

section of the country, has influenced my mind to return to them again and rejoice to find the little church at Chelsea with her converts steadfast in the faith.

The churches and congregations of Greenfield and Middlefield were attentive to the word preached. The cause of Temperance has taken deep root in the minds of the people, apparently both amongst old and young. The lodge of Good Templars at Chelsea numbers over fifty. The Division of the Sons of Temperance of Greenfield is in good healthy working and increasing. The lodge of the Good Templars at Middlefield, I am told, had a very encouraging meeting last evening, and a large addition to their number.

We hope soon to report better days in this Zion of our God.

Yours in the gospel,
OBED PARKER.

[The following from quite another quarter gives confirmation of the above with some additional information.—Ed. C. M.]

Mr. Editor.—Doubtless you are aware of the "Temperance revival" which has been progressing during the past eighteen months in Lunenburg Co. Up to the present time it seems not to have lost any of its interest, but the old friends of the cause, as well as the new ones, seem determined to persevere until their object is gained,—viz—to rid our country of the curse, the blighting curse of rum selling. One feature in the movement is worthy of special mention,—viz—the religious turn the movement is taking in many places. Frequently do we hear reformed drunkards attribute their reformation to the power of God, and ask most earnestly for his assistance; this gives us confidence in them,

In one locality in this county (formerly one of the most wicked and drunken) nearly all, old and young, have united with the T. Union, and a most interesting religious interest has been awakened. More than forty individuals have already taken part in these meetings, some of whom were formerly very wicked and intemperate.—Even opposers seem glad that these persons have gone changed their mode of living. Ministers of different denominations had preached for many years occasionally in this place, but seemingly to no purpose, until the Temperance cause was established, and now we find both men and women speaking and praying, and great good being accomplished. I do believe, sir, that this Temperance movement is doing much to destroy the prejudice which has so long existed against the prayer meetings, and that the way is being prepared for a great religious awakening. May we not neglect to sow the Gospel seed.

ONE INTERESTED.

Bridgewater, March 18th 1867.

We are pleased to learn that there are indications of good in several churches in Kings and Annapolis counties who have sent us no report. We hope to hear from them shortly.

Colonial and Foreign News.

Prince Edward Island.

The following constitute the newly formed Executive Council in Prince Edward Island:— Hon. George Coles, President of Council; Joseph Hensley, A. A. McDonald, W. W. Lord, Benjamin Davies, R. P. Haythorne, H. J. Calbeck, George Howland, Alexander Laird, Colonial Secretary, Hon. G. Coles, Attorney General, Hon. Joseph Hensley, Treasurer, Hon. James Warburton, Controller of Customs, William Clarke, Queen's Printer, Hon. E. Whelan, Commissioner of Crown Lands, Hon. J. Adams.

New Brunswick.

AN INDUSTRIOUS WOMAN—Rev. A. D. Thomson says that "Mrs. Martha Towle, wife of Horatio Towle, of Oakbay, St. Davids, has, within the last few months, (in addition to household duties) woven over three quarters of a mile of twilled cloth of the usual width of home-spun, in an old-styled loom, 300 yards belonged to one person, 1325 yards is the whole."

We regret to say that Hor. A. McL. Seely has been exceedingly ill for some days from internal hemorrhage. The prostration is still such as to occasion very serious apprehensions in the minds of his family and numerous friends in reference to his recovery; but we rejoice to add that his medical attendants still express hope. Earnest prayer is being offered for his restoration. May the Lord graciously answer for his name sake.—Visitor.

A FRENCH PAPER—It is proposed to publish a newspaper in Chatham, Miramichi, New Brunswick, to be called the "Monteur Acadien." There are several thousands of French, and persons of French descent, on the North Shore of New Brunswick.

CAMPOBELLO.—The report of the sale of this island is renewed. The Boston Herald says:—"Campobello, the scene of the first Fenian raid, has been sold to a Mr. Seymour, of New York, for \$8,000. Mr. Seymour has been engaged mining or rather investigating the mineral resources of the island for several years. The deposits of peat existing there are immense, and of many times the value paid the purchaser for the entire property."

Canada.

ON THE ALERT.—A telegram from Toronto on the 21st, states that at the previous evening "at a parade of the "Queen's Own" an order was issued, directing the men to have two days' rations cooked, and provisions constantly on hand.

A sulphur well at Newport, C. W., discharges two hundred and fifty thousand gallons of sulphur water daily.

The Rev. M. Langevin, principal of Laval University, has been appointed Bishop of the new diocese of Rimouski.

The barbers of Montreal are being prosecuted for working on Sunday.

LATEST FROM UNITED STATES.

AMERICANS ON THE BRITISH CONFEDERATION.—The Maine people have lately made themselves very busy and silly in reference to the affairs of the adjoining British provinces. Whilst they institute comparisons of our prosperity and progress, reflecting hardly upon themselves, they wish to prevent a combination of the British possessions into a Confederation. A New York paper administers to them a little wholesome reproof as follows:

"The truth must be owned; our experiment of a republic is proving so melancholy a business, in the hands of bad men, that it is the height of hypocrisy to be criticizing the peculiar institutions of our neighbors."

The Boston *Waichman & Reflector* contains some sensible remarks to the same effect. It says:—

"Some of our countrymen are disposed to grumble at the setting up of this new concern in British America; and one uncommonly silly person—Mr. Raymond, of New York—has brought the matter to the attention of our House of Representatives, declaring that we are awfully endangered, and calling for some remedy. Any thing more absurd than such conduct could not be imagined. Besides, what are we going to do about it? The Canadians have the same right to manage their affairs as they please that we have; and if they like to have a continuance of vice-regal rule, whence would come our right to object to their conduct? Even had they, with the consent of England, set up a "Kingdom of Canada" in fact as well as in name, we could not in fairness have said a word against their proceedings. It is a cardinal principle of American politics that every people must be left to manage its affairs in its own way, and without interference from others; from which it follows that we have no more right to object to regal rule in Canada than Canadians have to object to republican rule here. And what a roar there would be in the United States if the Canadians were to take formal exceptions to the character of our polity! Let us do as we would be done by."

FIRE IN NEW YORK.—The Winter Garden Theatre was burned to the ground on Saturday last, involving a loss of \$300,000.

It is proposed to run a negro candidate—Frank Parish—for the Governorship of Tennessee against Parson Brownlow. If the whole negro vote were taken by him Brownlow would have no chance of being returned.

A TREASURE TROVE—Mr. Samuel Horton, of Rockaway, Conn., while engaged in felling some trees in the vicinity of Grassy Pond a few days since, came across a hollow tree in which he found secreted the sum of \$800 in silver. From marks upon some of the coins it is evident that the deposit was made over fourteen years ago.

THE LAST RESORT OF THE SOUTH.—The Richmond Times, in an article on "Military Governments for the South," says:

"The people of the North will have to decide whether they will have union or political chaos and revolution; whether the Southern States are to exist as such, or are to be 'territorialized.' And in case the latter is determined upon, why the best thing the Southern people could then do would be to divide themselves into nomadic tribes, and with their tents and flocks, roam at will over the vast territories from the Potomac to the Rio Grande. It is true, that a life like this would be devoid of postal advantages, but the internal revenue officers of the Federal Government would have a hard time collecting their taxes. And as we should be allowed the same exemption from taxation."

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Telegraph.

The Cunard Steamer *China* arrived on Monday night with news from Europe to the 16th inst. The Hon. Attorney General and Hon. Mr. Tiley, Provincial Secretary of New Brunswick were passengers. The news had been anticipated by Atlantic Cable telegrams.

ENGLAND.—London, March 18.—One of the iron-clad ships of the Fleet at Woolwich has been sent to Liverpool.

Despatches from Constantinople report that the Sublime Porte shows a disposition to grant the demands of the Viceroy of Egypt. It is asserted that France, Austria and Russia have made a joint proposition to the Turkish government for the cession of Candia to Greece.

Arrests of Fenians still continue to be made in Ireland. Head Centre Dennis Donovan has been caught at Cork. Gen'l Burke, one of the Fenian leaders who was recently captured with forty others, has been taken to Clonmel and put in irons.

Midnight.—In the House of Commons this evening the Derby Government asked leave to bring in the Reform Bill to-morrow, and Mr. D'Israeli, Chancellor of the Exchequer, explained the feature proposed in the bill, introducing copious statistics to support the principles on which the bill was grounded. Mr. Gladstone made a short speech, in which he said he thought the figures of the government were absurd, but he would defer all debate on the question until the bill came before the House.

March 19.—Agents of the Prussian Government are said to be purchasing vessels in this country and on the continent to be used as transports.

The debate on the Reform Bill has been postponed to the 25th inst.

March 20.—Riots have broken out at Reubois, France.

March 22nd.—The Brazil mail steamer has arrived at Lisbon from Rio Janeiro. Active operations had been resumed against the Paraguayans. The allied fleets had shelled the fortifications of Hunaitz. When last heard from the Spanish Squadron had come in sight and was pursuing the combined fleets of Chili and Peru.

FRANCE.—Paris, March 19.—A debate took place at the Corps Legislatif last evening in regard to Foreign Affairs, in the course of which M. Theirs and M. Favre attacked the Foreign policy of the Emperor on the ground that it favored unity in both Germany and Italy, which was hostile to the interests of France. Ministers Rouher and M. Olivier defended the cause of the Government.

March 21.—The Foreign policy of the Emperor which has been under discussion for some time in the Corps Legislatif has been endorsed by an overwhelming majority.

March 22.—The iron-clad *Miantonomah* and other vessels of the American fleet are still at Port Mahon, Island of Minorica, Balaric Islands.

It is announced that the Emperor Napoleon favors a Confederation of the Governments of France, Belgium and Switzerland, against Prussia.

ITALY.—Florence, March 21.—The General Elections have been held. So great was the personal popularity of General Garibaldi he was returned for three different cities.

March 22nd.—The National Parliament was inaugurated to-day by King Victor Emmanuel, who delivered the usual speech from the Throne.

PRUSSIA.—Berlin, March 18.—It is stated that Bismark has refused to protest against the absorption of Poland into the Russian Empire.

The severe gales which have prevailed for nearly a week past have proved disastrous to the shipping. Many shipwrecks are reported on the English and Irish coast.

March 19.—It is reported that a secret treaty was made between Prussia and Bavaria in the month of August last, and that by one clause of this treaty, Prussia may assume the military direction of the Bavarian army.

March 20.—Treaty has been concluded between Prussia Bavaria and the Grand Duchy of Baden, which gives Prussia the command of the two armies of the latter countries in time of war.

AUSTRIA.—Vienna, March 18.—An order has been sent to America recalling Admiral Tegenhaff to this country to take command of the Adriatic fleet.

Pesth, March 18.—The members of the newly created Hungarian Ministry to-day took the oath of office, in the presence of the Emperor and the National Diet.

RUSSIA.—St. Petersburg, March 21.—Hostilities between Russia and Bokhara have been completely suspended.

Marriages.

At Little River, on the 14th inst., by Rev. J. C. Morse, Wm. Nicholas, to Martha, second daughter of Deacon Edward and Olive Denton, all of Digby Neck.

At Greenfield, Dec. 2nd, 1866, by the Rev. Obed Parker, Mr. William Shupe, to Miss Mary S. Nickerson, both of Greenfield.

On the 19th inst., by the Rev. Edmund Botterell, Robert T. Braine, Esq., of the Peoples' Bank, to Bessie A., eldest daughter of the Rev. James Buckley.

At Dartmouth, on Monday, the 18th inst., by the Rev. Alex. McKnight, George J. Rocco, to Jane, eldest daughter of Thomas Gentes.

At Weymouth, by the Rev. Charles Randall, on the 13th inst., Mr. Paul McDonald, of Wisconsin, U. S., to Miss Ann, second daughter of Mr. George McDonald, of Weymouth.

Deaths.

In Perou, Feb. 12th, 1867, Caroline Elizabeth, third child of Samuel and Charity McKean, aged 9 months and 12 days.—[Presbyterian Witness copy.]

At Perou, March 8th, 1867, Warwick Harvey Lyons, aged 15 years and 7 months. His end was peace.

At Sheffield Mills Mountain, March 12th, 1867, Mr. Enoch Bennett, aged 79 years.

On Feb. 21st, Mrs. Francis Starratt, of Upper Economy. The deceased was 53 years of age. Her disease was Bronchitis. She was an esteemed member of the Baptist Church, an affectionate wife and mother, and a good neighbour. Her end was peace.

At Clements, Annapolis Co., on the 28th October, 1866 Dorcas, wife of John K. Millner, and second daughter of the late Charles Pinkney, after a protracted and very severe illness, aged 46 years. Sister Millner professed religion in the great revival of 1842, was baptized by Rev. H. Saunders and was received into the fellowship of the first Clements Baptist Church, of which she remained a faithful member until her death. During her sickness, which was very painful, she had a firm and abiding faith in the merits of her dear Redeemer, feeling that when the earthly house of this tabernacle was dissolved she had a building of God, a house not made with hands eternal in the heavens. A husband and four children lament their loss. Her funeral was improved by a very earnest and affectionate discourse, by the Rev. C. D. Cox, Pastor of the Church, from the words "For me to live is Christ but to die is gain."

At Scots Bay, March 15th, 1867, Susan, beloved wife of Mr. George Corkum, leaving her husband with two children, the youngest of which is an infant just born.

Near Granville Ferry, February 17th, 1867, Mrs. Hannah Johnson, aged 89 years. The deceased was one of our most aged and respectable inhabitants. She has left a large circle of descendants and other relations to mourn her loss.

At Granville Ferry, on the 25th of Feb., 1867, Abigail, daughter of the late Dea. James Delap, aged 68 years. She was a worthy member of the Baptist Church in Newburyport, U. S.

At Granville Ferry, on the 18th March, 1867, Lucy, beloved wife of Mr. Whitman Armstrong, aged 51 years. Her sudden death has brought sorrow to many hearts. She has left a husband, 7 children and numerous relations and friends to mourn her loss.

On the 19th March, Jeremiah Dorney, aged 19 years.

On Wednesday, 20th inst.—Mr. George Flowers, aged 82 years, deeply regretted.

At Newport, on the 19th inst., James W. Allison, Esq., in the seventy-second year of his age.

At "Elm Bank," Antigonish, on the 16th inst., Helen, the beloved wife of Hugh McDonald, Esq., in the 74th year of her age.

On Thursday, 21st inst., Frances Jane, relict of the late John Munro, in the 71st year of her age.

On Thursday, 21st inst., Mrs. Catherine Walsh, in the 69th year of her age.

On the 22nd inst., Mrs. Jane Gibson, aged 47 years.

At Upper Prospect, on the 23rd inst., John Booth, in the 56th year of his age.

At Cobeguid Road, March 9th, Nattie, widow of the late Lewis Williams, in the 48th year of her age.

At the Lewis Settlement, March 13th, Mrs. Harriet Oliver, about 70 years of age.

On Sunday, the 24th inst., Sarah Ann, wife of T. C. Kinnear, in the 53rd year of her age.

On the 24th inst., Mr. Jas. A. Lyons, aged 51 years.

On the 25th inst., Maurice Wren, aged 43 years.

On the 24th inst., George Kenn, aged 36 years.

On Monday, Mrs. Elizabeth Singletoin, in the 77th year of her age.

At Truro, on the 17th inst., Samuel M. Yull, aged 45 years.

Shipping List.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

Arrived.

Tuesday, March 19.—Briqt. W. N. G. Acker, Philadelphia; schr. Magnolia, Clare, New York.

Wednesday, 20.—Schr. William McCuish, Philadelphia.

Thursday, 21.—R. M. S. Alpha, Hunter, Bermuda.

Friday, 22.—Schr. Frank, A. Len, Boston.

Saturday, 23.—Briqt. Peerless, Meru, Demerara.

Sunday, 24.—Steamer Olympus, Walker, Liverpool, G. B.

Monday, 25.—R. M. S. Merlin, Gulliford, St. Johns, Nfld.; R. M. S. China, Hockley, Liverpool; ship David, Pennington, Liverpool, G. B.

Cleared.

Tuesday, March 19.—Briqt. Golden Rule, Patterson, B. W. Indies; schr. Messenger, Young, Lunenburg.

Wednesday, 20.—Briqt. Rapid, Doucette, St. Thomas; schrs. Mayflower, Innis, Boston; G. B. C., Gates, Boston.

Thursday, 21.—Bark Baltasara, Wilson, Falkmouth, G. B.; briqt. Chebucio, Kennedy, B. W. Indies; schrs. Florence C. Lawrence, Buckles, Baltimore; G. ad Tidings, Wolf, Port Medway; A. K. McKeezie, Kenny, Barrington.

Friday, 22.—Big America, Doody, Boston; briggs Leo, Cotton, Richmond, Va.; Margaret, Fanning, B. W. Indies; Prince Alfred, Siteman, Port Medway; schr. Anna, Lohns, Boston.

Saturday, 23.—Briqt. Florence, Davidson, Demerara; schrs. Ospray, Smith, Barrington; Magnolia, Clare, Cornwallis.

Monday, 25.—Steamer Olympus, Walker, Boston; briqt. W. N. Z. Acker, Lunenburg; schrs. Julia, Fenton, New York; Juliet, Simpson, St. John, N. B.; Union, Glawson, Tangier.

Memoranda.

The Rev. Charles Randall of Weymouth informs us that the Ship *Charlotte McDonald*, which was reported lost near Brest, by Atlantic Telegraph, (see C. M., Feb. 13), turned out to be the Briqt. *Charlotte McDonald*, of this place, my son Master, from New York, and bound to Hamburg, with a cargo of Petroleum. She was driven ashore on the night of the 5th of February, but fortunately went on a sand bar and they were all saved. My son writes that the cargo is saved, and that they have strong hope of getting the Briqt. off with little damage, and that they experience great kindness from the Natives, who express astonishment to see a Temperance crew.

THE XCELSIOR GLEE BOOK,

A collection of the best Glee, Choruses, and Operatic Gems. FOR MIXED VOICES.

THIS collection of Glee, &c., comprises the secular portion of the new and popular "Chorus W. G. B.," and includes some of the best compositions of the kind obtainable. The book is issued in a very neat style, bound in boards and furnished at the low price of \$1.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., PUBLISHERS, 277 Washington Street, Boston. March 20. inc.