

Pastor did not preach as faithfully, and profitably, the truth as it is in Jesus, as his predecessor; and let me say to "Presbyter" that he has done no good service to that predecessor, by reviving an episode in the history of that congregation, better buried in oblivion; and on the remains of which he ought to have sprinkled healing, instead of bitter waters. If "Presbyter" wished to ascertain facts, he ought to have gone not to "others"—at least suspicious testimony—but the managers of the congregation—and to the members of the Presbytery under whose care the congregation was at the time referred to, and to the Records of Presbytery. Had he done so the ink that traced his one-sided statement had dried on his pen. Ere he again undertakes to arraign the procedure of a Congregation or the action of a Presbytery of a sister church, in matters affecting their own private relations and interests, delicacy if not justice, requires the *audi alteram partem* the other side, so essential to justice, and such a powerful preventive of ill reports against neighbours. I question if the late incumbent will thank "Presbyter" for his labors.

"Presbyter" uses the exceedingly unguarded, and offensive, expression "the curse of voluntarism." On this point I will join issue with him, in the Colonies, or in Britain—on the principle or the practice, with one proviso, that, if voluntarism be a curse, he, at once and manfully refuse to take of the "accursed thing." If cursed, it must be by God, for this is God's Sovereign prerogative, and to live on what "Presbyter" declares God has denounced, and in the avowed belief of its "accursed" character is strange indeed. "Accursed!" were the Ereskines and the church they founded—Is the system of Nonconformists of England accursed? If so then may copious showers of such, so called, curses water the earth and it will soon become as a well-watered garden, a field which the Lord hath blessed.

It is well to look carefully at opinions, and weigh expressions, when dealing with revealed truth and order. Our Lord directed his disciples to assist thus, while enjoining on the people the duty of contributing to ministerial support and gave direction, based on the same principles, for the future organization of the church. "The curse of voluntarism" looks strange beside our Savior's teaching and practice, neither He nor his Apostles ever authorized ministers by the power of law, to put their hands into the people's pockets.

Because the matter and tone of the letter of "Presbyter" have given just and extensive offence, I ask the privilege to make it the subject of animadversion, hoping that the members of sister churches will not officiously interfere beyond their measure, and will, when called to interfere, go to head quarters for reliable information, and not to "outsiders."

A PRESBYTER.

For the Christian Messenger.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

MRS. HARRIET DEWOLF.

A short time ago appeared in the *Christian Messenger* a notice of the death of sister Harriet DeWolf. Since then more accurate statistics have been furnished to me, and you will oblige, by allowing me to rectify the statements then made. Sister DeWolf was cradled in the early periods of our denomination in this part of the province, having been born in Horton A. D. 1795. In 1821 she was married to Mr. Colin DeWolf, and removed to Pictou, where her husband was buried in A. D. 1828. About two years afterwards she returned with her four children to Horton. During the rest of her life she was a widow indeed. She assiduously trained her children in the fear of God. One proof of this is the fact—that as they grow up they reciprocated her care for them. In an affectionate memorial drawn up by one of her children, and which now lies before me, it is stated "the eldest being a boy of nearly seven years of age was soon able to assist in supplying the wants of his mother. This he ever kept in view, and labored to relieve the necessities of the family, though far away upon the sea, and in foreign lands. His timely aid always came to her assistance." A good example surely for all boys left in similar circumstances. An encouragement too for all widowed mothers to train up their children for God. Could this meet the eye of that son now on a distant shore he might claim the promise: "Honour thy father and mother that thy days may be long in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee." Though sister DeWolf was the subject of early religious impressions. She was not baptized till July 1st 1832, when she joined the first Baptist church in Horton. Of that church she remained a consistent member, till January 15th, 1862, she united with the Fifth Baptist church in Cornwallis on its original formation. Truly she was a mother in Israel. For many years she lived near the College in Wolfville, and her home was always an asylum for the student, who, away from home, needed the kind soothing words

and the ministering-hand of a mother. Her residence in Canning was a continued illustration of "the beauty of holiness." She died at the house of her son Colin May 7th 1864. The event was improved from those words: "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his."

Yours &c. D. FREEMAN.

Canning, July 21, 1864.

American and Foreign News.

LATEST FROM THE STATES.

[From Telegrams to morning and evening papers.]

WEDNESDAY, July 13.—There has been no telegraphic communication between Baltimore and Washington since yesterday morning. In the meantime the wildest rumors continue afloat, one that Washington is captured, finds very few believers.

Baltimore advices to ye terday, p. m. report great panic in that city, but no rebels within six miles.

Governors of Maryland, Pennsylvania and New York, have issued calls for troops to proceed to Washington.

Steamers are constantly leaving with troops and materials for the Potomac.

Seven fast gunboats have started in pursuit of Florida.

The Electric Spark will be used as a rebel privateer. Gold 272.

Evening.—The reported capture of Annapolis untrue, and nearly all sensation: 1 rumors the same.

Very difficult to arrive at any facts whatever. The rebels have been driven out of Frederick City; leaving over four hundred wounded in the hospitals. Hunter captured one thousand of them at Martinsburg.

The 19th army corps from New Orleans are at Washington, and with troops previously there, the city is considered entirely safe. Gold 270

THURSDAY July 14.—Telegraph communication is re-established with Washington.

Rebels made sharp attack on northern defences Tuesday afternoon, but were repulsed, leaving their dead and one hundred wounded behind. Federal killed and wounded about two hundred. The Rebels were rapidly retreating, a large body having recrossed the Potomac opposite Poolesville, driving with them a thousand head of cattle.

Rebels have entirely disappeared from the vicinity of Baltimore.

Major Gen. Franklin made his escape from the enemy, and has arrived at Baltimore.

Grant continues the siege of Petersburg unintermittedly—has not weakened his force. Gold 267.

Evening.—Trains running regularly between Baltimore and Washington, and travel between Philadelphia will soon be resumed.

Our forces besieging Charleston have lately had some hot work, in which they captured a rebel battery off James' Island.

FRIDAY, July 15.—Reported Sheridan with heavy cavalry force is on the heels of Confederate raiders, who, with plunder, are making tracks for Lee's army; some 400 have been captured.

Several buildings have been burned in the vicinity of Washington during the attack on Tuesday.

Federal forces entered Jackson, Mississippi, on the 16th, and destroyed railroad between Jackson and Canton.

Evening.—The rebel force in late raid into Maryland and attack on Washington, numbered 35,000 men and 34 guns. Intercepted correspondence says the intention was to take Washington by surprise; but it appears Gen. Halleck had been previously informed of their intentions.

It is reported that Lee was moving a portion of his army to attack Grant's rear.

The Weldon railroad cut by Gen. Wilson in his late raid, has been repaired by the rebels.

SATURDAY, July 16.—Governor Coney, of Maine, telegraphs to the President, to send two gunboats immediately to Castine and Eastport, as there is a raid anticipated from New Brunswick on the frontier. The President, it is understood, promptly replied, and telegraphed to New York to have the vessels despatched immediately.

Property valued at three quarters of a million of dollars was destroyed by a fire last night, near South Ferry, Brooklyn. It consisted of coffee, sugar, and molasses, wool and guano, including two vessels.

Six steamboats were burned at St. Louis yesterday; loss, half a million of dollars.

Evening. By collision of trains on the Erie Railroad, Pennsylvania, yesterday, one hundred rebel prisoners were killed and wounded.

It is estimated that the rebels carried off from Maryland ten thousand cattle and horses, with a vast number of sheep, swine, &c.

Damage to railroad between Philadelphia and Washington is not yet repaired.

Many arrests have been made in Washington and vicinity of persons who gave aid to the rebels during their short stay near the capital.

MONDAY, Evening.—Richmond papers of the 13th are dependent over late news from Sherman. They confess the probability that Atlanta will soon be captured.

A Confederate raid into Kentucky is causing much excitement in that State. The invaders are estimated at ten thousand strong.

The Maryland invaders appear to have escaped with their immense plunder. They lost eleven hundred men this side the Potomac.

Confederate papers are joyful over accounts of the late invasion of Maryland and the alarm in Washington.

President Lincoln has called for five hundred thousand (500,000) more men.

LATER—Reports just received say military men discredit raid in Kentucky.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

European news to the 6th was received at New York on Monday 18th Inst., by the steamship "America." The following items indicate that political affairs are in a very unsettled state.

Disraeli moved want of confidence resolution in House of Commons on the 4th.

Mr. Gladstone denied that England's influence had been lowered.

Mr. Newdegate moved an amendment, declaring the independence of Denmark ought to be guaranteed.

Kinglake's amendment, that England's policy was for peace, was also offered.

On the 5th Mr. Cobden spoke at great length, and after debate the Commons adjourned.

On the 8th Lord Malmesbury would move a similar resolution in the House of Lords.

The Danes had re-established blockade of Dantzic and Pillas.

Reports of disturbances in Spain officially denied.

Chang-Choo-Foo, China, has been captured by Major Gordon.

GERMANY AND DENMARK.

The *Dagblad* of Copenhagen has an article, in which it calls upon the Danish Government to abandon all hope in any of the great powers, and if hostilities should be renewed to invite to its assistance the revolutionary element in Europe. It refers to Garibaldi's offer to lend his sword to the Danish cause, and recommends the Government of Denmark to accept it, and to raise a foreign legion under the auspices of the Italian hero.

CIRCASSIA.

A letter from Constantinople further describes the condition of the Circassian refugees. All that has been said at our these unfortunate people seems to be strictly true. Their wretchedness is pitiable. A part of the shore of the Black Sea, as the writer says, is literally covered with dense masses of ragged men, women, and children, many of whom are dying, and all are wasted with hunger. The Turkish Government is exerting itself energetically on behalf of these unfortunates. From England the Circassian committee have sent a donation of 1,000l.

Marriages.

On the 5th Inst., by the Rev. J. C. Cochran, Mr. Thomas Smart, to Miss Rebecca Carter.

On Saturday 9th Inst., by the same, Mr. Arthur Star, to Miss Charlotte Sneling.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. John S. Addy, John W. Housman, to Amy, second daughter of John M. Taylor.

At the First Baptist Church, Montreal, on the 29th ult., by the Rev. John Alexander, Enoch T. Dimock, N. S., to Mary C., daughter of the late W. H. S. Neal, of Halifax, N. S.

At St. Nicholas's Church, Liverpool, G. B., on the 3d of May, William Compton Hume, Esq., C. E., to Jane Caldwell, second daughter of Peter Boag, Esq. of Greenock, Scotland.

At the Baptist Parsonage, Canning, June 9th, 1864, by the Rev. D. Freeman, Mr. Stephen Zebina Harris, of Sheffield Mills, to Miss Louisa Hicks, of Poreaux.

By the same, at the house of Mr. Thomas B. C. Allen July 6th, 1864, Mr. William F. Rand, of Upper Dyke Village, to Miss Margaret Card, of Poreaux.

At Avonport, Horton, June 16th, by the Rev. S. W. DeBos Mr. John J. Armstrong, to Eunice L. daughter of Edward Cox, Esq., of Horton.

At Puro, 14th Inst. by the Rev. D. W. C. Dimock, James Rodgers, Esq., of Hopewell, N. B., to Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel Eaton, Esq., of former place.

Deaths.

At Artillery Place, on the 16th Inst., Emma Mary, eldest daughter of William Pitts, Esq.

On the 14th Inst., Mr. George W. Bates, in the 68th year of his age.

On the 13th Inst., in the 59th year of her age, Mrs. Ann Mullins.

On the 11th Inst., Mrs. Alice Kent, aged 78 years.

On the 8th Inst., Alexander Back, in the 40th year of his age.

On the 9th Inst., Mrs. Jane Coburn, aged 78 years.

On the 9th Inst., Matilda, the beloved wife of Frederick Schwere, and daughter of the late John Kiser, of Lunenburg. On the 10th Matilda, daughter of Frederick Schwere, aged 2 months.

On the 11th July, John Roland, only son of Roland and Eliza Eustace, aged 12 years.

On the 10th Inst., Anastasia Lahey, in the 29th year of her age.

On Friday morning, Mrs. Mary Muhlrig, in the 80th year of her age.

At Mount Hope, Dartmouth, on the 10th Inst., Daniel Etter, senior, of Mount Unalake, Windsor Road, in the 78th year of his age, trusting to the merits of his Saviour.

At the Poor's Asylum, on 12th July, Michael Minnie, aged 25 years; Johanna Conway, aged 72 years.

At Musquodohut Harbor, on the 1st Inst., in the 17th year of his age, Thomas G. Watson, second son of Mr. Thomas Stevens.

Suddenly, at Lockhartville, Hants, July 9th, Captain Andrew Lockhart, in the 45th year of his age.

At Turo, 21st ult., Mrs. Nancy Weatherby, aged 61 years. A subject of severe bodily sufferings, but with a confident trust in the Redeemer, she patiently endured, until released from the worldly toll, to join the heavenly rest.

In Canning, June 10th, Elmira Winton, daughter of Elijah and Debie Carr, aged 13 months.

On Woodworth Mountain, June 28th, Major Holmes, son of Simon and Harriet Wood, aged 8 years.

At Wolfville, of Consumption, on the 12th in Richard, son of the late George Perry, of Kentville in the 24th year of his age.

At Wolfville, on the 13th Inst., Annie Chalm daughter of Geo. V. and Annie J. Rand, aged months.

P. K.

The call for Perry Davis' Pain Killer, is increasing so very rapidly that I fear I shall be unable to keep pace with it. My object in writing now is to let that on receipt of this you will kindly "respat" another shipment, as ordered in my letter of June last.

J. L. CARRAU, Calcutta, E. I.

Mr. Perry Davis—Sir: I have used, in my family your medicine called "Pain Killer," for many purposes, and have found it a very useful and valuable article. I therefore very cheerfully recommend it to the public regards.

Rev. HENRY CLARK.

Sometime in December last, my children were taken down with scarlet fever, or cancer rash—only medicine was D. vis' Pain Killer and Castor Oil, the Pain Killer operating to a charm in cutting the cancer, and throwing out the rash, so that in about five weeks my family were entirely recovered.

CORNELIUS G. VANDENBURG, Saratoga Springs.

Having used Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer in my family during the winter past, I would urge its general use for the purposes for which the inventor has recommended it. I think it invaluable, and would not like to be deprived of its advantages.

E. G. POMEROY, St. Louis.

Sold by Avery Brown & Co., and Brown, Brother & Co.

High Approval.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN lately received a letter from a lady, stating that at the suggestion of numerous friends she purchased a bottle of Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer and Zylolabatum, or Hair Dressing, and after using a few times, her hair, which was quite grey, was restored to its youthful color, and new hair was fast appearing. No lady's toilet is complete without these preparations. Every Druggist sells them.

Don't Fail to Procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children's teething. It has been used for 30 years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers for their children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Offices, No. 43 Dry Street, New York, and No. 265 High Holborn, London, Eng. and.

T. GRAHAM & Co., Chemists & Druggists.

Carlton, St. John, N. B.

Shipping List.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

Arrived.

Tuesday, 12th.—R. M. steamer Alpha, Hunter, St. Thomas via Bermuda, 34 days—S. Cunard & Co.; brig Boston, McGregor, Boston 45 hours—Lawson, Harrington & Co. and others.

Wednesday, 13th.—Steamer Commerce, Suow, Charlottetown—James F. Phelan and others.

Thursday, 14th.—Brig Chelburne, Jenkins, New York 4 days—John E. Cummins; schrs. C. D. Horton, McKean, Demerara 26 days—G. C. Harvey; Muno A No 4, Harding, Ragged Islands—J. D. Cummins; Mary Ann, Henry, Newfoundland 5 ds.—B. Wier & Co.; Ocean Bride, Walsh, Labrador—do; Emily, Gay, Margaree—S. F. Bates; Mary, White, do—do.

Friday, 15th.—Brig Mediator, Demerara—B. Wier & Co.; brig Sophia, Cochran, Inagua—R. J. & W. Hart; schrs. Spray, McPherson, Boston—J. D. Cummings; Victory, Cameron, Fleet Harbor—W. Chisholm.

Saturday, 16th.—R. M. steamer Delt, Gulford, Newfoundland and Sydney 3 days—S. Cunard and Co.; barque Glenariff, Hooks, Cadiz 25 days—Young & Hart; schrs. Maria, Murdoch, St. Mary's—Jas. Inabcock; Marcelina, Bathurst.

Cleared.

Monday, 11th.—Brig Albion, Montgomery, Rieff-bueto; schrs. Janet, Newell, B. W. Indies; Sultan, Siteman, Glace Bay; Framing Billow, Glasgow, Newfoundland; Defiance, Muggah, Sydney; Pictou Packet, Maranda, Petit de Grace; Delonair, London, Canada; West Point, Watson, Bay Chaleur.

Tuesday, 12th.—Ship Indian Queen, Jack, Bic, Canada; brig Zephyr, Hungary, St. John, N. B.; brig Avarado, Crowell, Sydney; schrs. Mulgrave, Baser, Yarmouth; Robin, Boudrot, Arichat; Wild Wave, H. m. on Live pool, N. S.

Wednesday, 13th.—R. M. steamer Alpha, Hunter, Sydney; Commerce, Snow, Boston; bark Halifax, O'Brien, do; schrs. Brothers, Sw. I. B. W. Indies; Sophia, D. J. G., Antigonish; Rival, Dunlap, Liverpool, N. S.; Irma, Miller, Lingan Village Queen, Banks, Glace Bay; Echo, Smith, Barrington.

Thursday, 14th.—Brig Chelburne, Jackson, Shediac; brig Ghantleifer, Matson, Porto Rico; brig Banks, Banks, B. W. Indies; Clementine, (Portuguese), Santos, Quebec; Express, Howard, Trinidad; schrs. Geo. McKean, Ritey, Porto Rico; Barrington, Hopkins, Barrington; Ocean Belle, Blackburn, River Bourgeois; Deux Anguses, Tobin, Isaac's Harbor.

Friday, 15th.—Bark Estelle, Sydney; brig Hannah, C. Horton, B. W. Indies; Ellen C. Brown, Katope; schrs. Sabine, Holmes, Pictou; Venus, Gage, schr. Pond; Perseverance, Sydney.

Saturday, 16th.—Brigs Lathia, McDonald, Porto Rico; Boston, McGregor, Boston.

Memoranda.

Boston, July 8th.—Arr. schrs. Emerald, Frenell, Lingan; John Bul, do; Hanson, Cornwallis; Quickstep, do; Topsy, Annapolis; Mariner, Weymouth. Schrs.—Misses Black, Margatville; Abers, Bear River; Laura, Clements-Port; Chama, Clare; C. H. Dyer, Cheverie. 15th.—Elsinore, Digby; Conquest, Ayiesford; Monitor, Yarmouth; brig American, Halifax.

New York, July 8th.—Arr. Lord of the Isles, Cow Bay; Quickstep, Lingan; Advance, do.