the slave race, and he had got so accustomed to the dark beauties of Africa, and had so mueh to admire what men called God's image in ebong, that when he reached the shores of
our land, and saw the white ladies, oh, they
our land, and saw the white ladies,
looked very sickly like to him. (
looked very sickly like to him. (Laughter
'That was a fact in a man's experience
That was a fact in a man's experience.-
(Renewed laughter.) And he was now going (Renewed laughter.) And he was now going
to tell them a fäct in philosophy, and he had never beand it answered. The celebrated D
Fleming, Professor of Natural Seience in th
Freming, Professor of Natural College, and one of the greatest naturalists, of his day, maintained that black was the right and proper colour and that we
are bleacbed up-(roars of laughter)-that we were just like one of those shawls that were seen sometimes in the Cowgate-(laugh-ter)-the colour elean gone. (Renewed fact in connection with this. The skin that covered our bodies was composed of certain layers-one of these anatomists called the rete mucosum. That was a learned term-
(laughter)-but it was a sort of membrane which consisted of a congeries of cells. Now in the white man these were very, like the
boxes kept in such shops as those of Mr. Knox-they were all for show-there was
nothing in them-but in regard to the dark race the rete mucosum was flled with what is salled a black pigment, and it the rete mu-
cosum was not made for the black pigment what was it made for at all. (Laugater.)-
That was rather a philosopbical argument.That was rather a philosopbical argument.-
(Renewed laughter.) The opinion was beld by some that the dark race was the old original race-of man,-a black face and a whi
heart. There was many a man who had

## Christian atlessenger

HALIFAX, NOVEMBER $21,1860$.
One of the most difficult lessons for poli-
ticians to learn is that injustice to any class or body of men on account of their religious views must sooner or later bring destruction upon such government. Attempts have been
made in every country by the governing elasses to favour those who would, in return, give them support, and to depress the weaker
and those less able to protect themselves. But nowhere has this brought such disastrou results as in our Indian possessions, and yet
the same suicidal policy is being still pursued and, if continued, must bring again the scourge upon those who manifest so little of what w
might expect, after having had such sever

## lessons.

By our last mail we have the Baptist Mis-
sionary Herald, in which we find letters from sionary Herald, in which we find letters from
missionaries in India, complaining bitterly of missionaries in India, complaining bitterly of
the preference still given to Hindoos and Mohammedans over Native Christians. Mr *Just ufter thie mutiny everybody was inquiring for native Christians, People could not trust Ilindoos or Mohammedans. Civilian
wished to bave Cbristian body.guards; a
wanted Cbristian servants. The police, the Wanted Cbristian servants. The police, the
army, were open to them; ; and bad they been
numbered in thousands instead of in tens, all would have been emploged. Now the reaction has come. The first employers cre leaving, and
their successons resort to the old systero, and their successons resurt the old systera, and
prefer Hindoos and Mohammedans. I recently
applied to the bead of the magazine here, askapplied to the head of the magazine here, ask-
ing employment for three or four native Chrising employment for three or four native Chria-
tians. The magazine furnishes enploymiont for
150 or 200 men 150 or 200 men. It is an employment that $r$
quires little skill and littie training, while in ref quires little skill and littie training, while in ref
erenee to pay and the leisure it affords it would
be very suitable far be very suitable fcr native Christians. Part che employment consists in making ap car-
tridges, and as just before or about the last
mutiny s.me Mohammedans had been timpermutiny s me Mohammedans had been tinuper-
ing with the carridges, mixing dust with the
powder, \&e. I should have thougt Givern powder, \&e., I should bave thought Govern-
ment would have been glad to enploy those their own to permit of their acting thus. How-
ever, the officer in charge of the he was afraid the intruduction of native Caris tians would give offence to the Hidivoos and
Mobammedans, and might lead to a disturbance Mobammedans, and might lead to a disturbance.
Native Christians, he said, eever had been em ployed in the magazine, and at all events befor introducing them he mast refer the matter to head quariers; and asked, through a secun person, a letter from me requeating employmen or native Curibinas is the magaziae, to be for
warded hud-quart-rs. I sent the let'er but, alchough three or four months have elapsed I have heard, and now *xpeet to bear, nothing. From a letter of the Rev. J. Parsons at Be nares, we seleet the following important re marks on the prosent proceedings and character
of the Indian Government.
"I am afraid the English public are greatly deluded in regard to the present character of
the Indian anminiarration. It was, with no
little surprise I read Mr. Rosevearr's remarke one surprise I read Mr. Rosevean's remark

Governor more swayed by that principle than ord Canning. Do you suppose he has ' recon-
sidered' the traditional 'Indian policy ? If he has, it has only been to hold to it more firmly,
and carry it to more absurd lengths than any of
his predecessors. A new era dawned!' It predecessors.
is subject, a new shade had fallen over the
previous darkness, making it almost as black as
can be. Every kindof Christian act can be. Every kind of Shristian activity among
the servants of Government is strielly discountenanced, and 1 suppose missionaries are not
restricted, only because Englatd would scarcely
suffer that. But native preachers insulted at suffer that. But native preachers insulted at
Futtehgur, and Bro. Broadway essaulted and beaten at Delhi, by servants of Government, re straws that tell pretty surely whied way the wind is blowing Mr. Rosevear is quite right d them ; but if you supposese Lord Canning has nvictions, you are wofully nit act out their wey compettent to write political letters ; but I India I was grieved to think that things 10 India छhould
friends.

Methodism in Eastern British America
An article in the Provincial Wesleyan entitled "Our Present Position," gives some dism since the initiation of the affiliated Conferem se of Eastern British America, five years "In 1855 " it remarks, "we vaumbered seventy
ircuits, now we have ninety two. Then there
were eifty sewe hine
 at present one hundred and twenty-four. Oursmem-
bership also duriug the some period has consider
ably increased, thoogh not without occasional dim
ath

 three years there has ween a steady increase,
full and aceredited memhers, snd, with the excep
tion of the past year, of those on trial. The tollo
ing table exhibits the membership of each year :-
 $\begin{array}{lllll} & 1855 & & & \\ \text { Nova Scotia, } & 580 & \text { Increase. Decrease } \\ \text { Bermuda, } & 5,256 & 6,332 & 1067 & 14\end{array}$

It appears then, that the smallest actual increase
that of Prince Edward Ilsmand-is also the largest
in lity in proportion to its aggregate membership,-1eeing
just one-fourth of the . whole. Nova *otia and New
foundland each represent about a fifth, and New oundiand each represent about a firth, and Ne
Buanswick about an eleventh. In Bermuda alone
here apparent decrease.?

Destitution in Kansas, U. S.
We have received from Boston a copy of a Circular giving an account of the destitation This Circular is signed by respectable gentlewen in six counties, and endorsed by fourteen ministers in Boston, His Excelleney Governor Banks, and a number of other iufluential gentlemen. The following are some of the facts contained in this Circular :
"During the year preceeding the first inst., \& lerrible drouth has prevailed throughout the inTerior of K snsas. A narrow strip bordering on
the Missouri River has had occasional showers and has yielded a fair crop. Some other smali and isolated districts have also had light showers,
and raised a part of a crop. But residing, as we and raised a part of a crop. But residing, as we
do, in widely separated localities, we believe that four-fifths of the cultivate 1 land in the Territory has not yielded the smalleat erop of any kind, exeept a little corn fodder.
" In our localities the b.
"In our localities the best yield of corn dpes not exceed ten bushels to the acre; mot a potato
or vegeta bite of any kind has been -quised ; garor vegets bite of any kind has been -ruised; gar-
dens have proved an entire failure, alchough they dens have proved an entire failure, allhough they
have frequently been replanted. Fields have have requenty been replanted. Fields have
been rexown to wheal, then buckwheat, then turnips, and all a total failure.
From personal
From personal observation and intercourse with
people from various localities, we are sati-fied people from various localities, we are satioffied
ihis is, with the above exceptions, the condition throughout the Territory" "
"The terrible finet eonfronts us" the Circula adds " that many housands of our people have Wo bread and litule clothing for the winter.While some of them will be enatied, by grea sacrifices of property, or by the timely aid of
relatives at the East, to live through the winter here is a very large number who must be aide by the pub
famine. yond all this
could be yond all this, much will be required.

We, therefore, in behalf of our starving counnation. Christian friends, we ask you to imitate he example of Apostolic times, and help your
needy brethren. Brother man, we reach out to ou in this Brother man, we reach

The Marsh Bridge Church, St. John, N. B.
It was with much regret we learned a short ime since that, in consequence of continued ness, the Rev. E. B. DeMill was unable to gather in the city of St. John, N, B. He directed by his medical adviser to disconinue preaching for the present. We trust he ion for which his learning and talents so well fit him to occupy.
In consequence of this illness of Mr. DeMill, an invitation has been given by the Thos. W. Crawley, and has beén accepted by $\mathrm{h} m$. Wrase and During the past week Mr. C. has left New
Minas for St. John, to labour with the Marsh Bridge Church. Mr. Crawley takes with
him the best wishes and earnest prayers of many friends that his labours may be blessed in the neighboring capital.
"We hope our esteemed brother of the Messenger
"oes not suppose that because we advocate an Asy
m for the poor inebriate, that we would receive $\operatorname{lum}$ for the poor inebriate, that we would receive it
as a substitute for prohibitory enactment. We ask
for no measures, civil, political, or religious, to take or no measures, civil, political, or religious, to take
the place of absolute prohihition of the nefaraous
traftle. TTo license tiquor shops whotesale or retail,
it to "establish iniquity by law," and the Govern is to that dioes it, be they Republican or Democratic,
ment ory or Liberal, should be held responsible hy all
Tory the good and virtuous, as they will be by the Om-
niscient Judge at the last day, tor all the pauperism,
inelrity, deloasement, thett, lying, blasphemy, mur
der and wretchedness of every conceivable kind that ressilts from this ungodly business, If there be
a rraftic in this wide world that has made a covenant ny with the great master spirit of sin, we helieve it
is merchandize in INTOXICATING LIQUORS."-

AFTER an announcement like that, we cerainly should do our friend injustice to enterlightly by prohibition. We never supposed lightly by prohibition. We never supposed ar brotuers position the inebriate is perpoint. An Asylum for the inebriate is perhaps one of the things which should be done
but the greater work of closing the low dens and the high saloons where men are made drunkards, --rendered insane, and subjects for such asylums,-should not be left undone.
The Licensing System is sustained by different modes of argument, It is but rare ly contended, now-a-days, that the traffic in y contended, now-a-days, that the traffic in
intoxicating drinks is a legitimate business for respectable men, and one which should be encouraged by governments and the public The effort now made is to shew that it will be sold by some means, and parties accustomed to drinking will procure it in some way, and therefore it is as well to make as much of revenue out of it as possible. One of the least reputable excuses for allowing its sale is that a large amount of revenue is thereby obtained, $\rightarrow$ not a very pleasant reflection-that our eity and provincial officials have thei salaries paid by the present and eternal destruction of our fellow-men. One of the most specious excuses for issuing licenses in Halifax to all applicants,-even the most abandoned,-is, that by doing so, a right of entry for the police, at all hours, is secured. By this fallacy our eity government have been induced to grant licenses by the hun-
dred so that the terms of the license have not dred so that the terms of the license have not the slightest consideration in granting them. It is very bad morality that teaches "to do evil that good may come." We hope soon to see some clearer light thrown on the minds of the Aldermen in reterence to this subject. We commend the above paragraph to their serious attention.

## News Summary.

The Unity and probable future destiny of the Italian Peninsula may, we trust, be now almost pronounced an accomplished faet. By the latest dates we learn, that the fugitive King of Naples was hemmed in with his army in the seaport of Gaeta, a few miles westward of his late metropolis, Capua, the only other place in his possession, was report-
ed, ed, just as the last mail left, to have surrendered. Garibaldi, with his little army of
heroes on the South and Vietor Emmanuel, who, with the victorious army of Cialdini was closing in on the East and North, would
thus render the case of Francis the II, hopelees one. It is not likely, however, tha as, no doubt, every facility for escaping by sea will be afforded him both by the French and Gata. Doubtless, it is desired by all
off Garties that his exit from his misgoverned
pingdom, should be made easy. He would
kin ingdom, should be made easy. He would
be a most embarrassing state prisoner to Vic-
or Emanuel. The next news, therefore, is very likely to be that Au Italy, with the ex-
ception of Rome and a few of the adjoining ception of Rome and a few of the adjoining
districts containing a small sea coast and the important Province of Venetia has been rendered to the possession of the King of Sardinia, who will then assume the title of King of Italy, and extend the free institu-
tions of Piedmont to the whole of his newly tions of Piedmont to
Garibaldi, whose name will probably stand ereatter at the very head of the really grea men of the conntry, is prepared to resign his Dictatorship of the two Sicilies into the hand of his native Sovereign, and unless the furher work of at once wresting V enice from he grasp of Austria, shall have been deter亚, will probably retire to his forme privacy with a reputation for skill, valour
ntegrity and unselfishness which is unfortu nately the lot of few of those called heroes, to enjoy. Should his future course at all there is no reason to doubt it, he will be enrolled among the little flock of great menwho have ever deserved the name of Patriot By our last mails we were informed of the in this province, and of the Duke of Richmond. The Prince of Wales had not arrived when the Canada sailed from England, but was expected every hour

General Intelfigence.

Collision-The Steamer Osprey, was run
into by the brigt. Cordelia and badly injured as he was passing down the harbor on her way to done to botir vessels. The Ospray was immediately put back and her cargo transterred to the
Merlin whilst she, the Ospray is undergoing

Sikzures. - The Schoner Vision Capt Shel Sikzures. - The Schnoner
sion Capt. Shel Bay a few days ago tor violation of the Revenue aws, Another siczure was also made on the
night of the 14th inst a quantity of liquor concealed under thalist
J. Whitman, Esq., on behalf of the severa New York Insurance Companies represented by
him in this eity, has presented the sum of $\$ 50$ as a contribution to the funds of the Fire Deservices rendered by them on the occasion of the late fire in Hare's Building, on the 4if inst. Lost at Ska,-Captain John Giffin, in the slst year of his age,-the eldest son of John
and Ann Giffin, of Lewis Head (Ragged Islands) an the 21st day of October was washed from he bowsprit of the schooner Ocean Bride on his omeward passage from Labrador. He remained
bove water for a short period, during which every eftort was made to reseue him from a rise no more, until ibe great resurrection day when the sea shall give up ito dead. Capt. G. a.d professed to bave experienced religion three or four years ago, but bad not united with the
burch, yet his conduct was such as causes hi orrowing friends to believe that his peace wa made with Giod. Thus we see the importance of doing with our might what our hands find to do.
For as the Lord liveth, and as our souls live, here is hut a step between us and death." Com. by Rev A. W. Barss.
A succhssful Tea Megting.-The ladies of the east site of the $\mathbf{R}_{\text {ugged }}$ Islands have heid their Tea Meeting, according to appointment,
and realized the bandsome sum of $\mathbf{~} 41$, which and realized the bandsome sum of $£ 41$, which
far exceeds their most sanguine expectations.16.

Destructive fires have occurred at Carbonear in the 1st last and at Harbour Grace on the 6th disastrous calamily property was destroyed to the amount of near $£ 20,000$. Twenty three chimnies are left standing. Seventeen houses and eighteen shops and stores destroyed.
Interestine Meeting.-The Persia and Prince Albert from Britain, and the Arabia from
Halifux, lomeward bound, met at Cape Race on Saturday evening last. They exchanged salutes and sent up rockets, and the seene is des-
crited as heing most exciting. The Persia had crited as being most exciting. The Persia had
made a fine passage to Cape Race, being runuing against the Adriatic but the latter will, no doubt, win the day, lhaving arrived at New a-half days from Southhampton-the quickest western passage, we believe, ever mado Nev-
foundlander Nov. 8 .

## New Brunswick.

On Wednesilay last, a carter, named Jame Clarke, while driving through one of the streets is body, and so injured him, that be died in less han half an hoor.-Church Witness.
Henry G. Simonds Esq., of St, John was accidentally drowned by the capsiziag of a boat
which was to take part in a regatia on the same
day. Four men were also in the boat but they

