it is the wind and a fact the result in the result in the result is the result in the result in the result in the result is the result in the result in the result in the result in the result is the result in the

For the Christian Messenger.

AUTOBIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH, By REV. CHARLES TUPPER, D. D.

CHAPTER IV.

ONDAY, Jan. 9 .- The blockede LABORS AS A LICENTIATE.

(No. 8.)

Having been detained at Eastport some days through contrary wirds, and the want of wind, on the 21st of September I reached still prevailing among the people's anial and

mentable scene. Calling at a house where an the congregation, that he was afraid be had sin- of it, have any foundation in truth? If, indeed, aged man, possessing wealth, had just died. I ned so long that there was now no mercy for it had been commanded by Christ, or practised perceived a scrambling for his papers before his him. He expressed special alarm at the thought by his apostles, the precept, the precedent would body was laid out for interment. It appeared of having made sport and derision of religion, surely have been brought to light long ere this, that he had been so reluctant to think his disso. On this four of his sisters, of whom one or two by some one of its countless, zealous, and learnlution was near, that he could not be induced to had previously appeared concerned, and the ed advocates. But that precept, that precedent have his Will written till just before his death their absence I a prevalent and pernicious error and then he conceal their emotions, now openly avowed have a right to insist upon my present challenge. was unable to sign it. While I remained there | their earnest desire for salvation. Another wo- Can an ordinance be from heaven which is not the eldest son of the deceased came in. One of man expressed deep concern for the deliverance only without precept or precedent in the New his children had died about three hours before. of her soul from deserved wrath; and clearly Testament, but which is also productive of the In the midst of these solema visitations be was evinced it by walking about twelve miles in deep and wide-spread evils with which it stands so much intoxicated that it was with difficulty stormy weather, and through bad roads, in charged in my indictments? he could walk! Such was the man who was order to hear the gospel of Christ. It was a about to come into the possession of a double season of deep selemnity, and earnest supplied Let none be angry with me on account of portion of a large estate. Evidently this wealth cation. was adapted only to accelerate his progress to I labored diligently in public and in private, indeed, I have a right to urge, that we Baptists

conjunction with Elder Manning, I visited the for the everlasting good of my perishing fellowpeople in Aylesford. Here too death had been making his ravages. Among those removed were a most estimable sister, Mrs. Nathan Randall, and a pious pupil termerly in my school, Miss Maria Randall. In the midst of these impressive calls, however, the state of religion appeared low; which caused me to mourn. It was likewise painful to me, while travelling in Annapolis County, to perceive that spiritual darkness seemed to be generally prevalent there.

As Brother Thomas Anslie was absent, attending Associations in the State of Maine, I agreed to preach to his people in Upper Gran ville (now Bridgetown) on Lord's day, Oct. 13th. Quite unexpectedly he returned home in time to attend my meeting. Bro. Anslie was a faithful, zealous, and successful Preacher, and highly esteemed by me. He was accustomed. however, to speak directly of the doctrine of men?, What is the fair presumption from the whatever else he may win, gains but empty Divine Sovereignty more frequently and more premises above supplied? The Gospel dispendichaft. Let them contend fairly too; not with pointedly than I did. My text in the morning pensation, as heretofore exhibited, is surely from the weapons of abuse, but of argument. And was Eph. v. 8. "For ye were sometimes dark- heaven. On this point man, are largely agreed above all, let them gather their arguments from ness; but now are ye light in the Lord; walk as with us who are opposed to us on the matter of the only legitimate source. It is, I must insist, children of light." At the close of my discourse baptism. The question here is, therefore, Can on New TESTAMENT ground, that this baptism-Brother Anslie arose and remarked, "I have the ordinance of believers' baptism, which coin al controversy must be settled; nor can I be sat with unspeakable delight to hear the preci- cides in so many respects with that dispensation, tempted to discuss it on any other. Incidental ous truth of the gospel-truth that my soul loves be otherwise than from heaven also? If there questions relating to baptism may conduct a distruth that I am not atraid to venture my soul were flagrant disagreement here, or irreconcila- putant beyond the range of the New Testaupon. "Why," said he, "it is the doctrine of ble contrasts, there might be room for hesitation ment 1 but so far as decisive conclusions are conelection." Doubtless this doctrine was implied and doubt. If such there be, let them be point cerned, they can come from none but Christ, in my discourse, as it appeared to me to be in ed out. But if no such disagreement, no such and are to be found only within the compass of many of the congregation seemed much sur- of our distinctive Baptist theories? In the ab- and hence my determination as here stated.

ways which lead to destruction, and to follow men? that one "highway" which conducts with pers on to \$ 4 farther Challenge.

On the 18th day of October I preached at a dure a test like this? I repeat the affirmation, of eternal things.

encouragement. A series against the special series

the drunkard's grave. with encouraging indications that the Divine are "more sinned against than sinning;" and After laboring some time in Cornwallis, in blessing was accompanying my feeble efforts are more frequently put upon our defence than en ut the their term to be a fire becale

> For the Christian Messenger. ler that hone but infantly Wolantoors an

Econoca Correct X 2016 from Savannel

HARMONY BETWEEN THE BAPTISM OF BE-LIEVERS AND THE NEW TESTAMENT DISPENSATION.

the Mishingth . Souther of the Tist vari ome, vist de Policies alliance en

I have endeavoured, in my late papers on the baptismal question, to establish the barmony between the Gospel dispensation, and the baptism an opponent, but for TRUTH; since truth, in reof believers. Now, therefore, I would ask, in ligious concerns above all, is the only prize regard to that baptism, Is it of heaven, or of worth contending for; and he who wins not that, my text; but, as there had not been a word ut- contrasts can be established against it, then tered offensive to those who are averse to it, have we not here strong presumption in favour ment. Such are my deliberate convictions prised at this announcement. Such, however, sence of positive enactment, indeed, such prewas his frank and uncompromising manner. In sumption were of no force. Here is the capital; unison with this circumstance, a Methodist the incurable defect of all Pædobaptist theories, Preacher once blamed me for not preaching this -that they try to reason into the New Testasentiment, recognized by me as true, with more, ment what Christ has not put there. They subplainness; and in the same conversation com- stitute analogies and presumptions for direct and prayers to our reasonings. A great delusion is plained of Mr. Anslie for preaching it so plainly positive enactment. Such enactment, however, abroad on baptismal matters. It is embraced by we Baptists maintain that we have. It is the many a brother in Christ; who is, as we must Designing to return to Chiverie, I made ap constant staple of our argument. And the case needs think, most conscientiously in the wrong. pointments on the way as I travelled westward, being so, I adduce the presumption here put Be it ours to love them, rotwithstanding their and now proceeded to fulfil them. Having forth, not as occupying a leading place in the mistakes; and to shew our lave by our prayers, preached in New Canaan, Horton, I was detain. Baptist argument, but only as auxiliary to that the Lord would open their eyes to see their ed in the early part of the next day till the argument. All that I ask is, that it should have errors, and give them grace frankly to abandon time seemed scarcely sufficient for me to reach the weight to which it is entitled. No more them when discovered! As for the mass of those Falmouth at the hour appointed. "A friend ad than that, but that at least. Let our Gospel who hold to the Piedobaptist error, they hold it vised me to take a by-road that was shorter, rite be put into Gospel balances, and tried by at their peril, associated as it is in their minds Complying with this advice, and mistaking the Gospol tests. If it do not stand those tests; if with the CAPITAL LIE of baptismal regeneration. road recommended, I found myself at night a charge of ritualism, for instance, can be es. Surely it cannot be necessary to urge, that these about ten miles astray. As I ever deemed it tablished against it; if in any way it be found myriads, thus "led captive by Satan at his will," highly important to fulfil all appointments, my to infringe upon the prerogatives of Christ, or failure in this instance caused me much disquie. of his Spirit, let it be rejected. Then it is not tude. Leaving the main road for an unknown of Christ, and by his Spirit it is not enjoined. pleased to hear our prayers, and this great prop one said to be shorter, is very liable to be at But if the harmony for which I here plead be tended with disappointment and trouble. My found to have a real existence, then let it at error in this case led me to feel the necessity of least be allowed, that I have made out a strong the ground. Thus praying, we do but repeat exercising more caution in future; and also to case, on this ground, in favour of our distinctive reflect how requisite it is for all travellers to tenets as Baptists; and that, taking my stand come !'-a petition never urged in vain. eternity to set out for heaven in good season, here, I have a right to utter the challenge,and to be very careful to avoid the numerous. The baptism of believers; is it of heaven, or of Pharisaic. If we have attained to a measure of

fect safety to the mansions of unending bliss. Can infant baptism, I would farther ask, end differ, and give him the praise, and not take it

Mr. Vaughan's, on the St. Croix, about four for the thousandth time, that in the New Testamiles from Windsor town. Some of the hearers ment it is not to be found. Let its advocates appeared to be solemnly impressed with a sense establish its presence there-if they can. Or at least let them conclusively shew, as H. W. I spent the Sabbath, 20th, in Newport. In Beecher has boldly attempted, that it need not proportion to the number of people then resis be there. We maintain, first of all, that there dent in the place, the congregation was numer- it ought to be, if it is to be accepted as a Chrisous; and good attention was evidently paid to tian ordinance. Next, that there it is not. the word. These considerations, with the liberty | And, lastly, that not being there, it has no right enjoyed in addressing the people, afforded me to be there; wholly repugnant as it is to the spirit and genius of the Gospel dispensation. The day following, though it was very stormy. This I have shewn, in effect, in my illustrations proceeded to Chiverie, to fulfil an appointment of the tendencies of infant baptism, as supplied there. The darkness of the evening and un- in some former papers of this series. I shall not pleasantness of the weather did not deter the therefore again traverse ground already trodden. Chiverie, where I spent the following Sabbath. people from assembling. Some manifestly lis- But taking my stand on that ground, I put forth It gladdened my heart to find much seriousness tened for eternity. On the Sabbath following, a farther challenge, Infant baptism, is it of at the close of meeting in the evening a young heaven, or of men? Can it be of heaven, if On returning to Cornwallis I witnessed a la- man came; to me; and stated, in the hearing of what has been above presented, or even a part

> § To opponents. prompt to make assaults. And if our Pædobaptist friends will compel us to speak out sometimes on the matters in controversy between them and us, they surely cannot blame us for our atterances. And if, moreover, they are so ready, as some of them are with their groundless charges against believers' baptism, and those who practise it, they need not be surprised if they are met with true charges against their own practice, the fallacies out of which it springs, and the evil consequences to which it

> Hirth evalue of our both films of a Now, then, if any are disposed publicly to controvert the matters contained in this series of articles, let them do so. But let them battle, not for victory, not with a view to gall and grieve his own code, as contained in the New Testa-

§ To Baptist brethren. I add a tew final words to brethren who, on the baptismal question, occupy common ground with myself. Let us not be content with arguing this question; but be careful to add our should have our prayers, and such efforts too as we may be able to employ, until heaven be of Antichrist, and Antichristian error, this lie of baptismal regeneration, be hurled for ever to the petition, in another form, "Thy kingdom

In our sense of right; farther, let us not be light to which others have not attained, let us remember who it is that " hath made us to

to ourselves. Let us remember, too, that all truth is not comprehended within the comparatively narrow compass of the baptismal controversy. Oh! how much i there to learn beyond that compass! Let us expect and consent, therefore, to be learners in ALL things; yea, learners, and but learners throughout all eternity. And living as we do in an erring world, and carrying about within us a proneness to error, let us be on our watch, that we stray not grievously on other points, while right on the baptismal question; and pray as well as watch, that the God of truth would be pleased to preserve us from wandering from the paths of truth and uprightness. same and anome paronel

Above all, let us not forget that the great) value of our baptismal theories lies in their boliness. New Testament Christians, and News Testament churches ought to e emplify a New Testament holiness. Failing here, whatever we pretend, we but provoke the implied censure, "What do we more than others?" " More than others" we must do, if we would lead men to examine our principles, or profit by our teachings. It is thus mainly that we must seek for success in our warfare upon popular errors. In no other way sught we to succeed. In no other way will our God permit us to succeed. A mere sectarian prosperity, apart from advancement in holiness, would do more harm than good, both to ourselves and others. Let us be concerned. therefore, to live our principles as well as to proclaim them; to live them rather than proclaim them; to live them, and to apply them to all their boly and practical uses. So shall we be strong in every way, and so only, for the controversy which we must still expect to wage on this baptismal question; -strong in the consciousness of its sanctifying influence; strong in strength derived from on high; armed with which, feeble as " worms" in ourselves, we shall "thresh the mountains, and beat them small, and make the hills as chaff;" we shall " fano them, and the wind shall carry them away, and the whirlwind shall scatter them;" yea, we shall rejoice in Jehovah, and glory in the Holy One of Israel." palety at the lead on a magnet so on the comit despring of months and Davis, on

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

For the Christian Messenger.

The International Exhibition of 1865.

Sir, -In compliance with the request of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, in connection with the Great Doblin International Exhibition of 1865, His Excellency the Lieurenant Governor has taken decisive steps with a view to a proper representation of the resources. of our colony, An influential and efficient organization has been formed,-the report of the committee relating to the character and costs of the proposed representation has been submitted to our Government, who have readily agreed to support the committee in their efforts.

The following is a list of the committees engaged in the promotion of this work :

COMMITTER His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, Chairman, Major General Doyle. Hon. Chief Justice. Hon. Prov. Secretary. Hon. Atty. General.
Hon. Rec'r. General Hon. J. McCully, M.L.C.
Hon. J. Howe, Fishy. Com. A. Longley, Rail. Com.
M. H. Richey, Mayor. A. G. Archiballi, M.P.P.
John Tobin, M. P. P. A. M. Uniacke, D. C. L.
Hy. Pryor, D. C. L., M.P.P. Andw. Downs, M. Z. S. Robt. Morrow, F.R S. N. A. Prof. How, D. C. L. Prof. Lawson, Ph. D., L.L.D. Robt. Livesey, Esq. P. C. Hill, D. C. L. J. R. Willis, Esq.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. Andw Mackinlay, Esq., Chairman. Rev. A. Forrester, D.D., F. M. R. H. S. Bernard Gilpin, M. D. T. M. Jones, F. L. S.

Rev. D. Honeyman, D. C. L., F. G. S. Secy. The proposed Exh bition, like that of 1862, is to be formed after the model of 1851. Like these, it is to be regarded as the result of the practical genius of the late Prince Consort. and enjoys the patronage of Her Majesty the Queen, -It is also promoted by the Society of Arts in London, and the British Government, and will be opened with state ceremonial in the beginning of May. The position which the Exhibition is to occupy in the British Isles is most eligible, and will be accessible to thousands and tens of thousands who had no opportunity of witnessing our noble efforts in 1862

The spacious Crystal Palace in which the exhibition is to be held is intended to occupy permanently the site on which it is being erected, so that our coal column, if sent, and other articles, may remain in the building as monuments of Nova Scotia and her resources. It is confidently expected that our Legislators in their respective offices, and other influential men. throughout the province, will, in a patriotic spirit, aid the committees in securing a proper