mistian essemmer. REPOSITORY RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. OF

"Not slothful in business: ferbent in spirit."

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WHOLE SERIES.

Poetry.

An Invocation to Spring.

COME quickly, O thou Spring! Write love's fair alphabet-upon the sod In many-colored flowers—to preach of God, Our everlasting King!

Come from the rosy South, In chariot of incense and of light. Dissolve the lingering snows that glisten white Beneath thy fragrant mouth.

Walk softly o'er the earth, Thou plessed spirit of the Eden-time; Thy breath is like an incense-laden clime, Clasping rich bowers of mirth.

Thy virgin herald's here-The snow-drop bares her bosom to the gale, While down her cheek, so delicately pale, Trickles a crystal tear.

The lark new soars above, As if he telt thy freedom on his wings, While from his heaven-attuned throat there rings A charming peal of love.

The vet unbearded wheat Now timidly puts forth its tender leaf To drink sweet dews, for Winter, ancient chief, Crawls off with tott'ring feet.

Your sorrows now inter, Ye dwellers in dark cities; Spring is nigh; She bathes her garments in a sunset sky, And treads the halls of Myrrh.

To God, an anthem sing, When forth ye hurry to the fields of bloom; He lights the flowers and lifts us from the tomb To everlasting Spring! -Chambers' Journal.

Religious.

Humility conducive to Honour.

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When, on Sunday the 24th of August, 1662, the Act of Uniformity became the law of England, pride said in reference to the authors of that Act, just what it sometimes says now in our streets, "Give them as good as they send." But the two thousand ejected ministers had not so learned Christ. If we look at their farewell sermons, preached on Sunday the 17th of August, we shall see a pattern of humility. Yea, so far from those sermons comprising invectives against men, the ejected ministers imitated Michael, the archangel. in not bringing "a railing accusation" even against the arch-fiend himself.

Next to the loss of life is the loss of the sinews of life, or the means of subsistence and this loss for themselves and families, was what the ejected ministers had to encounter. But "chill penury" with Providence at the right hand, and the spirit of prayer in the heart, is an array of circumstances that wil prepare us to pass through the gloomiest vale, even when we have to meet Apollyon there.

There are many instances on record in which we may admire the wonders of Providence as it affected the Ejected Ministers one of these was the Rev. Peter Ince, who was called "Praying Ince," when known only as the shepherd of Mr. Grove, the "Squire" mentioned in the following anecdote. It was written by the Rev. John Ryland, A. M., in the year 1792, in his Select Essays, the last efforts of a great mind, by "a hand trembling under the grasp of death." The following is from a correct copy of some of these essays, as found at the British Museum, in the Evangelical Museum; or, Christian's Pocket Book

SURPRISING GRACE OF CHRIST TO THE PEOPLE AT BIRD'S-BUSH, IN WILTSHIRE.

were forced to attend upon one of a very dif- endeavour to do so.

come and pray with his lady, who was very favour of believers' baptism only, that I telt does not mean infants but descendants; we ill. The parson had his boots and spurs on, it to be my duty to give the subject a thorough find the word thus used in a number of inand his horse brought out for him to go a and prayerful consideration; at the same time stances in the Bible, thus in Deut. ix. 2. hunting, when the man made known his mes- sincerely hoping that I might be able to find "Who can stand before the children of Anak?" sage. "Honest fellow," replied the parson, proof in favour of infant sprinkling; for And again, when our Lord was accused of "I'm this moment going a hunting: if I de- from the fact that I had been connected with casting out devils by Beelzebub, he asked, lay I shall miss the cry of the dogs and not the Independents so long, and having been "By whom do your children cast them out?" overtake them all day. I must, therefore, brought to a knowledge of the truth amongst Matt. xii. 27. The last clause of the verse, put off coming to pray with your mistress till them, most of my friends also belonging to "Even to as many as the Lord our God shall the afternoon." The man returned to his that denomination, I felt a strong prejudice call," I understand to mean those who should master. "Sir," said he, "the parson is going in their favour. a hunting, and he says if he loses the cry of Accordingly, with earnest prayer for the and, through faith in the atoning sacrifice of the dogs and the huntsmen he shall not over- guidance of God, I recommenced the study; Christ, should be justified; then they would take them all day. He will come and pray but the more I read the Bible and compared be entitled to the promise. with your lady in the afternoon or evening." the different accounts, and the more I read In the 8th chapter of Acts we have an ac-This roused the gentleman's resentment, and the works of men upon the subject, the more count of Philip preaching in Samaria, and we he appeared filled with anger and contempt I became convinced, against my inclination, read that when they believed, "they were at the parson, to think that he preferred a that infant baptism was unscriptural, and that baptized, both men and women." Here again pack of dogs above an immortal soul. The it was the duty of believers, and believers only, there is no mention of children. servants were very much distressed to see to be baptized. their master in such a toss of passion, and The first mention we have of the subject in manner of baptizing practised in the apostles' they laid their heads together to consult what the New Testament is the account of John's time, is clearly illustrated in the case of the was best to be done. At last says one, "I baptizing in the River Jordan, mentioned by Eunuch recorded in the same chapter. In wish my master would ask our shepherd to Matthew, 3rd chapter, and by Mark in the that narrative Philip is represented as preachpray with my lady; you know he prays 1st chapter. In those accounts we find that ing Jesus to him, and having arrived at a cersweetly with us down in the underground kit- the state of mind required in those who came tain water on their journey the Eunuch dechen every night." Upon this, one of the to be baptized by John was repentance, that sires to be baptized. Philip, before granting most discreet servants ventured to go to his repentance which produced good fruit in their his request, demands a confession of his faith. master. "Sir, we find that the parson is after lives; and faith in Christ who was about The Eunuch, satisfies him, and having comgone a hunting, and can't come to pray with to appear. Paul, speaking of this baptism manded the chariot to stand still, they both go my lady; we wish you would permit our (Acts xix. 4.), says, "John verily baptized down into the water, both Philip and shepherd to go to prayer, for indeed he prays with the baptism of repentance, saying unto the Eunuch .- and when he was baptized they sweetly with us." Accordingly the squire the people, that they should believe on him both came up out of the water. stepped upstairs to his lady. " My dear," which should come after him, that is, on Christ said he, "the parson is gone a hunting, and Jesus. In these accounts we have not the they reconcile this account with infant sprinkcan't come to pray with you till the evening least mention of children being brought to be ling? I cannot. but my servants te'l me that our shepherd has baptized, nor any command to that effect to came to his master, "Do you pray;" said he did not baptize them.

man; and I must know your whole character." immersion. The shepherd was exceedingly backward to turned out on Black Bartholomew day. devotion. I therefore put on that character, am resolved you shall be my shepherd." there is not a word upon the subject. He built a place of worship for him immediately, and left the parson to go a hunting by

himself. Note.—This was the beginning of the dissenting interest at Bird's Bush, and may be seen in their church book to this day.

Believers' Baptism.

An address delivered in the Baptist Chapel, Barlow, previous to his being baptized :-

ted by a Gospel minister, then turned out, embracing the Baptist principles, I will now shall we do? And Peter said unto them, ly sprinkling or pouring.

fell ill: her conscience being ealightened by years have been united with that denomina- were baptized.

son of the parish, with a desire that he would forward so many arguments from Scripture in Lord our God shall call." Children here

on with such wisdom of thought, such seri- when he was baptized he went up straightway least to years of discretion.

make the discovery, know then, sir, that I am | cannot see that they have any bearing upon | done away with. one of the two thousand ministers that were the subject at all; at least if they have I been in the habit of receiving them for bap- the world. and as such entered into your service." tism. And if our Lord intended then to in-

baptize those who believed, and in their la- who hath raised him from the dead." bours and teaching afterwards we see how

be led to see their lost and ruined condition.

The doctrine of believers' baptism, and the

I would ask our Pædo-baptist friends how

The fact that the apostles baptized several a sweet gift in prayer; will you permit him the parents because they themselves were be- whole households has often been brought forto come and pray with you?" "Yes," said lievers; and I think the fact that John re- ward as a plea for infant baptism, but before she, "with all my heart." Accordingly the quired repentance and faith, which infants are we can admit such a plea our friends must skepherd was sent for out of the field. When incapable of exercising, is a clear proof that prove that there were infants in those households, which cannot be done without other "Yes, sir. God forbid that I should As a and the manner of baptizing prace evidence than that which Scripture supplies; five one day without prayer !" " Will you tised by John, we are plainly told that he take, for instruction the case of Cornelius repray with my lady who is very ill?" "Yes, baptized in the river Jordan. The apostle corded in Acts x. It is said of him, "He sir, with all my heart." He was taken up (John iii. 23) says the place was Ænou near was a devout man, and feared God with all his into the chamber: two cushions were placed to Salem, because there was much water there. house," I take it for granted that as both he by the bed-side; the squire and the shepherd And in the account of our Lord's baptism, himself and all his house feared God, that there kneeled down to prayer. He began and went recorded by Matthew, iii. 16, we read that were no infants, but that all had grown up at

ousness of soul, such propriety of language, out of the water. Now if baptism had been | Some contend that infant baptism has taken and such pertinency to the case, that surprised administered by sprinkling or even pouring, the place of circumcision, and that, as infants both the gentleman and his wife. As soon as some suppose, what occasion was there for were circumcised under the Mosaic law, so as they rose from their knees the master ad- so much water, or why should they go into they are to be baptized under the Gospel disdressed him thus: "Who are you-and where the river to administer the ordinance? I pensation; but I cannot find any command in did you come from? You are no common therefore draw the conclusion that it was by Scripture to that effect. I look upon circumcision as a duty enjoined by God to Abraham, Passages I have often heard quoted in and to be observed by his descendants, in order make a discovery of himself; but the master's favour of in ant baptism, you will find in to keep the Jews a separate people, because commands were positive and must be obeyed. Matthew xix. 13, 14, compared with Mark x. from them the Lord Jesus Christ was to come "Sir," said the shepherd, "I had much 13, and Luke xviii. 15, where Christ calls lit- according to the flesh; but after he had come rather remain in obscurity; but, since I must the children to him and blesses them; but I it was no longer required, and consequently

But if baptism may be considered as an I think they are against rather than in favour antitype of circumcision, it applies much had no method of getting my bread, nor any of the practice, for we find that the disciples more strongly to believers than to infant bapplace where to exercise my ministry. I con- rebuked those who brought them, and we can- tism; for as circumcision, was intended to sidered that the employment of a shepherd not for a moment think they would have done keep the Jews a separate people, so baptism would afford me time for contemplation and this, if either Christ or they themselves had is intended to separate the people of God from

We find baptism mentioned several times in His master looked at him with a mixture of stitute the ordinance why did he not baptize Paul's epistles, as representing a death and approbation and delight. "You a shepherd! them, or command his disciples to do so? but burial to sin, and a rising again to a life of righteousness. Thus in Romans vi. 3, 4: In the 16th chapter of Mark, we have the "Know ye not that so many of us as were commission of our Lord to his disciples, be- baptized into Jesus Christ were baptized into fore his ascension, as follows, "Go ye into all his death, that like as Christ was raised from the world, and preach the Gospel to every the dead by the glory of the Father, even so creature: he that believeth and is baptized shall we also should walk in newness of life;" and be saved, but he that believeth not shall be again, Colossians ii. 12: " Buried with him damned," &c. We see here that the apostles in baptism, wherein also ye are risen with him were commanded to preach the Gospel and to through the faith of the operation of God,

By "the faith of the operation of God," well they understood their duty; for instance, and other similar passages, I understand the Bridgnorth, Dec. 29, 1861, by Mr. Joseph in the 2nd chapter of Acts we have an ac- converting and sanctifying influences of the count of Peter preaching a sermon through Holy Spirit in the heart. And "buried with Dear Friends,-Having been requested to which three thousand were pricked in their Christ in baptism," I understand being im-After Black Bartholomew-day, August state my views upon the ordinance which is now hearts, and cried out to him and to the rest mersed, as that appears much more symbolical. 24th, 1662, the people who had been instruct about to be administered, and my reason for of the apostles, "Men and brethren, what of Christ's burial and resurrection, than mere-

Repent and be baptized every one of you in These then are a few of the reasons which ferent sort, put in. In the course of Provi- I have from an early age been connected the name of Jesus Christ," &c.; and we read have led me to embrace Baptist principles; dence the lady of the richest man in the parish with the Independents, and for about five further that they who gladly received his word many more might be brought forward, did time permit, but I think these are sufficient former preaching, was alarmed with the tion in church fellowship. It is now almost The 39th verse of this same chapter has to convince any candid thinker that believers' thoughts, of death. She wished to have the three years since I was first led to give my often been brought forward in proof of infant baptism, by immersion, is the only one authorminister of the parish to come and pray with attention to the subject of baptism, from a baptism; the verse reads thus, "For the ised by the Word of God. And when we conversation I had with a Baptist triend upon promise is unto you and to your children and consider the evils which have resulted from band, who sent one of his footmen to the par- the subject, at which time my friend brought to all that are afar off, even to as many as the infant baptism, the true servants of God can-