

Canada.

DEFENCE OF CANADA.—The report on this subject has been laid before the Imperial Parliament. It consists of a letter from Col. Jervis to the Secretary of the War Department. He estimates the cost necessary for the fortification of Montreal at \$250,000 and Quebec at £200,000 and other places at £200,000. He also recommends the provision of gun-boats on the lakes which would cost £100,000. The following are the concluding remarks of Col. Jervis' communication. "It is a delusion to suppose that a small force can be of any use for the defence of the country without fortifications to compensate for the comparative smallness of its numbers. Even when aided by the whole of the local militia that could at present be made available, it would, in the event of war, be obliged to retreat before the superior numbers by which it would be attacked, and it would be fortunate if it succeeded in embarking at Quebec and putting to sea without defeat. On the other hand, if the works now recommended be constructed, the vital points of the country could be defended, and the regular army would become a nucleus and support, round which the people of Canada would rally to resist aggression."

LATEST FROM THE STATES.

TUESDAY, Feb. 28.—Richmond papers denounce the Rebel Senate in strong terms for defeating the bill to arm negroes. They also denounce the Gulf States and charge them with backing out of the war which they forced upon Virginia and the Middle States. Over 1700 deserters from Lee's Army have reached Grant's lines within the last 22 days. 60,000 Federals are said to be advancing on Mobile. Rebel papers predict that a great battle will soon be fought probably in the vicinity of Raleigh N. C. Evening.—Richmond Enquirer of Saturday last says Sherman is rushing through the Carolinas like an avalanche overcoming all opposition. It is estimated that only 30,000 men can be raised by Beauregard to meet Sherman unless he is reinforced by Lee. Blockade Runner "Acadia" was destroyed while attempting to run the blockade at Valasco by the U. S. Steamer "Virginia". It is reported that Schofield's forces numbering 20,000 veterans have formed a junction with Sherman's Army near Targetville, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, March 1st.—Mobile advices to the 6th, indicate that there is no intention of the Confederates to evacuate that place. The Garrison and defences were being strengthened. The Federals are preparing for a close blockade of Galveston, (Texas), where blockade running now proves successful and profitable. Evening.—In anticipation of a battle between General Sherman and the rebels, the Government has despatched a corps of surgeons and nurses to his army via Wilmington, N. C. Deserters from Lee's army continue to come in at the rate of nearly 300 per day.

THURSDAY, March 2.—Gen. Gilmore officially reports that over 400 cannon, many of superior English make, were captured in the defence of Charleston. The Federals have captured Georgetown, S. C. Rebel papers complain of a panic in Richmond, and charge members of Congress with running away, so that legislation cannot be carried on for want of a quorum. Evening.—Rebel deserters confirm the evacuation of Augusta, Georgia, which is now in Federal possession.

FRIDAY, March 3.—It is asserted Grant is prepared for an important movement as soon as the ground will permit. Gen. Beauregard has been superseded in command by Gen. Joe Johnston who formerly commanded the Confederate army of the Tennessee.

Evening.—The Richmond Dispatch, of 28th, admits that "the reconstruction of the Union is probable."

About three-fourths of Columbia, S. C. was burned in retaliation for firing on Sherman's troops from dwelling houses after the city had surrendered.

SATURDAY, March 4th.—Rebel deserters who reached Newbern, N. C., report that Lee has ordered Goldsboro and Kinston to be fortified which order is now being carried into effect. Lee says Goldsboro must be held at all hazards, and a large force is now at work night and day throwing up fortifications.

Evening.—President Lincoln, was inaugurated shortly after noon to-day. The ceremonies took place in the Senate Chamber. Owing to a heavy rain storm—the inaugural address was very brief, and indicates no change of policy toward the rebellion than previously given in the President's public messages.

The Rebel house of Representatives have passed another Bill, to place 300,000 negroes in the armies. In order to satisfy the objection of the Senators, the bill does not guarantee freedom to enlisted slaves, but leaves the question of emancipation open.

MONDAY, March 6th.—Despatches from Gen. Grant report the important statement made by refugees and deserters, that Gen. Sheridan (Federal) had attacked and defeated General Early (Confederate), capturing that General and nearly his whole army. Sheridan was in possession of Charlottesville. The battle took place on

Thursday last, between Staunton and Charlottesville. Gen. Sheridan was rapidly advancing on Lynchburg.

Dates from New Orleans of the 25th ult., state that the American Consul at Matamoras, Mexico, had received his passports from the officials of Maximilian, on account of the non-recognition of the French-Austrian Empire in Mexico by the Federal Government.

Evening.—Raleigh, N. C., Journal reports the capture of Hapgood's Confederate brigade by Gen. Terry's forces from Wilmington.

The Richmond Enquirer has a long article showing that Grant and Sherman are to be beaten in detail. Then the independence of the Confederacy will be secured. Gold 198.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

ITALY.

The Italian Government has issued a Royal decree authorising the circulation of the Encyclical with the accompanying syllabus, and Cardinal Antonelli's explanatory letter. It is expressly stated, however, that while this permission is given all the rights of the Crown and the nation are reserved, and no sanction is accorded to any propositions contained in the documents which may be contrary to the institutions and the legislation of the country.

Letters from Florence give an account of the arrival of King Victor Emmanuel in that city. The Florentine mind was at first possessed by an unusual agitation, for a report had arrived which announced that a popular revolt had broken out in Turin, and that the King had to seek refuge in his Tuscan capital. There was hardly time for this ridiculous report to be dispelled before the King himself arrived. He was received with great cordiality, and it was noticed that some members of the nobility who had previously held aloof from the new regime turned out to pay their respects to the Royal visitor. A correspondent of the Constitutionnel, who accompanied the King and suite on the journey, describes the reception of Victor Emmanuel at all the towns along the line as most enthusiastic.

According to the Roman correspondents of The Times, the Encyclical Letter of the Pope has created an undeniable schism in the Roman Catholic Church. He says that within sight of the Vatican men calling themselves "true sons of the Church" are now ranged under separate banners—those of Liberalism and Ultramontanism.

PRUSSIA.

The Russian Government has issued a series of decrees, the ultimate object of which is nothing less than the actual amalgamation of Poland with Russia. All the existing provincial Governments are suspended, and the several administrative departments are henceforth to be only branches of the Ministries at St. Petersburg. Poland is to be divided into twenty-seven departments, each of which is to be under the control of a Prefect.

NEW ZEALAND.

The New Zealand advices, by way of Melbourne, inform us that the Fox Ministry has resigned, and that a new Cabinet has been formed. Of the war we hear no more than that "prompt steps will be taken to put down the native rebellion."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A LIVING MAN'S TOMB.—A late visitor to Constantinople relates the following:—At Pera I visited the cemetery, which is full of beautiful monuments. One tomb especially attracted my attention by the richness of its ornamentation. I imagined it to be the tomb of some great personage, and proceeded to read the inscription, which was sculptured in golden letters, and contained, as usual, high-sounding traditions of the virtues of the deceased. The date of his death was, however, wanting. I inquired the reason of my guide, who told me that the explanation of the omission was very simple. The date was left out—because the man was still alive. He had caused the monument to be built four years before, on the day of his wedding, which was likewise that of the opening of his business. He came every week to visit it. My guide added that he believed the intention of this strange proceeding to be simply that of advertising the business of the party, as everyone who visited the cemetery would be sure to enquire about him.—Levant Herald, Jan. 25.

THE BERLIN PROFESSOR.—One of the most distinguished professors of philology at Berlin has been attacked by lunacy, which has taken a peculiar turn. The professor fancies that he has spent the last years of his life collecting notes on the life of Julius Caesar, and that these notes have been stolen from him and sent to the Emperor. He is watching the publication of the "Vie de César" with the utmost impatience, in order to vindicate his moral property, as he calls it. He maintains that a French hater with whom he lodged stole his manuscripts.

THE IMPERIAL AUTHOR.—Private letters from Paris speak of the large paper edition of Vol. I. of the Emperor's "Vie de César" as being ready. One of the early copies, it appears, has been presented to the head manager of the Imperial printing establishment, M. Anselme. The number of copies which the Emperor thinks of giving away to the crowned heads of Europe and the principal officers of State is about 1,500.—London Review.

Marriages.

By the Rev. Wm. Burton, in Falmouth, Feb. 23rd, 1865, Mr. William Wickwire, to Miss Charlotte Britton.

Also, by the same, at Hantsport, Feb. 27th inst., Douglas B. Woodworth, Esq., of Halifax, to Miss Elizabeth, fifth daughter of Ezra Churchill, Esq., M. P. F.

At Cornwallis, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. James Parker, Mr. Isaac Loomer, to Miss Harriet Rand, daughter of Charles W. Rand, all of Cornwallis.

Deaths.

On Monday morning, 6th inst., Margaret, relict of the late James Kelly, in the 90th year of her age. On Saturday, March 4th, James Thompson, aged 61 years.

At Richmond Station, on Sunday morning, 5th inst., at the residence of John Forrest, Capt. Alfred Miller, of Newport, Hants, in the 27th year of his age.

At East Hampden, Maine, of Typhoid Fever, on the 19th of Jan., 1865, Zephariah, the youngest son of Charles Brown, aged 15 years 10 months and 9 days. Our young brother professed faith in Christ and united with the Baptist Church at Long Point, Cornwallis, five years ago although a child, and although exposed to the allurements of the world we trust that God continued the work of grace in his heart which he has now perfected. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Porter, of Bangor, and he was interred at Levant, by the side of his mother and sister, on the 22nd. On the morning before his death, though so much weakened by disease, and life fast ebbing out, he sang a verse of "I'm going home to die no more," and in a few hours passed away.—Com.

At Windsor, on the 12th ult., after a short illness, Mrs. Elijah Harris, leaving a husband two children, Mrs. Harris was a member of the Baptist Church, and much beloved by all who knew her. Her end was peace.

As Good as New.

In this fast country the hair whitens and falls early. But thin and grey hair indicate only a local decay. Your hair may be renewed and sustained through life by the use of Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer and Zylbalsamum, or Hair Dressing. Every Druggist sells them.

The Remarkable Properties

OF BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been thoroughly tested since first introduced. The demand for them has steadily increased, and purely upon their own merits, they have found favor with those who, from Pulmonary, Bronchial, or Asthmatic complaints, require them. For Coughs and Colds they are efficacious.

Shipping List.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

Arrived. Tuesday, Feb. 28th.—R. M. steamer Merlin, Sampson, Newfoundland 4 days; brig Henry Gilbert, Hill, Bermuda 14 days; ballast; schr. Darling, Sinnenwhite, Lunenburg; dry fish. Wednesday, March 1st.—Brigt Queen of the West, Jollymour, Mayaguez 17 days. Thursday, 2nd.—Bark Halifax, O'Brien, Boston 3 days; brig Golden Rule, Patten, Ponce 19 days—sugar; schr. Triumph, Burns, St. Mary's—ballast. Friday, 3rd.—R. M. steamer Europa, Moodie, Boston; Canada, Hockley, Liverpool via Queenstown; brig Esquimaux, Affleck, Cienfuegos 27 days; schr. Wil-o-the-Wisp, Power, Glasgow 28 days—brigt Regatta, returned from sea.

Saturday, 4th.—Brigt Regatta, Hopkins, Cienfuegos—molasses; Eureka, Davis, Porto Rico 14 days—sugar; brig Gem, Cook, Cienfuegos 25 days—molasses; schr. Comet, Lang, Boston. Monday, 5th.—Brigt Elsie, O'Brien, Cienfuegos; Latina, McDonald, Ponce; Kingston, Henderson, Trinidad; Java, Nassau; schr. Friend, Campbell, Nassau.

Cleared.

Tuesday, Feb. 28th.—Brigt Arab, Cox, British W. Indies. Wednesday, March 1st.—Brigt Magnet, Roche, British W. Indies; brig Persia, Lassen, Liverpool, G. B.; schr. Juliet, Simpson, St. John, N. B.

Thursday, 2nd.—R. M. steamers Alpha, Hunter, Bermuda and St. Thomas; Europa, Moodie, Liverpool; schr. Augusta Parker, Sherring, Baltimore; Village Queen, Nickerson, B. W. Indies; Life Boat, Foster, Port Medway; Susan, Lang, Boston.

Friday, 3rd.—R. M. steamer Canada, Hockley, Boston; schr. Rescue, Landen, Port Medway. Saturday, 4th.—Brigt Mary Murphy, B. W. Indies; schr. Frances Harriet, Robbins, Yarmouth; Mege de Chamille, (French) Favat, St. Pierre, Mic.; Frink, Ambrose, Matamoras; Rival, Williams, Liverpool, N. S.

Monday, 6th.—Schr. Orion, Curry, New York; Robt. H. Dexter, Dexter, Eliza Catherine, Martell, Philadelphia; Rover, O'Bryan, New York; Will-o-the-Wisp, Power, Boston.

Memoranda.

Boston, Feb. 27th.—Arr. brig America, Halifax; old bark Norn, Havana. 28th.—arr. schr. Lydia, and Liberator, Yarmouth.

New York, Feb. 22nd.—Arr. Lillian M. Johnson, Port Medway. 23rd.—Leader, Halifax; Bark Stairs, Harriman, Matamoras—lost and split sails, carried away rigging and received other damage. 24th.—brigt Amanda, Jean, Laguna; Princess Royal, Havana—lost and split sails, stove bulwarks, &c.; Lady Washington, Cornwallis. 25th.—bark Robert Sims, Antwerp; brig Elsie, Curry, Port-au-Prince via Inagua—bound to Boston. Feb. 13, while lying too, shipped a heavy sea in lat. 40 30, long. 68 05, which stove in the cabin windows and boats, filling the cabin and house, washing the seamen's beds and clothing overboard, shifted the cargo, heaving the vessel on her beam ends; but away the masts when she righted with lee rail under water, could not open the hatches; 25th, was taken in tow by the pilot boat E. F. Williams and towed into port; brigt Zephyr, Cardenas; Mercy Parker, Halifax; schr. Jessie, (of Yarmouth) Arrow, experienced heavy weather, lost part of deckload, 24th, brig Abigail, Jamaica—lost foremast and split other sails; schr. Princess, P. B. Island—had heavy weather the entire passage; schr. L. E. Tigre, Onancock. 27th.—schr. E. F. Chase, P. B. Island via Gloucester 90 days; Lena, Porto Rico; Wild Rover, Fortuna Bay, Nfld. 12 days. Feb. 22nd.—old barks Wild

Hunter, Card, Matamoras; Ariel, Vera Cruz. 23rd.—brigt South Boston, Bathurst; Eureka, Denmore, Leghorn. 24th.—Annie Laurie, Jaemel; J. W. Johnston, Barbados; barks Union, Cienfuegos; Princess, Ryan, Buenos Ayres. 25th.—barks Morning Light, Cadiz; M. K. Lockhart, Lockhart, Matamoras; brig George Downes, Barbados; schr. Josephine B. Small, Matamoras; Fanny, Gonaves; Broadfield, Ponce. 27th.—barks Traveller, Pernambuco; Bounding Billow, Havana. Schr. Lady Milne, of Canso, was totally lost while on a passage from that port to Sydney and the crew (names as follows: James O'Hara, Master; James O'Hara, Jr.; Bernard O'Hara and George Jamerson, all of Canso) were drowned by the upsetting of the boat in which they were returning after the loss of their vessel. The bark Thomas Kilham, from New York for Antwerp, was off Penance, 14th Feb., lost second mate overboard. The bark S. D. Ryerson, of Yarmouth, arrived at New York on the 18th Feb., after a long passage of 98 days from Havre. Had heavy W. and N. W. gales the whole passage; shifted cargo, split sails and started cutwater and head. Jan. 16, while securing cargo, a part of the crew mistimed; they having procured liquor and got drunk. One of them struck Captain Healy in the head with a setting maul as he was coming up from below, knocking him down into the lower hold, injuring him severely and giving him a bad wound about three inches in length just above the left temple.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PER "COMMERCE" Vaux Brothers have received Ladies and Misses White and Colored SKIRTS, Ladies Extra Large, do., Water-proof CLOAKING, Corset Jeans, &c., &c. March 8. GLASGOW HOUSE.

NEW GOODS.

PER R. M. STEAMSHIP "CANADA" NEW SPRING DRESSES. POPLINETTES—New Fashionable Colors—at 1s. 3d., 1s. 6d., and 1s. 8d. per yard. New Silk Checked Fancy do., Colored French DELAINES, and Purple French MERINOS. Just received at the COMMERCE HOUSE, No. 144 Granville Street. March 8. R. MCMURRAY & CO.

WHITE COTTONS.

AT REDUCED PRICES. CAMBRIC Long Cloth, Medium and Stout SHIRTINGS, of superior quality; a large lot of FINE SHIRTINGS, in Single Pieces and Half Pieces. AT THE WHOLESALE PRICE. ALSO... LINEN SHIRTINGS. 9-4 and 10-4 Linen SHEETINGS. Linen Towellings; Bath Towels; Glass Alitto; Russia Crash; Eolier Cloths, &c. R. MCMURRAY & CO., COMMERCE HOUSE, No. 144 Granville Street. March 8.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE Subscriber having this day taken into Co-partnership his son, MR. GEORGE ACKHURST, will continue the Auction and Commission business under the name and style of William Ackhurst & Son. He respectfully solicits for the firm a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon himself during the past seventeen years. March 8th. WILLIAM ACKHURST. Particular attention paid to the sale of all kinds of domestic and foreign produce. Cash advances made when required. Sales rendered and proceeds paid with the same promptitude as heretofore. WM. ACKHURST & SON. March 8th.

MR. WILLIAM A. JOHNSTON, ATTORNEY AND BARRISTER AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC., Has resumed the practice of his profession in Halifax.

OFFICE—SOUTHERN BUILDINGS,

25 PRINCE STREET, Opposite the South Side of Province Building. Dec. 14.

FLANNELS,

IN WELSH, SAXONY AND LANGASHIRE. May be had from H. N. BECKWITH & CO. Feb. 15.

Farm for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers at private sale, the well known farm in Brooklya, St. Cornwallis, consisting of about 300 acres, 35 of which is intervale within call of the House, 40 or 50 acres have been ploughed, and is almost as level as a dyke. The whole is handsomely situated, the land is very easily worked and produces good crops. There are on the premises a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, a BARN, 60 x 38, also a SMALL BARN, for horses, and a number of other out buildings. An excellent ORCHARD, and several grafted trees. Also a never failing well of soft water. There is an abundance of wood and poles on the farm, and is capable of great improvements. It would make two good farms, and might be divided very conveniently. One half of the purchase money may remain on the place. For further particulars apply to the owner. ABEL STRONG. Feb. 22.