REPOSITORY RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL & GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. OF

"Not slothful in business : fervent in spirit."

NEW SERIES. Vol. X. No. 23.

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HALIFAX, N. S., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1865.

WHOLE SERIES. Vol. XXIX. No. 23.

Poetry.

For the Christian Messenger.

Good Bye.

Farewell! farewell! is often heard From the lips of those who part; 'Tis a whispered tone—'tis a gentle word, But it springs not from the heart.

It may serve for the lover's closing lay, To be sung 'neath a summer's sky; But give to me the lips that say The honest words "good bye."

Adieu, adieu may greet the ear In the guise of courtly speech, But when we leave the kind and dear, 'Tis not what the soul would teach.

Whene'er we grasp the hands of those We would have forever nigh, The flame of friendship bursts and glows In the warm, frank "good bye."

The mother sending forth her child. To meet with cares and strife, Breathes through her tears, her doubts and fears For the loved one's future life;

No cold "adieu" no "farewell" lives Within her choking sigh, But the deepest sob of anguish gives "God bless the boy, good bye."

Go watch the pale and dying one, When the glance has lost its beam, When the brow is cold as the marble stone, And the world a passing dream.

And the latest pressure of the hand, The look of the closing eye, Yield what the heart must understand A long, a last "good bye." May 23, 1865. MAUDE.

Religious.

Baptist Churches, a necessity.

ADDRESS OF REV. DR. ANGUS TO THE LONDON

(Continued.)

"iii. But even if we were not excluded from other churches by their adoption of the subjects there is nothing for two hundred source and refuses to take more; and he begun, and whether the Holy Ghost were yet creeds we cannot sign, and if we hold that and fifty years to help them. Kurtz, the taunts Dissenting Pædobaptists with non- given; after they heard of it they were bapbaptism is not essential to church member. German ecclesiastical historian, says indeed natural interpretations, suggesting that if we tized in the name of Lord. It is not necesship or to communion, provided always there that the baptism of children was never con- may interpret the Bible in this fashion, we sarily a church ordinance: it is rather an is a reverential regard for Christ's authority, demned till the days of Tertullian, in the may make anything of its teaching. Let individual duty, just as faith is; it is indeed is it still important to have Scriptural views early part of the third century. And this is any man take his religion from the Bible to the world what faith is to God, the outward of this doctrine of baptism? Is our advo- perfectly true, only it is but half the truth. only, let him interpret it as a plain man would sign of the inward grace. Believing men are cacy of it simply self-defensive? Remove it It is as true that the baptism of children is any other document; and I believe he will bound to be baptized, even though there be as a barrier of fellowship—does it still re- never once mentioned till Tertullian's days; hold one baptism as certainly—to say the no church they can join; as missionaries and

es were not forced upon us by necessity, and defenders of infant baptism appeal. Con- adoption and holiness. Regeneration and as yet no churches were formed. It was thus were not in some cases the result of a con- cessions of Pædobaptist writers have been adoption - sonship - are correlative terms, Saul was baptized by Ananias, and the Eunuch scientious conviction of the nature of the quoted by scores. They seem to admit with- they describe the two sides of the same great by Philip. Not necessarily a church ordi-Christian Church, Scriptural views on this out scruple that baptism means immersion, work. By regeneration we have the charac- nance, not necessarily an initiatory rite; but question are important. They seem to me and that there is no trace of infant baptism ter of children, by adoption the privileges; in all cas s the appointed mode of avowed part of our Protestantism: they are closely in the New Testament. They even hold, the while both are contemporaneous with forgive- discipleship, deeply significant, gloriously disconnected with just views of regeneration and most eminent of them, that it is unwise to ness and the beginning of holiness. Accord- tinctive. 'Know ye not that so many of us forgiveness and adoption; and no less closely maintain the contrary; but then they think ing to the teaching of Scripture, men are as were baptized into Christ were baptized with the New Testament distinction of the that they neutralise all these concessions by regenerated, begotten again, through the into His death. . . . that we also should walk world and the Church. Or to put it in an- the 'wise liberty' and the primitive tradition truth and by the Spirit; they become par- in newness of life' (Rom. vi. 4). 'As many antism; risks the vital doctrine of spiritual "I cannot now dwell upon these appeals in the highest spiritual sense, 'sons and daugh- put on Christ, and being Christ's we are heirs. renewal: and tends to confound the world to tradition, or upon the reasons for which ters of the Lord God Almighty': Contemand the Church. Baptism is not to me, with we decline to give it a place by the side of poraneously, they believe and are forgiven. the teaching of the Bible hefore me, a mere Scripture; but I may affirm, with men who Baptism is the outward and visible sign of ordinance, a positive institution without have examined the whole question, and who the threefold change—regeneration, adoption, meaning or significance: it is the representa- are not Baptists, that the appeal to tradition, torgiveness-not itself the means of the change tive of great spiritual truths. Take it away, if we are to be bound by it, will land us in either of character or of state; nor the preand I miss an instructive lesson: change it infidelity or in Popery. Chillingworth tried paration for the change, but the outward sign in its mode, in its subjects, and apply to it as tradition. Seeking for certainty of religious of the change." thus changed the startling and impressive faith, he left the Bible and went, as he tells "Apply baptism to infants who have not

Such has ever been the principle of no in- the highest degree precarious, and the judg- and the ordinance loses all its Scripture considerable portion of the Church of Christ, ments of the Fathers often mutually coutra- meaning; while men are thereby taught to appear humble. For as the garment is first

various sects from the earliest times. Since Nay, any man who uses tradition for the de- Christians, men will continue to oscillate bethe days of Luther it has been accepted as fence of infant baptism may try it for himthe principle of all Protestants. In his ear- self; and he will find in the very Fathers he ing of the ordinance, and the unscriptural lier labours he contented himself with affirm- quotes, statements about the saving efficacy ing the doctrine of justification by faith, and of baptism, and the right of infants to com- honours baptism, the other dishonours the protesting against monasticism and indul- munion, which, if he be an Evangelical Chris- Gospel. Give baptism its Scriptural mode, gence. In 1522 he completed his version of tian man, he will be compelled to disown! and especially its Scriptural subjects, and we the New Testament. Thenceforth he himself Appeal to tradition, and you must in conretired from the front place, putting there sistency hold infant baptismal regeneration, spiritual truths it is intended to represent. God's Word: 'let this book,' said he, 'be on and infant church-membership. all tongues, in all hands, under all eyes, and "These remarks are true of most Pædoin all hearts.' A century later, Chillingworth baptists: not of all. Our Congregational intancy. I have only to suppose that the affirmed the same principle in a more logical brethren agree with us in repudiating tra- spirit of those words, Suffer the little chil-

the meaning of the Bible from the Bible it- methods of interpretation which Churchmen the work of Christ supplying all they need, self. As it is the only inspired Book, so as strongly question as ourselves. They hold whatever that may be, to entitle them to a itself is the only inspired interpretor of its that to baptize does not mean to dip, or that blessed home and to fit them for it." message. It is self-interpretive; its own it means quite as much to apply water in any expositor, and the only authoritative exposi- way; that 'in the Jordan' means with the largely conducive to just conceptions of Christor. We use lexicons, for it is written in Jordan, that 'into' and 'up out of' mean tian discipleship and to the preservation of what is largely a dead language. We admit respectively 'to' and 'away from'; while the distinction between the church and the evidence of its meaning-evidence, not au- they destroy the very reason for either by world. thority—from all quarters, but when men say, affirming that baptism is not the application Tradition received through the Church must of the person to the water, but of the water his teacher. The disciple of Christ is one be regarded with like reverence as Holy Writ. to the person. They appeal to circumcision who takes Christ as his teacher, recognising we repudiate the dogma and call it Popery. as the type, but overlook the fact that cir- in Him at the very outset his Saviour and Popery depends for truth and for the mean- cumcision introduced to all the rights of the King. The Christian church is an associa-

Scripture, we decline no less the teaching of appeal to the piety of the wife as sanctifying the great aim of the Gospel to multiply such reason or of taste or of convenience. When, the child, and therefore as a pretext for disciples and to extend such churches throughtherefore, a high authority tells us that bap- baptizing it, overlooking the fact that the out the world. tism, i. e., immersion, was undoubtedly the husband is also thereby sanctified,—whatever precept of the New Testament and the prac- that may mean—and that on the same ground ship and that practically separates the betice of the first churches, but that the Church they ought to baptize the unbelieving husband. lieving and the unbelieving, the world and of Christ may exercise a 'wise liberty' and They appeal to the baptism of families, over- the church, is baptism. It is not necessarily substitute a more convenient mode, we demur looking the fact that in every case the bap- in every case an initiatory ordinance, as it to this announcement. 'A liberty' we admit tized family is spoken of as believing, or as has been called, nor is it necessarily a church it to be; 'a wise liberty' we question. rejoicing, or as addicting themselves to the ordinance. Not necessarily an initiatory or-Positive institutions, if binding at all, are ministry of the saints, or as brethren, and as dinance; for while it is most appropriate at binding as the Master ordained them. The comforted, while every passage that speaks of the beginning of a Christian life, it is binding Bible, not tradition; the Bible, not conveni- baptism in its spiritual significance as the even upon those who have been believing

main as a truth to be maintained and taught, be is the first that clearly alludes to it; and least—as he holds one Lord and one faith. in its proper place of course, but still main- the first writer that alludes to it condemns it. "2. Scriptural views of baptism are es-

language of the Bible, and you may make it us, to the Fathers, but only with the result believed, and then describe them in the lan-

ing of Scripture on tradition; and therein Jewish covenant, while the baptism of infants tion of such disciples, avowedly believing men, -the antitype-is on their system only dedi- women and children, banded together under "Declining to add traditional teaching to cation, entitling of itself to nothing. They such laws as Christ has laid down; and it is

tained and taught as part of the Divine law? Still there is evidence that the practice was sential or are largely conducive to Scriptural independently of them. It was thus Jesus "Even if the formation of separate church spreading, and to this evidence nearly all the views of forgiveness and regeneration, of

of multiplying all his doubts; nor did he guage which Scripture uses of those who have "1. Protestantism, as we now understand find any resting-place till he returned to the been baptized into Christ, and you neutralize it, is an avowal of our acceptance of the Bible again. Jeremy Taylor tried it, and the Gospel. Apply baptism to infants, and proud, and giveth grace to the humble."—1 Perus Bible as the only rule of our religious faith. alleges that the authority of councils is in speak of them simply as dedicated to God, 5:5. Ranke notes that long before Luther's day it dictory. In our own time Isaac Taylor tried suspect that evangelical system which is seen, so should our humility appear. How

honour the ordinance and honour no less the

"Personally, I believe firmly in Christ's form, 'the Bible and the Bible only the re- dition, and in rejecting the 'wise liberty' for dren to come unto me.' abides still with Christ, which some plead. They appeal to the Bible and I conclude that all who die before actual "It is part of this principle that we gather alone. In consequence they are driven to sin are at once safe with God, the love and

ence, not even a wise liberty in things com- washing away of sin,' as 'burial with Christ.' Christian men for years, but who have never as 'saving,' they reject, deeming each and all yet observed it. So our Lord regarded the "Now, in fact, it is to this liberty and to inapplicable to the baptism they administer. kindred ordinance of John's baptism, though tradition that most advocates of infant bap- These methods of interpretation are as mis- in Him it was no baptism of repentance with tism appeal. On the mode tradition is chievous, it seems to me, to our reverence for a view to the remission of sins: 'thus,' says against them; immersion was nearly every- Scripture, as they are unworthy of our schol- He, 'it becomes us to fulfil all righteousness,' where regarded for centuries as the primitive arship. The Romanist taunts the Churchman -every righteous requirement. So the dispractice. In defence of sprinkling, there- with taking his baptism from tradition, and ciples who had believed but had not yet heard fore, they appeal to this wise liberty. On asks why he takes one doctrine from that whether the dispensation of the Messiah had others may be tree to baptize believers into according to the promise,' (Gal. iii. 27, 29), · By one Spirit we are all baptized into one body,' (1 Cor. xii. 13).

(Conclusion next week.)

"This do in remembrance of me."

THE GARMENT.

"Likewise, ye younger, submit yourselves unto

We are required to be humble, and towas the principle recognised by some of the most enlightened and devout men of the Roman Catholic Church. William Jones amongst ourselves, Uhlman among the Germans, have traced this same faith among