



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Friday, 24th January, 1868.

PRESENT:
His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the authority given and conferred by the 123 clause of the Act 30 and 31 Vict. Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make and prescribe the following "Regulations" respecting the Warehousing and bonding of Wheat, Maize or other Grain, that may be ground and packed in bond, that is to say:

1. That the Collector or other Officer of Customs at any Warehousing Port in the Dominion of Canada, may deliver without payment of duty, to the Importer of any Maize or other grain from which flour or meal can be manufactured, on proper entry being made of the same, any quantity of such Maize or other grain for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing in such place and on such premises as shall be particularly described by such importer or owner.

2. That such buildings used for drying, grinding and packing of Maize or other grain and the premises thereto belonging, with the description to be given thereof as aforesaid, shall for the purposes of drying, grinding and packing Maize and other grain under the above mentioned Act, be deemed and considered a Government Bonded Warehouse, and that none of the Maize or other grain so brought into the said drying, grinding and packing building, or on the said premises, shall be removed therefrom without a proper ex-warehouse entry and due payment of all duties on the same, if intended for home consumption within the said Dominion, or upon due entry thereof, for removal on exportation under the usual bonds; nor shall any flour, meal or other products from the maize or other grain aforesaid, be removed from the said premises without due entry as aforesaid, either for consumption as aforesaid, for removal or exportation and payment of all Customs duties legally due on the flour, meal and other products into which the said maize and other grain shall have been manufactured as the case may be, allowance having first been made of five per cent on the said flour or shrinkage in those cases in which the corn or other grain has been kiln-dried before grinding.

3. That before the importer or owner of any maize and other grain aforesaid shall, for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing, be entitled to obtain the delivery thereof either ex-ship upon their importation into the said Dominion, to be carried immediately to the drying, grinding and packing buildings and premises aforesaid, or out of any Customs Warehouse, in which the same may be warehoused, he shall give bond with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs at the port where such Maize or other grain are imported or warehoused, in a penalty of double the amount of the duties payable on the same, with the conditions that the whole amount of the duties so payable upon the quantities of maize and other grain so delivered upon arrival or out of Warehouse as aforesaid, for the purpose of being dried, ground and packed in bond, shall within six months from the date of the bond to be so entered into, be well and truly paid to the Collector of Customs aforesaid for the use of Her Majesty, and the said importer or owner shall, before he can obtain the delivery aforesaid, further enter into and execute to the Collector for the use of Her Majesty as aforesaid, a general bond, the said importer or owner in the penal sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, and two approved sureties in the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars each, conditioned that at no period shall the quantity of maize or other grain, or the product thereof in the said building or premises be less than the quantity on which the bond or bonds for duties hereinbefore mentioned, shall be outstanding and unpaid.

4. And for the purpose of further securing the due observance of the foregoing Regulations, the Collector of Customs, the Surveyor of Customs or warehouse keeper or other approved officer of Customs at the port where the maize and other grain shall be so bonded, or at the port nearest to the said drying or grinding and packing premises, shall at all times when such operations are being carried on therein have free access to and upon the said drying, grinding and packing buildings and premises for the purpose of verifying the quantity of maize or other grain and their products therein, and any reasonable expenses attending such inspection shall be borne and defrayed by the importer or owner of the maize and other grain so undergoing drying, grinding and packing in bond.

The order of His Excellency in Council of the 1st August, 1867, prescribing Regulations of the above subject, but restricted to the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, is hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
3 ins.

Feb. 12.

JOHN RUHLAND,
HOUSE AND SHIP JOINER,
17 HOLLIS STREET,
HALIFAX, N. S.
All kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to.
Oct. 30. 3m.

GRAND PRE SEMINARY,
WOLFVILLE, N. S.
Principal..... Miss O. J. Emerson.
Assistant..... " H. M. Norris.
Teacher in Drawing and Painting..... " S. C. Valentine.
Teacher in Music..... " Bessie Orwayley.
Teacher in French..... " Mr. Fredk. Hawley.
Teacher in Mathematics, " Mr. I. A. Blair.
Classes are receiving instruction, during the current quarter, in the following branches:—
Virgil, Caesar, L. Grammar, French, English Grammar and Analysis, English Orthography, Reading, Writing, Geography—Ancient and Modern—English Literature, History—English and French—Arithmetic, Geometry, Algebra, Physiology, Drawing and Painting in the several departments, Music.
Board of Directors.
Revs. T. A. Higgins, Dr. Crawley, D. Freeman, S. W. DeBlois and S. B. Kempton.
Next quarter will commence March 27th.
Wolfville, Feb. 1st, 1868.
I. A. BLAIR.
Feb. 5.

R. R. R. PILLS.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS—Dose—For Regulating the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, and promoting Digestion, One Pill at Night. For Obstinate Diseases and Chronic complaints—4 to 6—every 24 hours.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are COMPOUNDED FROM VEGETABLE EXTRACTS, Coated with Sweet Gum, and are the best, quickest, and safest Purgative, Aperient, Anti-Erillous and Cathartic Medicine known to Medical Science.

One of Dr. Radway's Pills contains more of the active principle of cure, and will act quicker on the Liver, Bowels, Stomach, Kidneys, Bladder, Blood, &c., than four or six of the ordinary common Purgative Cathartic Pills sold under various names, or than ten grains of Blue Mass.

TRUE COMFORT FOR THE AGED AND OTHERS AFFLICTED WITH COSTIVENESS AND PARALYSIS OF THE BOWELS.

ONE TO THREE OF RADWAY'S PILLS—Once in 24 hours will secure regular evacuations from the bowels. Persons who for 20 years have not enjoyed a natural stool, and have been compelled to use injections have been cured by a few doses of Radway's Pills.

READ THIS.

New Albany, Ind., March 12, 1867.
For forty years I have been afflicted with costiveness, and for the last twenty was compelled daily to resort to injections to secure an evacuation. In December last I commenced the use of Radway's Pills. After taking a few doses, my liver, stomach, and bowels were restored to their natural strength and duties. I have now a regular movement once a day, and, although 80 years of age, feel as hearty and strong as I did 40 years ago.

Dr. Radway, N. Y. THOS. RADPATH, J. P.

MECHANICAL DISEASES.

Persons engaged in Paints, Minerals, Plumbers, Type Setters, Goldbeaters, Miners, as they advance in life will be subject to paralysis of the bowels, to guard against this, take a dose of Radway's Pills once or twice a week as a Preventive.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS CURE ALL DISEASES

Of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. One to six boxes warranted to effect a positive Cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.
Dr. Radway's Pills sold by all Druggists and Country Merchants.
Price, 25 Cents.

HIGH ENDORSEMENT FROM THE MEDICAL COLLEGE OF PRUSSIA.

DR. RADWAY

Is in receipt of an important official document signed by the Professors of the Medical College of Breslau, Prussia, embodying the result of an analysis of

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

Instituted for the satisfaction of the Prussian Government and people. It appears that the great popularity of the pills throughout Germany, as an aperient, antibilious and alterative medicine, had provoked the malice of the apothecaries, who caused a report to be circulated that the ingredients were poisonous. Therefore, a scientific inquisition into their nature and properties was ordered, the issues of which was a most triumphant vindication of the sanitary value of the Pills.

The Faculty of the College state in their report that after a careful and minute examination, they have the honour to state that "the pills are not only free from every substance injurious to health, but are composed wholly of substances and elements promotive of digestion, and certain at the same time to act favourably upon the nervous system," &c., &c. They state, further, that the injurious rumours set afloat by the Prussian apothecaries originated in a mean spirit of trade jealousy, excited by the great celebrity attained by the Pills within a very brief period."

Signed in behalf of the College,
DR. PHIL. THEOBALD WERNER,
Director of the Polytechnic Bureau.

DR. HEISE,
First Assistant.

DR. RADWAY'S PILLS are sold by Druggists and Country Merchants everywhere. Principal Depot for the New Dominion of Canada, 439 St. Paul, corner of Francois Xavier Street, Montreal, P. Q., D. O.

FREE! Our New Catalogue of IMPROVED STENCIL DIES. MORE THAN \$200 A MONTH is being made with them. S. M. SPENCER & CO., Brattleboro, Vt.
Feb. 5. 3m.

TROWSERINGS.—J. B. ELLIOTT & Co. are now offering a large stock of SCOTCH TWEEDS and FANCY DOESKINS.
Jan. 15.

Government House, Ottawa,

TUESDAY, 24th December, 1867.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act passed during the present session of the Legislature, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following regulation:

REGULATION.

"In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the present session of the Parliament of Canada, and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," the Ports mentioned in the annexed lists and being in the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and which are now Warehousing Ports in these Provinces respectively, shall be and they are hereby continued as such Warehousing Ports, and are hereby declared to be so accordingly."

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

ONTARIO.

- Amherstburg,
- Bytown,
- Brantford,
- Chatham,
- Chippawa,
- Cornwall,
- Cramah,
- Clifton,
- Darlington,
- Dover,
- Dunnville,
- Dundas,
- Guelph,
- Oakville,
- Oshawa,
- Paris,
- Pictou,
- Queenstown,
- Sarnia,
- Sault St. Marie,
- Stratford,
- Trenton,
- Whitby,
- Windsor,
- Woodstock.

QUEBEC.

- Amherst, Magdalen Islands,
- Coaticook,
- New Carlisle.

NOVA SCOTIA.

- Halifax,
- Amherst,
- Annapolis,
- Antigonish,
- Arichat,
- Baddeck,
- Barrington Passage,
- Bear River,
- Bridgetown,
- Canning (in Cornwallis),
- Digby,
- Kelly Cove, (Great Bras' d'Or),
- Guysboro Harbor,
- Bridgewater in Lavare,
- Liverpool,
- Lunenburg,
- Mahone Bay,
- Margaretville,
- North Sydney,
- Pictou,
- Port Gilbert,
- " Hawkebury,
- " Hood,
- " Medway,
- Pugwash,
- Ragged Islands,
- Saint Anne's,
- Saint Peter's,
- Sydney,
- Tatamagouche,
- Wallace,
- Weymouth,
- Windsor,
- Yarmouth,

NEW BRUNSWICK.

- Bathurst,
- Buctouche,
- Campelton,
- Welchpool,
- Carquette,
- Chatham,
- Dalhousie,
- Edmondstone,
- Fredericton,
- Grand Falls,
- Moncton,
- New Castle,
- Richibucto,
- Sackville,
- Shediac,
- St. Andrews,
- St. George,
- St. John's,
- St. Stephen's,
- Andover,
- West Isles,
- Woodstock.

Feb. 26. 3 ins.

January, 1868.

MOURNING GOODS.

R. N. Beckwith & Co.

Respectfully call attention to their stock of
BLACK FRENCH MERINOES,
Black French Paramattas,
Black Saxony Corda,
Black Baratheas.
BLACK COBURGS AND LUSTRES,
Black Mantle VELVETS,
Black Crape Collars and Vells,
Black Illusion and Fig'd Nets,
Black Bonnet Ribbons, all widths,
Black Mantle Cloths,
Black Astricau,
WATERPROOF CLOAKINGS,
The above goods will be offered,
FOR TWO WEEKS,
—AT—
REDUCED PRICES,
Preparatory to taking stock.

Jan. 22.

DEPARTMENTAL NOTICE.

Department of Inland Revenue,

OTTAWA, 10th February, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased by an Order in Council, dated on the 31st ultimo, to authorize that the 95th Section of the Act 31 Vict., Cap. 8, be so far modified as to place Malt in the same position as Malt Liquor formerly occupied, and as Spirits and Tobacco now occupy, viz: of having the privilege of being sold and transferred in bond, removed from one bonded warehouse to another bonded warehouse, or from place to place where Officers of the Inland Revenue are stationed, and of being exported free of duty, under the regulations provided and approved by an Order in Council of the 17th May, 1865, for the warehousing and exportation of Spirits, Malt Liquor and Tobacco."

By Command,
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

Feb. 26.

3 ins.

TARIFF, 1867!

Interpretations and Instructions to be observed throughout the Ports of the Dominion of Canada in operating the Tariff Act of 1867.

1.—ACIDS.—Acids do not include "Oripiment" (Yellow) or "Realger" (Red)

2.—BAGS.—Bags when not new may be imported free for the purpose of being filled with Grain, Seed, or Wool for exportation—on Bonds for exportation being given—or the amount of duty deposited, at discretion of the Collector.

3.—CHURCH BELLS.—In the admission of Church Bells duty free, the Collector must be duly certified of the intention of the importer to use them only for such purpose.

4.—CRUDE.—The term "Crude" implies the first condition of every article (as merchandize,) and applied to Whale Oil, only when landed in their original packages on board ship. See Whale Oils.

5.—GYPSUM.—Ground Gypsum may be admitted free when imported expressly as Manure.

6.—MACHINERY.—The declaration or Oath of the Importer must be given to the effect, that the machinery, for which exemption is claimed, is to be used in the original construction of a Mill or Factory.

7.—MODELS.—Models are held to be such only when they cannot be used as the articles of which they are said to be the models, such as Stoves or Grates

8.—PRUNELLA.—The article exempted under this head is the fabric generally used for the uppers of Ladies' boots and shoes; and fabric not so generally used should not be admitted.

9.—SETTLERS' EFFECTS.—When entry of "Settlers' Effects" is not made by the importer in person, his declaration to the correctness of his statement of facts must be made before a Justice of the peace. The exemption in favor of "Settlers" is not to apply to persons domiciled in Canada, or who have been absent from Canada for a shorter term than five years.

10.—SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER.—Sole and Upper Leather does not include Leather dressed and prepared for purposes, other than the manufacture of boots and shoes, the value of which is higher than sole or upper Leather.

11.—SUGAR.—In testing the article of Sugar for duty by the Standard provided by the Department, it is of the highest importance, in the interest of the Revenue and of the fair trader, to establish a uniform system in the use of such standards. A rigid adherence to the following simple scale, is therefore enjoined in the valuation of sugar for duty throughout the Ports of the Dominion:—

When equal to No 1	per 100 lbs	\$3.60
" " " " No 3 but not equal to No 1	"	" 2.60
" " " " No 6	"	" 2.25
" " " " No 9	"	" 1.90
When not equal to 9	"	" 1.68

12.—WHALE OIL.—In the entry of Whale Oil, duty free, the importer must produce a certificate duly attested by a Consul or Consular Agent, at the Port of Exportation, setting forth the conditions required by Law, and stating the marks of the casks and the quantities contained therein.

13.—UNWROUGHT OR ROUGH.—The term "Unwrought" applies to stone which has undergone no process of manufacture beyond chipping to reduce bulk. "Rough" to casting which have undergone no process of finishing, such as filing, turning or planing.

14.—WOOD.—The word "Unmanufactured" is to be understood as applying to all timber which has undergone no process of reduction other than rough hewing.

15.—SHIPS' GEAR, &c.—Under the head "Ships" it will be observed that four articles viz:—"Cables of hemp and grass," "Cordage," "Sail Cloth or Canvas, from No. 1 to No. 6," and "Varnish, black and bright," are free only when used for ships or vessels. Entry of these goods must be accompanied with a declaration or Oath that they are to be used for vessels only. When duty paid, a Drawback will be allowed when evidence is furnished satisfactory to the Collector at whose port the duty thereon was paid, that such articles have been actually used in the building, repairing or rigging or outfit of a ship or vessel.
Feb. 26. 3 ins.

HORTON COLLEGIATE ACADEMY,
Wolfville, N. S.

The next quarter will commence March 25.
Principal, Rev. T. A. Higgins.
Assistant, Mr. Freeman Tufts.
TERMS.—Board and washing, \$2.50 per week.
Tuition, \$3 to \$5 per quarter.
French, \$2
Bills payable quarterly in advance.
The Boarding department is under the charge of the Principal.
Feb. 26. 2m. Recorder 1m.

\$100 A MONTH SALARY.

WILL BE PAID FOR Agents, male or female, in a new, pleasant, permanent business; full particulars free by return mail, or sample retailing at \$4.50 for 50cots.
A. D. BOWMAN & CO.,
48 Broad street, New York.
(Clip out and return this notice.)
Feb. 26. 3m. pd.

Jan. Just Published, 1868.

"HELENA'S HOUSEHOLD,"
A Tale of Rome in the First Century.
A. & W. MACKINLAY.
Feb. 5. 3i