

the Grace of God she braved all opposition and was buried with Christ in Baptism. She continued a devoted disciple of Jesus and a consistent member of the Baptist Church until the Lord called her to go up higher.

It was her lot to suffer much. She was the victim of that much dreaded enemy (Consumption) but she had no fears. Two days before her death she said to the writer, "I am going fast, I shall soon be at rest, I have no fears—Jesus is with me—I have had no desire to get well from the first. God will care for my little boy. Bury me beside my child—preach my funeral sermon—and tell sinners to take warning by my early death and prepare to meet God—Oh sing rest for the weary." In this frame of mind she died, without a struggle.

She left a husband and one boy with a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss. A very large concourse of people attended her funeral and listened to a sermon, by the writer from Num. xxiii. 10.

A. F. PORTER. Gaysborough, June 13th, 1861.

JOSIAH PORTER.

Died at Richmond, in the County of Yarmouth, April 26th, 1861, and in the 51st year of his age, Josiah Porter, leaving a wife and family with a large circle of friends to mourn their loss.

Our departed brother was a member of the Baptist Church at Lake George for several years before his death. His sickness was short and severe, but he was sustained by Divine Grace and closed his mortal race, trusting in his Saviour. May the Lord comfort his afflicted widow and family.

MRS. BETHEAH ALLAN

A member of the same church, departed this life, April 30, 1861, at the advanced age of 71 years. A number of years ago she professed the religion of Christ and was baptized by Bro. Burton and united with the First Baptist Church of Yarmouth, and subsequently became a member of the Lake George Church, of which she continued until death.

Her bodily infirmities prevented her attending the house of God for some years before she died, still she lived and died in the sweet hope of a glorious immortality.

BROTHER JOHN W. MOSES

Was drowned in Yarmouth harbour, June 8th, 1861, aged 19 years and 9 months. He was engaged in boating fish from the vessel to the shore when the boat sunk and he was drowned.

Over two years previous he united with the above named Church, and for 15 years he had been a member of the Sabbath School, in both of which he sustained a respectable department. He was a Son of Temperance, in which he was regular in his attendance. He was loved and respected by all who knew him. While his afflicted parents sorrow, they do so not without hope. May the presence of the Lord sustain them under their affliction, and sanctify it to their good.

ROBERT P. DURKEE

Died at Deerfield, June 3, 1861, in the 14th year of his age, Brother Robert P. Durkee. He was a member of the Third Yarmouth Church, and although so young, he shewed strong confidence in the Saviour in his affliction. He did not seem to have any fear as he approached death, his confidence in God seemed to be strong. The writer visited him in his affliction and was joyfully surprised to find him calm and resigned to the will of God. His bereaved parents feel that they have hope in his death.

May the Lord be pleased to sanctify these loud calls to us all.

For the Christian Messenger.

MR. EDITOR,

A writer in the last "Messenger," whom I do not know, in a friendly notice of our late Examination and Exhibition at the Seminary, states that the Exercises were "to the credit of the pupils, and the satisfaction of their teachers." I do not know precisely how much authority he (or she) had for the latter part of the statement. As to the former, it is gratifying to learn that a favorable impression was made, and, as I hope, not without some good reason.

As regards the future, I hope for more than the past has realized. Besides other circumstances which seem to warrant this expectation, I mention the addition of Mr. Bill to the staff of Teachers—a gentleman so favourably known in connexion with the department to which he is appointed, that it would be superfluous to say any remarks. His late success in the Sack Institution is a pledge, among others, that henceforth hold a commanding rank. Miss F. Cotte also, his associate, brings with her highest testimonials, not only as regards music but the other department entrusted to her keeping.

In regard to my other Associates, I will say nothing further than that they have my entire confidence, both as respects their knowledge of the branches of which they have charge, and the other important qualifications indispensable to teachers. With such assistance I enter upon

the duties of a new Term with great satisfaction, and with the earnest hope that the blessing of Heaven may attend the effort made to advance the educational interests of Hantsport and the province at large.

Yours, in the good cause, C. D. RANDALL. Hantsport Seminary, July 3rd, 1861.

For the Christian Messenger.

Report of Monies

RECEIVED FROM THE CHURCHES BY THE TREASURER OF ACADIA COLLEGE.

The Treasurer of Acadia College acknowledges the following sums, received in response to the late appeal made to the Churches in connection with the Baptist Convention. Churches that have not yet renitted, and are intending to do so, are requested to forward the Amounts collected as soon as possible, that the Salaries of Professors may be paid, and the Accounts prepared to present to the Convention, at Nictaux, next month.

J. R. FITCH, Treasurer.

Table with columns for location and amount. Locations include Wolfville, Antigonish, Bridgewater, Beaver River, etc. Total for New Brunswick is 300.

Religious Intelligence.

REPORT OF THE BRUSSELS STREET JUVENILE MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—The distribution of books, papers, tracts &c., during the year, has been continued, and in several destitute parts of the Province, Sunday Schools have been commenced and kept up by the means of these agents.

There has been distributed during the year, 600 Sunday School Papers, 50 Books, 12 Testaments, 8400 Page Tracts. The Board has continued the support to the native Missionary in Burma, under the Rev. R. R. Crawley. Mr. Crawley, under date 15th Dec., writes in reference to our own Missionary as follows: "During the past season of the rains, Mr. Jan Gin, together with the other assistants, attended a class in theological studies, and I endeavored to give them such Biblical instruction as would be of service to them as preachers to their native countrymen."

The Mission School at the Bethel has been for some time in a languishing state and during the winter months was closed. It has again been opened under encouraging circumstances. The Secretary reports the number of scholars on the books, 50; average attendance, 33. There has been distributed to the school 615 Papers, and 80 vols. Books. The Receipts of the School have been \$15.85. Expenditures for books, papers, &c., \$19.44, leaving a balance due to the Treasurer of \$3.54.

LONDON.—In the Baptist Messenger for June we find accounts of baptisms at various places in England. The following are some of the items:—

London.—Metropolitan Tabernacle April 25th, Seventeen; May 6th, Thirteen; May 9th, Seventeen; May 26th, Sixteen; and May 23rd, Twenty; by Mr. C. H. Spurgeon.

BEDFORD.—March 31st, Eleven; April 28th Seven; and May 9th One by Mr. Killen.

CARDIFF.—May 1st, Fifteen; by Mr. Tilley.

BURY ST. EDMONDS.—April 7th, Nineteen; by Mr. Barrett.

BRIKHAM.—May 19th, Twelve; by Mr. M. Saunders.

EVENJOBB.—May 5th, Seventeen; by Mr. G. Phillips.

Accounts are given of the work in other places. There were large numbers gathered into several of the Churches, in companies varying from one to sixty-eight.

A TRIBUTE TO THE WORTH OF THE GOSPEL.—While the Rev. Ridley Hershell, one of four brothers who, though Jews by birth and early training, are now evangelical clergymen in England, was in Rome last autumn, he invited a Jewish Rabbi to spend an evening with him. Among other subjects of conversation was the wickedness of the people of Rome, who under Papal instruction are grossly immoral. The Rabbi said, "I have bought a great many Testaments, and am giving them away to the Romans, because, if they only read and understand the excellent moral teachings of the book, it will make them better men."

Rev. William Arthur, the celebrated English Methodist preacher, who has written much on the duty of systematic giving, has lately received from a relation of his wife a legacy of £40,000. He has already devoted one-eighth of his fortune to the cause of God, having given £1,000 to the British and Foreign Bible Society, £3,000 to the fund for building Wesleyan Chapels in the Metropolis, and £1,000 to the Missionary Society.

Colonial and Foreign News.

New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON UNIVERSITY.—We learn that the University Senate have during the present week, made the following appointments:—

Dr. Jack, Professor of Mathematics, to be President.

G. M. Campbell, Esq., to take the place of Dr. Jacob, as Professor of Classics.

Mr. Bailey, of Cambridge, Mass., to be Professor of Natural Science, in the place of the late Dr. Robb.

The fees hitherto received by the Professors are, in future, to be merged in the general funds of the University.

Canada.

THE CANADA WHEAT CROP.—The wheat crop in Canada West is generally reported to be late, but vigorous and healthy. It is anticipated that its lateness will cause it to escape the ravages of the fly. It is said that there is a large quantity of old wheat in the hands of farmers, held for higher prices, and if they remain in the same mind, likely to be held for some time to come.

The Quebec "Advertiser" says: We understand that Toronto is about to be strengthened by the presence of 2,000 troops, and the erection of a battery at the entrance to the harbour.

Latest from the States!

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.—President Lincoln goes into a full history of the capture of Fort Sumpter, and other acts of the Secessionists since his inaugural in March last.

He argues at length against the right of secession, and condemns in strong language the position of armed neutrality assumed by some of the border States, which he considers inimical to the best interests of the Union.

He thinks the suppression of the Habeas Corpus Act necessary under the circumstances, and that the power to suspend in certain cases lies with the Executive.

He says that the Sovereign rights of the United States are now everywhere practically respected by foreign powers.

He asks Congress for four hundred thousand men, and four hundred millions of dollars, to meet the emergencies of the country, and to make the contest short and decisive.

He makes no allusion to a peaceful settlement of the existing troubles.

WASHINGTON, July 3. There are stirring indications of an important movement to-morrow towards Fairfax, by the Federal troops.

It is possible there will be a collision between the twenty thousand troops in the advance column and the rebels.

A report from Richmond says that the secessionists have raised the siege of Fort Pickens. A despatch to the New York World says that Vienna has been evacuated by the secessionists.

General Scott has announced his intention of commanding in person, should a battle come off in the vicinity of Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The following was received this morning at 2 15:—

Hawk River, near Martinsburg, Va., July 2.—To Col. E. Townsend, Assistant Adjutant General:—Left Williamsport at 6 A. M. to-day for this place. Drove and routed the rebels, about 10,000 strong, with four guns, and now occupy his camp with the loss, I regret to say, of 3 killed and 10 wounded.

(Signed), R. PATTERSON, Major General Commanding.

Senator Douglas died poor. His legacy to his widow and children is a legacy of debt. The only unencumbered piece of land—a small tract less than three acres—of which he was ever possessed, was, when he died, the property of his widow. At the request of the people of Illinois coming up to her even in the hour of her sorrow, she ceded her remains to the State, and with them gave that piece of land for his interment, asking of the people only that she might be allowed to reside near the grave in which he reposes.

PRINTERS IN POWER.—The Vice-President of the United States, the late Postmaster-General, the present Secretary of the Interior, and the present Secretary of War, were all printers.

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW, the poet, has given \$200 to the soldiers' fund in Cambridge, Mass.

Francis E Brownell, the Zouave who killed the assassinator of Ellsworth, has been appointed a second Lieutenant.

In the Washington Navy Yard Minie balls are manufactured at the rate of 16,000 per diem. Percussion capes are thrown out by the bushel.

FAILURES IN THE STATES.—The Boston Commercial Bulletin's list of Business changes for the week ending June 29, gives 12 failures and suspensions in New York, 14 in Boston, and 4 in Philadelphia a total of 45 for the week.

A FLOATING ISLAND.—Captain Simpson of the brig Bird of the Wave, at Boston from Port au Prince, states that on the 18th ult., in lat. 29 59, lon. 72 51, saw a floating island 20 feet high with a number of trees on it. He passed within 200 feet of it.

On the 13th inst, General Scott was 75 years of age. He was born near Petersburg, Va., on the 13th of June, 1786. He has served his country in all its wars since then, and always with distinction. The present campaign, he says, is his last, and he adds, it will be his best.

EASY TO GIVE ADVICE.—A Philadelphia paper lays down a number of rules of action in case of one's clothes taking fire; and concludes by recommending any lady who should unfortunately find herself enveloped in the flames of her burning garments, "to keep as cool as possible."

A newspaper published at Niagara Falls called the Mute and the Blind, has the following paragraph. "How this paper is published: The editor is a blind man, the compositors are deaf and dumb, the presswork is performed by the blind, the papers are folded by the blind, and wrapped by mutes."

RUMORED CAPTURE OF A \$600,000 PRIZE.—A letter received at East Boston, from Newport dated June 25, says that a prize valued at \$600,000 had been captured and brought to Fortress Monroe. She was a new clipper ship, with 40,000 stand of arms, a number of brass rifled cannon, and a large quantity of ammunition. She was captured by the Quaker City, off Charleston harbor.

WHAT THE SOUTH WILL DO WITH THE SLAVES.—Hon. Millard Fillmore received a printed circular at Buffalo, a few days since, bearing the outside postmark of an office in South Carolina, which, among other threats, contained the following:—

"Whenever the slaves in the Gulf States are incited to servile insurrections and the prospect bids fair for their being converted into demons incarnate, then the slave owners in the South will be found ready to sacrifice every slave from whom danger may be apprehended, even though it involve the destruction by a concerted and simultaneous movement of every male slave over the age of fifteen years or even younger than that, if the necessities of the case may seem to require it; and willing hands will be found ready to execute the bloody deed. Before Southern men will suffer themselves, their wives and little ones to be butchered, and their daughters worse than butchered, by fiends in human form, before they will suffer to any considerable extent the horrors of servile insurrections, the gulf streams will be crimson with the gore and every Southern river choked with festering carcasses of slaves. Men of the North, you hold in your hands the lives of half a million of slaves, for as sure as there is a God in Heaven, if this war continues, and they become dangerous and unmanageable, the last one of them will perish.—Attempt if you dare, to convert a portion of our population into vipers, and before they get ready to strike their envenomed fangs into our vitals, heads will be crushed beneath our heels. Never will they be permitted to become instruments in your hands for our attempted subjugation."

Foreign Miscellany.

The government of Greece, to encourage the growth of cotton, have determined to reduce the existing duty of forty per cent., and completely exempt from duty all cotton grown in new plantations.

CENSUS.—The Census just completed gives the total population of England and Wales and the Islands as 20,205,504, being an increase within the decade of 2,169,676, the largest ever recorded. The population of London and the boroughs, which now form one great city, is 2,803,034, an increase of 440,758.

The gorgeous Cathedral in the city of Mexico, is the largest religious structure on the American continent. It is 500 feet long, 420 feet wide, and capable of holding 30,000 persons. The high altar, raised from the floor on an elevated platform, exhibits a profusion of candlesticks, crosses, and other ornaments, of solid gold or silver, and is crowned by an image of the Virgin, decked in jewels, estimated at the value of more than \$2,500,000; and all other parts of the church are a perfect wilderness of columns, statues, shrines, fonts, &c.

THE EXHIBITION OF 1862.—About 800 men are at present employed upon the erection of this building. It will require 18,000,000 bricks, 22,000 tons of mortar, 500 tons of glass, 600 tons of paint, and 10,000 tons of iron. There will also be no fewer than 600 miles of planking from seven to nine inches wide, 108 miles of window sashing, and 600,000 square feet of felt. Half the space in the building is assigned to England and the Colonies. The applications from England were for six times the allotted extent; and proportionate reductions have had to be made.