& GENERAL

" Not stothful in business: tervent in spirit."

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# e New Year.

bells, to the wild sky, Ring out, The flyingoud, the frosty light; The year dying in the night-R ing out, bells, and let him die.

Rig out the I, ring in the new-Ring ham bells, across the snow; The year going, let him go; Ring out the lse, ring in the true.

Ring out therief that saps the mind, For those at here we see no more; Ring ou p feud of rich and poor, Ring in reas to all mankind.

Ring in mobler modes of life, With sweet manners, purer laws.

Ring out thwant, the care, the sin, The faithes coldness of the times; Ring on ing out my mournful rhymes, But ring tofuller minstrel in.

Ring out for pride in place and blood, The civillander and the spite; Ring in a love of truth and right, Ring in the ommon love of good.

Ring out dishapes of foul disease, Ring out to narrowing lust of gold; Ring out ie thousand wars of old," Ring in the housand years of peace.

Ring in the raliant man and free, The large heart, the kindlier hand; Ring ou he darkness of the land-Ring in the Christ that is to be. The said to

Third Article.

Only baptiled believers are entitled to a place at the Lord's table, and such only can properly be invited to partake. To justify protest worthyof note has been made by this statement we shall consider:

1. The relation of the two ordinances to each other as symbols. It is generally ad- ceived, they ave overlooked the marks of mitted, we suppose, that baptism symbolizes distinction beween visible churches on earth the beginning of the new life, and the Lord's and "the gerral assembly and church of the suppor its furtherance. The former speaks of first-born, wich are written in heaven," and change from one spiritual condition to another, have assume that all who belong to the latter from moral pollution to moral purity, -putting should be weemed to the highest privileges off the old, putting on the new, dying and of the forer. Forgetting that Christ norising again in fellowship with Christ, and so where identied the terms of admission to his taking a new position under the government favor with he terms of admission to a local of God, -while the latter speaks of growth, church, the have closed their eyes to the exprogress, power, in a present condition. The ample of aostolic believers, and have marred one represents a single event, a sudden transi- the order ad symmetry of the Lord's house. tion, a consecration of its subject to a new However oble their spirit and purpose, they service and master, while the other represents have place themselves in a solitary and talse an ever-recurring duty, refreshment, and joy, position wich we think they will ere long For as many of you as have been bentized abandon, o resume their place with the great into Christ have put on Christ;" " As often body of blievers, who maintain that baptism as ye eat this bread and drink this cup, ye do is prerequisite to the Lord's supper. show the Lord's death till he come." The life of faith must be originated before it can the symblical meaning of the two ordinances, be nourished; and an ordinance which repre- by the uniform example of the primitive sents the inception of this life must naturally churche and by the common judgment of precede one which represents its existence and Christedon. But it is correct, the duty support. In baptism a sinner publicly red of Bapist churches is obvious. They must allegiance to Christ; at the Lord's table he they spose to have been haptized. For if takes his place among the acknowledged it is endent that no man should expect to be friends of Jesus and receives from him the savel t last, unless he believes that he has tokens of love and favor. Can there be any compled with the terms of salvation, and that doubt as to the order in which these sacred to chrch should endorse and encourage his rites should be observed? Shall a rebel expecation, unless it shares his belief, or, in appear at the king's table and recline in his other words, is satisfied of his compliance bosom before he has publicly adjured his with hose terms; it is equally evident that wickedness and avowed his future loyalty? no Uristian should deem himself entitled to Shall he be formally recognized as a citizen the ommunion until he believes that he has before he is formally qualified for citizenship? comlied with the scriptural terms of admismakes it prerequisite to the communion, that one who neglects or refuses to observe the initiatory ordinance has no right to observe the initiatory ordinance. Salvation, indeed, the subsequent ordinance of these rices and power.—

New York Observer.

Assurance is glory in the beld in May, 1866, at which the following topics, suggested by the committee of the lord's supper. Should they well be held in May, 1866, at which the following topics, suggested by the committee of the lord's supper. Should they well be discussed:

It is a cluster of the land of promise; it is a cluster of the land of promise in the land of promise. It is plain to us that the import of baptism single this ordinance, and that no church

the apostolic age. Beginning with the in- to be the law of Christ; for, while they look among us. brought into the rurch and afterwards bap- whom they cannot invite to the Lord's supper tized. The order ppears to have been one and utterly disclaim the use of this ordinance and the same in eery instance, and baptism as a sign or test of simply Christian fellowalways preceded he communion. On this ship. Might not this act be more distinctly point the testimon of the scriptures is univo- acknowledged than it is by some of their ascal; and, if aposolic precedent can be relied sailants? upon as a guide a duty, we may be sure that baptism is pre-equisite to communion at the Lord's table. Il is to be considered,

3. That Chrisians of every name, from the apostolic age to the present, with hardly a dissentient voic have declared baptism to be a prerequisite the Lord's supper. It would be easy to prouce ample proof of this statement, but we cem it unnecessary. The only portion of the English Baptists. Moved by a desire to recive all whom Christ has re-

Ou scond statement, then, is justified by s the service of Satan and declares his welcom to the Lord's table only those whom

spired record at the day of Pentecost, and upon such persons as still unbaptized, they tracing the history of Chrisians until that believe baptism a prerequisite to communion. in some portions of the work be beneficial to record closes, we find no hint of the presence But it is well known that all other evangelical both the temporal and spiritual interests of of unbaptized persons at the Lord's table, no churches not only make use of sprinkling or the Church? intimation that they were ever invited to com- pouring instead of immersion, but also admune. But we do find that baptism is treat- minister the rite to infants; it is therefore be more fully developed, and by organization ed as the first great duty to be performed af- impossible for Baptists to invite the members or otherwise so directed as to subserve the inter exercising faith in Chrst, and that the of these churches, as such, to the Lord's ta-Lord's supper, it noticed stall, is assigned to ble. However heartily they may accord to a later period. When the multitude cried them faith in Christ, the first qualification for out on the day of Penecost: "Men and communion, and most heartily, we are conbrethren, what shall we do?" Peter replied: fident, they do this,—they are compelled to istry.
"Repent and be baptized every one of you;" pronounce them destitute of the second, which 6. and "they that gladly received his word were is baptism; and, therefore mindful of the baptized." After this mey continued stead- paramount claims of Christ, they refuse to Church? fast in the apostle's docume and in fellowship, modify or disturb the order of his house, in breaking of bread and in prayers." So, Such is their true position; and the readers too, the people of Samaia, "when they be of this article will doubtless recognize it as lieved Philip, preaching the things concerning identical in principle with their own. Yet the kingdom of God and the name of Jesus an opinion prevails to some extent among Christ, were baptized bth men and women." those who have not duly considered the point, With equal promptnesswere the enduch, and that the act of partaking together of the Saul, and Cornelius, Lplia and her household, Lord's supper is a proper sign and test of the jailor and all his aptized when they had Christian fellowship, so that the faith of one believed. It is said that "many of the Cor- who is not invited to partake is called in inthians, hearing, believed and were baptized.' question. This act would indeed be such a If, then, the bistory o apostolic labor, given test, it faith were recognized as the sole quali- preservation and growth of Methodism .in the Acts puts anyone point beyond the fication; but not otherwise. If baptism is Methodist. reach of controversy, it is this: that baptism understood to be also prerequisite, then obvitollowed the exercise of faith as its primary ously uniting at the Lord's table is a sign of and authorized expression. In no case is the fellowship in the matter of baptism as well as Lord's supper put blore baptism; in no case of faith. The ritual qualification is endorsed does the narrative reognize any interval be- no less distinctly than the spiritual. Hence tween faith and botism to be filled by the members of the denomination for which we Lord's supper; it no case are believers now speak, honor the faith of multitudes

# Christ all and in all.

ways to test our hopes and assurances by the nated in a few weeks; its ontward phenomena blessed truth, that Christ is ready to be to ceased in a twelve-month. The influence each of us a loving Friend, an ever present spread across the seas, and around the globe. help, a never-tailing Counsellor. Our reli- Did the results end with the end of the exgion is not to be something external, whether citement? Have its converts all gone back this consist in multitudinous forms or in reli- to unbelief and ungodliness? No! That ances and appliances which are purely human revival has its enduring monuments in nearly and ignores the direct means of our salvation, every church on this continent. Its history the lorgiveness and gracious assistance of the will blaze on one of the brightest pages of Saviour of our souls. The natural tendency God's record-books, which shall "be opened" of the human heart, even when it is not un- on the day of judgment. impressed by divine truth, is always to rest confounding proprieties of conduct and correctness of belief with inward graces and a fulfilment of the whole duty of a Christian. Religion touches too much only on the out- tor, a young man recently settled was getting side of the life of the spirit. It is so often on. "Well, pretty well," he said, "but he's not a self-conscious experience, a positive and no orator, he's no orator, he's from immediate perception of the livingness of the you know those men have no oratory. of the Saviour's presence, a steady enjoyment . I did not know any such thing, but I was of his love and care, a life of confidential mortified to think that such an impression was communion with him. The reality and the abroad, and that any man could say "you blessedness of Christ's religion consist in its know it," as if it was well understood. I personalness. No one can reckon himself to know men from the seminary who are real be a Christian who has not had a personal live speakers, earnest, powerful orators, and experience of Christ's pardoning grace; and I wish there were more of them. It is my there can be none of that deep, abounding belief that it turns out as many orators, as there might and should be in the life of every | lamentable fact that our theological seminafollower of Jesus, if he is not felt to be an ries, as a general thing, do not train men to ever present Saviour. It is this that the be good speakers. Oratory is not their forte. church and its members need to feel more ful- But oratory is essential to the highest usefully, because it is a most blessed and important ness in the ministry. To preach the word is truth, because it will lead them on to a more the minister's great work. To learn this art sacctified life, because it will fill them with a he goes to the seminary. With a basis of more whole hearted devotion to his cause, piety and learning he must be able to speak Christ for us and in us, Christ as the ruler of well, or he cannot fulfil his mission. our minds and wills, the inspirer of our The great difference among ministers conconduct, the guide of our activity, Christ all sists in their ability to speak, to preach, to and in all, nothing less than this, may be and deliver orally the message of God. This is a should be the staple of our religious endeav- solemn and important truth. It ought to take ors and of our daily life .- The Moravian. Boston to the done was so rough that

2. The practice of Christian churches in would deliberately trample on what they hold Zion, and to extend the gospel into new fields

2. Would not a return to the circuit system

3. How can the social power of the Church terests of our cause?

4. Home and Sunday-school instruction in the doctrines and usages of the Church.

5. The education and support of the min-

6. Would a more extensive system of ministerial transfers subserve the interests of the

7. The importance of prompt and systematic management of church finances. 8. The endowment and patronage of our

fiterary institutions. 9. The duty of New-England Methodism to the South.

10. What ought New-England to do in the Centenary movement?

11. How can the old connectional spirit of Methodism be revived and perpetuated?

12. The necessity of spirituality to the

It is often made an objection to revivals of religion that they are " mere temporary excitements." True enough; the actual scenes of the revival may be transient. So is an April rain transient; but the earth teels it for the whole season. Pentecost lasted one day. But that one day changed the moral face of the globe. Luther's Reformationwork was comprised within a few years; Europe and the world feel it to this hour-The memorable revival of 1857 began with a As individual Christians, it becomes us alliew praying hearts in New-York-it culmi-

Meeting a friend I asked him how his pas-

joy, that never-waning light and peace which any other theological seminary. But it is a

a deep hold of the heart of ever student and. Board veres as as arinemic

Every pulpit ought to have in it a man