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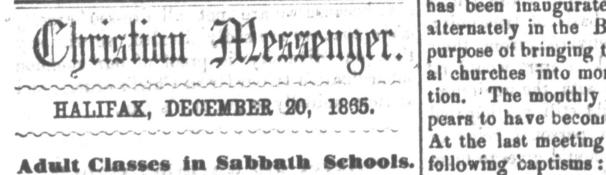
the upright course he has, just to please him- Association of Baptist Ministers, holding self? I believe he has pursued it because evangelical sentiments, and the churches under their care." he knew it was right,"

wanting-love to God-and that rendere I all of the same. Besides the ordinary objects of his good deeds detective. His acts of honesty such Associations, it is intended to take acand kindoess were not sins in the sense that tive progressive measures. The following dishonesty and cruelty are sins. He meant are the expressed objects : to say, that inasmuch as he had not acted

were not right as performed by him, that is, in connection with the Baptist denomination in Subordinate Divisions with a membership of were not perfectly right-were defective, and every moral act that is detective is so far bers ;- the erection of at least one chapel in sintul."

something in it, but I think he carried it too from time to time be deemed conducive to the far."

"God requires us to be perfectly holy. We cannot be perfectly holy without acting from perfectly holy motives. You now see how Christians look upon their lives. They see that they come short in all things, and hence feel their need of mercy every moment. The clearer men's views of duty are, the deeper is the sense of unworthiness. Hence Paul spoke of himself as less than the least of all saints. The confessions of Christians are not to be set down to exaggeration, but to clearer views of truth and duty."



The Sabbath School institution presents a Braintree, 17; Sheldonville, 1; Lexington 1; wide field of usefulness for christians of all South End Baldwin Place, 3; Harvard Street, ages and classes. Its capabilities of meeting 2; Old Cambridge, 4; Broadway Cambridge, the wants of adults, have not yet been fully 6; First Charlestown, 3; Bunker Hill, 1." developed. In addition to which we learn from the The following communication to one of our Watchman & Reflector that a Rev. Robert exchanges is a specimen of an approximation Caldwell, from Leavenworth, Kansas, was introduced by Rev. Dr. Warren. "He addressed the brothren in a forcible and pic-" Some Sabbath schools are composed almost turesque speech of half an hour, unfolding a entirely of children, and the older members of volume of Baptist history which, if drawn the church seem to take no interest in Bible out in detail, would read like a romance and study. It is difficult to gather or sustain adult stimulate like a battle hymn, He was classes, for want of a good example on the part listened to with breathless interest. Bro. of influential Christians. Caldwell is a mu'atto of about forty-five No such difficulty exists in the school conyears, an ordained Baptist minister, and a nected with my own church, and nearly one-half its members are found in adult classes. One man of great business ability and strong reof those classes is worthy of special mention : ligious faith. He is pastor of a church num-I have never seen one quite like it elsewhere. bering 396, begun by him about ten years

"So do I. Still there was an element It is proposed to hold Quarterly meetings

London and its suburbs ;- the promotion of Christian union amongst their officers and memeach year in the metropolis or its suburbs ;---"I see what you mean. There may be and the adoption of such measures, as shall prosperity and consolidation of the Associated Churches."

> Under the influence of such men as Messre. Brock, Landels and Spurgeon, we doubt not the movement will be highly successful.

Revival Intelligence.

It is gratifying to find in our U.S. ex. changes signs ct religious revival and progress. There have been of late pleasing accounts of religious services of a more than usually interesting character. A movement alternately in the Baptist churches for the purpose of bringing the members of the several churches into more harmonious co-operation. The monthly Ministers' Conference appears to have become increasingly interesting. At the last meeting there were reported the

"From Union Temple church, 1; South

" Do you suppose Mr. Orton has pursued ent, and it was resolved to form "The London been taken to present the subject in a condensed an order of men who, by their habits and adform. At the same time, it is hoped that noth- dictedness to a selfish and therefore mistaken ing important has been omitted."

> We doubt not it will be very useful to many of the members of our churches.

THE JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS OF THE GRAND DIVISION OF NOVA SCOTIA for the Annual Session held in Halifax is received. It " The co-operation of the Associated Church- gives full statistical information of the "Sons" trom love to God, actions in themselves right es in efforts to advance the kingdom of Christ and the progress made. There are now 131 had been fifteen new Divisions instituted.

> During the past three weeks we underst ind that two or three other divisions have been organized in Halitax County.

BELCHER'S ALMANAC FOR 1866 has made its appearance in due time, and is, as usual, full of what everybody from time to time, wants These men are elected by a constituency of two to know. Its information is reliable. Its thousand five hundred voters, being one in 176 weather predictions too may be found cor- of the whole inhabitants, and not more than one rect, if not interpretted too closely ! Of course in the middle of February you have to "Look out for a snow storm," and in the middle of June it is quite safe to say " Getting much warmer." Mr. Belcher knows as much about what weather we shall have in 1866 as most other poeple do. As people generally like to look into the future has been inaugurated in Boston of meetings he gives these predictions by way of indulging them in this particular ; like the conjuror contrives to please his observers with his clever tricks. The advice given to farmers for each month of the year is very good, and worth more than the price of the whole Almanac.

> The Provincial Almanack for 1865 is also the amount of useful information it contains. It is also embellished with weather predictions, they are composed, there was the double con-

December 20, 1865;

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view of their own interests, were obviously unfitted for the trust. They had no just sense of responsibilities attaching to a public care; and, having to administer the island after a social revolution to which, under its moral aspects, they were atterly opposed, they were nearly certain to do precisely the things which they ought not to do, and to leave altogether undone the things which they ought to do.

The legislation and taxation of the island have been in the hands of men hardly superior to a parish vestry, either in the 'calibre of its 5842. Since the last Annual meeting there component minds or in the number of its members,-men of two classes chiefly, the heartless middlemen whom slavery at its death bequeathed to the island, as a curse rather than a legacy ; and mulattoes, some of them, no doubt, virtuous. persons, but, as a race, leaning in sympathy towards their profligate paternity, and having little except the shade of their complexion in common with the generation of their mothers. in 5.6 of the whites themselves. Under these selfish or incompetent law-makers, the island has drifted into peril of utter wreck. That diminution of sexual vice, and that increase of early marrages, which under other circumstances, should have proved a fountain of social. blessing, have, by perverse rule, become an aggravation of political mischief. For the more hands there has been the less work, and, through the deficiency of capital, a failing wages fund. To make matters as much worse as possible, the Assembly have spent hall a million of money on the importation of coolies to take the last slice. of bread out of the negroes' mouths. As the means could only be raised by general taxation upon an island under general impoverishment. the final pressure of the burden fell upon that part of the population least able to bear it. The heavy import duty on made up articles of out, and is fully equal to its predecessors in dress, for example, being no heavier, however, than that laid upon the mere materials of which equence of dearness of clothing and decreased occupation for island industry : that is to say, the negroes were at one stroke deprived of the opportunity of earning a trifle by making garments for the whites, and garments of the meanest sort were made too dear for them to continue to clothe themselves. As though the return to bare backs had suggested to the parliamentary mind a return to the cowhide and cat-o'-nme-tails, and that mind had discerned an incompleteness of misery in hunger and nakedness uncrowned by the deprivation of a home. the Assembly passed the Whipping Act and the Law of Eviction. The simple meaning of statutory enactments such as there is, that, as want of work and want of wages beget larceny, the wise and humane legislators will punish it with flogging, and, more wisely still, prevent it from degenerating into burglary and incendiarism by turning the poor creatures loose upon the roads # How admirably adapted the M. R.'s of Jamaica are to teach honour and honesty by any means, may be judged from the conduct, character, and personal position of not a few among themselves. A Member for St. Andrew's has been convicted of theft and forgery, and has been an inmate of the penitentiary. Another, when Master in Chancery, embezzled the money of the saitors. A third absconded deeply in debt; widows and orphans, with whose all hewas entrusted, being his principal creditors. A fourth was detected in defrauding the revenue; and a fifth, of the same kindney, put into his own pocket money voted for repairing the roads of the parish which he represented. Others are placemen : among these, the printer to the House, the Government stationer, the Superintendent of Prisons, the Receiver-General, a Government contractor, an official assignee, two road-inspectors, four clerks of the peace, and so on. To those who receive no salaries or profits under Government, the privilege from arrest attaching to a representative is of essential value in this beautiful model of a colonial Parliament. With the reins in such hands, what was to be expected but a disastrous overthrow ? As are the law-makers, so are its ministers ; at least, in those local courts to which the negreater care the liberties which have been gros appeal is restricted. The prisons are full, most of the inmates having been condemned for larceny, and others for common assault. in which case the magistrate is empowered to commit to the felon's jail, where the unfortunate creatures are damaged for life; while the work of the crowded penitentiary inflicts a new instances, of the scanty pittance really earned.

of rendering it useful to all, such as we do not often find :

It numbers eight members, and the youngest is nearly seventy years of age, while the oldest is eighty-four. The teacher is eighty-one, and has been a deacon in the church over half a century. The average age of the class must be considerably above seventy, but it is probably the most regular class in the entire school. The seats are generally full, and it is a pleasant sight to look on that company of gray-baired men, eagerly engaged in the study of God's word. Every eye is intent, every face lighted with enthusiasm, and one sees at a glance that their whole souls are engaged in the work before them. Two or three of them are protoundly acquainted with the Scriptures, and tew ministers can explain so well its higher doctrines, or quote so readily its promises and comforting truths.

With such an example before the youngo in the school. They pass naturally into the been as follows: abult Bible classes, for there are classes fo young men, for married men, and for old men' as well as for young ladies, and married ladies, and old ladies.

These aged veterans find the hour spent in the Sunday school one of the pleasantest and most profitable of the week, and their instructive discussions of great Bible truths furnish food for thought in the days that follow. It would be well for every Sunday school, if such a class could give it dignity and social power."

A most important feature of Sabbath School work too, is that of instructing adults The press of Great Britain appears now to to read. In almost every locality may be be fully awakened to the true state of mat- grievance on those not under sentence by defound those who have had but few opportuniters in Jamaica. Our contemporaries in preciating the value of houest industry. The ties in early life; and are able to read but New Publications. Halifax have lately manifested a more just prevalent complaint among those who work for imperfectly, and who might be much benefittestimate of the conduct of the governing wages is, that they are defrauded, in many ed by heing gathered together for an hour-A CATECHISM OF CHRISTIAN BAPTISM. classes, and the position of the governed, than By J. M. CRAMP, D. D. once a week-for Bible instruction. We The hire of the labourers who have reaped down at the commencement of the outbreak. The the fields, is of the owners kept back by traud. commend this matter to our readers as well "We are buried with him by baptism into death." last one of our townsmen to denounce eman- The cries of those which have reaped, we know, worthy their serious attention inseries and and -Paul cipation, actually, a few mornings since, in- are entered into the cars of the LORD of SABA-"Buried with him," - alluding to the ancient manner of baptizing by immersion."-John Wesley. serted a letter from one of the Baptist mis-sionaries, those whom two or three days pre-viously, he termed "creatures who styled themselves ministers of the Gospel." We they Lassessition from I in "Do we not know that solemn word, That we are buried with the i ord; Baptized into his death; and then Put off the body of our sin" ?--Dr. Watts. The Baptist Body in London. THE Baptist Churches in the city and sub-urbs of London have for many years past The above is the title page of this pamphbeen without any regular co-operation in the let, just published at the "Christian Messenway of an Association. Although united in ger " office, Halitax. many good works, and recognizing each othr The following is its very brief preface, and is entirely out of joint. Between white and of the defending employer. A striking, though black the division of interests is complete ; and, a lurid light is thrown upon this part of the on fitting opportunities, yet the obstacles of will shew the character and design of the city life have interposed barriers against a as the former have gone on wholly disregarding subject by the fames which consumed the the latter, it is not wonderful that the patience court-house of St. Themas's." work, perhaps better than anything we might say respecting it !--formal combination such as exists in all other parts of England. Efforts have, however, been " This Catechism has been prepared for the of the latter should have given way. If oppres- The Reglish mail arrived on Monday morn-"This Catechism has been prepared for the meeting of pastors and church officers was addid on the 10th of last month in the Metro-politan Tabernacle with this object in view. Representatives of eighty churches were pres-and precised in our Denbuination. Care has

ago with seven members." Prayer Meetings are held daily at the Tremont Temple Young Men's Christian Association Rooms, from 5 to 6 o'clock in the atternoon, especially for a revival of religion in the city of Boston.

In addition to the above we gather the following from the Philadelphia National Baptist :

PENNSYLVANIA - An interesting revival is now in progress in the church at Pittston, Luzerne county, Rev. J. R. Shannalelt pastor .--About fifteen, mostly from the Sunday school, have asked the prayers of God's people. Seve ral have professed conversion, and the work is only rightly commencing.

So far as we have been able to learn, the adthere is little danger of boys just growing int_n ditions by baptism to the churches in Philadelmanhood thinking they are two old to remain phia and vicinity, within the last month, have

Marmers' Church.	
North Camden Chi	urch, (N J.)
North	4 () 6 - ba - dala si - Velevi - . 2
Chestnut Hill	an and a constant of the second
Spring Garden	**************
Cumberland St	
Fifth	46 ·················
Tenth	**
Broad St.	44
Maneyunk	14 ST. CANADADADADADADA
Berean	**
Union, (Col'd.)	
Taberpacle	" (Camden)
()ak St. (Col'd.)	46
Fourth	46
First West Phila	34: 1 1 10 1 M 2 H 1 H
Balligomingo	44.5

This department was omitted for 1869, it not a retrograde movement to take it up again? or, Do the compilers believe that the people like to be gulled?

WE have received No. 10 of Murdock's History. It contains several matters of great interest in the settlement of Halifax and Dartmouth. The trouble with the Indians and their massacres of the people kept the people in continual dread at the date of which this number treats.

The LECTURE on "The Elizabethian Age," by J. Y. Payzant, Esq., was listened to by a large audience in Temperance Hall on Tuesday last. The host of illustrions literary men of those times, beginning with Spenser, the author of the "Faerie Queen," who died in 1599, and coming down to the days of Milton, who died in 1674, were brought graphically under review.

The remarkable advances made in English literature during that period, as compared with any preceding times, and, in many respects, far greater than during any subsequent similar period, was traced in a great measure to the character of Queen Elizabeth and her government. By the writings of this age England's glory was established, and has continned to advance more or less rapidly to the present day.

The same lecture was delivered on Friday evening last before the Acadia Atheneum, at Wolfville, and was listened to with deep interest.

We are glad to see that historical subjects are being more chosen for popular lectures. A more intimate acquaintance with the past history of Britain cannot but enhance our appreciation of the institutions under which we live, and induce us to guard with secured to us by generations of conflict and the expenditure of vast amounts of treasure and buman life.