CHRISTIAN MESSENGER EXTRA.

not be helda thing impossible.

have discharged fully its obligations to the wishes of sister churches, and most unquestionably so to Dr. Pryor.

No. 2.

By order of the Church,

B. H. EATON, Clerk.

Dear Brethren,-

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rtial and to reflect.

We have corrected Mr. Armstrong's misstatement that the church " acquitted" Dr. thus availing yourself of the opportunity af- thus acting they are only desirous that they by the Secretary) if the Church agreed to accept Pryor on the charge of impurity,—have forded by an impartial Council, of substan-shewn that if Mr. Armstrong thus under-tiating your innocence." (Reply p. 62.) may be free from even the suspicion of Mr. Eaton replied by reading a portion of the res-having, in private conversation, attempted olution of the Church which merely asked the stood the resolution of the church when he acted as a councillor, he failed to even so much as hint at it, though we invited his ling a council early in the history of the cil." (Reply, p. 54) Thus much was ac- cil, and was proceeding to show the unreasonableness opinion on that act, and instead of rebuk- case, it is difficult to see of what use a complished towards securing a suitable and unsoundness of doing so, when being interrupting us as was his duty, he was silent. council would have been, since it seems council. How was it completed ? By Dr. ed by some one, (Judge Johnston, I think it was) a We have also corrected a wrong impres- plain that Dr. Pryor would have considered Pryor himself selecting as many more .-sion which his method of statement is any council chosen by the church as unqual- Most of them, if not all, had been his in- he thought we had better proceed with the busicalculated to give concerning the calling of ified to investigate the matter. In endeav- timate friends for long years, with most, if ness for which the Council had assembled. Herethe council which the Association recom- ouring to settle our own difficulties without not all, he had diligently conferred previous upon the matter dropped, and was never to my mended, and supplied a most significant the aid of a Council, we did not depart to the organization of the Council, and as chapter, omitted by Mr. Armstrong, in this from the acknowledged practice of Baptist subsequent events most painfully developed, have stated above. Different members painful history.

now to call your attention to the indepen- Christ respecting church order, fellowship himself and his friends. Surely it would be dent council which the church proceeded and discipline, it should always, if possible, at least safe to go forward now, and that which the word of God had specifically laid upon to convene after all hope of securing the settle its own difficulties without calling in without delay. But strange as it may ap- the church. Knowing as I did, the mind of the council recommended by the Association, even the advice and influence of other pear, Dr. Pryor was prepared to forego Loud forget what was said on this subject before had failed. No pains had been spared by churches." Dr. Pryor and his friends to give our This council were willing to investigate to the desires of the Association or the brethren the impression that our action the following points :-- 1. The question church, but according to his own ultimatum, from first to last had been instituted and relating to the calling of councils: if for any cause he should desire to do so. carried through under the influence of 2. The mode of procedure on the part of In illustration of this statement, we may all had consented that it could not be so regarded. pride, and passion and hate. Never, dear the church, whether it was regular, &c. : mention that Dr. Pryor called upon the The Church had, in a resolution passed July brethren, was there a more unjust and false 3. Whether the decision of the church, in Clerk of the church the day following the 12th, expressed their view of this matter, as im-

When a man by such acts condemns him- was every reason to believe that this you think the plan a sound one? The church (3.) The church did not conceal in any self, his just condemnation by others should was the only opportunity he could had selected men with whom they had way its views on this matter from the ever have of meeting his accusers never passed a word on the matter, and Council. Two representatives of the The church informed the Moderator and face to face before a Council of impartial most of whom were strangers except by church have each given a direct and exthe Secretary of the Association that we brethren, and yet he, an innocent man, reputation, to nearly all the members of the plicit statement that at the first Session of were unable to carry out the recommenda- unjustly condemned, treated so cruelly by church. These men, moreover, had been the Council, the question was asked (not tion of the Association, for the reasons now the Church, and longing for honest men to provided with lodgings apart from the church, formally and officially from the chair, and detailed. (Reply, pages 48-50). Had the hear and judge him, would not avail him- and officially advised as follows :- The on this account not likely to be recorded church rested here it would, we believe, self of the offices of these brethren. Why? church "from feelings of delicacy have by the Secretary whose "business" was to This Council said to him : "We beg to thought it advisable that the domestic hos- "record the official proceedings of the

feeling of partizanship; we come from a of course, would have extended to your that came-up at random"-as he himself distance, two of us from other Provinces, council, should be waived pending the in- informs us) whether the church would and are under the influence of the kindest vestigation. They have also deemed it agree to regard the opinions at which the feelings towards yourself. The terms of prudent that in any interview, other than Council might arrive as final, and that they your letter to us forbid us to hope that you those of an official character which may answered in the negative. Here are exwill meet with us for the purpose of enter- take place between the members of the tracts from the statements of these brething upon a thorough investigation of the council and themselves, the subjects under ren :-charges made against your character, and investigation should not be discussed. In We may remark here that although our to impress the minds and influence the de- Council to report their opinion to the church on accusers condemn the Church for not cal- cision of the brethren composing the coun-

even this council, fashioned not according the Council."

assure you that we are not animated by any pitalities, which they otherwise, as a matter Council, and not anything and everything

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"Immediately after this we were asked (I think the matters submitted. I immediately stated that we could not agree to accept the opinion of the Councolloquy ensued, in the midst of which the President waved his hand and said, in substance, that knowledge referred to again.

I have a distinct and vivid recollection of what I churches. Crowell (p. 78) says: "As each he cared not that any of them should be of the Church had repeatedly stated that they The Independent Council .- We have church is bound to understand the will of deprived of the domestic hospitalities of could never consent to be bound to accept the opinions of any Council, as they considered that they could not lay upon others a solemn responsibility T. H. RAND.

> "The question whether the decision of the Council that the Church would call should be taken as final, had been raised in Church meetings; and

accusation. The entire record of all our the circumstances in which they were placed church's acceptance of his ultimatum, to ment if Investigate subjects and report to the procedings has been printed and circulated, and in the light of the evidence before learn if it had been ascertained whether one Church their opinions." In asking for an "opin-This was before my mind when the question was raised by a member of the Council, "Whether the Church would accept its decision as final ?" After I had pointed out this part of the resolution of July 12th, Mr. Rand began to discuss -the could not consent to bind themselves to accept B. H. EATON.

that lave Irisothhrisvery rests The less. wing eounns-of such hurch. to be ience have f pro-50). The following were the brethren :--e part REV. CHARLES SPURDEN, D.D., Fredericton, N. B. would JOHN DAVIS, Charlottetown, P. E. I. 44 unne-" CHARLES RANDALL, Weymouth, N. S. agree THOMAS R. PATILLO, Senr., Esq., Liverpool, N. S. hurch WILLIAM FAULKNER, Esq., Truro, N. S. ad :--The resolution of the church inviting in the this council requested them among other h pubthings to inform us, after examination. o Dr. Whether the action of the church was such ryor's as should have been taken under all the weetcircumstances; and it required "that the onsid-Rev. Dr. Pryor be notified of the convenpropoing of said council, and invited to present ek, he his case before them, and be afforded the ot confullest opportunity to defend himself against wishes all charges that may come before said counits recil." The requirements of this resolution ncreaswere fully carried out. This is the Counutually cil whom Dr. Pryor, Judge Johnston, Dr. er con-Crawley, and finally Mr. Armstrong seem le, and to suppose they have shewn unfit for the erently work they undertook, when they have langerdesignated them an "ex parte Council" i. e. g under council one half of whom Dr. Pryor followcillors) pproval

and this record can not, we believe, fail to them, was not such as they ought to have of the persons selected by himself could ion," did the church ask for "a decree"? convince unprejudiced minds, that our given. But they were not willing to inves- come. At this interview he said : "The whole course of procedure is entirely tigate the charges against Dr. Pryor, since presence of Rev. Mr. McKenzie, is a sine qua inconsistent with the supposition that he declined to meet with them. (Reply, p. non : without him there shall be no council." and I directed the attention of the Council to the pride, passion, and hatred were controlling 62). Bearing in mind the course which Dr. -Mr. Armstrong has said that the unwilling- resolution of July 12th, as containing a reply. . . . influences in our conduct. Conscious of Pryor had pursued, we think the church ness of the church to be bound by the dehaving endeavoured, in the fear of God, and would have been fully justified in request- cision which the council might deliver, the point, to show why the church would not, and under a sense of our responsibility to the ing this council to proceed with the inves- would seem to shew a want of confidence Head of the Church, to discharge aright our tigation of the three points enumerated in the justness of their cause. We ask Mr. the decision as final." distressing duties, we anxiously desired above; but we felt that any investigation Armstrong what Dr. Pryor's course in rethat our conduct should be reviewed by im- of these points would be unsatisfactory to ference to (1) the council recommended partial brethren; that if we had committed ourselves and to others in Dr. P's. absence. by the Association, (2) the independent errors they might be pointed out to us, and The council felt this also, and labored with council, and (3) his own council, shews ?wrongs thereby be righted; and if we had Dr. Pryor in order that means might be Does it point to confidence in the justness been falsely accused, the truth might devised to remove his objections. They of his cause? be known. Nothing remained but to call asked him "Whether he would consent to in brethren altogether removed from us by such a mutual council, both in regard to the distance of place-men whom we believed | number of its members and its mode of to be possessed of piety, sound judgment, selection, as they, in their judgment, might and of acknowledged standing in the de- advise." (Reply, p. 62). But Dr. Pryor Dear Brethren,nomination. This was done. (Reply, page | would not accept their proposals. Profess-

ing loudly his great anxiety to have such a council as the Association had recommended, and refusing to meet these brethren because they were not a "Mutual Council," he would not consent that they should interpret the Association's recommendation both for him and the church. A council of twelve, one half to be chosen by himself at will, (with one restriction touching his relatives,) was his ultimatum. That the council assured him they had every reason to believe such terms would not secure a " Mutual Council," was nothing. His ultimatum was his ultimatum. And yet the advocates of Dr. Pryor see in all this the unmistakable indication of innocence. [We may here state that the "Mutual Council" proposed by these brethren to Dr. P. was to consist of seven members, and that the mode of selection was not the one so persistently held by Dr. Pryor.] This council reported to the church the ultimatum of Dr. Pryor, without offering to the church any advice or recommendation in connexion with the Dr. Pryor's Council.-Worried beyond

did not select at will But none will say Armstrong's conclusion.—(1) The church measure, the church yielded their convicstop preceedings altogether. I therefore waived my that the church did not select an independid not design to authorize the exercise of personal feelings on the subject, and did not put the tions to the importunities of the case .--dent Council,—one free in every way, and any such authority by the Council. When question, because I thought it of the utmost import-They accepted the ultimatum of Dr. Pryor, by the ance that the Council, brought together with so much under the most solemn obligations to do the church entertained the idea of calling though fully convinced that it neither exdifficulty, should not be prevented by any question of justice to both Dr. P. and the church. in the aid of a Council, different brethren that kind from proceeding to investigate and pror. Pryor pressed the intention of the recommendation once and again stated that they could not nounce an opinion. Dr. Pryor well knew it to be such a counof the Association, nor was consonant with ot agree While I entertained the hope that the Church would cil. How did he meet it? Did he say, consent to such a course, if thereby the correct principles of church discipline, nor neeting. abide by the decision of the Council, the representachurch would ultimately transfer to such a tives of the Church appeared to me to be very care-"Now, I shall be able to establish my inat all calculated, theoretically, to serve the ets, dear body obligations which they believed were ful not to say or do anything which could fairly be nocence, and expose to the core the hate, ends of truth and justice. The brethren ve been regarded as a pledge to that effect. and pride, and evil passions which have by the Scriptures imposed upon the church, selected by him werefect har-C. SPURDEN. and the church only-other brethren as frecaused Granville Street Church to sacrithe As-REV. I. E. BILL, St. John, N. B. "W. S. MCKENZIE, St. John, N. B. quently made answer that calling in the aid fice so unjustly my character ?" No. Not "I also recall the discussions that were raised in cont such as a word of the sort. These were his words: of a Council would not, as a matter of nection with those questions and answers as indicated " GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Bridgetown. an would in your letter and in Mr. Rand's as given in the Mes-" A. S. HUNT, Cornwallis. course, infringe in any way upon the ulti-Will Mr. senger, together with Mr. Hunt's letter. It was evid-"I protest against your authority to deal with JAMES RAND, Esq., Canning. A. M. WHEELOCK, Esq., Wilmot. mate responsibility of the church in the case; anything affecting my character or interests." "I ent that you and be, as representatives of the church ink not. The church chose Rev. S. March, of but would aid in the exercise of that rebefore the Couucil, were anxious not to promise on beshall not, nor shall any one on my behalf, or with my nt to be half o the church more than you were authorised to consent, appear before you, in any respect, to sanc-Bridgewater, in addition to the brethren sponsibility. promise, and yet I was not fully awake to the imporuspected tion your proceedings, should you venture to act; composing the council which they had al- (2) The resolution which we sent to tance of these discussions. I had a lively hope-a and I formally forbid your doing anything by which my character or interests may be affected either indepenready convened. Here then, at last, Dr. Councillors invited them to "investigate" hope alas! which has proved to be but a fallacious one - that the decision at which the Council might arrive consent Pryor had secured such a council as he would cortain subjects, and to " report" to the directly or indirectly." (Reply p. 61.) would lay a basis if it did nothing more for the settlehould be ment of your unhappy church difficulties. The exis-Was this not passing strange? There meet. Mark its constitution, and tell us if church their " opinion." h he and

By order of the Church, B. H. EATON, Clerk.

Having now corrected the important misstatement made by Mr. Armstrong, and having supplied a series of omissions in his statements respecting the calling of the Council, we shall discuss at length the arguments which he advances in support of the binding force of the decision given by that Council. We shall attempt to shew impartial men that Mr. Armstrong's after some discussion the matter was dropped." conclusion, that the decision bound the church, is not warranted:

No. 3.

1. By facts connected with the council. 2. By the "equality of choice" in its

selection. 3. By the " acceptance of the council" when organized.

4. By the references to "arbitration."

5. Nor by scriptural principles of church government as under-

stood by Baptists. We believe you will agree with us in thinking that if the foregoing points are successfully established, the grounds on which he rests his case are "essentially disturbed," even rent to the very centre. 1. Certain Facts which are fatal to Mr.

(4.) Some members of the Council did not misunderstand the church on the matter. The following extracts are very explicit on the point under discussion, while among them will be found the most complete corroboration of the specific statements of Mr. Rand and Mr. Eaton : "Some member of the Council, 1 think, enquired whether the parties concerned would consider the Council's decision in the matter as final; to which enquiry there were responses from several members of the Council, some in the negative, and others in the affirmative, as well as from the contending parties; Mr. Raud and yourself contending against the principle, as an interference with the rights and privileges of the church; and urging that the Council was only an advisory body.

I think Mr. Rand and yoursolf have stated the circumstances substantially as they occurred For myself, I considered that the question was merely asked for the satisfaction of the person proposing it, and that it was not designed to affect the enquiry for which the Council had been convened; and therefore STEPHEN MARCH.

" To the best of my recollection, Mr. Rand's statement is substantially correct. I was not aware that either party was bound to accept the decision of the Council as final, and I must say, I did not encertain such an idea throughout the whole investigation. I was of opinion that the Council was an advisory one, but did not suppose either party bound to accept its

WM. FAULKNER.

"I never for a moment imagined that we were there to decree -but to investigate, report, and advise, subject of course to the action of the church, whose action would be final."

decision."

CHARLES RANDALL.

"I have laid it down to myself as a general rule not to serve on a Council unless the parties would agree to abide by its decision, but I knew beforehand from their own avowal, that the representatives of the church would not agree to this, and that any attempt to force concurrence in a decision not yet given might