

upon earth. Can you, will you, behold unmoved the march of the mighty evil? Shall it mine in darkness, and lift fearlessly its giant form in daylight, and deliberately dig the grave of our liberties and entomb the last hope of an enslaved nation, and nothing be done by the government to stop the Destroyer? With the concurrent aid of an enlightened public sentiment you possess the power of a most efficacious legislation, and by your example and influence you, of all men, possess the best opportunities of forming a correct and irresistible public sentiment on the side of Temperance. Much power to you is given to check and extirpate this evil, and to transmit to distant ages broader and deeper and purer streams of national prosperity. Save us by your wisdom and firmness. Save us by your example.  
CHAS. MCNIELE.

For the Christian Messenger.

### First Yarmouth Baptist Church.

We have received from a friend the following account of the enlargement of the meeting-house belonging to the First Yarmouth Baptist Church.

The Trustees having been frequently applied to by persons wishing to obtain sittings and being unable to supply the demand, it was resolved after mature deliberation to enlarge our place of worship, by adding to its length thirty feet, thus making its extreme length 90 feet by 40 feet in width.

The exterior has been improved by the removal of the Cupola on the South end, the erection of a Tower and Steeple, one third of the tower is built from the ground, the remaining portions rest upon the beams of the house.—The Spire is divided into four sections. First, the Tower 16 feet square, next the Clock tower, bearing a clock face on the four sides 14 feet square, then the Belfry 12 feet wide, and eight square, with open windows on four sides, and in which is placed a patent cast steel bell weighing 990 lbs. The former bell (composition) weighed 500 lbs. Above the belfry is the pinnacle an eight square cone fifty feet in length, surmounted by a gilded point or finale, three feet six inches long. The whole length of tower and spire is 130 feet, built after the Grecian style of Architecture somewhat modified, to suit the exterior of the main building. The Spire is considered to be the best proportioned of any place of worship in town, and quite an ornament. There are two main entrances, one in each end of the building, which enables the congregation to leave the house in much less time than formerly.

The interior of the building has been also improved, the singing gallery is now placed in the north end, between and somewhat lower than the side galleries, immediately in front of which is the preacher's platform with a small desk, in place of the old pulpit. Under the platform is a Baptistery, having steps, leading to it, this Baptistery is wholly above the floor of the house, back of the platform, and under the singing gallery is a small room 8x15 ft. which can be used for dressing-room and other purposes. The pew doors have been taken off and mahogany arms substituted. The ceiling overhead removed and finished anew with plaster of Paris cornice. The organ has been enlarged by the addition of two wings, and a new set of Sub-bass pipes, the largest of which is ten feet long by ten inches square, by which the volume and power is greatly increased.

On New Year's day the new pews were offered for sale, they were all sold at prices ranging from \$140 to \$24, and realized in all \$2900.—The expenses of enlargement and alterations exceed the net sales about \$500, which will have to be provided for in some other way. The house will now comfortably seat 800. One thousand persons can be accommodated without much difficulty.

May the Divine presence be often manifested in the enlarged sanctuary as it has been in former days.

We congratulate our western brethren on this increase of accommodation for public worship. May this parent Zion continue to enlarge her borders, and send out many more flourishing branches, and by this means she will effectually possess the land.

For the Christian Messenger.

### Organization of a Church at Goshen, Guysborough Co.

A Council was invited by a portion of the 2nd St. Mary's Baptist Church, who reside at the Backlands, or Goshen, to meet on the 28th November, and advise with them respecting their being formed into a separate church.

The Council met at the house of Brother Nichols on said day, composed of the following Brethren: Rev. A. F. Porter, H. R. Cunningham, Rev. M. A. Bigelow, Bros. George Sterns and Peter Costely.

The Council was organized by appointing Rev. A. F. Porter, Chairman, and Bro. H. R. Cunningham, Clerk.

After reading the Minutes of a Church meeting held a short time previous at St. Mary's, and also a Resolution dismissing the members of the Church residing at Goshen, who wished to unite

themselves in Church fellowship, the Council came to the decision to advise that they be organized into a Church to be called the Goshen Church, and proceeded with the services as follows:

Singing and reading the Scriptures by the Chairman. Prayer by the Clerk.

Reading the Articles and Covenant, and right hand of fellowship by Rev. M. A. Bigelow.

Address to the Church, by Rev. A. F. Porter. Two Deacons were then chosen and ordained, viz. Brethren Donald McGrigor and Benjamin Sterns.

Brother Charles Nichols was elected Church Clerk.

The services were closed by Prayer, and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. M. A. Bigelow.

Twenty two members were present who were thus united in church fellowship, four others were received who were not then present, and since that time several more have united with them. May their members still increase until the desert shall bud and blossom as the rose.

H. R. CUNNINGHAM,  
Clerk of Council.

For the Christian Messenger.

### Donation Visit

TO REV. D. M. WELTON.

Dear Mr. Editor,—

I wish gratefully to acknowledge the kindness of my friends in the Donation Visit they gave me, on the evening of the 5th inst., in the vestry of our Chapel. Upwards of two hundred persons sat down to tea, which had been prepared in good style by the ladies of the church and congregation. There was present a large representation from other denominations. After tea, the chair was taken by T. S. Harding, Esq. A purse was then presented me, with an appropriate address by Edward McLatchy, Esq., containing \$104 in cash, accompanied with useful articles to the value of \$62. Excellent speeches followed by Rev. Mr. Murdock (Presbyterian) Rev. Mr. Pope, (Wesleyan), Rev. S. T. Rand, and James O'Brien, Esq.

Prof. Bill, with his select class of singers discoursed sweet music, vocal and instrumental in the intervals. I believe all present agreed that the meeting was, altogether, one of the most interesting of the kind they ever attended. I hope for this abundant and affectionate ministering to me in carnal things by my people, I shall be able, henceforth, to minister to them more faithfully and successfully in spiritual things.  
D. M. WELTON.

For the Christian Messenger.

### Obituary Notices.

#### DEATH OF A LITTLE BOY.

Henry, son of Gurden and Mary Bill, died at Locke's Island, of Diphtheria, on the 22nd of December, aged 8 years. While in health he was repeatedly heard to say that he was going to get the Diphtheria and die with it. When he took it he gave himself up with perfect composure, bidding his friends not to weep for him, telling them that he was going to Heaven, and that he was not afraid to die, nor afraid of the dark grave. He gave directions about all his playthings, and wished his clothes to be given to some poor children whom he named. Out of the mouths of babes, and sucklings God hath perfected praise.

May the consolations of religion sustain all the parents who have been bereft of their children.—Communicated.

#### TRIUMPHANT DEATH OF A LITTLE GIRL.

Georgiana, the eldest daughter of the Hon. John and Elizabeth Locke, died of Diphtheria, at Locke's Island, on the 8th of January, aged 8 years and 10 months. She had always manifested great attention to the sacred exercises of worship, both public and private. On one occasion, when in health, she said to a companion "I would like to die and go to Heaven to see how it looks," and added "When I die I'll come back and tell you how it looks." But soon Death came for her. After she had laid about two hours in an unconscious state, to our astonishment, suddenly, she opened her eyes and looking upwards raised both hands and said "I see Heaven. I see angels. I see God. I see the throne." This she repeated over and over; mentioning the names of some children whom she knew who had died recently, and whom she saw. After this she lived about two hours perfectly sensible—answering all our questions in the most satisfactory manner. To her brother's enquiry, how Heaven looked she replied, "Beautiful." Finally her spirit gently departed, no doubt, to that beautiful Heaven which she saw. "Of such is the kingdom of heaven."—Communicated.

### Religious Intelligence.

LOCKE'S ISLAND.—Rev. A. W. Barss writes under date Feb. 1, 1862.—Dear Editor.—It is a very gloomy time with us here now. During the past year more than a hundred persons have died within a few miles around. And now there are three vessels missing belonging here. Their

crews in all numbered eighteen men. We fear they are gone. If so, eight Widows more will be added to the number which before was unusually large for a small place. I hope that God will sanctify these providences to our good.—May the sorrowing find in Jesus a refuge from the storm that is beating upon them. While passing through the furnace of affliction may the dross of nature be separated from them, so that they can kiss the rod that smites them, realizing it to be the rod of their Heavenly Father, for whom the Lord loveth. He chasteneth and scourgeth every son whom He receiveth.—I have recently baptized three persons and hope that others are looking towards Zion.—Dear Brother pray for us.

Yours truly,  
A. W. BARSS.

St. JOHN N. B.—Union services are in progress in the Germain and Brussels-st. Baptist Churches. Attendance good, and indications hopeful.

The ordinance of Christian baptism was administered in the Germain Street Church, by the Pastor on Sabbath evening last.—N. B. Baptist.

### HOME MISSIONARY INTELLIGENCE.

For the Christian Messenger.

#### MONTHLY MEETING OF THE HOME MISSIONARY BOARD.

Members present: Brethren Rev. A. H. Munro, J. W. Nutting, S. Selden, George Robins, W. L. Evans, H. N. Paint and Secretary.

The President, J. W. Nutting, in the chair.

Communications received: From Rev. M. A. Bigelow and brother Lauchlan McDonald.

Received during the month:

From Cephas, per S. Selden, \$4.00.

"A sister in Christ," per Rev. Dr. Tupper, 2.00.

A Lady friend, per T. Wesley, 4.00.

Donation, per Rev. D. O. Parker, 6.30.

Granville Street Church, 70.32½.

Amount of Funds in the Treasury, \$75.04½.

Liabilities of the Board, about 200.00.

R. N. BECKWITH,  
Sec. H. M. Board.

Halifax, Feb. 3rd, 1862.

### Colonial and Foreign News.

#### New Brunswick.

The Head Quarters gives a glowing account of the Volunteers' drill-room in that city.

Several persons were arrested in St. John last week, charged with assisting soldiers to desert.

The Woodstock Journal says that only one man of the 62nd Regt. deserted from that place, and he was a citizen of the United States.

The Editor of the N. B. Baptist and of the Colonial Empire says: "We have been kindly shown by Mr. Russell, the clever artist who is publishing a series of views in New Brunswick, in numbers, two capital sketches, which he sent by mail yesterday to the London Illustrated News, for publication in that paper. One sketch represents the Fusileer Guards, 900 in number, at dinner in the Car shed; the other, the departure of some of these Guardsmen, on sleds, for Fredericton, just as they are passing the old "Coffee House Corner," at the foot of King Street. Both sketches are admirably exact, spirited and life-like, and we hope to see them reproduced in the Illustrated News in the usual excellent style of that popular Journal.

#### Canada.

DESERTERS CAUGHT.—Privates A. Fraser, J. Murray, and E. Hanlon, of H. M. 16th Regt., who recently deserted at Montreal were arrested on Thursday week. They were dressed like habitants, and offered but little resistance.

A public meeting was held at Montreal on the 21st ult., for the purpose of taking steps to erect a portrait statue of Her Majesty. The move is a very popular one.—The Bishop of Montreal took an active part at the meeting. A large committee were appointed to collect subscriptions, &c.

#### Latest from the States!

[By Telegraph to Morning and Evening papers.]

WASHINGTON, 6th.—The War Department has received despatches stating that a gun boat expedition is moving up to the Tennessee River, flanked by infantry on the shore; for the purpose of attacking Confederates.

The Commerce Committee in Congress has reported against the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, and favors enlargement of its commercial connections to render reciprocity more substantial and certain.

Secretary Bright was expelled yesterday on charge of disloyalty.

NEW YORK, 6th.—More vessels chartering for Burnside's Expedition, to forward advance and commissary stores. One hundred vessels at Hatteras Inlet. Health of troops good. It is understood that government has ordered charter of all the large transports procurable in New York for special service.

Another expedition South is contemplated, and it is not improbable that a large portion of the Army of the Potomac will be attached.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The latest news states that troops were rapidly concentrating in the neighborhood of Fort Henry, Kentucky.

It is reported that the Confederate forces have been reinforced and that Gen. Beauregard is in command of the army.

Advices from Fortress Monroe state that it is reported at Norfolk that Burnside's expedition left Pamlico Sound bound south, on Friday last.

It is reported that Gen. Price made an unsuccessful attempt to move his baggage from Springfield, and would wait an attack at that place.

The Treasury Note Bill passed the House yesterday.

Mexicans advices received via Acapulco, report that the Spanish army had been defeated by the Mexicans at the National Bridge, in a severe battle, which lasted five hours.

Great activity prevails in getting off Butler's expedition. The 14th Marine regiment and other forces are embarking at Boston. Butler's division will number ten thousand men.

The Fort mounted 17 guns, and garrison consisted of two Generals, one Colonel, and one hundred privates, who were all captured.

During the action, a ball from the fort struck the boiler of Federal gunboat Essex, causing explosion of boiler and killing 32 men.

Federals seized a bridge on Memphis and Ohio Railroad, 15 miles above Fort Henry.

Burnside's expedition still at Hatteras. Six thousand troops landed. Nothing done as yet. Reported Beauregard is at Nashville.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Official report from Fort Henry increases the importance of its capture.

The Fort mounted 20 guns, 17 mortars.

Six gun boats were engaged, and met with the most determined resistance. The surrender was unconditional.

Four thousand Confederate infantry, encamped outside the fort, fled, abandoning a great quantity of stores.

Generals Smith and Grant are in pursuit.

This victory cuts off railroad communication between Memphis and Bowling Green.

The Tribune's special report says that all of Burnside's vessels immediately wanted ride at anchor over the bar.

Five thousand Confederates in the outer beach are under command of Gen. Wise, and are being daily reinforced.

Three thousand men are stationed at Roanoke Island.

A hard fight is expected.

There is a panic prevalent on the mainland.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Bill providing for ten million Treasury Notes for relief of Treasury rushed thro' Congress to-day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—It is reported in New York that Burnside's Expedition attacked Roanoke Island on Friday last and was twice repulsed. The fight still going on.

After the retreat of the Confederate troops from Fort Henry one Million of dollars worth of munitions of war and stores fell into the hands of the Federal troops.

In Missouri the Federals are making extensive preparations for a decided blow.

Confederate Steamer Calhoun was not destroyed as reported. After abandonment she was boarded by a Federal gunboat and the fire extinguished. Cargo consisted of munitions.

Harpers Ferry has been shelled by Federals; only 7 families remain there—all Unionists.

The Cape Ann Advertiser recently reported the arrival of a lucky schooner from the fishing grounds, after an absence of two weeks, with 13,000 lbs. of halibut, which brought \$800 cash.

THE BLOCKADE AND STONE FLEET.—It is said that in spite of the stone fleet at Charleston, and the large Federal force near Savannah, foreign ships continue to enter those ports.

SECESSIONISTS AT WASHINGTON.—In the departments at Washington, 500 are secessionists. Yet people wonder that the Confederate generals should know all about our business. If, under such circumstances, they did not know it, they would be as stupid as ourselves.—Boston Traveller.

The clergy:men of Baltimore are all secessionists. So are most of the congregations.

A Boston paper says that the British have 35 vessels on our coast, and many more are coming. This means that the blockade is to be broken in the spring.

The London Times correspondent, Dr. Russell, left the New York Hotel, on the 30th ult., for Niagara Falls. After a sojourn there for a few days, it is said that he will proceed to Halifax, and from Halifax home.

ADDRESS OF CONDOLENCE.—About 1000 signatures were affixed to the address to the Queen from residents of New York. Among the signers were a number of American born citizens who desired to express their respect for the memory of the late Prince Consort and their sympathy for the widowed Sovereign. The address was beautifully engrossed on parchment, with a narrow and neat black border.

Tooth and Ear Ache are among the complaints for which Hunnevell's Tolu Anodyne is adapted. By application to cavity in Tooth, or to the Ear which cotton wet with the Anodyne, is almost instantaneous in effect, and in cases where an outward application fails to give relief, the importance of a double application by taking it inwardly, is a feature not often found so prominent in one preparation. Like other declarations please prove this by trial and the Anodyne will not long cease to be a Family Necessity. See advertisement and read pamphlets.