Youth's Department.

Bible Lessons.

Sunday, August 11th, 1861.

Read-MATT. xvii. 1-13: The Transfiguration. GEN ESIS viii.: Noah's sacrifice. Recite-M .TTHEW XVI. 24-27.

Sunday, August 18th, 1861.

Read-MATT. XVII. 14-27 : Sundry miracles. GENE-818 ix .: God's covenant with Noah. Recite-Matthew xvii. 1-3.

" Fearch the Scriptures."

Write down what you suppose to be the answers to the following questions.

63. Name two distinguished men-illustrations of the truth that we must not judge of persons by the readiness and fluency of their discourse.

64. What singular circumstance, which the history of the world cannot paradel, is stated by the Psalmist, relative to the physical health and strength of Israel when they left Egypt?

Answers to questions given last week :-

61. Noah : he lived before and after the flood, and being an heir of the righteousness which is by faith when he died, he inherited a better than either.

62. Joseph: when he was dying, charged his brethren and made them promise with an oath, that they would bury him in Canaan, which he preferred before a magnificent tuneral in Egypt. When the Israelites left this place of bondage, they carried Joseph's bones with them.

Somebody's Grandpa.

"Oh," cried Emma Rich, out of breath with running to catch up with Julia Kent, "there's an old man coming down Truman street, and walks so queer; the boys are pestering him, and it frightened me awfelly."

Julia looking round, yet saw nobody but Em ma at her side, pale and trembling.
"How did he look?" asked Julia.

"Awfully," said Emma, who saw him through her fears, and fears, you know, often give quite a wrong impression.

Julia looked again, and then caught sight of an old man staggering round the corner, with a pack of rude boys behind him.

"Let's run away," cried Emma. " I should Instead of that, Julia stopped. think those boys would be ashamed to treat an old man so," she said, her cheeks glowing. " He's Somebody's Grandpa"

"Oh, I am so scared cried Emma again. " Scared!" cried Julia, indignantly; "then run." Julia went back. "Boys, she said boldly, "I think you ought to be ashamed to treat a poor old man so. Should you like it, if 'twas

your grandpa?" "Who are you?" cried the rude boys, and they began to sneer at her. "You may laugh as much as you please, said

Julia; "I dont mind it." "I hear a friendly voice," said the old man,

" but I'm blind; I cannot see where it comes "It is I," answered the child, going up to

him, "and I will lead you home, if you'll like me to. Maybe you lost your way, sir, It must be so hard not to see." "Yes dear child,' said the old blind man; "I'm

a stranger here, I'm visiting my daughter, who lives in-street. I just stepped out to sun and air myself, and some how missed my way The boys think I'm in liquor, for I can't walk with young legs. How came you to befriend me, dear child?"

"Oh, sir," said Julia, " I thought you must be somebody's grandpa, and I could not bear to see you treated so. I will lead you home, sir." "God bless you, dear child," said the old

As soon as Julia took him in charge, the rude boys sneaked off, showing that the brave stand of even a little girl for the right, confounds and puts to flight the wicked. Kindly and carefully she helped him down unexpected steps, and round sharp corners, and by the dogs and the to recognize the variety which is a prominent people in the streets, the old man thankful for a feature in creation, as well as the uniformity little child to lead him, and Julia very pleased which lies at the basis of all law. One of our died six days after he was taken out. to do it, for Julia had been taught to respect poetical writers, in answering the question, and care for the aged. Her grandpa had lived in her father's family, and she knew o'd feet needed young, active steps to go for them; old eyes wanted young, bright eyes to see for them; and old hands, which had done the hard wor of other days, must now have young, strong hands to help them.

So in every old man, no matter how poor or how pitiful he was, he saw "somebody's grand- into it. The wind sighs afar off among the pa," who ought to have the respectful behavior, the kind attentions, and the affectionate treatment which made her grandpa so happy while he lived, and which made grandpa's me mory so sweet to his little grandchildren .- Child's Paper.

derately tainted .- Shaftesbury.

Sorry for him.

A rich man, in a costly carriage, by careless driving, brought his carriage against the wagon of a laborer. It was the rich man's fault that the two vehicles came in collision. The laborer's the tempest you learn what my voice is, when wagon was heavily loaded, but he gave more than half the road. The man in the carriage abused him sadly, while they were extricating the vehicle. When he had driven on, the companion of the laborer said, "I should not have taken his abuse as patiently as you did."

" Poor! he is worth nearly half a million, and

is laying up more every day." "He is not laying up anything in heaven, and I am afraid he never will. He is to be

Father Gavazzi in England.

land on an errand of great interest and imporly religious, and in direct connection with the made us musical," said the harp-strings. mission with which it has pleased God to favor me. Italy, having obtained constitutional liberty under King Victor Emmanuel, (a wish I had always expressed in my former lectures,) is now to be initiated in the blessings of the Gospel's liberty. For this purpose I am asking the supto be established whenever a mission is formed. of ruins. prosper in faith and love, to the spreading of invisible, and intense darkness adding to the the kingdom of Christ, and to the glory of God; confusion and dismay of survivors. my only wish is to see the pure Gospel of God preached and obeyed in Italy."

Rule, and other pious and enlightened ministers | der it. If he (Gavazzi) went to Rome, there was an would not hear. end of the temporal power of the Pope. And Capitol, and there must be a Church of St. probably from suffocation. Paul in Rome. (Cheers.) He was desirous of having a Church in Italy that would stand by ciency of Jesus Christ.

What Creates Music.

Different causes produce the same result in nature and the human heart, and it is important What makes things mu ical?" says:

"The Sun !" said the Forest. "In the night I am still and voicele s. A weight of silence iies upon my heart. If you pass through me, the sound of your own footstep echoes fearfully, like the footfall of a ghost. If you speak to break the spell, the silence closes in your own words, like the ocean on a pebble you throw brances, as if he were hushing his breath to listen. If a little bird chrips uneasily in its nest, it is silenced before you can find out whence the sound came. But the dawn breaks. Before a gray streak can be seen, my trees feel it, and quiver through every old trunk and tiny twig Love of the Wonderful. - What stron- each other, ' How comfortable we are !' Then four lines for his little child. His name has not should then te strung on a thin twine, and hung ger pleasure is there with mankind, or what do the wind awakes, and tures my trees for the con- come down to us, but he has done more for the up to try. Rhubarb shrinks very much in drythey earlier learn or longer retain, than the love of hearing and relating the strange and incredible. How wonderful a thing is the love of won- soft liquid rustlings of my oaks and beeches which the good man kindles here and there, on When wanted for use, it should be soaked in dering and of raising wonder! 'Tis the delight of children to hear tales they shiver at, a d the vice of old men to abound in str. nge stories of time past. We come into the world wondering the shores of time, never go out; but ever and the shores of time, nev at every thing; and when our wonder about rus bursts into song to the organ and flute accom- into the coming ages, and writing itself upon the barb are suitable for drying, as mort of them common things is over, we seek something new to wonder at. Our last scene is to tell wonders and in the pauses countless happy insects chirp makes me musical," said the forest.

WHAT MAKES THINGS MUSICAL?

Storms!" said the Sea. "In calm weather I lie s: ill and sleep, or, now and then, say a few quiet words to the beaches I ripple on, or the boats which glide through my waters. But in all my slumbering powers awake, and I thunder through the caverns and rush with all my battlemusic on the rocks, whilst, between the grand artillery of my breakers, the wind sends its wild trumpet-peals, and the waters rush back to my breast from the cliffs they have scaled, in torrents "Poor fellow, I am sorry for him," said the and cascades, like the voices of a thousand rivers. My music is battle-music. Storms make me musical," said the sea.

WHAT MAKES THINGS MUSICAL?

"Suffering!" said the Harp-strings. were dull heaps of silver and and copper-ore in the mines; and no silence on the living, sunny earth is like the blank of voiceless ages in those dead and sunless depths. But, since then we have passed through many fires. The hidden THE Rev. ALESSANDRO GAVAZZI whose earth-fires underneath the mountains first mouldname is so intimately associated with Gari- ed us, millenniums since, to ore; and then, in baldi and the Italian cause, is at present in Eng- these last years, human hands have finished the training which makes us what we are. We have tance. He delivered a lecture to a crowded been smelted in furnaces heated seven times, audience in St. James's Hall Piccadilly, on till all our dross was gone; and then we have Tuesday fortnight. The chair was occupied by been drawn out on the rock, and hammered and the Earl of Shaftesbury, and among those pre- tused, and, at last, stretched on these wooden sent were Lord Calthorpe, Sir R. Peel, and a frames, and drawn tighter and tighter, until we considerable number of metropolitian clergymen. wonder at ourselves, and at the gentle hand A strong committee has been formed to assist which strikes, such rich and wondrous chords him in carrying out his purpose, which was thus and melodies from us-from us, who were once stated by the Chairman in Gavazzi's own words: silent lumps of ore in the silent mines. Fire -"The object of my visit to England is entire- and blows have done it for us. Suffering has

The Mendoza Earthquake.

A Valpara so correspondent of the New York port of British Christians to the effort :- 1. To Commercial writes, by a recent arrival, that the open a large chapel for the present in Naples, accounts received frem Mendoza go beyond the and afterwards at Rome. 2. To provide means statements at first made concerning that fated my. for preparing future evangelizers, several priests town. Every letter that comes giving details, being already desirous to work in the evangeliz- shows the horror of the calamity to be more ation of their country. 3. To obtain a good complete. Ruin desolation, and death characsupply of books, especially commentaries on the terize the scene. At the most moderate calcu-Bible, and the best books on the Romish and lation, it is now judged that ten thousand lives Neologian controversies, for the use of the fu- have been lost. The town was all peace and Two years ago this spring, a neighbor sent me ture evangelizers while under training. 4. To activity. Customers were in shops, visitors in a present of eight turkey eggs, and as I had

and men, who did for him what Priscilla and Robbery then set in. The shops, the houses, also chopped up fine all the onion tops, which Aquila did for Apollos. He said he had gone were scenes of unhindered pillage. The earth at they ate greedily. I kept a pair over winter, back to Italy as a sort of John Bull. (Laughter.) intervals was still trembling. The savage and through the summer the hen laid 26 eggs, at The English had done much by non-intervention robbers would rob, and then kneel in prayer, three different times-from these, part having to serve the Italians. He trusted England would crying in loud voice for mercy, and up and at been broken, I reared 18 fine large turkeys, with maintain this system of non-intervention. All the work of depredation once again, All the the same treatment as above. Last winter I Italy wanted Rome for a metropolis. 'The Ro- time cries for assistance were assailing their ears killed and sold all but five hens and two gobmans sent a petition to the Emperor Napoleon, on every hand-here a woman's voice, there blers. I have already collected about 50 eggs, requesting him not to interfere in this movement. feeble cry of an old man, but all in vain. They have 40 set, and hope to raised 100 turkeys this

One man who, at the time of the shock, was if he lost his temporal power, in a few years he away from his home, returning after a few days, would lose his spiritual power. The indepen- found his children uninjured under a bedstead, dence of Italy must be proclaimed from the that is to say without scar or bruise, but lifeless,

A nun was taken out alive who had been under the ruins eight days. She was in a state the Bible and the atonement and the all-suffi of extreme prostration, but still hving; however, she did not survive, such had been the shock to her system, and such her exhaustion.

A man was actually taken out who had been sixteen days buried under the ruins. He had sustained a bruise on the head, in which worms much clear grease you have, and to each pound had bred. His hip had been injured so that de- of grease add one pound of potash. Break the cay had commenced in it, and yet he was alive! potash into pieces, place it in the kettle, add Hopes were entertained that he might be brought a little water and then as many pounds of grease round. However, all failed; the poor fellow as there are of potash. When they are dissolved

As they had a little bread and wine, they sus- enough to make about a barrel of excellent soap.

tained life till relief came. A man ninety years of age was partly covered up by the ruins, even up to his neck. He was rescued by a serving woman, to whom he had offered an immense reward if she would extricate him.

The probability is that Mendoza will never be ebuilt. Certainly it will not on the former site.

Great Influences.

for joy; my birds feel it, and stir drowsily in ginning with "Now I lay me down to sleep," off while they are crisp and tender, and cut into their nest, as if they were just murmuring to seemed to do a very small thing. He wrote pieces about an inch in length. These peices of our own, to all who will believe them. And and buzz, and whirl with contented murmuring children who have not sat spell-bound at the feet worthless, owing to its fibrous nature, as are also children who have not sat spell-bound at the feet of that enchanter !- Dr. Todd.

Agriculture, &c.

Kill the Millers.

The following, from a farmer in New Jersey, may be of interest to many. He says:

Some ten years ago I purchased the property where I now live. The former owner, being quite a man for fruit, had set a large variety of trees. The farm was noted for producing more fruit, and a greater variety, probably, than any farm in the neighborhood.

At the time of my purchase the trees were on the decline. The cherry and the plum trees were covered with black knots, and the fruit was wormy and worthless, so that I was about to cut them down and supply their places with shade trees; but disliking to part with the fruit and observing that the enemies were at one stage of their existence in the form of a miller, my plan was to destroy them while in that stage.-With that object in view, and observing that they were fond of a light, in the early part of the summer of 1855. I commenced their destruction. To do this I elevated a brisk blaze about five feet from the ground in the vicinity of my trees. The first evening, between eight and eleven o'clock, the millers destroyed might have been counted by hundreds, which gradually diminished, so that at the end of one week, there were none to destroy. I then discontinued my fire until the latter part of the summer, when I discovered another crop of millers, and again built them a blaze. I have followed the same course whenever the candles have drawn them, to give them a light of their own, which has been twice in the summer. Now for the result: My trees have gradually resumed their former rich green; those knots have fallen from the cherry and plum trees: and this year the crop of Morella cherries has been probably as large as it ever was, and that on trees that were considered worthless five years since and the fruit, both cherries and plums, not wor-

How I treat my Turkeys.

It may be interesting to some novice in turkey raising, to know my experience in that line .establish a printing office for the publication of parlors, loungers about the corners—a bright never raised any before, I looked upon the una daily evangelical paper and religious tracts. moon shone- when, in five seconds, the whole dertaking as gigantic. However, I gave them 5. To receive maps, etc., for our infant schools, town was just a heap, or rather a series of heaps over to the care of a common hen, and resolved to find out something about the proper method of 6. To recommend personally our Italian work The cloud of dust from the fallen walls was rearing them from some book or agricultural pato the prayers of British Christians, that it may so dense that for half an hour the moon was per. In due time six turkeys made their appearance, and I commenced my practice at all hazards. I made a small coop with a tight roof, Ere long the lurid light of burning buildings, and in this I confined them nights and rainy days or remains of buildings began to gleam. On until they were half grown. In fine weather Father Gavazzi's lecture or speech on the every hand rose cries for heip. But those they had the range of a clover field, where they occasion was thoroughly evangelical, showing buried under the ruins were actually more in found a plentiful supply of bugs, and I fed them that he has profitted greatly during his former number than the the survivors. Few remained three times a day until four weeks old with corn visit to England by his intercourse with Dr. to render aid; fewer still were disposed to ren- dough mixed with water, adding to the dough, rainy days, a small sprinkle of black pepper. 1 season. My turkeys are a very common kind, some entirely white, some quite dark.

Recapitulation .- To insure success in turkey raising, they must be kept perfectly dry while oung, have access to plenty of bugs in fine weather, plenty of onion tops, and a little pepper in their feed in damp chilly weather .- Country

How to make good Soap.

To make boiled Soap .- First ascertain how add cold water as the mass boils up, until the A man named Godey, with his wife, were for kettle is fell. Twenty pounds of potash and some time buried in their own dining-room ruins. twenty pounds of grease, will take up water

To make cold Soap .- Break twenty pounds of potash and put it into the barrel. Heat twenty pounds of grease and pour upon it; upon that pour to pails of boiling water. Stir it thoroughy together, and afterwards add one pailful of boiling water, daily, until the barrel is full .-Care should be taken to the light-colored potash as soap made from a dark-colored, or reddish potash will color the clothes .- N. E. Farmer.

DRYING RHUBARB .- Rhubarb dries very well, and when well-prepared, will keep good for an The man who wrote the four simple lines be- indefinite period. The stalks should be broken