

raise the hollow cry of Union, by way of a snare into which they hope the Baptists may fall.

News Summary.

Another obstinate and bloody contest has taken place between the Federal and Confederate Armies on the Rappahannock. The former under General Hooker crossed the river and dispossessed the Confederates of Fredericksburg, the scene of their former disastrous struggle, and as they state, driving the enemy from their entrenched heights to the southward of the town, taking as many as four or five thousand prisoners—this was on the 6th inst. On the 7th, however the Confederates being reinforced drove them back across the Rappahannock with immense slaughter and reoccupied Fredericksburg, and took a great number of prisoners.

We much regret to hear of the loss of the Princess Royal a large ship built and owned by Bennet Smith Esq., of Windsor. She was laden with a large cargo of valuable goods for Halifax, and was crushed in a field of ice at some distance from the coast of Newfoundland. The crew took to their boats and are providentially all saved.

Notices, &c.

It is with deep regret that we learn of the continued illness of our worthy brother the Rev. E. F. Foshey. He writes from Hantsport, May 11th, 1863:

Dear Brother Selden,—My health has failed me, and I am compelled to give up all labour, with but little prospect of resuming it very soon, if ever.

I desire to acknowledge, with gratitude, the kindness of our friends in Hantsport and Falmouth, who presented us with sixty dollars, as a token of regard and sympathy.

When I look forward to the Summer Anniversaries, my heart faints within me. Shall I ever meet my brethren on such occasions again? O, Lord, thou knowest.

I wish all my papers and letters to be addressed to me at Hopewell, Alber. County, New Brunswick. Yours in the gospel, E. F. FOSHEY.

Associated Alumni of Acadia College. The following subscriptions to the above Society, for the year commencing June, 1862, are hereby acknowledged:

Letters Received. Rev. S. McLeod, 1st.—Yes, all right. W. H. Harris, 7th, 10s. W. Churchill, 2nd. L. J. Walker, 4th.—Yes, if he is in funds. Weston Hall, Esq., 2nd. W. S. Raymond, Esq. Rev. J. E. Balcom, 8th. T. W. DeWolfe, 8th. 13s. 5d. Rev. I. E. Bill, 8th. T. H. Parker, 11th. Asaph Whitman, 8th, 25s.

General Intelligence.

DOMESTIC.

An unoccupied house in Dresden Row belonging to Mr. Joey Metzler was partially destroyed by fire on Saturday last.

A fine little girl three years of age daughter of Mr. Thos. Smith, was drowned in a well at Dartmouth on Tuesday 5th inst. The Coroner, Dr. Weeks, held an inquest and the jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Sir Samuel Cunard, Bart., has retired from the world-renowned house of S. Cunard & Co. The business will in future be conducted under the same designation by Messrs William Cunard and James B. Morrow.

NOVA SCOTIA INSTITUTE OF NATURAL SCIENCE.—A meeting of the Society took place on the evening of the 4th instant, when the following papers were read.

1st. On the Seymnus Borealis, or Greenland Shark, by Bernard Gilpin M. D. A specimen of this fish, 11 feet 3 inches in length, was recently captured on Sambro bank, by the Halifax fishermen, and exhibited in the market. The author of the paper described peculiarities in this marine monster, unnoticed by other writers on ichthyology, and especially a pocket, or sac, situated inside the mouth of the animal.

2nd. On Gold, by Dr. Gesner, F. G. S., giving an account of the precious metal from its earliest use up to the present time,—the discoveries made of its resources during the last fifteen years, and its effects upon commerce. The methods of extraction were adverted to in a familiar way, with specimens of the ores from different parts of the world; among these was a beautiful band of Nova Scotia gold, manufactured by Mr. Cornelius.

3rd. Evidence that the whole human race sprang from one original stock as illustrated by certain customs of all nations, whether civilized, or barbarous, by R. G. Halliburton, F. S. A.

4th. On magnesian alum and a new variety containing nickel and cobalt, by Professor How. Communications were read from foreign correspondents,—an animated discussion took place among the members and occupied the time until a late hour when the meeting retired with evident satisfaction.

THE ELECTIONS.—Several of the Candidates for seats in the House of Assembly had made arrangements to run their elections according to the proposed Representation Bill, which would have altered materially the electoral districts, but, as that measure was not carried, they relinquish their canvass, and other men take their places. This must be our apology for keeping before our readers the following list of names. Several emendations will be observed since last week. We hear of some others, but not being authorized to publish them we defer their insertion.

- Annapolis. Hon. J. W. Johnston, Israel Longley, Avar Longley, H. Ray, George Whitman, Moses Shaw. Kings, (North). Dr. Hamilton, Kings, (South). C. R. Bill, John L. Brown. Daniel Moore, Halifax, (West). Dr. Brown, John Tobin, Halifax, (East). S. L. Shannon, Wm. Annand, H. Pryor, Henry Balcom. Lunenburg. J. H. Kaulback, Hon. Joseph Howe, M. B. Desbrisay, Mr. Wheelock. Hants, (South). Hon. B. Wier, W. Chambers. Hants, (North). James Douglas, F. Curry. Pictou, (East). Jas. Fraser, (Downie), Geo. McKenzie, Jas. McDonald, A. C. McDonald. Pictou, (West). Donald Fraser, R. P. Grant, Alex. McKay, J. D. B. Fraser. Queens. Charles Allison, John Campbell. Guysboro. J. J. Marshall, W. O. Heffernan, Wm. Hartt. Cape Breton. J. Bourinot, Wm. Ross, Jas. McKeagney, Mr. Gammell. Colchester, (South). John D. Nash, A. G. Archibald, Wm. Fulton, F. R. Parker. Colchester, (North). T. F. Morrison. Victoria. C. J. Campbell, W. Ross, Mr. Hart, Mr. Gammell. Cumberland. Dr. Tupper, Mr. Elderkin, A. McFarlane, W. H. Rogers, M. Donkin. Inverness. P. Smith, H. Blanchard. Antigonish, (late Sydney). W. Henry, John McKinnon, Hugh McDonald. Yarmouth. Thomas Killam, W. H. Townsend, George S. Brown. Argyle. Isaac S. Hatfield. Digby. J. C. Wade. Richmond. C. F. Harrington, H. Martell.

New Brunswick.

Large quantities of gaspereaux have been caught in St. John harbor. On Saturday, at one haul, on the Carleton side, nearly thirty boat loads were taken, worth at least \$600.

At the election of Mayor of St. John, the votes polled were—for Mr. Woodward, 872; Mr. Campbell, 774; and for Mr. Olive, 549. The former gentleman was therefore elected.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Three young men were in a canoe shooting among the Islands before Springhill. It appears that in firing at a flock of geese, they delivered their fire standing up and broadside from their canoe, which capsized from the recoil, throwing them all into the water. One sank, not to rise again. His body was afterwards recovered. This unfortunate young gentleman was Mr. Harry Killnor, nephew of Major-Gen. Killnor.—Fred. Head Quarters.

Canada.

By Telegram, we learn that the Canadian Ministry has been defeated on a vote of want of confidence. A dissolution of Parliament will probably follow.

A simultaneous polling bill has been introduced into the Canadian Parliament.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.—It is proposed to appropriate \$10,000 for the survey and exploration of the Intercolonial Railway.

Steamers are now regularly plying between Montreal and Quebec.

Latest from the States!

[From Telegrams to Morning and Evening papers.]

MAY 6.—The fighting on Saturday near Fredericksburg is reported as having been severe. General Sedgwick carried Fredericksburg heights by storm, capturing two regiments and one company of the famous Washington Artillery of New Orleans. The New York World says the battle was resumed on Monday, the Confederates making superhuman attacks on all sides, but were repulsed with terrific slaughter and all retreat upon Richmond is cut off. Gen. Berry, of Maine, is among the killed.

The Washington Republican says that the successes of the Army of the Potomac are more complete than at first supposed. 1100 prisoners have arrived at Washington, including several Confederate Generals, and the whole number of prisoners amount to about 5000. Sedgwick's capture of Fredericksburg Heights was a brilliant affair. He took 1300 prisoners. They appear to be both well clad and well fed.

General Hooker sends no despatches, and much solicitude is felt for further developments. A reconnoitering force from Suffolk encountered the Confederate rifle pits, and a severe engagement occurred, one Confederate battery being silenced. Colonel Ringgold, of New York was killed, and the enemy abandoned a number of their rifled pits.

MAY 7.—An Extra of the N. Y. Herald says that the Confederates having been reinforced re-took Fredericksburg heights after frightful slaughter, and General Sedgwick re-crossed to Falmouth. Another despatch says that he (Sedgwick) crossed at Bank's Ford at midnight in face of the enemy in comparatively good order, and marched immediately to United States Ford to join Hooker's main army. About 6000 Confederate prisoners have been taken and 4000 arrived at Washington. General Hill is among the killed.

The authorities in Washington are confident of Hooker's success. Thirty thousand reinforcements have been sent him under Hentzleman. Hooker considers the re-taking of Fredericksburg unimportant!

The loss is estimated at 20,000 on each side.

MAY 8.—After the recent great battle, Gen. Hooker retreated across the Rappahannock to prevent annihilation by superior numbers, losing about 5000 men. Hooker's order for a retreat, took the Federal army by surprise.—The retreat was executed on Friday night. The latest version of Gen. Hooker's retrograde movement was that it was dictated by prudence, in consequence of the great rise in the Rappahannock, and to meet forty thousand men who had not been engaged. No force of the enemy drove him to retreat! He estimates his entire loss at about 10,000 men. The Richmond papers admit a destructive raid of Stoneman's cavalry in the vicinity of Richmond. They also claim to have taken 5,000 prisoners in the late battle. In the battle fought near Suffolk, Virginia, on Sunday last, the Confederates lost upwards of 200 killed, and abandoned the siege. The Federals have captured Grand Gulf with 500 prisoners guns and stores.

MAY 9th.—Admiral Porter gives an official account of the capture of the Grand Gulf,—the Breton and Tusculum being much cut up, and losing 24 killed and 50 wounded. The enemy's works were very strong, the place the strongest on the Mississippi, and the key to Vicksburg.—Had the fortifications been completed no fleet could have taken it. It is reported that the Confederates lost 18,000 in the recent battles; also that Gen. Dix has ordered an advance.

MAY 11.—Gen. Grant (Federal) officially announces the capture of Fort Gibson on the 4th inst. The fight lasted all day; the Confederates numbered 11,000, were routed and pursued, losing heavily in killed and wounded, besides a large number of prisoners. The Federal loss amounted to 500 in killed and wounded, and the Confederates retired towards Vicksburg.

A movement has again commenced in the Army of the Potomac. The Federal armies occupy Eastern Virginia. Iron-clads are reported off Charleston, ready for another attack.

Evening.—Great sensation prevailed on Saturday and yesterday, occasioned by reported capture of Richmond by Gen. Keyes' division from the peninsula. Report originated in Philadelphia, probably as a gold and stock speculation.

Reported bridge over Big Black Bayore destroyed, cutting off retreat from Vicksburg.—Three thousand wounded, so far, arrived at Washington.

Latest from Europe!

The Australasian arrived at New York last Wednesday.

An important debate had occurred in both Houses of Parliament on the seizure of British ships by Federal cruisers; and in relation to protection granted by the U. S. Minister Adams to Mexican traders. Many of the speakers urged that such proceedings cannot be tolerated. Mr. Roebuck declared himself for war, to put down the upstart insolence of American Ministers; and their supporters counselled moderation and deprecated the violence of the speakers.

Lord Palmerston said the matters were being considered.

Earl Russel said the seizure of the Dolphin and the conduct of Mr. Adams would be represented to the Washington Government for redress.

Several newspapers speak of the relations between the two Governments as critical. The debate caused a slight decline in Consols.

POLAND.

A manifesto has been issued by the Polish chiefs, dated from their camp at Bialowiza, March 24, appealing to Europe, and especially to England and France, for sympathy and assistance in their struggle. They ask that a contingent of 30,000 troops should be sent to Poland, bringing with them 100,000 rifles, and they promise with this aid to make short work of the Russians.

The Temps says that Langiewicz arrived on Friday the 3rd ult, at Tischnowitz, in Moravia, where he will be stationed. A particular dwelling is assigned to him, and he will be able to go about unmolested, having given his word of honour not to proceed beyond a certain distance. "It is a happy circumstance," adds the Temps "for the ex-Dictator that he has fallen into the power of Austria and not into that of Prussia. According to the latest explanations of Count Eulenburg, he would in the latter case have been handed over to Russia."

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOSS OF HER MAJESTY'S SHIP ORPHEUS.—The loss of her Majesty's ship Orpheus, with nearly 200 officers and men, is reported. The wreck occurred at Monakaou Bar, New Zealand, on the 7th of February, and resulted in the total loss of the vessel. Of the 249 persons on board, 179 (22 officers and 157 men) were lost, and 70 (8 officers and 62 men) were saved.

The Courier of Lyons states that in one of the private lunatic asylums in the neighbourhood of that city, there are not less than forty persons confined, labouring under mental aberration caused by "spiritualism."

SOUTHERN CRUISERS.—The British Government has checked the supply of Alabamas to the Confederate States by the seizure of a gunboat which was building in the Mersey. This vessel which was named the Alexandra, is said to have had two heavy guns on board when seized, though this statement is denied; at the same time no doubt is felt that she was built for the purposes of war. It is stated that an iron gunboat of 1,200 tons is also building in the Mersey, and the Government have issued orders to seize all vessels about which there is the slightest suspicion of a billigerent destination. As may be imagined, the seizure has created considerable excitement in Liverpool.

VOLUNTEER REVIEW AT BRIGHTON.—A great Volunteer Review was held at Brighton on the 6th ult. It is described as a brilliant affair. The weather was fine, and the manoeuvres were most successfully executed. The General in command was Lord William Paulet, who at the close of the review expressed his satisfaction at the manner in which the volunteers had gone through the work of the day, and added that he hoped to have another day with them before long. Competent authorities declare that the review was the most successful volunteer demonstration that has yet been held. Unfortunately it did not pass off without accident. A restive horse knocked down two women and killed one of them, and one of the volunteers of the London Irish regiment had his leg broken.

ALEXANDRA CHANNEL.—The following notice from the Trinity house corporation has been posted at the Town-hall, Custom-house, and other buildings at Gravesend:—"Notice is hereby given, that in commemoration of the arrival of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales in the river Thames, on Saturday, the 7th of March, 1863, the chapel recently buoyed, and now known as the Shingles, through which the Royal yacht passed, will, with the gracious permission of her Royal Highness, be hereafter called the Alexandra Channel.—By order, R. H. Berthon, Secretary."

THE ROYAL WEDDING PRESENTS.—The Prince of Wales has given instructions that the wedding presents to be exhibited at the South Kensington Museum are to comprise not merely the jewellery, but almost all the presents which have been accepted. The day for the public exhibition will soon be announced.

Another casualty; fortunately a slight one, has occurred to the Great Eastern. The high tide and high wind shifted her from her position on the beach, and in consequence the period of sailing will have to be altered. It was hoped she would sail at the end of April.

The Princess Louis of Hesse (Princess Alice of England) was safely delivered of a princess on Sunday the 5th ult. The latest bulletin states that the Princess and her child are going on perfectly well.