

peculiarly needful when the old preachers began their ministry. They had an extensive Diocese to labour in and could afford but a small part of their time to each particular neighbourhood. Their gospel being not in word only, but in power and in the Holy Ghost and in much assurance, they were enabled to make lasting impressions upon the minds of their hearers so that when they returned after some lapse of time to their former preaching places they found the fire still burning, which by the grace of God they had been the means of kindling. By these means the cause of God was advanced and a foundation laid for future prosperity. It is not my intention to eulogise the former preachers, for it was with them as with Paul "not I but the grace of God which was with me;" but if God have all the praise for all he wrought by them there is no reason why they should not wear the honours which God put on them. As the revival advanced preaching was more frequent and conference meetings also. A general awakening seemed to take place and a considerable number were baptised and embodied in the church. The influences which bore upon the minds of professed converts were thought to be very powerful. They spoke and prayed with an energy and power that seemed to be quite beyond their natural resources. Old sinners unused to "the melting mood," were compelled to bow to the force of their exercises with face bathed in flowing tears. Amongst the numbers that professed faith in Christ at this time was the late Mr. Allen Young, of Falmouth, whose decease we now record, and happy would it have been for them all, who united with him on the occasion, had their future conduct been marked by the same kind of christian consistency and propriety which were ever manifest in the conversation of Mr. Young. In things sacred as well as secular, steady, uniform perseverance was the order of his life. Retiring, reserved and diffident in his manners he was not calculated for popularity; yet the consistency and the integrity of his conduct always commanded the respect and approbation of his brethren and neighbours. He was not subject to any of those high excitements which marked the progress of the new Church in Falmouth at the time in which he found it, yet surely a humble reliance on the mercy of God in Christ and a confiding trust in the divine faithfulness are better evidences of grace and sources of comfort than those sudden flashes of excitement which used formerly to be considered one of the indispensable concomitants of religion. There seemed to be something supernatural in them. I will mention one instance of the kind which occurred to myself in one of our meetings. The final blessing had been given and the people dismissed yet they continued standing in their places and some began to sing which soon was accompanied with shouts of rejoicing. I was preparing to leave the house when an irresistible impulse fell upon me, sudden "as the spark from off smitten steel," and before I had time to think I was rejoicing round the house at the top of my voice. I had no more to do in the concern than an infant had to do in being carried round the room in the arms of its nurse. There were some remarkable instances of conversion. And old man a drunkard and apparently in the last stage of vice and stupidity was arrested by the power of God and brought into a state of great distress. He used to follow up the meetings with floods of tears and earnest prayers to God for mercy. It was distressing to hear his groans and witness the distortions and bodily agonies which he suffered, like one in a death struggle. One of the Church members said that it appeared to him on these occasions as if he was about dropping right into hell! It was truly distressing to look upon the poor creature under the power of the terrors which had seized upon his heart. After a considerable time he was found sitting at the feet of Jesus, believing in him, clothed in the garments of salvation and decked with the robes of righteousness. A little girl about six years of age in a prayer meeting one evening rose suddenly on her feet and clapping her hands together joyfully exclaimed, "O dear, O dear, what a load of distress that prayer has taken away off my heart." We next find Mr. Young in Windsor. He removed thither soon after the division in the Church. I went thither also a few years after and sat down along side of him. Soon Mr. Nutter popped in amongst us and as all liked him he received an invitation to come over and help us; which he complied with. Soon a revival took place under his preaching. Not so powerful as the revival in Falmouth but perceptible, genial and refreshing. A church was established, a considerable number baptized, and a Meeting House got up in the village of Windsor, as the fruits of Mr. Nutter's preaching. In these movements Mr. Young took an active part. He was amongst the first to invite Mr. N. over, and he continued his firm and substantial friend while he continued in the place.

SAMUEL ELDER.

General Intelligence.

Domestic.

THE 118TH ANNIVERSARY.

The Holiday on the 21st inst., was duly celebrated in Halifax, by a suspension of business, except by the City Railway, cab drivers, omnibus proprietors, &c.

The Bands of Hope walked in procession, headed by the Citizen's Band through several of the streets, and returned to Temperance Hall, where they filled the lower part of the Hall; the sides and gallery being occupied by friends and spectators. His Worship the Mayor very ably filled the chair. Rev. P. G. McGregor

was requested to open the meeting by prayer. After this Master Gordon McGregor, son of the beforementioned gentleman, recited a highly appropriate address; and the Hon. Joseph Howe's Centenary Ode.

Rev. Foster Almon was then called upon and gave a vivid sketch of several Nova Scotia celebrities from General Beckwith down to General Williams. We regretted much that the services of a phonographic reporter had not been secured for this address. It would have formed an excellent memorial of the 118th Anniversary from one of Nova Scotia's most devoted sons.

The Rev. Mr. Winterbotham afterwards addressed the large assemblage in a very pleasing and attractive style for about half an hour.

The Bands sang a number of pieces, under the direction of Mr. Norton, and accompanied by their excellent Cabinet Organ.

Mayor Richey spoke with much appropriateness on the virtue of Patriotism and the pleasure he felt in having before him so many young persons for the laudable purpose of celebrating the anniversary of the settlement of Halifax. The National Anthem was sung, and Cheers were given for the Queen, for His Worship the Mayor, for Mrs. Richey, and for Mr. Gray and the gentlemen who had aided the Bands in this demonstration.

The Volunteer Artillery fired a salute of 100 guns at 6 o'clock in the morning, the church bells and fire bells then rang out a merry peal.

At 9 the Volunteer Battalion met in the Drill room, and, after undergoing an inspection, marched to the Common for a review.

There was a Yacht race on the harbor. Downs' Gardens and Animals were visited by hundreds. If there had been better accommodation for getting there by steamer or by land, there would have been twice as many.

We regret to learn that there were some sad cases of drunkenness by the roadside on the way home. One person in attempting to get on board the *Neptune* fell into the water and was for a time in some danger.

The Street cars were crowded the greater part of the day.

The Concert in the Gardens was listened to by hundreds. The instrumental performances of the *Royal Alfred's* band were far in advance of any naval band we ever heard.

The fitness of the day lent a charm to the country around and induced everybody to get as far as possible away from the city. On the whole we believe that although there was not much preparation, yet the people appeared to enjoy the day and will have pleasant remembrances of the 118th Anniversary of the settlement of Halifax.

EXHIBITION IN HALIFAX NEXT YEAR.—A meeting of Commissioners was held in the Legislative Council Chamber, on the 15th instant. The Report of the Financial Committee was submitted—strongly recommending that the plans and estimates for a permanent building for Exhibitions in future, and for other remunerative purposes of a public nature should be obtained. A Building Committee was thereupon appointed and authorised to communicate with various Corporations interested, in view of a general subscription list being opened for that object. Plans were submitted by Mr. Sterling, and the Building Committee were limited to an estimated outlay of \$15,000. They are to report at an early day, and a feeling is prevalent that the suggested building is one much needed in Halifax, and as a site can be obtained gratis, that the time for moving in the matter is very opportune.

Our PRISONS should be made as nearly as possible self-supporting. A contemporary states that the Provincial Penitentiary "presents a busy aspect in the shoe-maker's department, in particular, the appearance is that of a 'time of industry.'" Under the supervision of Mr. James Holloway, a large number of the convicts are employed in making up work, and we are informed that last year over two thousand pair of boots were manufactured for a firm in this city. Mr. Holloway's position is a responsible one, and should be amply recompensed. Parsons, the brutal murderer, is learning the shoemaking trade; while Douglas is engaged in cooping."

THE LATE STABBING AFFRAY in the liquor shop of Mr. Samuel Gange, has resulted in the quest was Mr. Gange on Saturday last. An inquest of held on Sunday, before Coroner Jennings, when the following verdict was returned:—"That Patrick McMullens is guilty of the Willful Murder of Samuel Gange, and that Richard Whelan was accessory before the fact."

AN OLD FROG.—The *Eastern Chronicle* states that a frog was discovered a few days ago in the West Slope, Acadia Mines, by some of Mr. Hoyt's miners. (There were two frogs, but unfortunately one of them was killed by the fall of the coal.) It was embedded in a small cavity filled with water, in the centre of the seam, 480 feet down the slope, or 160 perpendicular feet beneath the surface. The animal is small-sized, perfectly shaped, and is quite lively; but at the same time is blind and has no mouth. When put into fresh water, it becomes insensible, and the water becomes covered with slime; consequently it can only live in water taken out of the coal mine. It is at present in possession of our worthy friend Major Norton, American Consul at Pictou.

SNOW.—A Cape Breton Correspondent informs us that on the 5th June there was snow to the depth of *five feet* on the mountain lying between Cape North and Grantage.—*Witness*.

YARMOUTH.—The *Tribune* gives an account of the loss of the fishing schooner *Desette*, William Andrews master, on Gannet Rock Ledge about 3 o'clock on Thursday, she went to pieces in less than three quarters of an hour. As the vessel broke up the crew were one by one

washed away, until only one beside the captain, remained clinging to the portion of the wreck that still held together. The wave which completed the destruction of the vessel, swept both from their hold; the seaman sank to rise no more; but the captain succeeded in reaching what is called the "trunk." Just outside the mouth of Chebogue harbor, he was picked up by Mr. William Kinney, and conveyed to his residence at Little River. When rescued, he had been fifteen hours in the water, and was in a state of extreme exhaustion. The names of those who unfortunately perished are as follows: Herbert Kinney, Enos Beales, Thomas Beales, Nathan Andrews, Charles Larkin, Justine LeBlanc, Michael Muise, Joseph Jacquard.

The body of a man named Keefe, a wood Sawyer, who has been missing for some time, was found in the water at Roche's Wharf on Thursday.

Elson the famous pedestrian has arrived in this city and intends to perform his famous feat of walking one thousand miles in one thousand hours on the common, commencing this week.

THE RIVER JORDAN AT PARIS!—An exhibitor of wines at Paris from Palestine offers to every one who purchases a dozen bottles a bottle of the water of Jordan for baptismal services!!

TRACT AND COLPORTAGE SOCIETY.—A meeting was held on Monday afternoon at the Y. M. C. Association Rooms for the purpose of forming a Tract Society for the province. Representatives from the different denominations were present. A constitution was submitted and committees of five persons appointed to prepare Bye-laws and make all necessary arrangements for a final meeting to be held when the Committee are prepared to report.

WESTERN EXTENSION.—We are credibly informed, that the Windsor and Annapolis Railway is located a distance of 17 miles from Windsor to Wolfville. Sub contracts have been let along the line.—*Star*.

Thos. Herring and Albert Biglow, both belonging to Nova Scotia, were recently drowned from on board a Gloucester fishing vessel, at the Grand Banks.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.—Archbishop Connolly and about 700 other persons, have petitioned the City Council to permit the City Railway Company to run their cars for a portion of the day on Sundays. Counter petitions are being prepared and signed from several of the churches in the city. It is hardly likely that the Council will give their sanction to such a proceeding.

LAUNCH.—A ship being built in the yard of Ezra Churchill, Esq., M. P. P. Hantsport, will be launched on the 3rd of July, at 1/2 past 2. She will be called the *Quebec*, and is said to be the largest vessel ever built in the province.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mrs. Mitchell, mother of Thomas Mitchell, Esq., of this city, was so severely burned at her residence on the Prospect road, on Friday morning last, that she died the same day.

ANNAPOLIS COUNTY.—The political campaign is proceeding with vigor in the royal county. A week or two since Avard Longley, Esq., addressed a letter to J. C. Troop, Esq., inviting him to discuss "Confederation and the general topics of the day." The latter gentleman has replied naming Tuesday, the 2nd of July, at Bridgetown. There will be on that occasion consequently a mustering of the forces.

We pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been administered. Cures dysentery and diarrhoea and wind colic. Sure to regulate the bowels. Price Thirty-five cents a bottle.

During a ten minutes conversation recently with an officer who served with distinction in the Army of the Potomac, he took occasion to say that "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment did more good than any other medicines dispensed to the soldiers."

The penetrating properties of Parsons' Purgative Pills search cleanse and invigorate every portion of the human organism.

Colonial and Foreign News.

Prince Edward Island.

The Hon. Thomas Heath Haviland, Mayor of Charlottetown, died at that place on the 18th inst., aged 72 years.

REMOVAL OF TROOPS.—The Charlottetown *Patriot* complains at the removal of the troops from P. E. Island, and thinks that "some adverse influence other than military necessity is at the bottom of the movement."

New Brunswick.

AN EPITOME OF THE NEWS.—A friend from the Tobique informs us that the country is looking unusually promising. He says he planted his grain a short time ago, and in four days the blade broke ground. Grass and grain are making rapid progress. The rain of Monday morning is stimulating the crops of all kinds greatly. A bountiful harvest is much needed in the present depressed state of the country.—The lumber market is very dull.—It is ordered that the clerks of the Peace shall in future charge the fees for the registry of marriage licenses to the Executive Government.—Hons. Messrs. Tilley and Mitchell have been summoned to Canada to aid in the formation of the Confederated Govern-

ment. It is expected that both of these gentlemen will occupy a prominent place in the new administration. Hon. Messrs. Tupper and Archibald of N. S., accompanied them by the steamer for Boston on Monday last.—The price of flour has fallen considerably in the St. John market of late. 800 barrels were sold on Monday at auction, the price ranging from \$7.75 to \$8.50. Said to be a good article.—The House of Assembly was prorogued on Monday. Among the measures passed none more important than the Act authorizing the Government to take stock in Western Extension to the extent of \$300,000.—The following is the list of the District Judges appointed under the new law, viz:—Hon. Chas. Watters, Hon. Edward Williston, James Steadman, Jas. W. Chandler, and J. G. Stevens, Esqrs. We also learn that J. G. Forbes Esq., has been appointed clerk of the Court for the St. John and King's District.

The new steamer *Rothsay* made a trip to Fredericton on Saturday in five hours and fourteen minutes; and returned on Monday, notwithstanding some detention by logs in the river in four hours and fifty-seven minutes.—*Visitor*.

SHIPWRECK.—On Tuesday night the ship *America*, from New York, went on shore on the rocks at the west end of Partridge Island. She has already sustained serious damage, her masts, bowsprit, and rudder being gone, and will, it is thought, become a total loss.—*St. John Telegraph*.

Canada.

THE DOMINION CABINET.—The *Montreal News* of the 18th Inst., says:—We have the highest authority for stating that the following gentlemen will compose the new Confederate Ministry: Hon. John A. Macdonald, Premier; Hon. Messrs. Campbell, Howland, McDougall, Cartier, McGee, Galt, Langevin, Tilley, Tupper Mitchell, and Henry.

The reports of the grain crops in all parts of Canada continue to be very favorable.

Great preparations are being made in Montreal for the celebration of the 1st of July.

IMMIGRANTS.—Great complaints are being made at the imperfect arrangements on the Grand Trunk Railway, for carrying European Immigrants to the points of their destination, being put in box cars, without seats or proper ventilation, water or conveniences.

The troop ship *Tamar* will arrive at Quebec towards the end of July, from Malta, with the 29th Regiment; she will convey the 23rd regiment to Ireland.

It is said that a grand rifle match is being organized at Quebec, to come off about the middle of August—competitors from all parts of Canada and the Lower Provinces are to be invited.

It is stated that the Grand Trunk Railway Company are about to apply for power to raise £480,000 on European bonds to purchase rolling stock and secure enlargement and improvement of the road. They propose also to change the name to "The Canadian Railway Company."

A late Toronto despatch says:—Engines are being made in England for the Grand Trunk, and also seven thousand tons of rails. The whole to be laid this year.

The Toronto *Leader's* Montreal correspondent referring to the proposed excursion to the Lower Provinces, says:—

"Those joining will return with a delegation from the Lower Provinces, consisting of the corporation of St. John and Halifax, who propose coming here, and are to be invited to be the guests of the city."

THE ORGAN QUESTION.—The *Montreal Witness* informs us that the organ question is being practically settled in that city—or is rather settling itself. Our contemporary says: "An organ has, as is well known, been in use for some time back in Rev. Dr. Irvine's Canada Presbyterian Church; and on the occasion of a marriage in Rev. Dr. Matheson's Church; (the Kirk.) an organ, not yet quite completed, played the wedding march. We believe it is in contemplation to place an organ in the new church building for Dr. Jenkins, and, apparently, organs will soon be in the majority of the Presbyterian Churches of Montreal."

The total revenue of Canada for the month of May was \$1,003,357, expenditure during the same period \$367,273.

The break-down in breadstuffs seems to be general in Canada and the United States; the tendency is also downward in Europe, our Cable despatches showing the changes in the Liverpool market.—*Montreal Gazette*.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Telegraph.

ENGLAND.—London, June 21st.—A Despatch from Constantinople gives a report that the Sultan declines the request of the great powers with reference to the diplomatic note that hostilities be suspended in Candia, and an enquiry be instituted into the grievances of the Christians by a Commission appointed collectively by the great powers and the Porte. The Turkish Government professes to have information from Omar Pasha, that he is making considerable progress, and hopes soon to subdue the Cretans.

June 23.—A despatch which has reached here to-day from Constantinople asserts that the Sultan assented to the proposition of the European powers for a joint commission to inquire into the grievances and demands of the people of Candia.