## CHRISTIAN MESSENGER. THE

FEBRUARY 14, 1866.

## For the Christian Messenger. College Ageney.

## MR. EDITOR,-

50

As I am the person alluded to, I will give days are not so strict. two thousand dollars.

From A. N. Whitman, Esg., Cape Canso, \$400. A Friend in Guysborough,..... 364. Wm. Faulkner, Esq., Truro, to com-James Gourley, Esq., Great Village, to complete a Scholarship, ..... 360. 

The remainder has been in small sums of from fifty cents to forty dollars, too numerous to name singly. As has been already stated, the time I have been able to devote to it has been very limited, one could scarcely be expected to accomplish much in eight weeks, yet enough has been done to show that I have not laboured in vain.

Wherever I went I was kindly received, and foun many warm friends to the Institu- with Educational matters, relative to the School tions at Wolfville. To raise the sum required Law. Much has been said and written on to complete the Endowment Fund, will be a the subject which does not reflect much credit work of time, and require much toil and on the parties from whom it has emanated,patience, but it can be done. It will be censuring the Legislature and Government fitness have no hesitation. It is no proof that a of the Reciprocity Treaty, or of any measure requisite for the Governors of the College to for stirring up strife and discord in many of person ought to join the church because he of reciprocal duties between the British Provexercise the strictest economy in the manage- the School Districts of our Province. That ment of the financial matters, so as to fully strife and discussion has arisen on account of secure the confidence of the churches general- the Act, none will have the hardihood to ly, and with an Agent to go among them mani- deny. But I am willing to free the Governfesting much of the spirit of Christ, and suc- ment and Legislature from any sinister mocess is pretty certain. I tig ily approve of the " resolution passed Act, as both sides in the House seemed anx- have been about as difficult to persoade the at the Convention at Berwick," the intention ious to have a general School Act adapted to Pharisee that he was not fitted to take the of which is "to secure from each member of the wants of our country. our desomination twenty-five cents annually, Long ago has the subject been debated. until the Endowment fund is completed." The late Government was far-sighted enough Let this be carried into effect, and in four not to touch it, fearing that carrying out an years the sum we at present aim at will be Act of this kind would cause them the loss of will cause him promptly and unbesitatingly to realized. But, while speaking approvingly of the Government, should they attempt it. The perform the duty, he even requesting the opthis scheme, I would say,-the larger dona- present Government has the credit of introtions are required too. The more large ones ducing the Bill, and are entitled to the thanks of from \$100 to \$400, are sent in to our of our countrymen. It is not much to be Treasurer, the better; he will gladly receive wondered at, that in filling up the details of them, and thankfully asknowledge them. I the Bill, that they may have erred, and it do not wish any one to be urged to join the would urge upon the Governors of the Col- may yet require several Sessions to amend church. It an individual has not religion lege the importance of securing a suitable what in its present state is objectionable. Agent as soon as possible. My field of labor should be the duty of every person to mark to desire it as a duty and privilege, he is not has now become so large, that it requires all its defects and so report from time to time, my time to perform my pastoral duties, and that our Legislature may be put in possession I cannot even attend to this Eastern section of facts that otherwise may have escaped properly.

is weak, it will suffice, the Rubric says, to Let the Trustees have the whole management however strong, he ought not on that account to pour water upon it.' She replied, 'Nay, the of the School, and let them do the best they decline it. Forwardness to unite with the child is not weak, but I am resolved it shall can; this is a progressive age, and the Schools church is an untavorable sign. It is a quite not be dipped.' This argument I could not will improve. Upercion in School matters or confute; so I went home, and the child was religion is always distasteful to the mass. One of the good things in the Christian baptized by another person." Here Mr. The miserly rich is the only class which will Messenger of yesterday, is an article on "The Wesley shewed his uncompromising fidelity be benefitted by the tariff plan proposed. Endowment Fund of Acadia College," which as a minister of the Church of England. He hope they are the lewest in number. As the things generally, they see no reason why they the writer commences with an inquiry con- knew that he was compelled to dip the child Legislature will soon be in Session, I would cerning the progress the Agent is making unless the parents certified that it was weak, like you to publish these few remarks. "in collecting funds for the Endowment." and he acted accordingly. Clergymen now-a- any good should result from doing so, I shall

you the information sought. About a year March 21, 1759, "I baptized seven ad- a duty I owe to my country. and three months ago, at the request of the ults, two of them by immersion; and in the Governors of the College, I consented to act evening, their own ministers having cast them as their agent in this Eastern Association, to out for going to hear the Methodists, I addo what I could in that capacity, consistently ministered the Lord's Supper to them and with the duties devolving upon me in connec- many others whom their several teachers had tion with my church. During the whole of the repelled for the same reason." In this case time above mentioned, I have been able to Mr. Wesley evinced his accommodating spirit; spend only eight weeks in Agency work, and he could pour, or sprinkle, or immerse, and have collected in cash, and secured by goud he called each mode of action baptism. But Notes, mostly on interest, something over he well knew that immersion was the ancient mode,--" the custom of the first church."

The so-called proselyte baptism was not in existence when the New Testament was written. It was a Jewish atterthought, and had little in common with Christian baptism.

Yours truly, J. M. CRAMP. Feb. 10, 1866.

For the Christian Messenger.

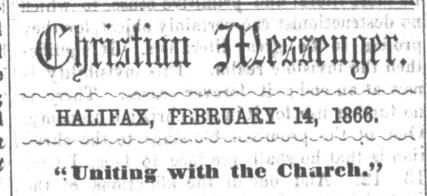
The School Law.

MR. EDITOR,

Sir,-Your columns are sometimes occupied tive or party feeling in framing the School their notice. This is my apology for the lately deceased, say forty, more or less, the number does not affect what I wish to illustrate,-tenants at will, subject to be removed at the end of the year. These persons are

teel please 1; if otherwise, I have discharged EDWARD MCLATCHEY.

Windsor, 8th Feb., 1866.



In our last we sought to direct the minds. of our readers to our Lord's great design, to bring a pure Church out from amongst the sinful men and women of this world. We were begun to subside. At all events a truly conpurposing to invite attention more in detail to the process by which this wonderful work is brought about, and the change effected in them, when we happened to find in a late number of the Christian Era, the following excellent article in reference to those who are being difficult to persuade him to it until he experibrought into church relationship. Believing ences some subsequent reviving of his graces. that it would be of service to many under serious impressions, as to their duty in this particular, we have transferred it to our col-

who are the best fitted to become members of time. the church, are the most reluctant to do so; while those who give the least evidence of such thinks he ought, nor that he ought not, because inces and the United States. The telegram he thinks he ought not. A person through ignorance may run before he is sent, or he may not run when he is sent. Self righteousness may lead a person to believe he ought to protess religion, while a sense of unworthiness may placed by this action of their rulers. It was cause him to believe that he ought not. It would as follows : name of Christ as it would to persuade the publican that he was. It is very commonly thought that if a person is a real christian, his love for Christ and his sense of duty will lead him to desire publicly to profess the name of Christ, and portunity to do so as a privilege, rather than needing to be urged to it as an obligation. This is trequently considered as one of the inevitable fruits and necessary evidences of having been born again. Church members often say they enough to lead him to do so voluntarily, and even fit to belong to the church. There are however deeper and more comprehensive and discriminating views to be taken of the nature of the christian life than are implied in these sentiments. It is the legitimate effect remarks which I am about to make, not of true religion to lead the christian to desire to having seen them elsewhere in print. In my acknowledge Christ and honor him before all vicinity a number of tenants to a gentleman men, as the author of his salvation. But this is not the only feeling the christian has. The exercise of this feeling is often counteracted by the christian's insight into the depravity of his own heart obtained in conversion, and his consequent sense of his unworthiness to profess the name of rated for whatever houses or lands are required Christ. It is very common for this feeling to ing what he regards as duty, and would otherwise esteem a high privilege. This feeling of unworthiness often prevents entirely, many of the sincerest christians (for it is in them that stronger than even his desire publicly to acknowledge Christ, so as to require that he

uniform fact which ought to be better understood, that persons indulging false hopes have no such hesitation or misgiving about professing religion. Being unenlightened as to the sinfulness of their hearts and the nature of spiritual are not qualified to protess the name of Christ, and since they believe they are christians they think they ought to do so. The consequence is that this class of persons are foremost to offer themselves for membership in the church, and are usually accepted, while those who are truly enlightened, renewed and humbled, distrusting themselves and feeling unworthy, remain where they are, except as they are personally sought out, encouraged and even urged to the performance of duty. It is according to our observation and experience, that there are but few truly converted persons, and those are of a peculiar description, who will come forward of their own accord and offer themselves for church membership.

The most favorable period in the history of a renewed person for performing this duty is when he is under the impulses of his first love for Christ. He is then restrained less by his sense of sin and feeling of unworthiness, than at a subsequent period when his first impulses have verted person needs to be under some special awakening in order to come out from the world and publicly take upon him the name of Christ, readily and with no misgivings. If it be not done under the impulse of his first love, it is according to our experience that it will be very This is in the case, it must be remembered, of the truly converted person. In the case of one not truly converted, but indulging hope, no such difficulty will be experienced, simply because he is not restrained by any vital sense of his un-It is very commonly the case that the persons worthiness. He will go forward at almost any

> No hope is now entertained of any renewal on Saturday last indicates that our neighbors are beginning to realize some of the disadvantages under which their fishermen will be

## Yours truly,

J. E. BALCOM.

Great Village, Feb. 9, 1866.

P. S.-I am highly pleased with Dr. Cramp's " Catechism of Christian Baptism." I would like to see it in every Baptist family, so that all our members may be properly instructed on that subject, and able to give an answer to every one who asks their reason for holding-" The Immersion of believers to be the only Christian Baptism," I would have no objection to seeing it in every Pedobaptist family also. It will doubtless do good

DEAR BROTHER

the railway damages are paid, it would be commonly stronger than even his desire publicly Liouis Napoleon cannot afford, amid the of last week would have us believe that when unfair and unjust towards the landlord, who to acknowledge Christ, so as to require that he jarring elements which still exist in his own Mr. Wesley referred to the "ancient manner should be encouraged, and even urged to go dominions, to set at naught popular feeling. of baptizing by immersion," he had in his would then add to his rents, taking it again forward in spite of his deep sense of his unfitmind the immersion said to have been prace out of the poor ocupants. If all properties ness. For the want of such encouragement and We do not believe the United States govtised in the admission of Jewish Proselytes. were subject to a tax without any exemption urging at the proper time, multitudes of pions ernment have the least desire to provoke a Perhaps it may be well to let Mr. Wesley of any kind, wherever found, real or personal, souls are outside of the christian church, and war with France-It would be strange inwith an income tax, it would not be so objeg- are suffering to an unknown degree in their deed if, in their present position, they had, explain himself. Here are some extracts from his Joarnal stech fon if blaow selectorstata000 tionable, in my estimation. Too much money own persone, while they are comparatively lost but their refusal to recognize Maximilian Feb. 21, 1786. Mary Welch, aged cleven days, was baptized, according to the custom of the first church, and the rule of the church is absorbed in carrying out the law, in the spointments, some of which are considered of the first church, and the rule of the church of England, by immersion. The child was on their, report, signed by two Magistrates, This deep sense of spiritual things which leads tance." For ourselves, we have little doubt ill then, but recovered from that hour." This that the best thing that could happen to shews that when Mr. Wealey, spoke of the from the Section, it living within it, or other "ancient manner of haptizing by inmersion" wise the adjoining. Section, I would raise thing to units with the church, and causes him to regard himself as totally unfitted for it, and that the best thing that could be the general establishment to regard himself as totally unfitted for it, and that be ought not to take the step, is in itself as totally unfitted for it, and that be ought not to take the step, is in itself as totally unfitted for it, and that be ought not to take the step, is in itself as totally unfitted for it, and that be ought not to take the step, is in itself as the favorite passion of the Mexican people, think, less than any other. There would be indicated to the favorite passion of the Mexican people, think, less than any other. There would be indicated to infine the targe, on the indicated of infine as the favorite passion of the people at large, on think less than and the step, and a saving of a consult in a bootal and religious point of view." shews that when Mr. Wesley spoke of the from the Section, it living within it, or, other- the young christian to feel that it is a great

"A Washington despatch says the Canadian officials, before they left, threw out some hints that if the Reciprocity Treaty was allowed to expire without some action upon the question of the Fisheries it might lead to serious difficulties. Of course, they could not permit our people to continue to fish in their waters under the treaty stipulations if the Reciprocity Treaty expires. We are limited to a very small margin, and it our fishermen go beyond that limit they will be forced back."

THE WORLD'S EXHIBITION to be held at Paris, is attracting much attention. A joint resolution is introduced into the Congress at Washington, providing for an appropriation of one thousand dollars, fifty thousand of of which is for the employment of ten protessional scientific commissioners. The same deficiencies of United States productions, as was noticed at the last exhibition in London, will not be allowed to exist at Paris.

We are informed that steps will be immediately taken to prepare for a representation of Nova Scotia productions at the said Exhibition.

> NEWS SUMMARY. And white the BAL

under the Act. Many find hard work to pay be so strong in the truly converted person, as to Napoleon the third has great reason to up the rent due, without this extra demand, cause him to hesitate very much in regard to do fear that in placing an Austrian prince, upon a Mexican throne, he has made a sad for which the landlord will not make any mistake-It is possible it may turn out allowance in the rent. The poor man is thus otherwise, but under present circumstances compelled to pay, because found in possession there is good ground to believe that the of the estate of his landlord. I find that in this feeling is strongest.) from publicly professservice to the cause of truth. tenure of supreme authority by Maximilian this village two-thirds of the house holders ing the religion of Christ. And it has been ac-J. E. B. are tenants at will, and have to pay for the cording to our experience that it causes almost in Mexico, will be a brief one. The hold property they are found in possession of. every truly converted person to go torward in he has gained on the good will of the peo-Many do not pay their rent as they should, this duty with hesitation, trembling and fear. ple appears to be very precarious, and it is For the Christian Messenger. This feeling in the young christian is commonly. more probable that as soon as the French verifying that passage of scripture, "The troops are withdrawn, the new Emperor destruction of the poor is their poverty." John Wesley and Immersion. will soon have to follow. The policy of Should the Legislature alter this, so as to should be encouraged, and even urged to go forthe French Emperor in regard to Mexico IL VERBEINS make the Landlord accountable, and the ward in this duty with hesitation, trembling and amount to be deducted from their rents, like fear. This teeling in the young christian is has always been unpopular in France, and A correspondent in the Provincial Wesleyan