

very eloquent—(laughter)—I recollect I had one sermon against money, but at last it occurred to me that being a poor man myself, cynical people might say as they heard me denouncing money, that it was the old fable of the crow over again, who got all the pheasants in the wood together, and persuaded them that coloured plumage was a very unsightly thing; and that there was nothing like unbroken black, so I left off preaching against money, and thought I would wait till I had some, and see whether it was a thing to preach against or not, (Laughter.) I agree with Charles Lamb when he says that money is not dirt; as some people say it is; but that it is a good house, beautiful pictures, a splendid library, a fine garden, because money secures all these things. I say, Sir, money is not dirt; but it is hospitals for the sick, houses for the destitute, asylums for the fatherless, schools for the ignorant; it is the ship in which the missionary sails across the sea, the bread that he eats, the chapel in which he preaches, the Bible which he gives to those who are perishing. Money is not dirt: it was that which the wise men laid at the feet of the infant Saviour and with which He and His mother were supported during their forced exile in Egypt; it was that with which the Galilean women bought that with which they ministered to Him on his last journey to Jerusalem to the altar of the world's atonement. No; money has been dignified ever since it waited upon the footsteps of the incarnate Son of God, and ministered to His bodily necessities; and it has become dignified still more by the extension of His kingdom among men. It was that with which those two or three lonely Jews paid their fare in the ship in which they embarked from Troas, and brought to Europe that which bath uplifted it to a height of prosperity and glory unequalled before in the history of the world: it was that which the Phillipian Church sent to the good Gentile missionary in the Roman prison-house, and which told him of hearts which had been moved to grateful love by the story of Him who though He was rich, yet for our sakes became poor. (Cheers.) May I say that we have not yet exhausted our resources? I do not believe that our Divine Lord and Master has ever yet said of our denomination, as of one amongst the Christian sisterhood—"She hath done what she could."

He then went on to show that in the past fifty years whilst Britain has nearly doubled her population, she has nearly quadrupled her wealth—that fifty years ago there was property to the value of £112 for every man, woman and child. Now, if divided, there would be £206 for each. He thought the Society should participate in such advance. We regret that we cannot give these excellent speeches more fully.

The Rev. Dr. Acworth closed the meeting by pronouncing the benediction.

Correspondence.

For the Christian Messenger.

Some Questions about Students and Acadia College.

1. Will not holders of scholarships in Acadia, get the interest of their money in full, by sending pious students to enjoy them?
2. Would not the Governors, and Professors be glad to see many scholarships used in this way?
3. Would it not be a benefit to Acadia to receive them?
4. Would it not tend to the advancement of the cause of Christ if each scholarship now idle were thus improved?
5. Might not those who send such students, have the satisfaction of knowing that they are assisting the cause of Christ?
6. Would it not benefit many a young man to lend him the means of support while he studies at Acadia?
7. Are there not many young men who might thus be trusted until able to refund the money?
8. Are there not many who would thus borrow if they could?
9. Will not one hundred dollars a year, maintain a student at Acadia, who finds employment during the vacations?
10. Are there not many members of the Churches of Christ in N. S., who are able to loan that sum without loss?
11. Brethren will you do it, for your Master's cause, for Acadia, for your brethren's sake? It is required in stewards that they be found faithful.

For the Christian Messenger.

Another Gone!

DEAR BROTHER,
I regret to inform you that another of Acadia's sons has been summoned to the spirit-world.
Dr. Andrew P. Jones entered College in 1855, continued here five years; and graduated respectably in 1860. In the autumn of that year he proceeded to Edinburgh, and spent four years in the study of medicine, attaining his Doctor's degree last year. He was present at our Convention last August. I was pained at his wan

and sickly appearance, and could not help fearing that his time would be short. So it has proved. He had commenced practice at Moncton, where his father, Oliver Jones, Esq., resides, with very flattering prospects, having gained the confidence and esteem of the community by indications of professional skill. A prosperous career seemed to be opening before him, when symptoms of consumption appeared, and the disease advanced so rapidly that it was deemed necessary to try immediately the effect of a sea voyage. The vessel in which he sailed was bound for Valparaiso, South America. He reached that place, and was on his way to Barbadoes, gradually sinking under the power of the disorder. At length, on the 28th of March last, he yielded up his spirit. His body was necessarily committed to the deep.

He was one of those whom I baptized in the spring of 1855, and I trust he has gone to the resting-place on high. The captain of the vessel is a pious man, and has given an affecting account of our young friend's last moments, in a letter to his father. He testifies that he "died a happy death."

This is one of those dark dispensations which we cannot understand. The Lord says to us, "Be still, and know that I am God."

May support be graciously afforded to the bereaved parent and family!

Yours truly,
J. M. CRAMP.

Acadia College, May 15, 1865.

For the Christian Messenger.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

REV. HEZEKIAH HULL.

Died at Amherst, April 13th, in the 65th year of his age. He was unable to preach for many years. He lived some time at Pugwash, and labored frequently as a Missionary in the eastern part of this Province, where, the writer, during the last year, met with a number of the faithful in Christ, who were brought to a knowledge of the truth through his instrumentality, and inquired affectionately after this aged servant of God. He often complained of darkness during his protracted illness, but when the last struggle came, he expressed himself not only willing to go, but anxious to depart and be with Christ. His self-reliance made him less popular than he otherwise would have been; for he was a strong-minded man, full of hope, firm and unyielding in his purpose, yet clear in doctrinal truth, deep in experience, scriptural in practice, read much and took a lively interest in all our denominational institutions. He has finished his course, having kept the faith, and will, no doubt, wear the crown which the righteous judge will give to those who love his appearing. His widow still survives him and a number of children, some in the United States and others in England. May God, the God of the widow and the fatherless, be their strength in the time of trouble and their refuge when all others fail.—Communicated by Rev. Geo. F. Miles.

MRS. MARIA WHITE,

Died March 21st, at Phinney Mountain, Granville, aged 27 years, leaving a husband and several children, with other relatives, to mourn her early removal. Her friends had hope in her death. May the Lord comfort them in their affliction.

MR. JOHN HALL,

of St. Croix Cove, in the township of Granville, departed this life March 15th, 1865, in his 73rd year.

Brother Hall was one of the first settlers in the neighborhood where he lived. Being a man of steady habits, upright, peaceful and quiet in his intercourse with his neighbors, he endeared himself to them all. In early life he obtained hope in Christ, he was baptized and united with the Chutes Cove Church, (then called Granville Mountain Church,) in which he remained, walking in fellowship until death. His last days were attended with much suffering in his body, yet he could say, "the Lord's will be done." Brother H. was the subject of many fears, yet, it pleased the Lord to give him in his last hours, such discoveries of his grace and love, as enabled him to depart rejoicing in hope of that glorious inheritance which will never fade away, and leaving his family comforted with the thought that their loss was his gain.

CAPT. AINSLEY BRINTON.

On March 23rd, Capt. Ainsley Brinton, son of Deacon John Brinton, was called to put off this mortal, and to put on immortality. Subject in early life to serious concern for his soul's salvation, yet; it was not until the spring of 1859, that he obtained evidence of his union to Christ, when he with his wife came to the church, were received and baptized. His path from that time to the day of his falling asleep in Jesus, was like the shining light, shining more and more to the perfect day. His sickness was of the character to try his faith and patience, being protracted for some three years, yet sustained by divine grace, he was cheerful through it all. When able he would be found at his post in the house of God. Some of his communications there, we believe will not be forgotten, by some at least, while memory holds her seat. His early removal from the church militant has made a void that will not soon be filled. We mourn his removal yet we rejoice in the assurance that he reigns with Jesus. In life he was often afflicted with doubt, and fear, as regarded his acceptance in Christ, but in the latter part of his sickness, he was enabled to triumph over

them, and sing the conqueror's song, "O, death where is thy sting! O, grave, where is thy victory!" "Thanks be to God who giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ."

"O, who that saw thy parting hour,
Could wish thee back again."

And yet we mourn he left us so soon; a sorrowing widow, aged parents, and many friends are stricken. May the Lord comfort and do them good, our departed brother was 80 years of age.—Com. by Rev. P. F. Murray.

MISS ISABELLA RAND.

At the residence of James E. Rand, Esq., Cornwallis, on the afternoon of the 7th ult., Isabella, daughter of the late Mr. John Rand.

For twenty-five years our departed sister was a member of the 1st Baptist Church, Cornwallis, and by her amiable deportment ever secured the esteem of a large circle of attached friends. Several years since, Sister Rand's health failed, and during these years she was called, at times, to endure severe suffering. Though severely tried, she ever found her hope in her Saviour an unfailing support and consolation. In her last illness, when her suffering was most severe, and when it was evident that the final conflict was at hand, the strength of her faith, and the fervor of her love for the Saviour, raised her mind above all shinking from the closing struggle, she rejoiced at the prospect of death, as at the sure prospect of entering her heavenly home and meeting the spirits of loved ones, "who had passed on before." She waited the days of Divine appointment and slept in Jesus.

"O who that saw her parting hour,
Would wish her here again."

Brothers and sisters mourn for one beloved, but sorrow is mingled with joy, for it is written, "Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord;"—Com. by Rev. A. S. Hunt.

MRS AMORET S. GILLIART.

Died at Granville, on the 27th March, 1865, Amoret Sophia, the beloved companion of Mr. Edmund P. Gilliart, aged 38 years.

The departed professed faith in Jesus about 20 years ago, under the ministry of the Rev. John Chase, and sustained until the day of her death a consistent religious deportment. Her christian virtues shone most conspicuously in her family. As an affectionate, faithful, sympathizing wife and mother, she was excelled by few. Her meek, gentle, patient and kindly spirit endeared her, not only to her family but to all who enjoyed her acquaintance. She has left a husband and 7 children, besides a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn her departure. In her last illness, which was protracted and painful, she was remarkably sustained by the grace of God. Her funeral services were performed by the Rev. Isa. Wallace, assisted by the Rev. C. Lockhart and were deeply solemn and impressive. May God graciously sustain the sorrowing husband in this grief, and may the last utterance of his dear wife—"Be kind to the children and God will help you"—often cheer his heart in the performance of his now doubly responsible duties!—Com. by Rev. Isa. Wallace.

Religious Intelligence.

MACCAN.—Rev. G. F. Miles writes May 9th:—"A few weeks since I baptized two into the fellowship of the church at Maccan. Expect to be engaged in the same delightful duties next Lord's day at the same place, where a number entertain hope in the Redeemer. The minister, Brother Randolph, who was baptized last September, by Brother Burton, at Hantsport, not being ordained, was the cause of my having to attend to that duty. The prospects are encouraging."

PUGWASH.—The same letter as that from which the above is taken informs us that—"The good work is progressing at Pugwash. Brother Clay administered the ordinance of baptism two Sabbaths lately. Our Methodist friends there are also obeying the scriptures; and are burying with Christ in baptism some who of late have found the Saviour precious."

CORNWALLIS, May 15th, 1865.—We are glad to learn that the Revival yet continues in Cornwallis. On Sabbath last the Rev. Mr. Hunt baptized seventeen converts, making in all within a few weeks an addition of Fifty by baptism to the 1st Cornwallis Church. These additions are largely among the young. What blessing can surpass that of having the youth of our land consecrating themselves to the Lord.

CHESTER.—The Rev. I. J. Skinner writes, May 12th:—"We have some tokens of God's presence and favor in our prayer-meetings this Spring. Last Saturday two persons were received as candidates for baptism, and I expect to baptize next Lord's day."

American and Foreign News.

LATEST FROM THE STATES.

[From Telegrams to Associated Press.]

TUESDAY, May 2.—The Navy and War Departments continue very active in reducing expenses to a peace footing; a large number of surplus vessels shortly will be sold at auction by the war department.

A National Bank has been established in Richmond and applications for similar institutions in other Southern cities are being made.

It is estimated that nearly 400,000 troops will shortly be reviewed near Washington previous to being paid off and sent to their homes.

Evening.—It is said that Davis, after leaving Yorkville, S. C. reached Washington, Ga, on the 4th inst; from here he was again driven by the approach of Stoneman. The direction indicates an attempt to cross the Mississippi, but he will find Wilson in his path.

President Juarez, of the Mexican republic, has issued letters of marque for reprisal against French commerce.

It is expected that in a few weeks every dollar of the public indebtedness will be discharged.

WEDNESDAY, May 10.—President Johnson has issued an Executive order re-establishing the authority of the United States in Virginia, and recognizing Mr. Pierpont, the Union Governor of Virginia, as Executive of the whole State. United States Courts are also to be promptly established.

The 2nd and 5th corps of the Army of the Potomac marched through Richmond on Saturday last, en route for Washington. They numbered 45,000 men.

The trial of the assassins of President Lincoln commences to-day.

Evening.—The Mexican emigration excitement increases. The offices for the enrolment are unable to accommodate applicants. Two more offices are to be opened. It is said that the West has subscribed large sums for the enterprise.

Chattanooga, Tenn, 9th.—Jefferson Davis was at Powell, Hancock county, Ga, last Friday night. Gen. Wilson has printed handbills, announcing the reward for his capture, and scattered them through the country.

THURSDAY, May 11.—The following persons were arraigned before the Military Commission at Washington yesterday charged with implication in the murder of the President, and attempted murder of Mr. Seward:—David E. Harold, George A. Atzerott, Lewis Payne, Michael O'Laughlin, Edward Spangler, Samuel Arnold, Mary E. Surratt, and Saml. A. Mudd. Each of the prisoners pleaded not guilty to the charges and specifications. Newspaper reporters are excluded from the trial.

Evening.—A recruiting office in New York city opened yesterday for Mexican soldiers. There was quite a rush to the office all day, and the large number of 465 men were recruited.

FRIDAY, May 12.—There was a severe gale and thunder shower in Philadelphia yesterday afternoon. Thirty-eight wooden tenements were blown down. No lives lost.

General Sherman is in Richmond. He entered the city on Wednesday at the head of the 14 army corps.

Advices from San Domingo announce the complete re-establishment of the Dominican Republic. All the Spanish troops have been withdrawn from the island.

Subscriptions to the 730 loan yesterday reached nearly 16 millions. One of the subscribers was the Freedman's Savings Bank, of South Carolina, for \$80,000.

Evening.—Information from New Orleans says Kirby Smith publishes a frantic appeal to his soldiers, dated Shreveport, April 21st, denouncing the surrender of Lee in the strongest terms. Smith exhorts his soldiers to stand by their colors in the hour of adversity, and says that the fate of the nation depends on them, that their resources are ample to protect the struggle until foreign aid arrives, or at least until they can secure for themselves terms due a proud people.

The steamer Corsica, from Havana 6th, via Nassau 8th, reports the ram Stonewall at anchor outside the harbor of Nassau when she left.

SATURDAY, May 13.—Newspaper reporters are still excluded from the trial of the assassins, now proceeding before a Military Commission. It is believed, however, than an official publication of such portions of the testimony as will not prejudice the ends of justice will be made. Sheridan's cavalry 9000 strong had arrived at Richmond.

Gov. Pierpont will next week remove the Virginia State Government from Alexandria to Richmond.

Immense amounts of cotton are being discovered in the interior of Alabama.

Evening.—A Nassau letter of the 9th says the pirate Stonewall crew officers and men number about 70 men.—The Stonewall officers acknowledge they were too late in getting afloat and admitted that the war is ended and as she could be of no use, she would probably be taken back to Europe and sold. She was to leave Nassau on the evening of the 7th.

MONTREAL C. E.—May 12.—Sanders, in an address to the people of Europe styles the proclamation of President Johnson mendacious and ferocious, and says conclusive testimony will be sent to Europe that it is founded on forged papers and suborned testimony.

MONDAY, May 15.—The Secretary of War officially announces the capture of JEFFERSON DAVIS, his wife, sisters and brother, Reagan, late Confederate Postmaster General, with several officers and attendants.

The fugitives had five wagons, three ambulances, and several mules.

The capture was made by a detachment of the 4th Michigan Cavalry at daylight on the morning of the 10th, at Irwinesville, Georgia, 75 miles from Macon.

The Confederate camp was surprised, when Davis attempted to run away, dressed in woman's clothes, but his boots being noticed, led to his detection and capture.