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tions made by the Agents on that subject while they were in England. It is unnecessary to dwell on these points. Explanations were given on both sides, and harmony was preserved. The following resolution was passed at the annual meeting of the Convention, held at Portland, N. B. Sept. 24, 1850 : -" Resolved, That we highly approve of the prudence and patience of our respected deputation, Rev. I. E. Bill and Rev. John Francis, in the trying position in which they were placed, and acknowledge our deep indebted ess to them, and also to those triends in England who, notwithstanding the misrepresentations alluded to, exercised their kindest hospitalities to the deputation, and generously responded to their plea for help. Resolutions to the same effect had been previously passed by the Nova Scotia Association at its annual meeting in June.

The state of the Academy throughout this period was generally encouraging. Blanchard, who had been several years Prineipal, having resigned, Mr. Charles Randall was appointed to the vacant post. In 1848, Mr. Mark Bailey was constituted Associate Principal: he was succeded, in 1849, by Mr. A. F. Willard. Dr. Pryor exercised a general supervision over the Institution. The services of valuable assistants were engaged from time to time, among whom may be mentioned Messrs. David Freeman and Stephen W. DeBlois, now occupying promin ent positions as ministers of our denomina Yours truly,

Jan. 6, 1863, MENNO.

Plainting Manage Unitetium etressenger

HALIFAX, JANUARY 14, 1863.

INFIDELITY is ever active. Although it silenced, it again assumes a little change and times, comes forward in another shape, as it its new assertions were new discoveries. When driven from the pedestal on which the goddess of them as essential to their church organization, the form of opposition to government and would be to arouse their prejudices and ruise ing in this it strives to pervert the education any good work but taking the felt necessities | Monday : of the rising generation into a Secularism of each, and making them the subjects of which ignores the existence of a volume of Divine instruction. Of late it has taken possession of church dignituries, and re-ajand now comes forth in a book of 230 pages, purporting to be an examination of the Pentateuch and book of Joshua, by a Dr. Colenso, Bishop of Natal, in South Africa. This has caused no small stir in the religious believe, they joined in them none the less world, and especially amongst the friends tervently than it they had been. We might of Episcopacy. With all the guards the Church of England is supposed to have placed around it by its elaborate ereeds, cancus and Liturgy, to find that such views as he has boldly put forth, are tolerated in its pale, is doubtless most ut satisfactory. The writer en- of the services. In some cases we thought deavors to destroy the truth and recuracy of the prayers were a little too long, which pre-Moses' writings, and uproot the foundations of vented others from engaging, and filled us revealed religion under the mask of free enquiry into scientific facts and figures, and even ventures to threaten an examination into the question in what way the New Testament minutes duration, at each of the meetings, is affected by these discoveries he has made.

It is strange that such a work should have created so much sensation. Hundreds of authors are doomed to meet no adequate re- attractive. turn for their labor, while this, if we may judge by the noise it has caused in literary circles, will be a mine for its rash writer.

native Zulus, among whom he labored, and their objections to the record of the Creation nd Deluge, should have had the effect of convincing the Missionary Bishop of the inaccuracy of the historical account we have in the Books of Moses. It is well said by a writer in one of our English periodicals, that "As English Bishop who could be put to the blush by a Zulu convert, has no claim to be considered of weight in the discussion which may thus be provoked. Never was more convincing proof than this book and its genesis afford, that the consecration to Episcopal office carries no special grace or wisdom with it."

Dr. Colenso feels embarrassed by the demand of his church tor implicit belief in all that is prescribed as essential by the formularies of the Church of England. He ex- be presented in an abridged form, thus :presses his hope that the time is near at hand in the ordering of Ged's Providence,-

"When the way shall be opened for a wide extension of Missionary work among the heathen,-when that work, which now lanzuiches, which caunot make progress among learned Hindoo, shall no longer be impeded by the necessity of our laying down, at the very Friday-The Word of God,-the Lord's day, outset, stories like these for their reception, Saturday-The governments of the world,which they can often match out of their own

understanding here respecting the representations, and requiring them, upon pain of THE Editor of the Presbyterian Witness eternal misery, to believe in them all unin referring to the fact that the majority of viate the sufferings of the Northern Operafeignedly, -and when a Missionary Bishop of the meetings during the past week, -the Week tives. the Church of England shall not be prevented, of Prayer, -- had been held in Presbyterian It s I myself have been, from admitting to the Diaconate a thoroughly competent, well-trained, able and pious native, who had himself helped to translate the whole of the New Testament we may as well explain it : eight of the twe ve and several books of the Old, because he must meetings have been held in Presbyterian churchbe ordained by the formularies of the Church es. This arose partly from the fact that the whole of his dominions, which are in fact of England, and those require that he should Presbyterian churches are very conveniently not only subscribe to the Thirty-nine Articles, located for such general gatherings; but mainly and acknowledge the book of Common Prayer, in consequence of the inability of our Episco--parts of which, the nice distinctions of the palian friends to grant the use of any of their Athanasian Creed for instance, cannot possibly churches." be translated into his language,-but solemnly declare in the presence of God and the Congregation, that he 'unfeignedly believes in al the Canonical Scriptures,' some parts of which, as the genealogies, in Chronicles, and the books of Esther and Daniel, as well as large portions of the prophecies, he had never read.

Such trifling with the Word of God is unworthy an educated Christian man, in the 19th century. His views of inspiration are no less at fault than his notions on the historical accuracy of Moses He ventures to put forth the idea that Cicero wrote "by ome kind of Inspiration," and that the truths taught by the Sikh Gooroos were revealed to them by the same Divine teacher as the revelations to the Prophets and Apostles.

The Christian faith does not rest on the results of such an examination, nor can it be affected by such teachings; we may therefore smile at them, and regret only that the writer is entrenched behind the Bishops crosier which fails to protect the sheep, and the prelatic apron which is no security against error or Infidelity.

great facts of Christianity by which its cha- ligious disabilities. racter may be judged. The circumstance of We have some doubt about the inabi'ity profitably spent in conversation, music and

each denomination which are cherished by to settle with "our Episcopalian friends." Reason would exalt it, it raises its head in To touch these and seek for their obliteration, seeks to overturn existing institutions. Fail- an impassable barrier to amalgamation in prayer, has had a highly profitable influence and has brought out the elements in which all Christians are united. It would be interestpeared in the form of "Essays and Reviews," ing to know what bodies were represented. and in what proportions, who took an active part in these meetings. Although not es pecially appointed to represent the churches to which they were severally united, yet, we mention several things by which we think the meetings would probably have been rendered more edifying and profitable, but would retrain from doing so if we thought the same were not felt by others generally in several the time which otherwise might have teen given to warm-hearted addresses. If there had been two or three of these, of about five on the subjects appointed, instead of leaving that part wholly to the chairman of the meeting, there would have been a livel ness given to

The meetings were, however, full of interest-the attendance at all of them being so isters at them all, and their participating in the ment." exercises both morning and evening, was very gratifying. No other feeling seemed present but that of the desire to pray. The disciples may be said to have been "with one accord in one place," and we may look with confi-

dence for the promised blessing. The appointment of " one week " for this purpose seems to have secured this general sympathy, but we would not have it forgotten that it is desirable to have the same subjects frequently brought before the minds of Christians as highly important objects of prayer. One of our correspondents has suggested the drama that is being enacted on this side the on Friday morning last. desirableness of a continual remembrance of the topics of the "week of prayer," in personal and family devotions; and that they may Lord's day-The outpouring of the Spirit.

Monday-Humiliation before God on account of Tuesday-The conversion of the ungodly.

Wednesday -- Advancement of holiness, -- the blessing of God on education. hem, either among the ignorant Zulu or the Thursday-The Jews, - Antichrist, - Foreign

soldiers, -sailors.

Churches, says :-

B. J. Wreed Lyn

" One circumstance has excited enquiry, and

Our contemporary has his own way representing thirgs in connection with Presby terianism, and would probably like it to be by the Emperor not long since. supposed that Episcopalians would prefer attending the meetings held in Presbyteriau churches to those in Methodist or Baptist assumed and exercised the right of granting places of worship. He may be sincere in his opinion, but we think there are no facts to as suited their caprice; nor as yet, except in warrant such a notion.

He takes the liberty of making an apolcgy for Episcopalians, for which many of then: reign power. will not thank him. Respecting "the inability of our Episcopalian friends to grant the use of any of their churches." he asserts, armies. We have as yet received no detailed "This inability they sincerely regret, and we or certain accounts of the results of the bat have no doubt but in course of time it will be removed, and they will be placed in this respect as well as every other, on a level with the freest and most privileged denomination. We think it would have been quite as we and as satisfactory to Episcopalians generally, and to Presbyterians also, if he had been contented with their having " eight of the twelve meetings" without his making this effort to present it as done in special consideration to friends, paid a Donation visit to their pastor, on THE WEER OF PRAYER is another of the churchmen, and in consequence of their

the leading bodies of Christians combining really existing with churchmen, "to grant the speeches, and the pastor was made richer by for the purpose of united prayer to Almighty use of any of their churches," if they wished God, for the several objects suggested in the so to do. In Prince Edward Island, if we programme, emanating from the Evangelical are not mistaken, the Episcopal church was objections to the truth of God's word may Alliance, is one that must tell powerfully on to be used in connection with the arrangehave been a hundred times answered and reflecting minds as a significant sign of the ments for the Week of Prayer, and it this might be done there, why not in Halifax? There are peculiarities in the adherents of We leave that, however, for our contemporary

> THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILBOAD.—We copy the following extracts and remarks on this great undertaking, from the Halifax Sun of

Messrs. Sicotte and Howland are on their way home, having accomplished the object of their mission—the indefinite postponement of the Intercolonial road .- Toronto Giobe.

Does the Globe mean to affirm that Messrs. Sicotte and Howland left Canada with the prearranged purpose of obstructing the building of the Interco onial Railway? Our two Toronto contemporaries have enshrouded themselves in so much mist of late that it is not easy to see clearly where they are .- Quebec Chronicle.

There seems to be a hitch in Railway matters. We trust there has been no shuffling on the part of the Canadian delegates. Our belief is that should the present Government of Canada no carry the Railway Bills which have been prepared for presentation, a combination of parties will be formed for that purpose. We

contained the following paragraph on the Tedford, 1st, 20s. H. E. Payson, F.sq., 3rd, 25.

"The Hon. Messrs. Sicotte, Howland and Howe returned in the Africa, from England, yesterday morning. The two former went on to Boston, en route for Canada. From Mr. Howe we learn that the terms, as explained in our paper of the 27th ult., are substantially books well worth perusal, are published, whose them which would have made them doubly those which, after full discussion, have been yielded by the Imperial Government, and accepted by the delegates from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The Canadian delegates, it large, shewed this to be the common feeling gether, and have not accepted the terms, but is understood, object to a sinking fund alto-It seems strange that the enquiries of the that prevailed. The presence of Christian min- referred the whole matter back to their Govern-

There will, doubtless, be several hills to level and valleys to fill up, before operations are commenced, in constructing the road for the iron-horse to Canada. botton with gattle

News Summary.

English dates by last steamer come down to the 27th ult.

Peace and quiet continue throughout Europe, in happy contrast to the sanguinary Atlantic.

The marriage of the Prince of Wales with the Princess Alexandra of Denmark, is finally arranged to take place in March, Windsor Castle.

The Greeks still persevere in their determination to choose Prince Alfred as their King, although it ought to be evident that their wishes must be fruitless, as the British Government has definitely expressed its decision, that he cannot accept the honor, being contrary both to their own views of sound policy, and also to existing treaties delay in the opening of the new House with France and Russia.

Great efforts continue to be made to alle

It would appear that the Emperor of Austria is endeavouring, with semething like good faith, to bestow a Constitutional Gov. ernment upon his subjects. His object is to grant a representative Constitution, combinion composed of different nationali ies, as Austrians, Hungarians, Italians, Bohemians, Croats, &c., &c. The Hungarians, however, still demand their old national representative body which, with more or less change, had existed for more than a century, but was dissolved

The Supreme Powers, in the various Continental Governments, unlike our own, have and revoking constitutions to their subjects, a few instances, have the people ever been able to establish effectual limits to the Sove-

Nothing of much moment has transpired since our last, in reference to the contendin tles that have taken place in Tennessee and Missouri. Upon the whole, the Federale seemed to have been successful, until the receipt of Monday's despatches. These indicate decided reverses of the Federals, especially in the Naval force at Galveston, in Texas.

DONATION VISIT TO REV. J. E. BALCOM. GREAT VILLAGE -The brethren and sisters of the Baptist Church and congregation, with other the evening of Wednesday, Dec. 24th.

A mos pleasant and agreeable evening was \$: 2.50 in cash, and other useful and valuable articles of the value of \$46.50.

May his and our souls be more richly endowed with every Christian grace.-Com.

Dotices, de.

The fourth lec ure for the season before this society will be delivered in the Vestry of the Baptist Meet ing house, at Wolfville, on Friday evening, Jan. 9th, by Professor Howe, of King's College, Windso, commencing at 7 o'clock.

Subject :- " The Chemistry of Air and Water." Tickets 5 cents; for the season 25 cents; to be o ained at the sto e of Mr. G. V Rand.

ALBERT J. HILL, Cor. Sec. T POSTPONEMENT.—The above lecture is postponed to Friday, Jan. 16th, at the place as above.

Letters Received.

Jas. E. Potter, Esq., 2nd, £2, 2 subs. I Chambers, Esq , 3rd, I sub. Rev. E. O. Read 3rd, 1 sub. Ward Eaton, Esq., 5th, 20s., 1 sub. Rev. H. Angell, 27th. H. C. Upbam, 5th Asaph Marshall, 3rd, £2 12s. 6d., and 5th, £ Rev. W. I. Loomis, 26th. G. Cogswell, 28th, subs. emirted. P. Paint, Jun., 2nd, 1 sul omitted. W. J Gates, 5th, 1 sub. Rev. L. B Gates, 3rd, 1 sub. 10s. John Bradshaw, 50 12s. 6d. X. Z. Chipman, Esq., 2nd, £5 10s, 2 subs .-- Also \$4 from Isaac Lloyd for Home Mis sionary Society, paid Treasurer. " E," £3 pays to Sept. 30th, 1863. G. V. Rand, 6th, £10,1 The Halifax Chronicle of Saturday last subs. Willoughby Sabean, 26th. 20s. Charles A. S. Higgins, 3rd, 20s. T. P. Calkin, 7th, 10s. C. A. D. Snow, 7th, 5s. Capt. D. F. Curry, 6th Rev. W. Dobson, 2nd, 10s, 2 subs. J. Gammon 4th, 10s. E. McLatchey, Esq., 8th, 25s. Abraham Newcombe, 3rd, 1 sub. Geo. E Crosscop, 5th, 1s. 3d. Rev. Chas. Randall, 7th, £3. A McDonnell, 7th.-Much ob'iged. N. T. Harris 8th. Philip Hil z, 9th. J. F. Nash, 29th. J Cutten, 8th. Jas. B. McNutt, 7tl, 20s. Rev. J. C. Morse, 6th, 25s. Rev. Jas. S evens, 8th, 23s. 9d. S. Harlow, 8th. J. Jennex, 6th.

General Intelligence.

DOMESTIC.

His Excellency Earl Mulgrave entertained His Worship the Mayor and the City Council to a dinner party on Tuesday last.

The Government have offered a reward of \$200 for the apprehension of the persons guilly of setting fire to Mr. J. Stanford's barn, or Saturday, 3rd inst.

A second instalment from Nova Scotia, of £1,000 sterling, toward the Bri ish Operatives' Relief Fund, was forwarded by the Europa

DR. TUPPER was unanimously elected President of the Medical Society of Nova Scotts at the annual meeting, held on Tuesday last Dr. J. C. Hume, 1st Vice President; Dr. Muit, ot Truro, 2nd Vice President.

AMHERST.—We regret to hear that the versel having on board the new organ, from Boston we believe, for the Baptist Church at Amhersh was recently wrecked on the coast of Maine It was, however, pretty well covered by insur ance, and the manufacturer will make another in no way inferior to the one lost. This AD other unavoidable hindrances will cause tom Worship.