OF RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL & GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

"Not slothful in business: fervent in spirit."

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WHOLE SERIES.

Religious.

Fourth Article.

to the communion.

In support of this position we remark:

we suppose of the eunuch whom Philip bap- families in celebrating it at home. tized. But such instances do not affect the In the third place the Christians at Corinth immortality to light." general rule. It is still true that in all ordi- came together "in church" to observe the nary circumstances church membership follows holy supper. When Paul wrote his letter directly after baptism; certainly it precedes to the Corinthians, the word (ecclesia) had admission to the Lord's table. Besides, it already become the appropriate designation must be borne in mind that partaking of the for organized body of Christians. It was hely supper is an act to be repeated until the either applied to the whole company of beclose of lite, while uniting with a Caristian lievers in every age, or to a local church, as obviously at the beginning of it. No good per as a church. place.

In support of our position we remark: ordinance. It was meant to be observed and act of contempt to the church, as such. This the term as used by the apostle in 1 Tim. 6. to all men, both just and unjust, of a future administered, not by individual Christians at appears to be the obvious meaning of Paul's 16. Speaking of God as the Eternal King, existence, an existence beyond te present will, nor by irresponsible companies of believ- language. Bearing in mind, then, the repeat- in contrast with earthly kings, he says, "Who one. The conviction of immortality in that ers, but by the churches of Christ as such. cd statement that the Corinthian disciples only hath immortality." That is, who of all age appears to have very generally obtained. This statement is justified by the language of "came together" to observe the Lord's Sup- kings is alone undying or incorruptible. So Bad men, as well as good entertained a con-Paul to the Corinthians, "The cup of bless- per, the clear intimation that they could not in the first chapter and seven centh verse of sciousness of it. The wicked Balaam, mening which we bless, is it not the communion observe it properly without coming together, the same letter, Paul writing of the character tioned in the 23rd chap, of Numbers, speakof the blood of Christ? The bread which and the plain testimony that they met in of God as King of kings, styles him, King ing what God in that instance prompted him we break, is it not the communion of the "church" to observe it, we feel ourselves eternal, immortal, invisible. That is, the to say, exclaims "Let me die the death of body of Christ? Because it is one bread, we, authorised to say that they broke bread as a self-existent, undying, unseen, the only wise the righteous, and let my last end be like his," the many, are one body, for we all partake of church, and treated the Lord's Supper in all God, Then also in Romans 2. 7, writing of This he undoubtedly spoke with respect to an the one bread." ... "When ye come respects as a church ordinance. It is there- the patient and persevering believers, Paul immortal state, and under the conviction of among you; and I partly believe it. When, therefore, ye come together in one place, it is not to eat the Lord's Supper; for in eating each one takes before another his own supper." ... " Have ye not houses to eat and drink in? Or despise ye the church of God, and put to shame them that have not ?" So then, my breth-

are fixed by these words of the apostle: In the first place, the Corinthian Christians were evidently accustomed to "meet tegeth-

ren, when ye come together to eat, wait for

one another. If any man is hungry, let him

eat at home, that ye come not together to

judgment." Several points of great interest

None but members of some Christian observe it without coming together. This is Matt. 22. 23,) who deny the immortality of keeping with the text, perfection of character, Church whose "conversation becometh the not said, but implied. Many things could be the wicked dead. gospel of Christ" and who "strive together done by Christians separately. "Have ye not Upon the first statement of the text, the with the apostle's statement in the 10th verse. for the taith of the gospel," should be invited houses to eat and drink in?" "If any man abolition of death, we do not design at this Speaking of the success of those believers is hungry, let him eat at home." But it does time to say much. The text says Christ endeavours, denotes their attainments by the not seem to have entered the apostle's mind "has abolished death." This is partly pros- word "peace" that he denotes by the term 1. That becoming connected with a Christ that the Lord's Supper could be eaten at pective. He has gained and holds a present "immortality" in the 7th verse. But glory tian church naturally precedes partaking of home. No word of his letter intimates the power over it, which was exhibited in in- honor and peace shall every man attain to the Lord's Supper. It has already been shown propriety of such an act. His language firm. stances during his life,—such as the resurrect that worketh good. The apostle in his letter that baptism is properly the first public act ly points to the who'e body of Corintbian tion of Lazarus, (John 11. 33, 44) and of to Timothy, from which we have selected our of consecration to God and his service. By believers as presenting themselves at the Jarius' daughter, (Mark 5. 41, 42). And text, does not say that the gospel creates submitting to this rite one solemnly vows his Lord's table. F xing his mind on the mem. also by his own resurrection. The fear of immortality, nor that men, the subjects of faith in the triune God and his purpose to bers of this body, he says: When ye come death is also abolished to those who believe gospel favors, have any power to create it; obey him in all things. He takes his place together in one place, it is not to eat the in Jesus, according to Heb. 2. 15, "And de- nor that any religious exercise, such as reunder the banner of Christ, and pledges him- Lord's Supper, -your professed, as it should liver them who through fear of death were pentance, or faith, or love, produces it; nor next? The great army is made up of com- shows, it is for each one to eat his own sup- again, Luke 6. 74, 75, "Might serve him or dependent upon these exercises. Nor does to become members of one. This was true, observance of it could justify individuals or

church is an act to be performed but once, that of Antioch. In the passage before us changes. At what point of time, then, shall which it generally has in this epistle. Hence the church relation be established? Surely the words (en eeclesia) signify in church form not at the close of one's Christian life and or capacity, and give evidence that the Coservice nor in the mid lie of that service, but | rinthian believers celebrated the Lord's Sup- is immortality?"

reason appears for assigning it any other | Plainly, then, the Lord's Supper was observed by the saints in Corinth as a church, words on this point,

For the Christian Messenger.

the december of Kensungton Museum and or

THE IMMOBIALITY OF THE WICKED: A discourse preached by Rev. W. G. Goucher, in the Baptist Meeting House, Yarmouth, on the evening of July 31; and published by requesting the over brooks seels awa

Dabbe out will A Sala and State of the

monthly, we are not told, but the language every man ought to be satisfied with and to a people who had some time before this the last census, was three hundred and thirty outed above makes it certain that they always heartily yield to Christ's teaching on every believed, and he by contrasting the life and thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, (380, met together for this service. Indeed, it question, It life and immortality are brought end of the wicked with that of the righteous, 857). seems to have been the proper and avowed to light through the gospel, we can certainly is encouraging them by patient continuance. In these and all similar instances, mankind object of their assembling. Although the find them in the gospel, and the principal in well doing, to seek for honour, glory and are mentioned as human beings, which is all

way in which some of them partook of the purpose of this discourse is to consider its immortality. It immortality signifies exemplove teast before the eucharist betckened little teachings on the subject of immortality, es- tion from annihilation, and is the product of respect for the latter, they met professedly, pecially the immortality of the wicked. One faith, Why still seek for it? Why seek for without doubt, to eat not their own but the particular reason we have for laying stress at what they have? The woman in the gospel Lord's Supper. No other vie explains the this time upon the immortality of the wicked, who seeks for the piece of silver, ceases to repeated and emphatic manner in which their and examining the subject in gospel light, is seek for it as soon as she has found it, and "coming together" is connected with this or- that while but few deny the immortality of begins to rejoice, Luke 15. 8, 9. It is evithe righteous dead, there has lately arisen in dent then that it is not this exemption, that In the second place they could not properly these parts a number of semi Sadducees (See those mentioned persons seek, but rather in

In discoursing upon this subject we will mary. They call attention to its truths, and comfort and edity christians and warn sinners.

1. Life and immortality in general.

to the immortality of the wicked. age, it was taught, and in some instances very 3. Present the teachings of Scripture, es impressively laught too. God gave to the

pecially of the New Testament, on the sub- world in its inlancy a signal demonstration of ject, showing that the gospel has brought to this doctrine as related to human beings in unless a repetition is made necessary by local it must be used in the latter sense, a sense light the immortality of the wicked as well the translation of Enoch, (Gen. 5. 24), and as of the righteous.

outset the inquiry naturally comes up, "What The first of these was before the destruction

Webster's Standard Dictionary of the English | had become excessively wicked. These demlanguage, and we find his definition to be onstrations were not only high encomiums on and any disorderly or selfish conduct attending incorruptible, the quality of ceasing to be, a high order of piety, but were in the absence 2. That the Lord's Supper is a church it was not only a grief to individuals, but an exempt from death, &c. With this agrees of a written revelation, a supply of evidence together in church, I hear there are schisms fore needless to examin further the apostle's describes them to be sacking for honor, glory, an intimate and characteristic connection betion, but their self-deception is evident, as immortality. you will see when I tell you their theory is, The afflicted Job was a believer in and suffer cease. In other words will be annihi. Daniel 12. 2. lated. They thus, we may here remark, The Old Testament is very largely histori-Life and immortality brought to light through make man largely the creator of himself; cal and prophetic, and generally when man is the Gospel.—2 Tim. i. 10. Several important statements are made in It stands thus; - Every man is capable of of as a human being, just as in any other er" in order to observe the Lord's Supper. this text. Death is said to be abolished believing in Christ. Every man who chooses history. As for instance : The Duke of Wel-No less than four times within the space of a Li'e and immortality brought to light; that to believe in Christ, by that act of believe in Christ, by the christ few verses does Paul connect their coming to is, rendered conspicuous through the Gospel, renders himself immortal, or creates himself on the 23rd of September, 1803, with a force gether in one place with the celebration of the by Jesus Christ. Every man, both saint and an eternal existence. Now you see the text of 5000 men, totally defeated 60,000 under eucharist. This was their custom; there is sinner, has an interest in each and every one last named gives them no support. For they Scindia, and the Rajah in person; gaining one no hint of any irregularity; it was their uni- of these statements. They are matters of say every individual believer by that act of the most complete victories recorded even. form practice. Whether they commemorated faith and hope. No higher authority can renders himself immortal. But Paul in the in the annals of Indian warfare. Or again, the death of Christ daily or weekly or certainly be required on any subject, and connection of this text in Romans, is writing. The population of Nova Scotia, according to

freedom from corruption. This is in harmony selt to have no other master. And what be your real object, -but, as your conduct all their lifetime subject to bondage." And that it has a birth in any way connected with panies, one here and another there, and he per, which might have been taken at home. without tear, in holiness and righteousness he say that men living under the leg I discan have no regular connection with it unless Again, being present with them in spirit, he before him all the days of our lite." By pensation knew nothing of immortality; nor he joins one of the companies, unless he en- explains in one respect the import of com- the inspired apostle Paul, in 1 Cor. 15. 26, that the inspired writers, whose writings comters a particular church. Uniting with a munion: Since the consecrated loaf is one it is declared. The last enemy shall be de- prise the Old Testament, make no mention of local church is therefore the immediate se- bread, we, the many, are one body; for all stroyed, death." We have quoted it without it. He only says that it is made lucid through quence and, as it were, the natural counter- of us-oi pantes-partake of the one bread. the italics. John in his A ocalypse saw the the gospel. More light is given on the subpart of the baptismal vow. Hence the latter By signifying thus our union with Christ and cessation of Death. He saw it cast into the ject. The gospel may primarily mean the is often called "the door into the church," dependence on him for spiritual life, we sig. lake of fire 20. 14 of Revelations. We will account given, by the four evangelists, of and membership is supposed to follow it as a nity our union with one another, and the detain you not longer with remarks on the Christ. Yet, we see no impropriety in applymatter of course. There are, to be sure, ex- church of many members is represented as abolishment of death, though it is an interest- ing the term to the whole of scripture bearing ceptional cases; persons are sometimes con- one body. According to these passages, the ing and important subject, but will at once directly upon christianity. None of the ing verted and baptized where there is no eucharist was observed by the collected church, proceed to consider the last statement of the spired writers wrote anything contrary there. church and when they are unable for a time and no abuscs which might attend such an text, for we have selected this passage at to. Nor did the apostles make any new this time because it contained the remark revelations. They commented upon the ges-"Through the gospel hath brought life and pel doctrines. They detail the directions and instructions that the evangelists give in sum-

> 2. Notice the objections of the objectors in the early age of the world, as in the gospel another of the same kind at a later period in 1 In the discussion of this subject, at the translation of Elijah, (2 Kings 2. 11). of the wicked by the flood, the latter some For a correct answer to this we turn to time after. But each at a time when men and immortality. Here the semi-sadducees tween the present and future. His business. seize a text supposing they have solid founda. also shews that he believed the doctrine of

If immortality was not so clearly taught

-No man is immortal, naturally, neither taught immortality, Job 19, 26. David also body, soul, or spirit. Man, by believing, be- believed and wrote of it, Sam. 12. 23; comes immortal in every department of his Psalm 17. 15. The Prophets also write unconstitution. The wicked will, at the great der a consciousness of immortality. It frejudgment day at the end of time, be sen- quently juts out in their writings. At times tenced and all his faculties of ability to they pointedly notice it. See Isaiah 66. 24;

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