note some of the specialities of our annual considerable progress. On Monday eve- which was liberally and cheerfully given as facts upon which the several societies base £421 in its income, which is in part the re- made known. They had asked the Lord their appeals for sympathy and support.

THE BUILDING FUND

was the first to call its friends together .-This society, which grants loans without requiring interest, has rendered good service to many struggling congregations in their time of need. In erecting or enlarging chapels, committees are prope to sanction an outlay scarcely warranted by the means of their constituents. During the past year Baptists have increased their chapel accommodation to the extent of 10,982 sittings, at a cost of £76,319, of which £31,-617 remain as an addition to our chapel debts. At this point the Fund offers assistance.-Instead of charging interest on loans, it lends money on the condition that it be repaid in ten equal annual instalments. Seventeen such grants have been made in the year 1868-9. One question refuses to be suppressed. Is it right to incur debts which exceed £31,000 in a single year? We rejoice in denominational extension, in the building of new and the enlarging of old chapels; but we doubt whether the loss from debt does not almost equal the gain from increased accommodation. Debt means difficulty and danger. Many a prosperous church has repented of large ventures. A small chapel out of debt is to be preferred to a spacious and beautiful building heavily mortgaged. When Episcopacy shall be dis stablished and Dissent be delivered from its chapel debts, the Church of Christ in this land will be more at liberty than at present to do evangelistic work.

THE BAPTIST UNION

on the 26th ult., in John-street Chapel. The morning was occupied by the Chairman's inaugural address, and a discussion of the vexed question of a Sustentation Fund -Dr. Brock's address left nothing to be desired. While conceding full liberty to the thinker, and wide limits within which changes in theological opinions and church practices are lawful, Dr. Brock grappled in a manly and trenchant way with the tendencies to change so perceptible in certain quarters, and contended earnestly for the authority of the Divine Word and the maintenance of the distinction between the church and the world. While admitting the desirableness of increasing the stipends of Fund is possible to Baptists.

understood and carried out amongst evan- 7. gelical Nonconformists. The theory that the "congregation is the "church" is in our judgment much less inconsistent with Pædobaptist than with Baptist principles, but, at the same time, we do not believe that a large number of the Independents are prepared to sympathise with the laxity which a few have advocated. Innovators often get into great prominence simply because they are innovators, and not because their innovations are widely popular. Their prominence often leads them, and others also, to overrate both their power and their importance. Whatever be the truth with that the Lord is the hearer of prayer, and admitted that if Baptists fail to distinguish between the church and the congregation they will violate one of their most distinctive principles, and will prove what others have sometimes tried to demonstrate, that there is no need for them to have a separate denominational existence.

THE BIBLE TRANSLATION SOCIETY,

meetings, and to lay before our readers the ning the secretary reported an increase of soon as the wants of the Institution were Foreign Bible Ecciety." Once again the further need not anticipated at the time. many of its versions baptize is translated, Lord is better than the praise of men.not transferred-why, then, insist that our Communicated. missionaries . hould transfer and not translate the word? that it is the duty of transiators to render into the language understood by the people, every word of Holy Writ-why, then, should such a rendering be prohibited in any instance? We are unfeignedly sorry to hear that the Bible Society has learnt nothing during the last thirty years, and still maintains its attitude of ho tility to our Bengali version of the Scriptures. It appears that its Calcutta Auxiliary, with the full concurrence of missionaries of all denominations, recently recommended the parent society to support this Bengali version, with "alternative readings." Here was a compromise which promised the settlement of this prolonged controversy, and which, approved by the Calcutta auxiliary, ought to have been accepted by the committee in London. But the Bible Society has shown itself to be inexorable. The word into which baptizo has been translated must be expunged, and on none other condition will support be granted.

THE BAPTIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY

ter than it was last year. The contributions gational clergymen at Oak Point. yond those already occupied.

THE BRITISH AND IRISH MISSION

our ministers, and expressing the fullest held a most successful meeting on Tuesday sympathy with the objects of the proposed evening in Bloomsbury Chape'. Both the fund, the Union has resolved that the pe- Rev. C. Kirtland's report, and Mr. Woolculiarity of its organization precludes it ley's financial statement, which showed an from even nominating, or even authorising income of £3,902, with a balance on the its officers to nominate, a board for the pro- right side, gave evident pleasure. Mr. Ilmotion of a Sustentation Fund. Time lingworth, M. P., filled the chair with abil- same light as he did the observance of men's minds until he reigns from the rivers alone can prove whether a Sustentation ity and grace, and delivered an address in which he expressed a warm appreciation of The adjourned session of the Baptist the evangelistic work of the society, and a being a woman was led down into the water Union, held in Walworth-road Chapel, on readiness to assist the denomination in its Thursday morning, was attended by a good- manifold labours. The Rev. F. Tucker ly number of members. The chief feature surpassed himself. In a speech abounding then another and put it on her head, and of the meeting was the paper read by Mr. with happy hits at Romanism and Ritualism, Clement Bailhache on Church Membership, tull of earnest Dissent and the most pro-Those who knew Mr. Bailhache were not nounced Protestantism, Mr. Tucker pleaded surprised to find him treating his theme for increased zeal in prosecuting evangeliwith vigor of thought and delicacy of dis- sing enterprises. The Rev. C. Williams crimination-with breadth of sympathy and followed with an address on the importance a truly catholic spirit, and yet with a man- of paying more attention to the villages, ifest attachment to the "good old ways." contending that the agricultural labourer is The subject is just now exciting special at- sinking in the social scale, and pressing the tention, on account of the Broad Church claims of rural districts on the society and proclivities of some men amongst the Inde- its friends. The Rev. A. Mursell was himpendents, and the disposition they have dis- | self, depicting in a series of word-paintings played to break down well nigh all distinc- the state of subjection to which Popery tions between the church and the congre- has reduced the Irish peasant, and predictgation, and so to practically bring to an end | ing the downfall of Rome in the sister-ischurch membership as it has hitherto been land .- From Freeman, April 30 and May

For the Christian Messenger.

HALIFAX PROTESTANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

A few weeks since the Ladies' Committee of this Institution, and a few of their female friends, met together for the purpose of devising means for procuring the sum of \$1600, in order to enable the managers to pay off pressing liabilities, and get free from debt. A Bazaar was proposed-but desires that His people should honor him with their confidence, decided to lay the matter before Him in prayer and in faith. This they did-knowing that "the silver and the gold are His"—That "He has all hearts in his hands"-and that " their God would supply all their need, according to his riches in glory by Christ Jesus."

since its annual meeting last year, has made a very short time they received \$1680- angels to Lot.

sult of the publication of a pamphlet enti- for \$1600—and He had given that sum tled "The Baptists and the British and and \$80 over-which latter sum supplied a

case against the professedly most catholic While sincerely thanking the several of our institutions was stated and argued. contributors for their generous help, the It would be difficult to make out a more Committee desire that God alone should complete case. The officers and speakers have all the glory-well knowing, that He showed that the Bible Society supports who disposed their hearts to give, is able even a Roman Catholic version-why not, also to return a tenfold blessing. Names then, a version used by baptists? that in are purposely omitted. The praise of the

For the Christian Messenger.

A NEW WAY OF ADMINISTERING THE ORDINANCE OF BAPTISM.

for the adoption of sprinkling and pouring, sciousness of his approbation

Clear in style, discriminating in thought, show an increase of nearly £1,000 on a congregation, of between four and five know but little more than this, gratitude vigerously read, and eloquent throughout, 1867-8. It is very satisfactory to find that hundred people gathered at the water near springs up in his heart, and his enquiry is the otal income -£30,556 - is not swelled a ship-yard owned by Mr. Bigelow. The "Lord, what will thou have me to do?" by large legacies, only £513 19st as against service commenced at 4 o'clock about the Whatever he now finds prescribed as the £686 15s. last year appearing under that time of high water. The Rev. gentle- Divine direction he accepts, and the path of head. It is also noteworthy that the ex- man made a few remarks upon the occasion. duty he is ready to follow. Whatever of penditure, which has amounted to £29,594 His arguments were as follows:-That the difficulty presents itself does but intensify 19s. 10d., is less by some £961 than the rite was not the baptism; the baptism of his resolve; and he becomes willing to give income. A debt of £2,381 15s. 6d. still the Holy Spirit was the essential. It was his life in return for this great salvation. hampers the committee, and prevents the immaterial how water was used, as the only To make this ground of hope known to extension of mission work to regions be- doctrine that it taught was purification. our fellowmen and inspire this gratitude The different ways of administering the rite and love is the noble work to which the and the controvercies respecting it were on christian is called. It was that which a par with the disputes among the early Christ came from heaven to make known; christians in regard to the observance of days to seek and to save them that were lost. and eating meats offered to idols, refered Let christians endeavour to walk in his to by the Apostle Paul. He mentioned steps and be found seeking to carry forward several times the probable opinion of the what he began, and what he is still effect-Apostle if he were here, concluding he ing by their instrumentality. He will conwould view the subject of baptism in the tinue to work with them and so operate on

> There were two candidates. The first by the Rev. gentlemen who first scooped up a handful of water and wet her face, finally repeating the words; "I baptize thee in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen," immersed the candidate to the shoulders, the head, neck, and the top of the shoulders were above water. The second, being a man went down alone, following the minister about three yards in the rear, to a sufficient depth of water, and was treated in and same manner. The benediction was then pronounced and the congregation dispersed. This mode is quite a novelty in this part of the Province. The Originator, the time and place of its introduction, is as yet shrouded in mystery. Thinking probably this item will be of interest to your numerous readers I send it for publication.

The rite described in the above letter is upon it and on those who practise it, and investigation. hence also, on the Saviour and his apostles Usually three Lectures only are given in a who observed and enjoined it. To say the day, leaving some time for devotional exercises

ONE PRESENT.

the subjects of a novel and a nondescript of souls.

ceremony.

Your escape to Jesus must not only be prompt, it must be decisive and determin-The result exceeded their petitions—in ed. "Look not behind thee;" said the but one Sabbath. It never was contemplated

Christian Messenger.

HALIFAX, MAY 26, 1869.

CHRISTIAN HOPE.

The condition of man, without the gospel of Christ, is described in the Scriptures as " having no hope and without God in the world." The original relation of mankind to Jehovah has been broken off, and man has become 'alienated in mind by wicked works.' This must be a terrible state. When only partially realized it takes away all peace. and brings distress and sometimes despair. We know not yet the full extent of its meaning, and, perhaps it is one of our greatest mercies that in this world our knowledge of this is so limited. When light shines into the mind of the sinner, it ex-We live in a fast age; an age remarkable poses to him his condition. Not only does for its many improvements, discoveries he see this, but he is awakened to a sense and inventions, both in Art and Science, of the consequences of remaining in a state and the introduction of quite a number of of separation from God and holiness. The innovations that will agitate the political uncertainties of a continuance of life awak. and commercial world, and perhaps the ens anxiety to have a change effected .-Christian Church for centuries to come. Further light brings a higher appreciation Every age has left an indelible impress of the work of Christ in man's redemption, upon the pages of history; but none have and instead misgiving and doubt, hope and been able to chronicle so many remarkable love are awakened, and peace and joy events as will be the privilege of the pres- arise. Hope comprises desire and expecent. Among the many startling occurences tation. This world becomes unsatisfactory is the introduction of another mode of bap- and more abiding riches and righteousness tism, making a fourth. The Apostolic Age are desired. These are partially obtained is noted for the practice of immersion, as and fuller possession anticipated. Animat-Wesley, Doddrige Chalmers. Tholuck, ed by the hope of eternal life, the chris-Whitby, Coleman, Neander, and a host of tian regards no service he can render to others bear witness. Subsequent periods the Saviour as a burden. A con-The present century for what is termed semi- esteemed of greater value than all temheld the first sitting of its annual session held its members' meeting on Tuesday immersion. It was practised in Kings Co. poral good. A sense of safety arising from morning. As we intimated a fortnight ago for the first time I believe, last Sunday pardon and forgiveness is felt, such as the the financial nosition of the society is bet- May 16th, and administered by a Congre- shipwrecked man experiences when feeling his feet first touch solid ground. He is of the churches for "general purposes" The afternoon was quite pleasant, and saved! He is saved! Although he may

to the ends of the earth.

MINISTERS' INSTITUTE.

Rev. E. C. Cady of Portland, St. John, N. B., has an article in the Visitor on the above subject, and concludes it by the following sentence, " Send in your opinions and suggestions to the Visitor and Messen-

Whether Bro. C. has sent a copy of his article for insertion in the Messenger we know not, as we have not received any, but presuming that he would like it to appear in our columns, we venture to copy it from our contemporary.

MINISTERS INSTITUTES.

These institutions are of modern date. The first of which I have any knowledge, was held at Chicago, five or six years ago, by the Baptists. Their design is the improvement of the ministry, and through them the churches. All the ministers in a given district, as far as possible, and as many from beyond as choose, assemble to hear Lectures on the various subjects which directly interest them in their work as preachers and pastors. Usually an hour is given for the delivery of the Lecture, and highly suggestive. It suggests the impro- another hour for questioning the Lecturer, and priety of those who wish to be baptised a free expression of opinion on the part of all placing themselves in the hands of an ad- who wish to dissent from the views given, or ministrator, who, himself never was bap- who wish to throw additional light upon some tised, does not believe in baptism, and point, touched upon by the Lecturer. In this who consequently might be expected to treat the ordinance so as to bring contempt upon it and on those who practise it, and

least, such a baptism ought not to be satis- and free religious conference upon the state of factory to those who apparently expected religion in the Churches, in the ministers own to be immersed, but, who found themselves hearts, and upon the best methods of producing the growth of piety and securing the conversion

These Institutes originally were held for two weeks, and in the State of Illinois, twice a year;

once at Chicago, and once at Alton, the seats of the two Baptist Colleges. Ministers, in this that the whole range of interesting subjects