LESSONS.

Sunday, December 10th, 1865. JOHN v. 32-47: Christ's testimony concerning him self. 1 Kings ii. 35-46; Shimei is put to death. Recite-Isaiah ix. 6, 7.

Sunday, December 17th, 1865.

John vi. 1-21: Christ feeds five thousand. 1 Krwgs in. 1-15: Selemon's choice of wisdom. Recite-Job xxviii. 12-20.

Early life of John Vine Hall,

AUTHOR OF "THE SINNER'S FRIEND."

Written by himself.

Surrounded now-1820-with every blessing. my mind is led to contrast present happiness with past trials, and to reflect on the manifold wisdom of God in his dealings towards me. The unfolding from my birth to the present hour.

I am new seated as master of that house in which as a boy I occupied the lowest place. please everybody. God blessed my endeavors, and in turn everybody became pleased with " little Jack?" In the course of time I became on another. I continued to rise step after step, but through scenes of wickedness of every deswith desire to love and honor that God whose such; and yet I have been restored through give me renewed time for repentance. Jesus Christ, who has indeed "redeemed my life from destruction, and crowned me with loving to visit Mr. B-, and we drank so much wine, break, and taken to Morant Bay, where he was kindness and tender mercies."

saved my life from absolute destruction, when I amid the blazing fires of the iron works, and record the following accidents which have al. the frightful coalpits with which that country nected with the disturbance. Several ministers ready happened to me, although I have doubtless abounds. I wandered insensibly till I found my- have shared the same fate; and other gentlebeen preserved by the same invisible hand from self rolling over and over down a precipice and a far greater number of unseen dangers.

ice upon a small river, at Gissing, in Norfolk, time a horse I was playing with in a field kicked | canal. I lay motionless to survey the danger me in the stomach and threw me into the air, but did me no other injury than a few bruises. only four years old. In this manner we were in eternity. I now began to consider how

other boys in a loft, and trying to jump across a lafter the other firmly into the ground, I crawled large space in the floor, I fell to the ground gently up the steep, but more frightened than below, and my head was thrown with great vio- ever I had been in my life, for I saw death so lence against the edge of a sharp flint-stone, very close that even the rolling of a stone might highly respected gentleman, who had held his which sunk into my forehead close over my left have brought on destruction. The night was eye, and made a dreadful wound. I was taken exceedingly dark, and I began to recoilect that ings of our capital for nearly 20 years. up for dead, but I recovered after a long illness. I had passed the dangerous coal pits in safety, young friend was in his office one day, and while retaining a scar which forms a very prominent but if I should attempt to return I might not be sitting by the table picked up a small old leather membrance of the mercy of God. But as I was place, I felt that nothing but an invisible hand to be "Thaddens of Warsaw." He cautiously a sadly wicked boy, these great escapes had no had rescued me from death. When I arrived remarked to Mr. Smith, the notary: "I see you

When I had attained my eleventh year, my father put me apprentice to Mr. G ____a schoolmaster, who taught me to write the law hands, and by way of making the most of me, hired me toxicated, might unwarily fall into them. Some to the then clerk of the peace. Going one are five hundred test deep, morning to the office, my attention was attracted by some birds' nests in the elin-trees. I soon had been occasioned, that I took a hasty leave climbed up and made myself master of the eggs, and returned to Workester, with one of my which I placed in my mouth and began to de- usual determinations never to drink any wine scend; but a bough gave way, and I tell on some again as long as I lived. But this resolution, spiked palings below, which pressed hard into like all the others which had been formed in my my loins, and I was suspended for a considerable own strength, gave way to the very next temptime, till the agony I endored was so great, that tation that assailed me; and one evening, as] by a violent effort I threw myself off the pales was attempting to go down the wine-vault stairs, upon the ground, where I lay for half an hour I fell from top to bottom instantaneously. The unable to move.

was sent all kinds of errands, many of which dozen bottles of wine, which were broken in all in the world. It stands scarcely two inches in were to the shop of Mr. M-, stationer and directions. But most providentially my hat height, and is covered with a glass shade. The wine merchant. It so happened that at Christ- remained firm apon my head, and none of the fly wheel is made of gold, with steel arms, and mas, 1785, my master failed, and in consequence splinters were permitted to wound me. I lay makes seven thousand revolutions per minute. I was sent home. Soon after, a letter was re- some minutes after the fall to consider whether I The engine and boiler are fastened together ceived by my father from Mr. M --- stating was or was not dreadfully cut by the glass bot- with thirty eight miniature screws and bolts, the that he had before written two letters to know tles; and not teeling any pain or any moisture whole weighing fourteen grains, or under one down to Maidstone by the first coach. This these wonderful escapes, I would most humbly drive the engine eight minutes. The dwarf to his astonishment, the fox scampered off up third letter being the first my father had receive bow before that similarly Being whose saving piece of mechanism is designed and made by a ed, he hurried me off in an instant, on Tuesday, power slone has effected these deliverances, and January 24, 1786, and here commenced that whose long suffering has preserved me to be a good fortune which, under the direction of heav. monument of his great love. en, has followed me ever since. But to return to absolute accidents.

In the summer of 1798, I was one evening returning in a boat by myself from " Gibraltar," pious woman, once called to see two rich young vegetative power of potatoes, and prolonging teadrinking boase on the Medway, about a ladies. They too loved the Lord. Without their suitableness for food. Potatoes immerse mile below Maidstone. I pushed the boat along regard to her mean appearance, they received four or five days in this liquid are said to retain mile below Maidstone. I pushed the boat along by means of a single oar. Coming to where the water was deeper, I put the oat into the water as before, leaning apon it with all my might, supposing it would be sure to reach the bottom; but here I was terribly mistaken, and proud, thoughtless youth, and looked much as been used.

my life, and reached the shore in safety, with only the loss of my hat,

About five years afterwards, two porters were putting down a hogshead of wine into my cellar, the steps of which were exceedingly steep. desired them to stop till I had gone down to place straw at the bottom in case of accidents. While there, my leg being between the two sides of the pulley, and an iron bar being close behind the calf of my leg, a voice called out, "Take care." On looking up I saw the hogshead of wine descending with the utmost rapidity, the men having lost their bold. Through the mercy of God I extricated my len in the twinkling of an eye, and before I had time to breathe, the cask passed close to my stomach and tore its way through the straw to the floor. Had my leg been in the least entangled, or had I been a single moment later in jumping from between the pulley, I should have been thrown upon my back, my leg torn to pieces, and the weight of the cask would have stripped my face completely off, from the chin to the forehead.

In the same year, riding in a gig from Worces ter to Malvern Wells, the horse started at full gallop, overturning the chaise, by which I was great scroll of Providence has been gradually thrown out with great velocity, but was preserved from broken bones or severe bruises. On the 15th of November, 1810, at Kidderminster, it being tremendously dak, I was walking in a was of a willing disposition, and desirous to proper direction towards the bridge, as I thought, but finding that the toe of my foot did not rest firmly on the ground, I bent forward to examine more closely into my situation, when I found more useful, and drudgery work was conferred that I had got to the very farthest edge of a dipping-place in the side of the river, which at that time was swollen to the edge of the bank, cription, till my heart became changed and filled from the quantity of rain that had lately fallen. Had I stepped only six inches further, I should laws I had set at defiance. Oh the depths of have been precipitated into a rapid stream, in the mercy of God to sinners, even if their sins total darkness, and lost for ever. But again have been red as crimson, for mine were surely that same invisble hand was stretched forth to

On the 13th of March, 1811, I went to Sthat I lost my recollection, and instead of return-Indeed I may well say that God himself hath ing into the house, I wandered down the hill was suddenly stopped by something. This When about four years old, I fell through the brought me to a momentary recollection, and I was struck with the most inconceivable terror but was rescued from death. About the same on finding myself close to the edge of a deep and to study my escape, and I perceived that if When eight years of age, I got a horse out of been plunged into a very deep place, where the my father's stable, mounted his bare back, and sides were bricked up perpendicularly, and thus stood my brother Joseph up before me, he being my thirty-sixth birthday would have commenced suffered to proceed several miles. When turn- should reascend the sloping bank, and I had ing the horse to return home, he set off at full sense enough left to be aware that it I offered to gallop. My brother fell off first and was taken stand upon my feet, I should in all probability up for dead, and I was pitched upon my left fall backwards into the water. I therefore shoulder and taken up with my left arm broken, turned gently round, so as to get my heels to-The next year 1783 I was playing with wards the canaly and by fixing my hands one

I was so stung with remorse at the grief which steps were almost perpendicular, and I pitched England is a steam engine and boiler, in miniat-While engaged in the office of Mr. P. I upon my head in the midst of three or four

(To be continued.)

A KING'S DAUGHTER -A poor, but very

The Insurrection in Jamaica. tillo will say, after reading the lelium

The following sensible remarks upon this uestion are from the New York Examiner. We believe the views here taken will be found to be far more correct than those from the partisan Jamaica papers in ald bugots seem a

The negro insurrection in Jamaica, which was at first described as a concerted plot for the exin the East, and to have originated in local disaffection. The rescue of a prisoner from the and the volunteers, the latter plainly showed of ice. the white feather, and permitted themselves to be driven pell-mell into the court-house, from which they shot down the negroes at their leisure. Infurrated by the slaughter of their comrades, the blacks commenced murdering and plundering in every direction. For several days they kept the whole parish in fear; but as soon as the military made their appearance, the insurgents scattered in all directions without striking a blow. Indeed, they never had a military organization. They were a mere mob, without leaders, without a plan, and apparently incapable of forming one. Great numbers gave themselves up at once, and the rest would have repermitted to do so.

But the military authorities were bent on making examples of the poor wretches, and commenced a series of military executions which has only one parallel in the history of rebellions-the punishment inflicted upon the Sepoys in India. In less than three weeks, more than fifteen hundred of the insurgents were tried by courts martial, and shot or hanged. of having excited the blacks to rebel, was arrested in Kingston a few days after the outtried by court martial and immediately hung. We have looked in vain through the published evidence for proof that he was in any way conmen, upon whom suspicion has tallen, have been arrested and put on trial before military tribu-

There is nothing in the Jamaica papers, nor in the correspondence from Kingston, to prove the reiterated assertion that the negroes intended to massacre the entire white population of the I had rolled over only once more I should have island. The outbreak was evidently unpremeditated. It was confined to one parish, the negroes of adjoining parishes joining with the military to quell the disturbance. The idea that a concerted rising all over the island had been planned, and was trustrated only by the premature outbreak in St. Thomas-in-the-East, originating only in the exaggeration of fear, and is now repeated with stronger emphasis for the purwhich the military have indulged.

SAD MISTAKE - Some few years ago there was a notary public in Washington, an old and office through all the political twistings and turneffect whatever to make me better. I was be at Mr. B ... 's, I found that their fears on my have a copy of 'Thaddeus of Warsaw' here....' come so notoriously bad, that when any mischief account had been so great that they had em. Thaddens of Warsaw !" was the reply, "what' was perpetrated, all the neighbours would cry ployed a vast number of persons to go among do you mean ?" " Why, this is a copy of it.out "Ah, it is done by that wicked boy, Vine the coal pits, and also to search the country "Thaddeus of Warsaw," exclaimed the old genround with lanterns, and had sat up all night tleman. He snatched the book, gave one glance with fearful apprehensions that I had fallen into and cried out, " For twenty years I have been one of the coal-mines, which are left so exposed swearing people on that book, thinking it was that any straggling traveller, without being in the Bible ! All these oaths ain't worth the paper they are written on !"

> A Presbyterian minister, the Rev. William Hunter, of Chester, has announced that he has turned Baptist Witness 15 4 18 10 98169

A DWARF ENGINE - One of the most curious articles of an exhibition, now being held in ure, and described as the smallest steam engine clock manufacturer in Horsforth, England.

In the proportion of an ounce of the liquor of ammonia " [Aqua Ammonia] " of the draggist to a pint of river or rain water, has of late yours heen successfully employed for checking the I plunged head foremost into fifteen feet water.

Down I went, and up I came again. Down I went again, and the sudden effect of the first plunge being a little over, I began to swim for has not got her fine clothes one settlement.

At 1 todos of them as to dry, and will then keep good for ten months; contributing in this not only to the sands of cases. It softens the gums, reduce comfort of families, but also to the health of mariaers exposed to long voyages at sea.

Bamboo paper, for printing newspapers, is becoming popular. It is made from bamboo, imported from Jamaica, at twelve dollars a cord. An association, formed to manufacture paper from this substance, has expended more than \$200,000 in experiments, and with the most complete success. Paper of any quality desired can be made from bam boo.

FILLING AN ICE HOUSE .- The Utica Herald says that the ice house of L. R. Lyon, of Lyon's termination of the whites, appears to have been Falls, N. Y., has not been empty for twenty confined to one parish, or county, St. Thomas- years, nor has a pound of ice ever been put into it. The building is constructed after the ordinary method, and when it is designed to fill it, magistrates at Morant Bay, by a mob of negroes, a rose jet is placed upon the waterpipe, and as was exaggerated by the local authorities into a the water comes through it is chilled and drops veritable rebellion. In a fight between the mob into the ice house, where it forms one solid mass

RATS .- Neighbour Jones says, that if we will go to a tin shop and get a lot of serap tin, and crowd it into their holes, they will evacuate the premises at once. Whether they fear them as traps, or whether they scratch their sides, or whether they have a natural fear for it, he could not tell. He only knows the fact .- Maine Far-

Typographical .- A down cast editor, in a complimentary notice of a certain general, was made, by the omision of a single letter, to call him a " battle scared veteran." The poor man hastened to make amends in his next issue by turned quietly to their homes had they been stating that it was his intention to have denominated the hero a "bottle-scarred veteran."

Agriculture, etc.

FEEDING PROPERTIES OF PEA STRAW. " Pea straw is richer in oil and albuminous, or flesh forming matters, than the straw of the ce-A Member of the Assembly, who was suspected reals. The woody fibre is also more digestible. This fully accounts for the repute in which it is held as fodder for sheep and cattle."

The cultivation of cotton in Venetia and other parts of Italy has been very successful. Large quantities of seed have lately been purchased from Louisiana, and it is expected that next year the cotton harvest will be even more abundant than now. Last month several cotton markets were held in various parts of Italy, and the cotton was eagerly purchased, the Venetian being especially admired for its whiteness, fineness, and ductility.

BLANCHING CELERY .- Seeing lately in your journal some remarks on different modes of blanching celery, I am reminded of a plan I saw in Oxfordshire, in August last. It was simply placing a common drain-pipe upright, and allowing the plant to grow up through it. My friend, in whose garden I saw it, assured me that he not only had his celery blanched much better, but also that it was ready for the table much earlier. That the latter is the case I can affirm. from my observation; for the plants I saw pose of justifying the wholesale executions in growing in the pipes had already grown above the tops of the pipes, while those treated in the ordinary way were not half so high. Cottage Gardener.

ONIONS AND POULTRY .- Scarcely too much can be said in praise of onions for fowls. They seem to be a preventive and remedy for various diseases to which domestic fowls are liable .--Having frequently tested their excellencies, we feature in my countenance, to keep me in re- so tortunate. Next morning, on passing the covered book, which upon being opened proved flammation of the throat, eyes and head, onions are almost a specific. We would, therefore, recommend giving fowls, and especially young chicks, as many as they will eat, as often as twice or three times a week. They should be finely chopped. A small addition of cornmeal is an improvement. Genesee Farmer.

SMART GIRLS .- During the past season the Prairie Farmer has given us, as the heading of an advertisement, a young lady seated on a " Sulky Hay Rake," from her mouth proceeds a scroll with the inscription, " My brother has gone to the war." Rilling there with both hands grasp ing the reins, we thought she was doing well for an Illinois girl. But just see what they do in Vermont, The last number of Walton's Jeur nal gives the following as a specimen ;-

Edith Wheatley, daughter of Nathaniel Wheatley, of Brookfield, Vt., is what we call a smart " girl, though but fifteen years of age She has this season raked 100 tons of hay, and while guiding the take she quietly pursued ber knitting,-Iowa Homestead.

CURE FOR BLOATED CATTLE, B. S. Gilbert writes to the New York Farmers' Club that cattle bloated from eating clover or other food to excess, may be relieved in a few minutes by pouring cold water upon their backs.

A Game-keeper on a Scotch moor recently trapped a large fox, and finding it to all appear whether he would like his little boy to be an from the flowing of blood, I carefully extricated quarter of an ounce. The manufacturer says ance dead, he removed it from the trap and errand boy in his shop, and if so, to send him myself and regained the house. While I review that the evaporation of six drops of water will threw it aside while he rebaited the trap when,

> TREGAT DISEASES. We would call atte tion to Brown's Bronchial Troches. We have found them efficacions in allaying Irritation in the Throat and Bronchia, and would com mend them to the attention of Public Speakers, and others troubled with affections of the Throat. They are also an excellent remedy for Hoarseness resulting from cold."-Congreg

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