residing within the poor district D. Thomson gave a statement of his agency. wherein such intemperate person resides, shall give notice in writing to any person engaged in the sale of intoxicating liquors that such person is addicted to the intemperate use of intoxicating liquors, it shall not thereafter be lawful under any pretence whatever, for the person receiving on the spot where the necessities of each such notice by himself his servants or agents, directly or indirectly, to sell or give any intoxicating liquors to such intemperate persons to be used on the premises, or in any quantity less than ten gallous to be delivered and removed from the premises at one time, and any person knowingly violating the provisions of this section, upon weight which has long weighed heavily proof of the truth of the statement contained in upon them. We sincerely trust a large such notice shall be liable to a fine of not more than five pounds for a first offence, and a fine of not less than five pounds, nor more than ten more than thirty days, as the court or justices may direct, for a second or subsequent offence."

> We fear there will be as great difficulty Therefore resolved, that Acadia College be in securing a conviction under this as the with regard to the law of marriage in Engcontinued in the same efficiency as heretofore, former acts. There will be an opportunity land. Also, on another page the action of and that the present efforts being made to raise of evasion, or rather there appears some un- the House of Lords on the second reading certainty as to when the first licenses grant- of LORD BURY'S BILL. ed under this Act shall expire. We leave that, however, for the Sessions to determine

We doubt the right or policy of any intoxicating drinks.

WESLEYAN .- A correspondent (J. T.) of the Provincial Wesleyan, of the 3rd instant, gives an account of the religious progress which is being made by the Methodist body the 22nd ult. in the Cornwallis circuit. Writing from Canning he says:-

"Some to whom we have ministered the word of Life, have not received the grace of God in vain-they have thought of their way, turned their feet unto his testimonies, entreated his favour with their whole heart and have obtained mercy, according to his word."

tion is essential. We have spoken with the 7th inst. It is a stringent Prohibitory at Berwick, the Lord came into his temple, gave testimony to the word of his grace, and displayed his saving power. A number of those who believed and turned to the Lord, were pew-holders

in the church, and heads of families.' "On Sabbath, March 14, nine of the converts presented themselves before the congregation, and was then administered to about sixty communicants. It was a season of sweet and hallowed enjoyment from the presence of the Lord.—The hearts of our dear brethren who had taken so much interest in the erection of the house were If there is a majority in favour of Pro- filled with gratitude to God; their object was sein the salvation of their neighbors. They thanked God and took courage. Or the 2nd of May three more adults were baptized in the old chapel at the West. The congregations at these services ance. We could heartily wish some such pressive, reminding one of the fact that every per-

va Scotia. We should then have no further | This, to us, is quite a new idea in contrifling with this momentous subject and nexion with baptism. We do not rememmaking it suffer by being made a question ber hearing before that that ordinance was of party politics. Maine has had the honor ever intended as an emblem of, or should of introducing the principle of Prohibition, have any influence in "reminding one of and we doubt not she will be the leader in the fact that every perfect and good gift adopting an enactment which shall be really cometh down from above." At the same time we would not for a moment question Our contemporary of the same date also the propriety of such a thought arising in Christ, and intended to remind one of the "If any person holding a tavern license shall fact that our Saviour died, was buried, and teach us that by this act we profess to have become dead unto sin, and to have arisen to newness of life. -

WE are much gratified to learn from our taken the matter up, and are sending out latest New York papers, that the unhappy difficulties connected with the operations of most probable that the most gross exaggerathe American Missionary Union are likely tions exist in regard to the facts, still it may to be terminated, and that the differences be that acts of rashness may have been isted between the Board of Missions at at present so sore a one in the Union, and Home and their Missionaries in Burmah, Mr. Buchanan's administration so deeply will, in all probability, shortly cease. This pledged to southern polities, that serious division of opinions and feelings, it is, we complications may arise, especially if any believe, very generally known, has existed thing like a collision should take place be-

ed greatly to diminish the funds and cripple the action of the missions at home. The great difficulty resulted from the Board in America having to direct all the operapriate all the resources, in the minutest particular, which lead many of the leading Missionaries to complain of being controlled and hampered in their ministrations and plans. In several cases they had with. drawn from their connection with the Board which has just finished its annual Convention at Philadelphia, has come to a resolution to grant the monies contributed at home in gross amounts to each separate mission, and allow them to arrange their labours and appropriate the needful funds case must be better understood. The measure appears to have met with general approbation, and was unanimously agreed to, and the hearts of numberless friends of missions have been thus relieved from a blessing will attend the adoption of the Resolution.

WE have given in another column some extracts from our London contemporary, shewing one of the remaining iniquitous and abominable fruits of State-churchism,

Let us be thankful that in this province we are free from such a yoke. No priestly dominion can here make restrictions in regard to this matter opposed to both natural shortly to the subject of Marriage and Registration in this province.

Our last English Mail, which reached us this day week, brought London dates to

The chief item of English news is the failure to defeat the Derby Ministry on a Resolution of Mr. Cardwell's, in the Commons, censuring them for a Despatch to Lord Canning, the Governor General of India. The present administration, though far from a popular one, seems likely to last "Shortly after the opening of our new Church much longer than was at first anticipated, owing to the division among the Whig party and the difficulty of acting under any one leader. Lord John Russell and Lord Palmerston are the only persons who would be likely to muster any larger number of followers, but they are personally opposed were baptized with water, and with more who had to each other, and although both men of undoubted talent, have pretty well worn out their popularity. The jealousies between England and France, arising out of the failure of the Conspiracy Bill, and of the trial of Bernard for being implicated in Orsini's plot, have pretty well subsided, but although the French Emperor is uncan only be met by the prompt payment of hibition, then this law agreed to by the cured; their desire, to a considerable extent, doubtedly heartily desirous of maintaining gratified; and their prayers graciously answered the English Alliance, he is dependant upon the caprices of his army, and would no doubt have to yield to any casualty that might occur tending to a war with England were large and attentive, and, as usual under such or any other Power. France is a pure military despotism, and must follow the bent of its constitutional propensities as

The news from India is not very satisfactory, for although all the great bodies of the rebels are beaten and dispersed, they are still scattered over the country in small parties, and continue to harass the British forces as well as the peaceable inhabitants. from their isolated strongholds. The spirit of disaffection throughout the length and breadth of India seems to have been of much longer date and more deeply seated than was ever suspected.

Considerable uneasiness is felt on our own side of the Atlantic, owing to circumstances which have recently occurred on the Coast of Cuba from the boarding and search of some American vessels by our own cruisers, under suspicion of their being engaged in the Slave Trade. The American public have taken great umbrage on the occasion, and the public papers are filled with the most violent language. The Congress and Government at Washington have vessels of war to protect their trade. It is

tween th There is blood in vet been will be men's he We veri doing it mighty we have of peace hand. Despa England

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