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"Aot slothful in business: ferbent in spirit."

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Correspondence.

For the Christian Messenger.

The Sabbath and the Lord's day.

LETTER II.

DEAR BROTHER,

one day of rest—the seventh part of our time prone as it is to be weak and wayward. should be devoted to those holy purposes.

Mr. Lithgow's theory, we find ourselves alto- in one and the same observance.

continual act of joyous celebration and de- ren, they sought to enforce the then existing fathers "were able to bear," Acts xv. 10 .votedness, and that therefore set times for observance of it, including all traditional ap- But the ceremonial of christianity is simplicworship are no more needed, it may be ob- pendages to the divine law; nor did they stop ity itself. The rites of worship are few and all exercises or meetings at stated periods as a supplement to the law rather than its Supper are the positive institutes. The Lord's panion Paul, would have omitted mentioning it? may be abstained from, and God's service fulfilment, and hence required obedience to day is the only festival of the church. There may be dependent on uncertain and irregular Moses as well as submission to Christ, Self- are no fasts. In conducting religious exerimpulses; even morning and evening prayer righteous views were mingled with their de- cises no forms are enjoined, no order prescribmay cease to be regarded, and the Lord's mands; they held obedience to be the price ed. Let the word of God be read. Let xvii. 1,2; xviii. 4. In all these places the Sabof themselves associate for mutual edifica- in that transition-state of things, they might tion, maintaining that there is now no dis-

tion, though without any express command. comply with certain Jewish observances, so tinction of days. Admitting the propriety

with the practice of the earliest churches, as on the first day of the week to rejoice in the sabbath "made for man," giving him the far as the same is recorded. Assuming our risen Saviour. Thus the Gentile members of resting-time, the one day in seven, granted at and the history of the church. Assuming trained, and at length the whole body united by the recognition of those glorious events

gether at fault. In science, if any phenome- But there were some difficulties, arising The Saviour once said to the people, "My tion of a given theory, that theory is ad- ish believers. Although the light shone all xi. 30. How true is this of the services of mitted to be the right one. So it is in this around them, they only saw "men as trees his church! The Jewish ritual, so compliday:walking." Not content with claiming for the cated and burdensome, was a yoke, the apostle If any object, that the christian life is a sabbath the reverential regards of their breth- Peter affirmed, which neither they nor their

Now, would it not be better, more conduceive that they placed no dependance on them, they of meeting on some part of the first day of to the growth of piety, and likely to be fol- were equally at liberty to abstain. As there the week, in imitation of primitive christians, lowed by much more beneficial results, that was no merit in the compliance so there was they are very careful to give practical proof certain seasons for religious exercises, obliga- no sin in the neglect. They might "eat of their belief that the day is not a holy day, tory on all, should be specified, still giving herbs" only, or "eat all things." They might any more than other days, because, as they scope for the manifestations of voluntary fast one day and feast another, if they chose. hold, all days are alike. All days are holy, fervour in addition—than that the whole But there was no compulsion. No christian they say; every day is a sabbath to a chrisshould be left to the decisions of a spiritual or christian church had the right or the pow- tian! This is very specious talk, and has a Having shown, I hope to the satisfaction willinghood? This is just what the Lord er to impose laws on the brethren in these religious sound. But how does it work? of your readers, that the sabbath was origin- has done, as is believed and held by the vast matters. They were not to "judge one another." Let the state of the European continent, even ally God's gift to man-to all men-and that majority of christian people. I know not The weak-minded were to be borne with, and not of its Protestant portions, furnish the answer. the consecration of the first day of the week why a servant of Christ should desire an ab- "set at nought." But that freedom did not In Germany, the same notions respecting the to Sabbath purposes took place under apost- solute freedom in this respect, or shrink from affect divine arrangements. Christians had Lord's day as those put forth by Mr. Lithlic direction, I proceed to offer some addition- the pressure of obligation. It strikes me liberty of action, and each one might be gow, are everywhere prevalent. There is al observations, illustrating and confirming that a soberminded, loving disciple would "fully persuaded in his own mind" in regard worship in the churches in the morning, but rather that the Lord should indicate his will, to things in themselves indifferent—but no the remainder of the day is given up to all I begin by remarking that the original institute and thus bind him to duty, than suffer him to further. Mutual forbearance does not extend kinds of pleasure. Theatres are open, and is now in full force—six days of labour and adjust and regulate service by his own will, to God's laws. They are to be obeyed. We places of amusement are crowded. The promay not bear with one another in disobedi- fessedly pious see no evil in it. Neander, yielded up to the special service of God. It But it is affirmed that there is no express ence. When persons, for instance, plead for the ecclesiastical historian, having remarked was befitting, under former dispensations, command of our Lord or his Apostles, enjoin- the admission of unbaptized persons to the that the power, wisdom, and goodness of God ing the religious observance of one day in Lord's supper, on the ground that we are to of Prussia was "a truly pious man"-" I exthe Creator should be celebrated on the day seven, as a day of rest and worship. It "receive one another," and to "bear the in- pressed some astonishment at that, says Dr. set apart for rest. It is befitting, now, that would be more modest to say that no com- firmities of the weak," they take an untena- S., " from having seen it stated in a French the triumphs of grace and righteousness in mand is recorded. Nor is there any recorded ble position, baptism being a divine command newspaper that he attended the theatre on the the redemption should be the subjects of de- command, regulating the establishment of which must not be dispensed with. And so, Sabbath. "But,' says Neander, 'I suppose vout contemplation and thanksgiving, and christian churches, and the mode in which when certain Jews demanded of Gentile con- you know that the same views of the Sabthat the first day of the week, the Lord's day, they shall be governed. Yet it is generally verts the adoption of the laws of Moses, and bath are not entertained in Germany as in held, and rightly, as I think, that apostolic required them to observe their festivals and England and America-I do not entertain God, then such must have been the primitive terian, and episcopalian polities plead for the an holy day, or of the moon, or of the would attend the theatre on the sabbath. practice, and the religious observance of one divine right of their respective systems. Be- sabbath days," Col. ii. 16. Some kinds of To which he replied. 'I would not go to day must be regarded as a corruption, an un- sides this, I have already referred to the fact food were permitted by the law; others were the theatre any day of the week; but there man can put his finger on any period in the ing of the Holy Spirit, and in the exercise of then observed, comprised a variety of exer- theologian. The invitation was accepted, in history of the church, after the days of the the authority with which they had been en- cises and restrictions superadded to the the expectation of spending a profitable afit to Christ. We trace it back, and back, transfer from the seventh to the first day of either personally or by his Apostles. I have many hundreds, or even thousands, are occufrom the present time, and we do not stop till the week; and that since Jews were found in endeavoured to show that among these "all pied by a few scores. The rareness of perwe come to the New Testament. Whe- nearly all christian churches, and were tena- things" was the setting apart of the first day sonal religion, the overflow of destructive ther there be an express command recorded, clous of their sabbath practices, their brethren of the week for the joyful celebration of the errors, and the predominance of infidelity, or not, is altogether irrelevant to the ques- of the Gentiles partially united with them in resurrection of the Saviour, and the commun- attest the truth and force of Matthew Henry's The historical deduction is sufficient. the observance for a time. There was the ion of believers with their Lord and with one remark, quoted in my introductory note. As we believe that the congregational mode more reason for it inasmuch as the Mosaic another. That obligation was not temporary of church government is of divine authority, institute, though abrogated by the introduct or partial. The Jewish sabbath, with its cussion. because it harmonises with the spirit and tion of the new dispensation, lingered on till double sacrifices and numerous rites, belonged tenor of the New Testament, and the instruction of Jerusalem, when it was to Jews only, and could be lawfully and comtions given by the apostles, as therein detail- defacto abolished, it being thenceforth impos- pletely observed only in Palestine. The ed, better than any other mode-so we be- sible to observe the rites enjoined by the law. Lord's day, or christian sabbath, as it may be lieve that the observance of the Lord's day is Up to that period, then, some christians wor- not improperly called, is the privilege of beof divine authority, because it harmonises shipped on the Jewish sabbath, while all met lievers in all nations. It is emphatically the

on which all our hopes depend.

But if, as some few affirm, Christianity practice is equivalent to a command, being teaches that there is no distinction of days, and the exponent of the Saviour's will; and so the advocates of the congregational, presby
The same myself! I replied that I was aware the same myself! I replied that I was aware the exponent of the Saviour's will; and so the congregational, presby
Paul, "in meat or in drink, or in respect of who professed to be evangelical christians." authorised addition to the divine code. If that in the interval between his resurrection disallowed. There were monthly and yearly is nothing that I would do at any time, that such be the case, we shall be able to point and ascension the Saviour instructed the observances of days set apart for special cele- I would not do on Sunday, if convenience out how and when the original freedom was Apostles in the "things pertaining to the brations, and some of the sabbaths were required it!" He illustrated his views by infringed on by the enactment of a new and kingdom of God." His instructions were high days," distinguished by peculiar ser- asking Dr. Sprague to dinner the following binding law. But this cannot be done. No carried into effect by them, under the teach- vices; while the ordinary sabbath duties, as Lord's day, to meet Dr. Twesten, an eminent apostles, and say, there was the beginning- trusted. "Whatsoever ye shall bind on earth injunctions of the Jewish lawgiver. This ternoon with Dr. T,; but to his surprise and then the first day began to be observed as the shall be bound in heaven, and whatsoever ye yoke was not to be borne by believers in annoyance he found a large party assembled, christian sabbath. And why cannot he do shall loose on earth shall be loosed in heaven." Christ. But exemption from the Jewish yoke and the conversation turned upon ordinary this? Because the observance of the Lord's I may remark further, that the objection did not free them from christian obligation. topics, as on any common day of the week. day was coeval with Christianity itself now under consideration is usually met by They had nothing to do with the holy days, (" European Celebrities," pp. 131-136.) There is no break in the evidence. All his- showing that Jewish believers needed no com- and the new moons, and the various sabbaths This shows that the standard of piety is very torians agree in stating that the primitive mand, as they were already in the habit of of the law. Nevertheless, they were "under low. It is seen, too, in the smallness of the christians universally observed from the be- observing the sabbath of their nation, and law to Christ," and were bound to "observe congregations in most of the places of worginning the first day of the week, dedicating only required to be directed in regard to the all things whatsoever he had commanded," ship. Buildings which; will accommodate

Another letter, I think, will close this dis-

Yours truly, Acadia College, Nov. 5, 1860.

For the Christian Messenger.

MR. EDITOR,-

I have read Dr. Cramp's letter in to-day's theory, we can understand the New Testament the Church were gradually instructed and first to the whole race, and gladdening his heart Messenger and am surprised he should so misrepresent my view of the first day of the week. The following extracts from my third article published in the Acadian Recorder of na are sufficiently explained by the assump- from the preposterous notions of certain Jew- yoke is easy and my burden is light," Mat. the 27th ult. will give your readers, my views in regard to the observance of that

> Counsel.- Now did or did not the Lord Jesus, after the resurrection command the first instead of the seventh day to be observed as the Sabbath ?"

Luke .- " Can you imagine that if He had served, in the first place, that on this ground there, for they were fain to treat the gospel easy of performance. Baptism and the Lord's given any such commandment I, or my old com-Can you not perceive that in my second treatise, the Acts, I make the same distinction between " the Sabbath" and " the first day of the week" as in my Gospel ? Refer to Acts xiii. 14-27; supper may be in danger of falling wholly of salvation, and thus nullified, as far as in prayer and praise be offered. Let the bath is mentioned as usual, without qualificainto disuse. How contrary all this would be them lay, the grace of God. Exclusiveness church be instructed. Let christian ordi- tion: it is not distinguished as the Jewish Sabto the teachings of the New Testament and and intolerance distinguished them; an un- nances be observed. Let the gospel be bath, as would have been the case had I known the examples of primitive christians, I need circumcised christian was no christian in their preached. It matters not which is first, nor of any such day as the Christian Sabbath. I not stop to prove. But in the second place esteem; conformity to Jewish practices was under what arrangement the exercises shall the portions referred to you will see the Jewish all experience shows the desirableness, nay, a term of communion. The Apostle Paul succeed each other. Churches may vary in Sabbath is meant. Paul took advantage of that the necessity, of frequently-recurring seasons strenuously opposed these men. He denounc- their plans. All they have to do is to take day wherever he went, to gain the ear of the of abstinence from wordly occupations, in ed the self-righteousness of their system as care that due provision be made for apostolic Jews and Proselytes, when they met in their order to renew our spiritual strength by wait- thoroughly antichristian, and declared that worship and service, and that the day of the synagogue for worship,—for in those days there ing on God, and thus illustrates the wisdom those who embraced it were in danger of Lord be spent in conformity with the earliest was liberty of speech in the synagogues on the and goodness of the divine appointment. losing their souls. "Christ is become of no Yet even this, light as it is, is too much for regard to the first day of the week although we the ultility of christian gatherings, when fied by the law; ye are fallen from grace," the Neologists of this age, and some others. christians did not observe it as the Sabbath, yet they maintain that the servants of God will Gal, v. 4. He taught believers that while, They assert an entire freedom from obliga- we always endeavoured to come together some-