MESSENGER. CHRISTIAN THE

[PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.]

To the Boptist Church, Granville St., Halifax.

DEAR BRETHREN,-

In your fourth letter to the Baptists of Nova Scotia, the following paragraph occurs : "The Church never assumed the attitude of a prosecutor until it was, most improperly (as we think) forced upon us by the order of proceedings adopted by the Council."

Allow me on behalf of the members o the Council to explain the course we took.

1867, by which all our proceedings were regulated, you stated that the subjects for our investigation and adjudication were : 1. "The charges of immorality and all tcstimony having reference thereto which has been or may hereafter be adduced. 2. The charges of a pecuniary character in the accounts with Miss Vass, and 3. The action taken by the church in reference to each of the above cases."

You will observe that the viry terms of your resolution required us to investigate certain charges; before we could proceed a step therefore, the necessary inquiry was, • what are the charges you wish us to investigate?" The members of the Council looked to me to tell them what it was they were met to investigate, and I looked to the representatives of the church to state the charges, in order that I might be able to intorm them.

I submit that if it was not your intention for your representatives to lay specific charges before the Council, the resolution under differently.

the action of the Church, the phraseology is changed; no mention is made of charges; the subject of investigation; the pertinent at the knowledge of this, by demanding a connected statement of the several steps taken by the church. This method we pursued in accordance with your own instruction. It is true that the Hon. Judge Johnston, at an early stage of the proceedings, handed in a series of charges against the church, but these be subsequently withdrew, which left us free to carry out to the letter your wishes as expressed in your resolution. The order of proceeding adopted by the Council was therefore not only proper in itself, but necessary for the accomplishment of the object for which you requested us to meet. As the expression of your disapproval has been published in the Messenger, you will conter a favour on me by requesting that this letter be made public through the same medium.

Tea Meeting in aid of their building Fund noon, although not as much snow fell as ap- much need of regulating our singing so as to which was a great success so far as numbers pearances led one to judge would fall. There present was concerned, and the amount real- was, however, sufficient to block our roads ized thereby. But it was to be deplored that and render railway travelling undesirable subserve the worship of God's house. arrangements could not have been made for for a few days. From telegrams received, it the addresses and music to be given in the appears the storm was general over the whole School rcom, instead of in the body of the of Canada, the Middle and Eastern States. church, as the effect on many minds of All the mails are very much delayed.

listening to humorous speeches from the pulpit was anything but satisfactory. and left the impression on some that as a denomination we attach no idea of sanctity to the In the resolution of the 12th of July, house we dedicate to the service of our God. And though I am fond of fun, delight in jollity, and can take, appreciate, and relish a joke or pup, yet I must confess to an overpowering sadness of spirit as I listened to the funny anecdotes and witty sayings of the speakers from the " sacred desk," intensified perhaps by the recollection that it was on this same spot that the truth came like an arrow to my heart, and the Holy Spirit strove with and I trust conquered my rebellious will. 1

bear that the friends at Leinster Street the occasion a platform in the lower room.

till August next. Ours is yet sitting, and never before was such an exhibition of weakthe members being chiefly new to legislative ness for accomplishing the great purposes of duties and requirements have quite a severe Church organization. Prelacy is unable to attack of the retrenchment fever. They te- suppress heresy, or maintain purity of docgan with a resolution to do without official trine, or to contend with Romanism, or even debates, and the result is that thousands in prevent its highest ornaments-clerical and the country districts are left in entire igno- lay-from passing over into that communion rance of what is being done. Next they cut - the ultimatum of Episcopacy. It is not for which we acted ought to have been worded off some of the hangers-on and superfluous of- Episconalians to speak disparagingly of other ficials, which was a good move. In a gene- church organizations and now call themselves You will also observe, that in reference to rous fit of self denial they next dispensed the bulwark of Protestanism, as they were with the coaches which in former years have wont to do a few years ago. Not only are carried the servants of the people to and from there evils which it is impossible to suppress, "the action taken by the church," became the House. "Not satisfied with this, they but new barriers to mutual christian work went on and cut down the salaries of the with other churches are being raised, which inquiry then was "what action did the clerks employed in the House and the several cause no small stir on either side of the Atchurch take?" We would best arrive departments of the Public service. The aged lantic. The Rev. Mr. Tyng-a devoted and clerk of the Assembly, who for more than balt popular clergyman of New York-is undera century has most faithfully discharged his going a trial for overstepping the boundaries of duties under every variety of government, church law in an Episcopal Methodist Church. gaining the good will of all, has had \$200 cut Others are placed under bans for ecclesiastioff from the amount formerly paid him ; and cal irregularities in connection with Presbythe engrossing clerks, who on many occasions terians and Congregationalists. I have known to sit up all night doing work that rightly pertains to the members themselves, have had their small stipends conside- Parliamentary power, wears his lawn sleeves rably reduced. Even the chaptains were not and draws his salary without let or hindspared, and so the large amount of \$80 hith-| rance. erto paid them is curtailed to \$60. The salaries of heads of departments was formerly \$2400, henceforth they are to receive \$2000 government given us by its Divine Author. only, save the Attorney General who is still to receive the full amount. But while all this has been done you will hardly be prepared for the fact that the amount put down on the list for travelling expenses to be allowed the Executive Council is \$2500. A series of I remain, resolutions have been passed to go before the singing the praises of God. Christian men Dear Brethren, Privy Council of the Dominion relative to the and women are most exemplary hearers of Yours very faithfully, route of the Inter-Colonial Ruilway, and sermons, and perhaps devouly join in the C. SPURDEN, another set regarding the Tariff as it affects public prayer, yet when the subject of praise President of the Council, &c, &c the material interes s of the maritime prov- is to be attended to their months are closed. Fredericton, 13th Feby., 1868. inces. Although the House has been sitting They fail to "praise God in his sanctuary"; or three weeks, yet the appropriations have not yet been made, nor is it probable they will be New Brunswick Correspondence. for some days, as the accounts of last year's exchanges has a short article which contains expenditures have not yet been laid before ST. JOHN, N. B., March 6tb, 1868. them, and it is said that in consequence of the extreme dilatoriness of the officials in Mr. Editor,some of the Departments they cannot be audi- features of religious worship we are all agreed. of all true Christians, whether personal friends I had a few notes jotted down for you last ted for ten days yet. When these accounts But as to how this part of religious worship of the accused or not? Let no one say, the week but an extra push of business drove the are submitted they will get a very rigid overmatter from my mind till, it was too late to hauling by a Committee of the House, and mail it for your issue, and so I will start it is very probable that if the House refuse atresh. to grant supplies in the meantime, which they I see by the last Visitor that its Halitax now declare is their intention, the Government correspondent returns the "shake bands" of will dissolve the House and appeal to the your "occasional" in his first letter, for people. There is quite a storm brewing, but some one be selected as a leader. Let him by which he has my acknowledgements and the Executive as such have not done any open thanks. act that can be taken hold of to form an Op-The state of our churches is not much im- position, although they have nothing that can proved since I wrote you before, although be called a following in the House. Doubtthere are signs I think which indicate a less by next week I may have stirring news moving among the dry bones at no distant on this matter. day. In some of the prayer meetings which Business here is yet very dull. Many of But let our singers be, if possible, these who I have attended there appears to be a special our merchants or their representatives Lave love the Saviour, and love to pray as well as burden upon the hearts of some of the mem- gone to Europe to purchase goods, but the sing. bers to pray unceasingly for the reviving in- general impression is that importations will fluences of the Holy Spirit to be imparted to not be large this spring. Shipbuilding, our es? I certainly would, and the best man or. shose who have a name to live but ret appear mainstay, is low, and till this branch of in- most devoted sister to play it. An organ aids of reading my letters before they appear in to be quite dead. The Brussels Street dustry revives, we cannot look for brisk times. greatly in getting a right pitch or start, and it, Church are being blessed with drops of mercy and in their meetings the voice of penitent with a remarkable cold snap, accompanied by ones have been heard, saying "Pray for us." severe snow storms. On Monday at Fred-This people as you are aware have been without ericton the thermometer stood at 34 ° below a pastor since the death of Rev. S. Robinson. zero, and at Apohaqui, on the line of Rail-The pulpit ministrations however have been way at 39 ° below. Just outside the city it performed by the Rev. I. E. Bill, and they was at 27 ° below. Before midday, howhave not therefore lacked guidance and in- ever, it moderated somewhat, and the snow struction. Last week he was made the re- for a time came down in quite an old fashioned cipient of a purse with \$200 as a testimony manner. The wind too rose and after nightof the esteem in which he is held by them. fall held a regular carpival, rushing and tear-It is said they have engaged and shortly ex- ing about, pelting the poor unfortunates who pect Rev. T. Hurley, a pupil of Mr. Spurgeon | happened to be out, with little pellets of hard to arrive and settle among them. snow that was any thing but pleasant to face.

The Germain Street Church lately held a This storm continued till Wednesday after- pastor and his official board, for there is just as

Yours,

HALIFAX, MARCH 11, 1868. Prelacy.

Perhaps there was never a time when church principles were being more severely tried than the present. When troubles arise in connection with Congregational churches, we are told that they result from not having Church are talking of a Tea Meeting also, authority sufficiently concentrated-that there but I sincerely hope they will make such is too much power in the hands of the peoarrangements as will give the speakers on ple, and, it is thought, that a Bishop would soon put things all to rights! whereas in the I see your House of Assembly is adjourned so-called Protestant Episcopal Church, there

make it accomplish what it is intended to, as there is any thing else. And instead of fighting against organs and choirs, let them be made to

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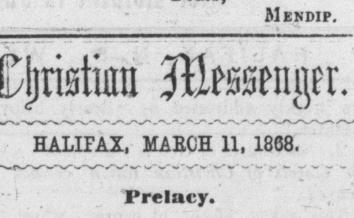
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We were hoping that our suggestion, two weeks since, respecting Dr. Crawley's letters would have saved us the necessity of any more distinct utterance on the subject; and that after sceing it Dr. C. would have brought the discussion to a speedy close. Many of our readers have already had more than enough of it. Many more may think that his letter, No. 6, in our present issue is objectionable; and that, for several other reasons. besides its great length, it ought not to have been published. It promises to make the subject interminable. But that must not be. Under the circumstances of the case we have desired to give him the utmost liber:y, and, in doing so have gone beyond what our own judgment would have dictated in allowing him to yentilate his views. We have done this to an extent which has even gone against our own interests. We cannot see that any good purpose will be served by continuing the discussion in our pages, and have come to the conclusion that here it must end. We think that all concerned will be able to understand the matter, and know their own duty respecting the question raised, if they should be called upon to act at any time in reference to it.

We have had remonstrances from a large number of ministers and other brethren -some of them the best friends Dr. Crawley has-against a continuance of these lotters, one of them will, perhaps, be sufficient. The following is from a respected pastor of one of the Churches at some distance from the city :

MISTAKEN KINDNESS.

Mr. Editor,-It must be evident to most of your readers by this time that Dr. Crawley, although professing to be the firm friend of Dr? Pryor, has, indirectly, injured him very much. Who, I would ask, it not Dr. C. is justly blasseable for the increased notoriety of facts which were known to but a few, comparatively, and which would have been soon forgotten ? If it be asked how he can be chargable with this, the answer is contained in the facts connected with the controversy between him and Granville Street Church. Dr. Crawley, as all are aware, accused the Church, before the whole denomination, of acting as they did for insufficient reasons. Was not the Church thereby compelled to state what those reasons were, in order that the denomination might judge whether or no they were insufficient? And in doing so they were obliged to give enlarged publicity to some painful circumstances over which they would gladly have drawn the veil of oblivion. One would have supposed Dr. Crawley to be a man of more sagacity and forethought than be has manifested in this discussion ; for surely it was evident, at the first of the controversy, that, if he proceeded far in the way he had begun, the Church would be compelled to reveal some things, the recitat of which must be unspeakably paintul to Dr. Pryor and his friends. Surely Dr. C. must have known that these revelations would be made, and if so, wby did he provoke them ?-why did he not, through love for his friend, refrain from renewing and prolonging the discussion of a subject so painful? There are many of, your readers throughout the country who were totally ignorant of some of the circumstances which Dr. C. has, indirectly, forced to the light; and it would have been infinitely better if they had remained so. Why keep the case of a tallen brother before That singing is one of the more important the public for months, harrowing up the feelings should be conducted, there is some disagreement. Granville St. Church has done it : they would never have writen a word on the subject had they not been compelled to do so by Judge. Johnston and Dr. Crawley. If Dr. Pryor's case looks darker to day than ever before, and ii there are any two individuals upon whom the blame of this especially rests, they are his two dear triends just mentioned above. Then for the sake of Christ's cause, and for the Spirit of praise in his heart, and loves to the sake of Dr. Pryor's relatives, whose hearts have been paired enough already, I would entreat Dr. Crawley to retrain from fur her compelling Granville St. Church to make such revelations as they must it he persists in accusing



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The infidel Colenso, in defiance of the Church with all its Courts, Councils and

Sad would it be for the cause of Christianity, if this were the highest type of church

The Service of Praise-

There are, perhaps, few christian d ties more imperfectly performed than that of "teach and admonish one another in psalms and hymns, and spiritual congs!" One of our words of wisdom on the subject, which we commend to our readers :

Shall we encourage choirs? One says, yes. Another says, no. Shall we have congregation al singing in our churches?

I give my judgment after thirty years experience as a pastor.

Singing must have a head. If possible, let all means be one who loves the Saviour, and has sing "praises." Where it can be done, associations of singers should be formed, and practice the application of tunes to hymns weekly.

I am pershaded that there are advantages from having a well regulated head to our singing. them as he has done.

I imagine that some one is ready to inquire,

Yours mournfully TRISTIS.

Dr. Crawley's remark in his first paragraph that "the unprecedented privilege obtained public," applies to ourselves. We suppose Since Sunday last we have been visited when it is rightly managed, hilles discords, and therefore it will be in place for us to make carries the tune along, amidst various failures in a remark or two in reference to it. This buman voices. " privilege" surely ought not to be objected My own judgment is, that an organ, and a to. The party accused ought to be permitted good religious organist, and one good treble to see their accusation before it is published leader in each congregation would be of great to all the world. It were a strange kind of use in our churches.

In some places the choir is a mere quartette, morality that would object to this. An inand the whole congregation almost hushed to dividual has a right to this ; how much more silence in reference to singing. What a drawback on Christianity !

Some choirs are fingering their tune-books while the minister and the congregation are praying. Oh, shame ! Such persons ought to pray a good deal before they go to church. All this must be carefully regulated by the

where a church is concerned. Dr. Crawley would not surely send forth an accusation all over the world-where it is impossible to know who may read it-and leave it to be answered, perhaps in enother issue of the paper, which may or may not be seen by the