#### FRANCE.

The Times, of Saturday, contained a letter addressed by the Emperor of the French on the 20th instant, to the King of Sardinia, the perfect authenticity of which the Paris corres pondent has no hesitation in guaranteeing. It commences :-

" Monsieur mon Frere,-I write to-day to your Majesty in order to set forth to you the present situation of affairs, to remind you of the past, and to settle with you the course which ought to be followed for the future. The circumstances are grave; it is requisite to lay aside illusions and sterile regrets, and to examing carefully the real state of affairs. Thus, the question is not now whether I have done well or ill in making pe ce at Villafranca, but rather to obtain from the treaty results the most favourable for the pacifica ion of Italy and for the represe of Europe.

The following are further extracts:-"I now state what are, in my opinion, the

essential conditions of that regeneration. (o Italy): -

"Italy to be composed of several independent States, united by a federal bond.

" Each of these States to adopt a particular representative system and salutary reforms. "The Confederation to then ratify the principle of Italian nationality-to have but one flag, but one system of customs, and one currency.

"The directing centre to be at Rome, which should be composed o' representatives named by the Sovereigns from a list prepared by the Chambers, in order that, in this species of Diet, the influence of the reigning families suspected of a leaning towards Austria should be counterbalanced by the element resulting from elec-

"By granting to the Holy Father the honorary Presidency of the Confederation the religi ous sentiment of Catholic Europe would be satisfied, the moral influence of the Pope would be increased throughout Italy, and would enable him to make concessions in conformity with the legitimate wishes of the populations.

"We demand that Parma and Pigcenza shall be united to Piedmont, because this territory is, in a strategical point of view, indispensable to

"We demand that the Duchess of Parma

shall be called to Modena: "That Tuscany, augmented, perhaps, by a portion of territory, shall be restored to the Grand Duke Ferdinand;

"That a system of moderate (sage) liberty shall be adopted in all the States of Italy;

" That Austria shall trankly disengage herself from an incessant case of embarrassment for the future, and that she shall consent to complete the nationality of Venetia, by creating not only a separate representation and administration, but also an Italian army.

"We demand that the fortresses of Mantua and Peschiera shall be recognised as federal

" And, lastly, that a Confederation based on the real wants, as well as on the traditions of the Peninsula, to the exclusion of every foreign influence, shall consolidate the fabric of the independence of Italy.

" I shall neglect nothing for the attainment of this great result. Let your Majesty be convinced of it, my sentiments will not vary, and so far as the interests of France are not opposed to it, I shall always be happy to serve the cause for which we have combated together. " Palace of St. Cloud, 20th October, 1859."

A strong sensation has been created in Paris, according to the Pays, by the report that the Emperor of Russia and the Prince Regent of Prussic have agreed not to oppose the annexation of Central Italy to Piedmont. The meeting of these potentates at Breslau is understood to have been arranged for the purpose of coming to an agreement on this subject ; and this concord, in a Parisian view, obtains additional strength from the belief that England will go into a Congress, knowing that she has the support of these two great Powers. -

The Constitutionnel, in an article signed by its editor, M. Grandguilo', maintains its belief that a Congress will take place, notwithstanding the restrictions made by the English press in consenting to a Congress,

M. de Montalembert has resumed his pen, and has again received an intimation that the imperial surveillance is not withdrawn from him. This time, however, the Count appears as the champion of the temporal authority of the Pope, of an Imperial Hatt, read at the Sublime Porte and, judging of the tone of his communication on Saturday, the 15th of October, in the prein the Correspondent, by the lengthened warning sence of all the Ministers and the high funcgiven to it in the Moniteur, M. de Montalembert tiouaries of the empire :condemns the Itchan war, because it has apnihilated the authority of the Pope, and not because it was undertaken in detence of Italian

Forty-five hishops have now published pas torals on Italian affairs, and the Archbishop of Notwithstanding the material expenses of the Paris has ordered prayers to be offered up for the Pope.

On Friday a great fire took place at the Paase of the Senate (Palais de Luxembourg). The Salle des Seances was completely destroyed. Four persons were dangerously injured. The galleries, the museum, the limary, the throne room, the archives, the historical apartments. Turkey has thrown the country into the abyss &c , are all saved.

## ITALY.

ing for a Foreign Legion, to replace the Swise, that they now are in.

and from the body-guard of his Sicilian Majesty. Scamps of all nations are engaged and forward- to employ an incessant zeal in order to anticied to Gaeta.

### GARIBALDI'S ADDRESS

The following are the two first paragraphs of an address which has been issued by General

run like rabbits before our young soldiers; we the French, was wrecked on the passage behave seen them fly with terror, and beg their tween Hongkong and Turon. lives of those whose brothers, and friends they had basely assassinated. We have seen them public meeting to petition Parliament on the fly like cowards before the sons of those whom subject of taxation, the opening of the Legislathey barbarously scourged or butchered at their live Council to the non official class, the abolipleasure; we have seen them fly, the vile tion of the Executive Council, and the appoint miscreants, before, the comrades of Ugo Bassi ment of a commission of inquiry into the causes Civenghi, Cicertiacchio, and ask their lives with of the present discontent. a baseness primistakeably Austrian; and yet of The China Mail gives a detailed account of those who surrendered or who were wounded Mr. Ward's visit to Pekin :the Italians did not kill a single one.

when they are united, and you were, not with and land done so at the mouth of the Peiho to us. In the ranks of the conquerors there were prevent foreign ships ascending to Tientsin; Italians of all the provinces, but of Naples there that he would have been blameworthy if all were few. The shout of victory was heard in every dialect except yours, and yet -we knew it-your hearts bent high in the cause of your country. You felt our dangers and fatigues, of Pehtang. The English envoy, however, had and your hearts exulted at the announcement of our victories. Yes, exulted in spite of the his way through the barriers at Taku, even about mable tyranny which crushes and degrades when warned of the consequences; and that by you; it felt its over hrow by the victory of the so doing the English had broken the treaty

A Paris correspondent of the Independance of Brussels says : - "There has been something said of the probability that the Pope will launch a bull of interdiction against the King of Piedmont. Some of his counsellors, perhaps, would not hesitate to adopt that extreme measure, because they do not see all the consequences that might follow. If the Holy See should issue an interdict, the general belief at Turin is that the King would accept the struggle and decide on embracing another religion, advising the people to follow his example. In the present state of public excitement, it is certain that part of the inhabitants of Piedmont and the other provinces would follow their sovereign in that line of conduct. It is even asserted that Victor Emmanuel has indirectly apprised the Pope of his intentions, throwing on him all the responsibility of what might ocuer."

Garibaldi has consented to take the Presidency of the National Indian Association, a society originally founded in Turin, but recently discontinued, and designed to work every available means for securing the freedom of the whole country. Garibaldi points out the greatness and length of the struggle by which some other nations and achieved their independence, and seems to feel no doubt that the same result may be accomplished in Italy provided the people unite vigorously for that purpose. A private meeting of a large number of members of the House of Representatives in Piedmont is said to have taken place, in which the conduct of the Government was approved, and hopes were expressed that the King would accept the Sovereignty offered him by the Duchies and the Romagna.

" The Independente of Turin states that Garibaldi arrived there on the 28th ult., in complance with a summons from the King, He had been enthusiastically received everywhere along the road, especially at Voghera, where, in addressing the multitude, he is stated to have said :- With a King like Victor Em manuel, with an army like ours, and with a people-like you, Italy should not stop until she has freed the last inch of her soil from the heel of the foreigner. The same paper states, up m what it considers good authority, that 40 500 inhabitants of the Venetian territory have emigrated since January last.

## NAPLES.

" Letters from Sicily state that disturbances still continue there, but are of little importance. "Secret agents keep up the agitation.

" A general feeling of uneasiness prevades the public mind, caused by various kinds of apprehensions.

# TURKEY.

"The following are extracts of a translation

"TO THE ILLUSTRIOUS GRAND VIZIER, "The first basis and the foundation of all the strength and all the presperity of a state rest on its Ennacial position, Without credit and with out confidence progress becomes impracticable. country it is incontestable that if order were introduced into the administration of the public money, and it were employed usefully, the country would in a short time arrive at the realization of this strength and this prosperity. It has, however, been proved to be true for some time past, and from different causes, that the blow that has been given to the credit of where it is now plunged,

" Powerful and daily calls on the Government have necessitated the contract of louns The Paris correspondent of The Times says from the merchants in Galata on heavy and the n we from Ruly is serious enough, for ruinous conditions, as likewise the issue of necording to all human calculations, we may different kinds of paper money, and all confi-The Marning Post's correspondent says the Austrian Government is affording every facility to the Neapolitan agents at Trieste in recruit-

"With the aid of the Most High, I am about pate the dangerous effects of this state of things.

## INDIA AND CHINA.

The Governor has despatched 1,500 men Garibaldi, and is in circulation amongst the from Bombay against the rebellious Waghers: The American Ambassador had returned "To our brothers of Naples!-Brothers!- from Pekin without having obtained the ratifica-We have combated the Austrians; we have tion of the treaty at that city. The ratification fought these insolent oppressors of Italy, and had taken place by commissioners at Pehtang. we have beaten them. We have seen them The steamer Thebes, which had been hired by

The citizens of Calcutta had held a large

Kwelliang told him that the Emperor had a "Brothers I we have fought as Italians fight right to obstruct the channel of his own rivers, ingress had been closed, but on the contrary every arrangement had been made for conducting all the foreign ministers to Pekin by way not gone to that place, but had tried to force and not the Chinese, upon whom the responsibility of the violation did not rest.

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Ladies' Opera Hoods, " Polka Jackets.

Grey and White COTTONS, Drillings, Denims, COTTON WARP, Gloves and Hosiery, 2 bales superior BLANKETS. SAMUEL STRONG.

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Principal-ALICE T. SHAW, (Graduate of Mount Holyoke Seminary.)

Music Department: - Miss M. LAURILLARD. Assistant-Miss ENELINE A. EATON. THE Second Term will commence on Monday,

I January 2nd, 1860, and continue twentytwo weeks.

The Course of Instruction will embrace the branches usually taught in such Institutions. Board can be obtained in the Village, for nonresidents, at the rate of 7s. 6d, per week.

Tuition £1 5s. per quarter, payable quarterly. An extra charge will be made for Music and Drawing. Nov. 16 .-- 2 in.

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Together with an extensive Stock of GENERAL GROCERIES well suited to the Trade, both in price and quality. Wholesale and Retail at lowest market rates. Stores head of Mitchell's wharf and foot of

Prince Street, MACI BALLAN stantil minerol GEORGE PRASER & CO. Halifax, Nov. 9th, 1859. 1 m. i.

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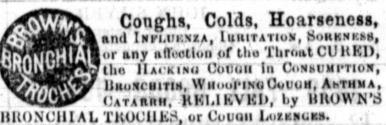
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Nov. 16,-4 ins.

November 9th, 1859,



NOTICE! The following Act is republished for general information by the direction of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor-and the attention of all public functionaries and others, is particularly called to its provisions, to take effect upon the 1st January next. Provincial Secretary's Office, ?

#### CHAPTER 24. An Act to establish the Decimal System of Accounting.

(Passed the 15th day of April, A. D., 1859.) Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, as follows : home and hardinger

1. This Act shall come into operation an the 1st day of January, 1860. 2. All accounts to be rendered to the Provincial Gov-

eroment or to any public officer or department by any officer or functionary, or by any party receiving and from this province or otherwise accountable to the government or legislature thereof, shall be so rendered in Dollars and Cents; but any such account may have a second column containing same in pounds, shillings and bence, equivalent to the sums so tated in dollars and cents, if the accountant shall prefer to render his

3. The several coins hereinafter mentioned, shall be received and paid at the provincial treasury and other departments, as equivalent for the following sams in money of account, namely; The gold sovereign of the United Kingdom, at five

liver crown of the United Kingdom, at one dollar and twenty five cents. Silver half crown of the United Kingdom, at sixty-two and a half cents.
Silver florin of the United Kingdom, at fifty cents.

Silver shilling of the United Kingdom, at twenty-five Silver sixpence of the United Kingdom, at twelve and a half cents. Copper penny of the United Kingdom and that issued

from the treasury of the province - two cents. Half penny-one cent. 3. Anthing herein contained shall affect the coins enumerated in Chapter 83 of the Revised Statutes, but

such coins shall continue to be received as leg il tender at the rate in such chapter specified.

Nov. 16,-1 m