

**THE CATALOGUE OF ACADIA COLLEGE, 1861-62,** is just published. It gives a complete view of the Departments of Instruction; the statutes of discipline; the Terms; the conferring of Degrees, &c. &c., and a list of the Students who have matriculated from its commencement in 1838. These, with two names accidentally omitted, amount to 187. Besides those from Nova Scotia proper, there have been from Cape Breton 9, from New Brunswick 24, from P. E. Island 6, Newfoundland 1, and the West Indies 1. The present number of Students in the different Classes is—Seniors, 19, Juniors 2, Sophomores 5, Freshmen 16, taking Partial Courses 4, Total 37, Theological Students 9. A Bible Class, open to all Candidates for the ministry in the College and Academy, meets on Wednesdays, and Lectures are delivered to the same on Saturdays. The information contained in this Catalogue will be highly gratifying to the friends and supporters of Acadia College.

It will be seen from the list of Matriculated Students that amongst her Alumni are men now occupying important positions in the State and the Church, and in several different religious denominations.

The early labours of its founders, too, are here recognized,—we might almost say pictured out before us. Not only did they lay the foundation for future good; but the work they desired to promote was actually accomplished by them; and the Classes of men who have enjoyed these blessings from year to year proceeded through its portals and have passed out into the great world to engage in the battle of life. The stores they had here obtained, and the skill they had acquired, they carried out with them for the benefit of their fellowmen. Some of those who formed these Classes have passed away to another world, others have rallied around their Alma Mater and sought to fill up the ranks of those who have finished their work and passed on to their reward. We hope to hear of continued accessions to this number. May Acadia never want for a band of Christian patriots to stand forth in her defence, and support and preserve her as one of the ornaments of the land,—a fountain whose waters shall refresh and gladden the earth, and convey perpetual blessings to the Province and the world.

We have to thank our friends who have forwarded the names of New Subscribers. The unusual depression of trade, and the difficulty in realizing cash in many parts of the country, we are assured, is the only reason why a larger addition is not made to our list of subscribers. We always expect to have some discontinuances at the beginning of the year, but have had fewer this year than usual. This, together with the expressions of confidence from many friends whose opinion is well worthy of respect, and the prospect of an early improvement in commercial matters, so as to enable those of our subscribers from whom we have not yet heard to send on their payments, inspires us with hope, and enables us to look forward with a little more favor than we were at first disposed to regard the year 1862.

**PRIZES.**—We regret that as yet we have no claimants of the prizes we offered. As, however, we shall be happy to recognize the efforts already made by our friends we will keep our offers open till the first of March, and will send to the person who forwards to us, before the close of February, the greatest number of new Subscribers (if more than twelve) either

**SEARS' LARGE PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE,** with about 1000 engravings, Price \$6; or  
**THE ILLUSTRATED DOMESTIC BIBLE,** with numerous engravings and Notes, by Rev. Ingram Cobbin. Price \$6.50.

And to the person who obtains the next largest number (if more than ten) a copy of **THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING:** or Jerusalem as it was, as it is, and as it is to be. Bp J. T. Barclay, M.D. Price \$3.50.

We printed an extra number of copies the first weeks of the year. We have a few of these and shall be happy to supply those who may desire them. Subscriptions may however begin from any date.

**LECTURE AT WOLFVILLE.**—The Rev. Geo. Hill, A. M., lectured before the Acadia Athenaeum, on Friday evening the 10th Inst., on "The two Napoleons." The lecture was highly appreciated by a numerous audience of the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, and by the students of Acadia College and Horton Academy.

The Editor of the Prince Edward Island Protestant has lately given his readers several letters from Dr. McDonald, Rector of St. Dunstons Roman Catholic College in Charlottetown, on the subject of Indulgences, the "Index Purgatorius" &c. &c. The Editor makes some brief comments in opposition to the statements contained in the letters.

**A DISTINCTION WITHOUT A DIFFERENCE.**—The Washington correspondent of the Boston Watchman & Reflector says: "Our exchange of prisoners is practically carried on with the rebels without recognizing them as belligerents. We release a number, and they send back as many."

If this is not acknowledging the Confederacy, we do not know what is. It is sheer hypocrisy in the North to pretend that they do not recognize the rebels as belligerents. The South know well that by this means they are most effectually defeating the North.

**News Summary.**

There have been one or two arrivals from Europe during the past week, but they have brought nothing of importance in reference to European affairs. The R. M. Steamer *Arabia* touched in here on Thursday last, on her way with the mails to New York. She brought two companies of Artillery and dates to the 5th inst., but up to that time no intelligence had reached England of the surrender of the Southern delegates. Reports of the course which would probably be taken by the American Cabinet, were, however, current in England, and had much diminished the fears of any immediate war between the two countries; but there was no diminution of activity in sending off troops and warlike supplies. In the present feverish state of excitement in both countries, there can be no good ground of hope that any permanent confidence will be at once restored, or that the present unstable relations between them may not be suddenly broken off.

H. M. Steamer *Rinaldo*, which had received Messrs. Mason and Slidell on board, at Boston, on the 1st inst., had arrived at Bermuda, and was to take these gentlemen on to St. Thomas, to be conveyed thence in the steamer to England.

The American Armies on both sides are still inactive. The popular feeling is, however, very strong in its demand for something decisive to be done, and it is pretty confidently asserted in some of the papers, that a general movement of the Northern Armies will very shortly take place. Congress are busily engaged in arranging some general plan of taxation to meet the enormous expenses that are being incurred by the emergencies of the war.

The Spanish expedition against Mexico had taken possession of Vera Cruz, with the strong fort of St. Juan d'Ulloa, which appears to have been abandoned by the Mexicans without resistance. It would be no matter of surprize, if after the lapse of nearly half a century, since the Colony revolted from Spain, the majority of the nation should receive their ancient mistress with open arms. Their boasted emancipation has been followed from the beginning by a state of chronic revolution, accompanied by military despotism, bloodshed, rapine and civil war.

**Notices, &c.**

**Letters Received.**

- Joseph D. Masters, 13th. Rev. J. L. Read, 11th. 1 sub. Asaph Marshall, 9th. £2. Rev. Perez F. Murray, 9th. £2. Rev. James Reid, 9th. £2.—J. B. not paid. Jas. D. Cossett, 30th. W. H. Porter, 14th. John Bradshaw, 11th, 20s. 1 sub. Geo. J. Richardson, 13th, 20s. Samuel Hunt, Senr., 8th. Rev. I. J. Skinner, 13th, 20s. S. H. Harrington, 7th. Rev. E. O. Read, 13th. Rev. J. B. Goucher, 30th. W. H. Harris, 14th. £5. Rev. J. McKenne, 21st, 20s. C. H. Harrington, 15th. Israel McNayr, 23rd, per Mr. Jas. Stoddart, £2 2s. 11d. Jas. Desbrisay, Esq., 10th, £2 10s.—With write. Melatiah Kinsman, 14th, 20s.—All right, and 18th, £2. Guerdon Turner, 7th, 20. Nelson Miller, 7th, 20s.—Much obliged. Richardson Harris, Esq., 13th, 20s. John Cutten, 14th, £2. W. Churchill, 10th, £2. 1 sub. Thos. Crowell, 11th. Rev. S. W. DeBlois, 15th. Rev. D. Freeman, 15th. Rev. D. W. C. Dimock, 7th, 20s. Rev. Jas. Spencer, 10th, 7s. 6d. Rev. E. F. Feslay, 13th.—(Canadian Baptist, Toronto, C. W.). A. Chipman, 16th. C. Jost, Esq., 18th, £8, less £4 6s. 3d. to A. Co. Rev. D. W. C. Dimock 17th, 20s. 1 sub. J. Bradshaw, 17th, 20s. Jas. F. Foster, 10th, £2, 2 subs. G. Cogswell, 14th, 10s. Asaph Marshall, per E. Bent, 30s. Rev. Dr. Tupper, 16th, £7, 3 subs. S. Brown, 16th, £2. Rev. A. P. Shields, 10th. F. Parker, Esq., 15th. Bradford Page, 10th, 7s. 6d.

Received 20s. for the French Mission, from the Benevolent Society in Port-au-Prince Baptist Church, per Rev. James Reid.  
The Treasurer will please debit us that amount.

**NOTICES.**

The next Baptist Ministerial Conference in King's Co., will be held at Wolfville, to commence on Tuesday the 11th of Feb., at 3 o'clock, P. M.  
E. O. READ, Secretary.

*Gaspereaux, Jan. 13th, 1862.*

At a recent meeting of the French Mission Board, it was unanimously resolved that the churches throughout the province be requested to take up a collection for the French mission on the last Sabbath in January 1862, or as soon as it may be convenient. As our funds are exhausted, we trust the churches will generally and immediately respond.  
HENRY ANGELL, Secretary of the Board.  
Yarmouth, Jan. 6th, 1862.

**General Intelligence.**

**DOMESTIC.**

A LECTURE is to be delivered this evening in Temperance Hall, before the Mayflower Volunteer Company, by Dr. Tupper, Surgeon to the Company. Subject: "The political condition of British North America." The Band of the 63rd Regiment will be in attendance. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

LECTURE.—The next lecture of the course before the Young Men's Christian Association will be delivered (D. V.) on Tuesday evening next, the 28th inst., at Temperance Hall, by the Rev. C. Churchill, A. M. Subject: "The Seven Vials of the Apocalypse." Chair to be taken a half past 7 o'clock.

Our Legislature is summoned to meet on Thursday the 13th day of February next.

By the last Gazette, it appears that the receipts on the Railway for the month of December, 1861, show an increase of \$504.55 over the same period in 1860.

The *Witness* learns that Kedeey who murdered the coloured women near Tangier, has since confessed to another murder—the drowning of a boy about fifteen years ago. He alleged at the time that it was accidental.

A despatch at the Merchants' Exchange, Jan. 17, from Jesse Hoyt, Esq. dated Antigonish, states that seven hundred firkins of butter, and three dead bodies were picked up on shore at Cheticamp, C. B. The rail of a wrecked vessel was discernable from shore at low water—name unknown—supposed from Canada.

ISAAC'S HARBOR.—On the 12th inst. Mr. D. McMillan's house was totally destroyed by fire. It commenced about 3 o'clock in the morning.—The inmates had scarcely time to escape from the fearful conflagration. The loss of property is estimated at about \$1000. We sincerely sympathize with the poor sufferers. The origin of the fire is not known.—Communicated.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—Our readers will perceive by the advertisement in another column, that the results of the labours of the Commissioners are to be exhibited this day and to-morrow, in the Legislative Council Chamber, and at Dalhousie College, previous to the articles which are to appear from Nova Scotia in the Great Exhibition in London, being packed up and sent to England. We are informed that there are some very creditable productions of Halifax mechanics. We think more time should have been given and longer notice, previous to shipment, so as to enable parties from the country to visit the city and inspect these choice articles. Instead of two or three days notice there should have been two or three weeks at least.

THE N. S. ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY have published their Annual Report from which we learn that during the past year fifteen miles of new line have been added to those previously in operation, and these have been leased to the American Company on the terms of the original lease. This new line promises to be very remunerative. The Directors recommend that upon the receipt of the rent, a half yearly dividend of 2½ per cent. on the capital stock outstanding be made payable to the shareholders on the first day of June, and a similar dividend payable on the first day of December next.

"The Directors congratulate the shareholders on the improved prospects of the company. The debt of £2000 and upwards to the Bank of British North America being paid, and the stock thereby increased to that amount, the rent henceforth will yield sufficient to give five per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and also to discharge all incidental expenses.

The Directors add "now that the apprehension of war with the neighbouring republic is at an end, the stock of the company may be confidently relied on as a good investment for the remaining term of the lease."

**Newfoundland.**

RIOTING IN NEWFOUNDLAND.—*St. Johns, Nfld., January 8.*—An extensive riot took place at Carbonear yesterday. Some 12 or 14 persons were shot, but none killed outright. Troops were sent for here at midnight to preserve order. The rioters did not injure the telegraph wires.

January 9.—The parties at Carbonear were kept down by the military. The town is in a state of siege, and business is suspended. At Harbor Grace both parties are largely reinforced, and hostilities will recommence the moment the troops are withdrawn. A magistrate was shot on Tuesday, but was not dangerously. The whole trouble grew out of difference between the Catholics and Protestants.

January 10.—The excitement at Carbonear is intense and increasing. Several stores were broken open last night and arms and ammunition abstracted. Reinforcements are still arriving, but it is doubtful if the military will be able to prevent a collision much longer.

**New Brunswick.**

W. H. Needham, Esq. has been elected Mayor of Fredericton, N. B.

Capt. Leslie's Battery go to St. Andrews in the Delta this evening.—*Freeman 16th*

It is said that a ship-of-war, probably the *Orpheus*, will be stationed in this harbour immediately.—*Id.*

Capt. Heard, of the American schooner *Orlando*, was drowned while endeavoring to get on board his vessel at Loyd's Blocks, York Point, on the 14th inst.

**Latest from the States!**

**THE RINALDO AT BERMUDA.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Congressional Committee of Ways and Means have reported joint resolution for tax, which, with tariff, will amount to one hundred and fifty millions—sufficient to meet the ordinary Government expenses, interest on national loan, and afford ample sinking fund.

Cairo despatches state that General Grant has taken the field at Fort Jackson. His advance column, under General McClerland, was on its march, and would encamp at Mayfield, Kentucky, last night. Confederate force is so near that an engagement is considered unavoidable.

Mexican advices, via Havana, have been received. The British Minister had arrived at Vera Cruz from the interior. He reports that the Mexicans are making immense preparations to oppose the allies. It was believed that a hundred thousand men would take the field;—twenty thousand would defend the passes above Vera Cruz.

Burnside expedition was seen on the 12th, this side of Hatteras.

The *Rinaldo* arrived at St. George's, Bermuda, on the 9th, and left same day for St. Thomas, where Commissioners would embark for England.

So far, about 1000 prisoners have been exchanged between Federals and Confederates.—*Chronicle.*

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The Fortification Bill, appropriating six millions, passed Congress yesterday.

Resolutions relative to the Reciprocity Treaty was referred to the Congressional Committee on Commerce. It is proposed to remove restrictive discriminations rendering operations of Treaty unequal.

Despatches received by the *Arabia* from Minister Adams, state that the privateer *Sumter* had arrived at Cadiz, having burnt three vessels.

Despatches from Paducah say heavy cannonading was heard up the Tennessee River yesterday morning.

General Grant has sent notice to all the hospitals at Cairo to be in readiness.

Port Royal advices state that an expedition is fitting out there with a land force of ten thousand. Supposed to be against Savannah. Expedition is furnished with heavy apparatus to clear obstructions in the river.

Fortress Monroe advices state that Roanoke Island, in Pamlico Sound, has been evacuated by the Confederates.

It is reported that Yorktown would also be abandoned.

It is asserted that General Wool has sent notice to Norfolk to remove the women and children.

The *Tribune* has later intelligence from Mexico.

Juarez has formed a strong Cabinet. Congress has invested him with dictatorial powers.

It is believed that one hundred and fifty thousand troops will soon be in the field.

The first battle will be at Tampico.—*Sun.*

**SUPPLIES AT THE SOUTH.**—The Washington Correspondent of the Boston Watchman & Reflector gives the following respecting the destitution in Dixie Land:—

The rebels are suffering for the necessities of life. Spool cotton is worth twenty-five cents a spool, pins twelve cents a paper, tea three dollars a pound, and poor at that, coffee one dollar and a half a pound, men's boots twenty-five dollars per pair, ladies' boots not to be had, and not a single pair of stockings for sale in Richmond. At this rate, imagine the costume of Southern ladies; they will learn now their dependence on the North. Jeff. Davis is clothed in a suit of Georgia homespun from his hat to his boots. He is full of fight, and said that though the South could not cope with a blockade, yet in a field fight they could whip the North.

The women expressed the most bitter feeling against the North, speaking of their homes as invaded by barbarians, their soil polluted by Yankees, and avowing their determination to annex themselves to the Queen's dominions, rather than live under Lincoln's Government. It is the old story of one bad woman worse than a dozen bad men. Women act by their feelings, and what more sensitive feeling could be rasped by our blockade than the Southern females' love of dress?

What a grand opportunity for Yankee pedlars! If they could but get there.

**MORE TROUBLE WITH THE LADIES.**—The same writer says:—Another female spy, by the name of Baxley, was caught on the boat sailing from Fort Monroe to Baltimore. She carried a high head until an officer informed her that she must be searched. Then Mrs. Spy confessed that she had letters, and produced them from boots and stockings. But this was not satisfactory, so a female searcher was directed to examine more minutely. In the folds of her dress, in linings, in under garments, were found important letters. Mrs. Spy is in confinement, and a young doctor to whom she brought a commission as surgeon in the rebel army, is in Fort McHenry.

Mrs. Greenough, who has been confined to her house here, for reasonable communication with the rebels, is said to be gradually approaching insanity. She brought her personal fascinations to bear on some officers and thus found out important movements. The other day some friend sent her a large cake, the officer in command broke it, and found a note, stating that arrangements were made for her escape and transport to Richmond. She is likely to be transported to Fort Lafayette or Warrent. If to the latter, she will find many friends in Boston, who will supply her with cake and wine.

New batteries have been erected on the Potomac by the rebels.