

to a brother entering the Ministry, I should enforce the obligation of entire devotion to the work, leaving him to the guidance of an all-pervading, over-ruling Providence as to any deviation from that course, should his lot be cast under circumstances which would render such deviation necessary. Bro. A. says: "The Lord will not condemn us for doing other people's duty." Very true; but He may chastize us for doing other people's duty, and consequently neglecting our own. If a minister labours with his hands to procure the support which he ought to receive from the people, whose duty is he doing, his own or the people's?

I was going to say something in reference to whether a Minister should or should not "buy farms" but will reserve that for another communication.

Yours very truly,

I. J. SKINNER.

Chester, Sept. 3, 1866.

Religious Intelligence.

Our Missions to the Heathen.

[From the Macedonian, October.]

THE HEATHEN CONVINCED.—Mr. Crawley, of the Henthada Mission, communicates a journal of a tour, closing with these words, showing his impressions of the relation of the heathen mind in Burmah to the truths of Christianity.

What now, in a few words, is the impression received from this, my latest experience of contact with the Burmese mind and heart? This—that though Buddhism has done its work well in making the Burman a finished Pharisee, he is yet so far prepared to receive the gospel that he is generally quick to see and candid to confess the absurdities of the system which Guadama taught, and the excellence of Christianity;—that nevertheless, until the sword of the Spirit pierces his soul and quickens his conscience, convincing him that he is hopeless and helpless, he will remain as he is, "treasuring up wrath against the day of wrath," and that, therefore, the want, as the hope of Burmah is the outpouring of the Holy Spirit. "O Lord, revive thy work."

BIBLE PRESENTED TO THE KING OF BURMAH.—In a communication from Dr. Stevens, dated May 12, we have the intelligence that a Burman Bible has been presented to the King of Burmah and favourably received. The reader will compare with this event the narrative in the earlier history of the mission, when Messrs. Judson and Colman, with fear and trembling, presented to the then emperor of Burmah an English octavo Bible in six volumes, and it was rejected. Mr. Stevens writes:

Mr. A. Abraham, our Armenian convert, has recently been to Mandalay, partly on private business, and partly to preach the gospel. On reaching the city, where he has a daughter and son-in-law, he was anxious to be presented to the king, who had formerly known him, and to take as his present a quarto Burmese Bible, which he had obtained of Mr. Simons, of Prome, for that purpose. His Armenian friends, however, and others endeavored to dissuade him. He insisted, nevertheless, adding a box of candles to the Bible, fit, he said, to be an accompaniment, as both are to give light.

The king received him very kindly, it seems, and not only took the Bible, but at once opened it in the beginning, and began to read and to converse upon it familiarly with one of the ministers, who himself was evidently somewhat familiar with it. After the interview, which lasted about an hour, the king rose to retire, and was about to take up the Bible, when his nephew moved forward to take it for him. "Well," said he, "you take it and read it, and read it also to me." All present were greatly surprised that the king so favorably regarded the Bible, and it became the signal for many who wished to take our books, to apply to Mr. Abraham for them. Thus many portions of the Scriptures were distributed in the palace, and many persons called also at Mr. Abraham's lodging to supply themselves. While therefore it is not well, doubtless, to put confidence in princes, we will nevertheless rejoice in this, that a Bible is in the hands of Burmah's king, and some of its divine words have met his eye; and in consequence of his momentary favor, many have taken that word to their houses, where, if God will, perhaps, especially if Christians pray for this object as we should, it will become a source of saving light unto many.

THE MEN NEEDED FOR THE WORK.—Mr. Knowlton, of the Ningpo Mission, in a recent communication makes the following remarks:

We need the very strongest, best men the churches can furnish for the foreign field. The timbers of a weak man will not stand the strain. Every missionary is a bishop,—of wide and enduring influence for good or ill. We need men "full of faith and of the Holy Ghost," and in whom the gospel is as "a fire shut up in their bones;" who cannot rest without proclaiming it to all within their reach.

LOOK TO YOUR EYES AND EARS.—All who wish to consult Dr. Skinner on diseased eyes and ears, and catarrh, an affection of the nose and throat, should do so at once, as he cannot remain but a few days longer this autumn. Hundreds of successful cases in Halifax (formerly considered incurable) can be given as reference. 99 Argyle Street.

Colonial and Foreign News.

New Brunswick.

General Doyle is Administrator of the New Brunswick Government, not Lieutenant Governor.

FEARFUL DISASTER.—A late St. John, N. B., paper has the following:—

"A report has reached here by telegraph to the effect that a French war vessel has been wrecked off the coast of Cape Breton or Newfoundland, and that the dead bodies of one hundred and fifty of her crew have been washed ashore at French St. Peters. Mr. Robinson, of the St. John Telegraph Office, has been in communication with M. Bourinot, the French Consul at Sydney, who alleges that the report exists there and promises to forward particulars as soon as received."

Canada.

TORONTO C. W.—The following despatch came from New York on Tuesday the 2nd:

At the Toronto C. W., assizes yesterday, the Fenian prisoners were served with copies of the indictment against them, and a list of the prisoners.

The 13th Royal Hussars have arrived from England.

It is now believed that the Fenians will attack Canada along the frontier of Missisquoi and Huntingdon.

The force of Regulars is now about 12,000 men and about 44 cannon.

There are on the rolls 34 000 who are considered effective.

OTTAWA, C. W.—It is reported on good authority that the Canadian delegation to England on the Confederation will consist of Hon. Messrs. Cartier and Langevin of Lower Canada, and McDonald and McDougall of Upper Canada.

Three Colonels of Engineers have arrived here, it is supposed with a view of fortifying the city.

MONTREAL, OCT. 5.—The war-ship Niger has arrived here. Weather clear and cold with sharp frost last night.

TORONTO, OCT. 5.—Preparations are actively progressing for the trial of the Fenians captured last June, at the Approaching Assizes. The best legal talent of the city is engaged on both sides.

TORONTO, C. W., Oct. 3.—The revenue of the Province for September was \$1,170,000, and the expenditure \$716,000.

Government is negotiating with the Home authorities for the establishment of an Army in Canada.

Some of the United States papers have been industriously striving to undermine Canadian credit. In reply to these efforts the Toronto Globe says:—

"As to the prostration of business, our Customs, Excise, and Trade Returns fail to give the slightest indication of it—but piles of evidence to the contrary. Bank suspensions, which our friend seems to look upon as of every day occurrence, are fortunately very rare, and in the single case he can instance, the suspension of the Bank of Upper Canada, the notes of the suspended bank are to day worth more than those of any bank in the United States."

THE CANADIAN EXHIBITION at Toronto is being attended by large numbers of visitors. The number of tickets sold on three days were as follows: On Tuesday, 1,500; on Wednesday, 13,800; and on Thursday, 18,600. The Canadian papers are full of the accounts of the different departments. One person exhibits 38 varieties of out door grapes. The Mammoth cheese, weighing 7000 lbs, or three and a half tons, attracts much attention. It is 6 feet 10 inches in diameter and 3 feet thick. An offer of \$500 for the privilege of exhibiting it for one week was refused by the owners—the Ingersoll Cheese Company. It is the intention of the makers to send it to the International Exhibition at Paris.

THE POTATO DISEASE.—Throughout the country the potato crop has been attacked by the blight within the last few days. It is not generally known, perhaps, in this connection that by simply cutting off the stalks, the disease is prevented from communicating itself to the potato. The remedy is simple and efficacious, and by its adoption thousands of bushels of this important article of consumption would be saved. Farmers would do well to try this means.—Montreal Review.

THE CROPS.—The Quebec Daily News says: We have received a copy of a printed sheet, compiled by direction of C. J. Brydges, Esq., Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway, giving a statement of the appearance of the crops in Canada East and West, along the line of railway. On the whole the statement is much more satisfactory than we expected from the very unfavorable weather that has prevailed during the last six weeks. In Upper Canada most descriptions of cereals are over an average, and are safely housed, while in Lower Canada they will not fall much behind. But how is it, in the face of this statement, that flour has been so dear, selling at \$8 to \$9 per barrel, with a prospect of its going still higher?

This is the season of the year when children teething are almost sure to have dysentery and diarrhoea. Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP is a never failing remedy. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly cure griping in the bowels and wind colic. Mothers don't fail to procure it.

LATEST FROM THE U. STATES.

The following are the telegrams of the past week from New York. They are mostly relating to Mexico, which appears, at present, to be occupying a large share of public attention:

New York, Oct 2nd.—Santa Anna is negotiating a loan of \$5,000,000 in behalf of Mexico, with some prospect of success.

It is believed that Secretary Seward has used his diplomacy to bring about the league between Santa Anna and the Fenians.

Oct 3, p. m.—It is said that the office of Santa Anna is overrun by parties anxious to enter the service of Mexico. It is reported that a firm in South street has been commissioned to buy six steamers for the service of the Liberals.—The loan of five million dollars, which Santa Anna has been negotiating, has been concluded with three banking houses of this city.

South American correspondent states that the Chilians are anxious to carry the war into Spain. The Secretary of Foreign affairs in a speech, said that Chili would regard Spain as a natural enemy.

The Ex Rebel Tucker, had been installed Commander of the Allied Squadron.

It was reported that Peru had bought the United States Steamer Idahoe, and Lima papers say she will at once leave the United States on a cruise.

Oct 4th.—Advices from the Mexican capital to the 17th have been received, stating that the guerillas were continually worsted by the Imperial forces.

At the celebration of Mexican independence, on the 10th, Maximilian made a speech saying that he was still firm in the seat, notwithstanding all his difficulties which the votes of the nation had caused him to occupy, and that it was not in troublesome times that a true Hapsburg would abandon his post; and as a majority of the nation had called upon him to defend their sacred rights, the Almighty ought to protect him.

The Estafette asserts that his Majesty is resolved to put himself at the head of the national army to fight the Liberals.

Buckley, President of the Knights of the Golden Circle has offered his services to Santa Anna.

Ortega's adherents still claim that Santa Anna is a French spy. Ortega will soon leave for Mexico.

A Convention of Colored citizens of the State has been called to meet at Troy, October 18th.

Rear Admiral Gregory died at the Mansion House, Brooklyn, at one o'clock this morning, of inflammation of the bowels.

A Washington despatch states that Jeff. Davis will certainly be tried in November.

Advices received at the Navy Department state that no blockade has been established at Tampico, or on the Rio Grande.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Telegraph.

The following items of news were sent from the Nova Scotia at Father Point on Tuesday last:—

Potatoe disease was making sad ravages in some parts of England.

Advices from Bombay announce the failure of Prenchund Verichund, a Parsee merchant, whose engagements are understood to be of enormous magnitude. He has been a large operator in Cotton, and a leader in various great Joint Stock speculations in Bombay. It is understood his liabilities were as high as £3,000,000 stg.

The London Times says:—Owing to the firm attitude of Prussia the peace negotiations between Austria and Italy have made important progress. The Italians agree to pay 73,000,000 francs on account of the Austrian debt for Venetia. Some settlement has also been made with respect to the rectification of the Trent district, though perhaps not such as to remove all causes for future dissensions, the Italians will have Riva and all the northern shore of Lake Gardo, but will lose ground on the mountain passes above Bargano, Brissicia and Venetia.

The Liverpool Chamber of Commerce has voted an address of congratulation to Captain Anderson, of the Great Eastern, and his co-adjutors, and resolved to give them a grand banquet on the 1st of October.

Liverpool, Oct. 2.—No political news. Cotton active, and prices advanced 1d. Sales to-day, 30,000 bales. Middling upwards, is quoted at 15d.

Breadstuffs easier. Corn 20s. 6d. for Western mixed.

London, Oct. 2.—Money market quiet and steady. American Securities. The following are the quotations:—Erie Railway shares 5 1/2; Illinois Central shares 78.

London, Oct. 5.—Consols 89 1/2; 5 20's, 70 1/2. Advices per the Persia tell that the result of the British harvest was expected to be less discouraging than had been supposed.

The weekly returns of the banks of France show a decrease of 5,900,000 francs. The payment of the interest on Mexican rentes has been delayed in consequence of the want of funds.

The French consulates in Peru, Chili, and Morocco, are to be raised to the rank of legations.

The bullion in the bank of England has increased £258,739.

The Paris money market was easy, but there was a general want of speculative confidence. Shipments of bacon from Liverpool to New York continued.

London, Oct. 6.—By the Treaty between Italy and Austria, the former acquires the Territory of Venetia as it existed while under the dominion of Austria, and the debt of Venetia, amounting to 25 millions of Florins, is assumed by the Italian Government.

A complete amnesty has been accorded by Italy to political prisoners.

ENGLAND.—A notice from the English Admiralty Office is published, warning navigators against anchoring near the Cable.

Florence, Oct. 4.—The Treaty of Peace between Austria and Italy has been finally signed.

WEATHERBE & EATON,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS, &c.

Office over the Merchants' Exchange, 158 Hollis Street, Halifax.

ROBERT L. WEATHERBE. BRENTON H. EATON. Sept. 5. 6m.

BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. T. W. DEWOLF having removed to Halifax, invites the patronage of her friends and acquaintance from the country to a comfortable and quiet Boarding House, near the centre of business.

No. 30 Jacob Street, Upper Corner of Starr Street, and nearly opposite Temperance Hall. Sept. 19.

FIRST INSTALLMENT OF Fall Importations.

R. N. BECKWITH & CO., are now opening per steamships "ASIA" and "St. LAWRENCE," Black Glacé and Gros Grain SILKS; Fancy Dress Silks, quite new styles, Col'd Duvet, new Bonnet material, Black Mantie and Bonnet Velvets, Ladies and Gents French KID GLOVES, New Bonnet RIBBONS, prevailing shades, Black, Col'd, Taran and Croquet Belting, Fancy Autumn Dress Materials, Black Coburgs, Lustres and Baratheas, Colored Coburgs and Baratheas.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS, White Shirting Cottons—superior makes, Grey Cottons, Grey Drilling, GENTS READY-MADE CLOTHING, Variety of Small wares, &c., &c. Sept 5. 89 GRANVILLE STREET.

NEW HYMN AND TUNE BOOK.

If you want the very best Hymn and Tune Book of the size and price ever published for Social Religious Meetings, and use in the Family Circle, be sure and purchase

Songs of Zion.

It has 423 Hymns and Tunes, besides selections of verses for special occasions. It is printed on good paper and in clear type. You will here find your old favorite Hymns and Tunes, with a choice selection of the best modern ones.

PRICES. One copy, cloth bound.....\$.60 One hundred copies..... 50.00 Copies for examination sent post-paid on receipt of 60 cents.

J. P. KEMP, American Tract Society, 40 Cornhill, Boston.

April 18. 6m.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat.

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED, IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE.

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before singing or speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Sept. 12. 1y.

Spring Stock.

HATS AND CAPS.

Our STOCK is now very full and well assorted, COMPRISING:

SILK HATS—Domestic. Hard Felt Hats—newest styles. Soft Hats—all kinds. Straw Hats—in great variety. Shell Hats—Black and Drab. Cloth and Velvet Caps. Hat Cases, Trunks, Valises and Umbrellas. Having had nearly all our Spring Importations by Quind steamers, our stock is very complete and in first rate condition. Wholesale as well as retail buyers are invited to give us a call. EVERETT BROS., May 2. 191 Hollis Street.