

are to be made applicable to the redemption of Rentas. M. Magne congratulates the country on the return of public confidence and the general resumption of industrial pursuits, and concludes by declaring that the gratitude of the nation is due to the Emperor for removing the only causes of rupture between the European powers, and of international and domestic distrust.

SPAIN.—Madrid, Jan. 14.—The election for members of the Constituent Cortes have commenced. The reactionists made some attempts to create disturbances at the polling places, but they proved abortive. With these exceptions good order has been maintained.

A tumult arose in Tortosa, Spain, on Wednesday, growing out of a quarrel between the Liberal and Carlist parties. It was suppressed by the authorities and the city is now quiet.

The Madrid journals urge the Government to use all means to strengthen the hands of Gen. Dulce at Havana, and demand that 10,000 national troops be sent to Cuba to render the possession of that island secure.

Advice from Madrid say the Government authorities received a despatch on the 13th from Dulce, Capt.-General of Cuba, asking for reinforcements. The General thinks he can suppress the insurrection there with four thousand additional troops.

The latest advice from Cuba reports the defeat of Count Valmasida, the chief of the government troops; and a riot in Havana by an attempt of police to seize some arms.

The Jews of Bordeaux have addressed a petition to Marshal Serrano, as head of the Provisional Government, praying for the repeal of the edict of 1492, by which their forefathers, to the number of 500,000, were driven from Spain, then under the rule of Ferdinand and Isabella the Catholic.

The Marshal answered that by the proclamation of religious freedom the people have, since the 29th of last September, virtually repealed that and all other illiberal decrees, and that Jews may now consider themselves free to settle and enjoy the free exercise of their worship in any part of the Peninsula. The same liberty, the Marshal adds, is allowed to the votaries of all other creeds.

Jan. 18.—The government of Spain is about sending additional troops to put down the insurrection in Cuba.

ITALY.—Florence, Jan. 16.—The riots occasioned by attempts to collect Mill tax, have been renewed recently in various parts of the Kingdom. The country to-day is tranquil. The military force has been used freely for the suppression of these disorders, and twenty-six rioters have been killed and wounded.

Succession to the Throne.—Jan. 18.—It is reported that Prince Amadeus, Duke of Aosta, has renounced the Italian succession in favor of Princess Clotilde.

TURKEY AND PERSIA.—Jan. 18.—Despatches from the East, report that a difficulty has arisen between Turkey and Persia. Disturbances broke out upon the Eastern frontier of Asiatic Turkey, between Persians and Turks, which have led to the withdrawal of the Ambassador of the Porte from Teheran. Since these occurrences Persia has been massing troops on her North Western frontier.

SOUTH AMERICA.—By telegrams from Lisbon, Portugal, on Friday, we learn that Rio Janiero dates of Dec. 24th state that the Allied army had made a vigorous assault on Paraguayan stronghold at Villetta, and after a desperate battle, succeeded in carrying it. Lopez's army is utterly routed and destroyed. Lopez himself, with barely 200 followers, made his escape. This victory opened the way to Ascencion, the Paraguayan capital, to which place the Brazilian iron-clads had gone.

THE EASTERN DIFFICULTIES

have not come to any very satisfactory conclusion. At the opening of the Conference in Paris there appeared signs of success in the efforts to bring them to a peaceful determination; but the subsequent consultations have tended rather to disappoint these hopes. The telegram on the 12th states that for some unexplained reason the Greek Ambassador at Paris, who, it was supposed, represented Greece in the Conference, has been refused participation in its sessions. He has protested against his exclusion, and appealed to his government at Athens for instructions.

The following is the telegram of the 13th.—The Paris official journals report the conference on the eastern question held a session yesterday and adjourned until Thursday next. The Grecian Minister was not present. The conduct of the Greek government in taking exception to the exclusion of its representative from the conference is condemned, for it is agreed that Greece assented to the propriety of a similar exclusion from the Congress of 1856, though the Sublime Porte was then represented in that body, and this is held as a precedence for action of the present conference.

A Vienna circular from the Sublime Porte to the European powers, justifying its recent action against Greece is published here. It says the Turkish government does not expect that the conference of Paris will arrive at any settlement. The ultimatum to Greece was a proclamation that the internal affairs of the Ottoman empire must not be interfered with.

It was agreed that the powers represented in the Conference on the Eastern Question shall not by any reason of their participation in the Conference, be held bound to enforce its conclusions.

Jan. 14.—The exclusion of the Grecian Ambassador threatens to break up the Conference. It is not considered probable that the Greek Government will acquiesce in reply to the demand of its representatives, for instruction is not likely to prove favourable, in which case the Conference, in all probability, will adjourn indefinitely.

In the meantime the plenipotentiaries have applied to their representative Governments for further instructions. It is understood that Russia condemns the attitude which Greece has assumed towards the Conference. The press of London and Paris almost unanimously condemn the course of Greece in insisting on representation in the Conference.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* predicts that Greece will submit to the voice of the Conference.

The reports of capture, by the Turkish forces, of the members of the Cretan insurrectionary government, are confirmed; four of the Cretan officials were killed, and the rest were taken prisoners. Books and documents of the government fell into the hands of the Turks.

A report is in circulation that the principal members of the Insurrectionist Government of Candia, have fallen into the hands of the Turks and have been thrown into prison. The Sublime Porte has dispatched a Special Financial Agent to Paris to raise a loan for war purposes.

The public newspapers report that the Conference on the Eastern difficulty held a harmonious session to-day, and adopted unanimously a conciliatory resolution. The Greek Minister was not in attendance. His continued absence is regarded as a refusal by Greece to recognize the Conference.

It is reported on credible authority that the Grecian Minister has been instructed by his Government to announce that Greece is resolved to reject the decision of the Conference, if certain demands in the Turkish ultimatum are supported by that body. All indications are that Greece is bent on war.

A despatch from Athens states that King George is preparing to retire to Nauplia.

Jan. 17.—The Turkish Minister has agreed to the main points of the settlement passed by the Conference, but awaits instruction from Constantinople before signing the resolves of that Jury. The Representative of Greece has informed the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, that his instructions from the Government at Athens are delayed, in consequence of an interruption of the telegraph.

The Conference on the Eastern Question is on the point of closing its mission. It recommends Greece to accept so much of the Turkish ultimatum as relates to Cretan affairs, and to refer the case of the Officer at Syria to the decision of the Courts, and promises that Turkey will withdraw the last point of her ultimatum, touching the observance of International Law.

The Conference maintains the policy of strict non-intervention.

The latest advice from Athens show that preparations for war are actively going on in all parts of Greece. The Banks of Athens have loaned the Government 2,000,000 for that purpose.



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that they intend to let 4 sections of the line at once.

Sections Nos 1 and 2 embrace about 40 miles from a junction with the Grand Trunk Railway, near Riviere du Loup, and each section will be about 20 miles in length.

Section No. 3 will be about 26 miles in length and lies between the East side of Restigouche River to near Dalhousie in New Brunswick.

Section No. 4 will be about 24 miles in length and lies between Amherst and River Philip in Nova Scotia.

Plans and profiles with specifications and terms of contract will be exhibited at the offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Riviere du Loup, Dalhousie, St. John and Halifax, on and after the 11th January, 1869, and sealed Tenders addressed "To the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway," will be received at their office in Ottawa up to 4 o'clock on the 8th February, 1869.

A. WALSH,
EDW. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
WILLIAM F. COFFIN.

N. B.—Tenders will shortly be called for, for other sections of the line, as soon as the plans are sufficiently advanced.

Ottawa, 19th December, 1868.
Jan. 6. 41.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Ottawa,
Wednesday, 9th day of December, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT, IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed during the last Session of the Parliament of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs;" His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the late session of the Parliament of Canada, intituled; "An Act respecting the Customs;" and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders in Council, passed under the authority of the said Act, the following Port shall be, and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz.:

Province of Nova Scotia—
The Port of Parrsboro'.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Jan. 6

THIS IS TO NOTIFY

All persons indebted to the subscriber, either by Notes of Hand, Accounts or otherwise, &c., &c., are hereby notified that unless their Notes and Accounts, &c., are settled or renewed on or before the first day of May, in the year 1869, that they will be handed to an Attorney for collection without fail, delay, or distinction.

DAVID B. LYND, M. D.,
Truro, N. S.
Truro, Jan. 2nd, 1869.

And I have a Lot of Wood land for sale of six hundred Acres lying in Lower Stewiacke, Westwardly of the road leading to Halifax and the Fort Farm, Lower Stewiacke, on the Shubenacadie River; the S. west, west corner of said Lot is bounding on the South on the North side of Amos Minard's Farm, which he now lives on in Lower Stewiacke, the Lot of Land will make three snug Farms. There is a brook running through it and some Meadow Land on it. I will sell it at a reasonable price for the benefit of a safe purchaser. I have the Plan of the Lot in my own hands, and my title to it is safe and good, and I will warrant it with the Deed.

DAVID B. LYND, M. D.,
Truro, N. S.
Truro, January 2nd, 1869.
Jan. 6.

NOTICE.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS AND OTHERS.

The subscribers at the commencement of the year 1869, would respectfully return sincere thanks to one and all of their numerous customers for past patronage that they have so liberally bestowed upon them, and would now intimate that after this date they intend to sell at greatly reduced prices for READY PAY ONLY, and in future will be able to supply customers with goods at cheaper rates than can be got in the City.

JOHN F. CROWE & CO
41ns.
Jan. 6.

"CITY OF MANCHESTER."

WHOLESALE.

ANDERSON, BILLING & CO.

Have received as above:
GREY DOMESTICS (several qualities),
SCARLET FRENCH DELAINES,
FINGERING YARNS, and
HABERDASHERY,

(ASSORTED),
Which they offer low at their Warehouse,
95 & 97 GHANVILLE STREET.
Jan. 13.



NOVA SCOTIA RAILWAY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, 4th January, 1869,
Trains will be run as follows:—
MAIN LINE.

Carrying Passengers, Mails and through Freight,	Leave Halifax 7.15 a. m. Arrive at Pictou 2.10 p. m. Leave Halifax 2.30 p. m. Arrive at Truro 7.00 p. m. Leave Truro 7.30 a. m. Arrive at Halifax 12.05 p. m. Leave Pictou 11.25 a. m. Arrive at Halifax 6.15 p. m.
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WINDSOR BRANCH.

Carrying Passengers, Mails and through Freight,	Leave Halifax 8.00 a. m. Arrive at Windsor 10.40 a. m. Leave Halifax 3.30 p. m. Arrive at Windsor 6.55 p. m. Leave Windsor 7.50 a. m. Arrive at Halifax 11.20 a. m. Leave Windsor 4.15 p. m. Arrive at Halifax 6.55 p. m.
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A. LONGLEY,
Commissioner.
Jan. 6. 31.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

INTENDING Housekeepers and those refurnishing can do much better than speculating in second hand articles at auctions, by an inspection of our unrivalled stock of custom-made first-class FURNITURE, comprising—

DRAWING ROOM SETS,
DINING ROOM SETS,
HALL FURNITURE,
BEDROOM SETS,
Several suits of Drawing Room Furniture, finished in plain and fancy Reps, Brocatelles and Damasks; Wardrobes, Book Cases, Whistnots, Fancy Tables, Fancy Chairs, &c., &c., in Walnut and Mahogany.
GORDON & KEITH.
May 10.

Ladies Seminary,

WOLFVILLE.

THE 1st Quarter of the year 1869, will commence on Wednesday, Jan. 6th.

Principal.....Miss O. J. Emerson.
Assistant.....Miss Norris.
Drawing and French.....Mr. F. Crawley.
Music.....Miss Crawley.

Board and Tuition, in all the ordinary branches of an English education, \$30 per qtr. French, \$3 extra. Music, \$9. Drawing, \$7.
Committee of Management—Revs. Dr. Crawley, T. A. Higgins, S. W. deBlais, D. Freeman, S. E. Kempton, E. O. Read, and A. D. Bars, M. D.
J. S. Morse, Esq., for the present, will provide for the wants of the house. Bills payable to Dr. Bars, one half in advance.
Dec. 2. 2mo.

CHIPMAN & RUMSEY,

Produce and General Commission Merchants.

No 5 DUKE STREET,
Near Fishwick's Express Office,
HALIFAX.

PARTICULAR interest taken in the sale of all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, and consignments respectfully solicited. Place of business central, and ample facility for the storage of goods.
City References: E. W. CHIPMAN & Co. AVARD LONOLEY, Esq.
Sept. 23

LADIES, (representing all societies, classes and ages)

Clergymen, Physicians, Lawyers, Merchants, Editors, Vocalists,
and indeed representatives from all orders, and from every business pursuit, have been benefitted or cured by FELLOW'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPO PHOSPHITES.

Amongst the diseases overcome by the use of this remedy, are the following:—

Chronic Constipation, Chronic Dyspepsia,
Chronic Asthma, Chronic Bronchitis,
Chronic Consumption, Chronic Paralysis,
Chronic Laryngitis, Chronic Diarrhea,
Nervous Debility, Melancholy.

Debility resulting from typhoid and other low fevers, Diptheritic Prostration, Hysteria, Hypochondria, Amenorrhoea, Chlorosis, Anomia Leucorrhoea, Nervous Excitability, Merasmus, or Wasting of the Muscles, Aphonia, or Loss of Voice, Amaurosis, or Loss of Vision, Chorea, or St. Vitus' Dance, Sluggishness of the Liver, Interrupted and Feeble Action of the Heart, Suffocating Feelings caused by mucous obstructions of the Lungs and Air Passages leading thereto, and Debility from valvular causes, many of which appeared hopeless.

For sale by Apothecaries at \$1.50 per Bottle, or six for \$7.50.
Oct. 28. 50W.



NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

PUBLISHERS, News Agents, Booksellers, & Public generally, are notified, that from and after the first day of January, 1869, "All Periodical Matter, passing by Post in Canada, will be subject to a charge, and that the exemptions hitherto enjoyed by certain Temperance, Agricultural, Educational, and Scientific Periodicals passing within the Dominion, ceased on the Thirty first day of December, 1868.

From the first day of January, 1869, therefore all Periodicals posted in Canada and addressed to any place within the Dominion of Canada—to "Prince Edward Island," "Newfoundland," or the United States, must be prepaid by Postage Stamps, at the rate of One Cent for "four ounces weight" of package otherwise they cannot be forwarded.

Small Periodicals weighing less than one ounce per number will be forwarded on pre-payment by postage stamp of half a cent each.

GENERAL POST OFFICE,
Halifax, 4th January, 1869.
Jan. 6.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 11th December, 1868.
Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 26 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

The above is the only notice to appear in newspapers authorized to copy.
Dec. 30. 31.

R. N. BECKWITH & CO.,

HAVE IN STOCK,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Ready-Made Clothing,

OVER COATS,
REEFERS,
BODY COATS,
PRINCE ALFRED JACKETS
PANTS AND VESTS.
HEAVY SERGE SHIRTS,
Fancy Flannel Shirts
UNDER SHIRTS AND PANTS.
Nov. 25.

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore conducted under the name and style of JAMES THOMAS & SONS, Hat, Cap & Fur Dealers, in consequence of the retirement of Mr. James Thomas, will in future be conducted by JOHN R. THOMAS & PETER E. MCKERROW, at the old stand, corner of Barrington and Sackville Streets.

All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to make immediate payment, and parties having claims against the firm are requested to render the same for adjustment.

The Subscribers beg to return their thanks to the general public for past favors, and respectfully solicit for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JAMES THOMAS,
J. R. THOMAS,
P. E. MCKERROW.
Halifax, 1st January, 1869.
Jan. 6.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES.

G. S. YATES

Will continue the sale of his stock of

English Manufactured Boots,

—AT—

Less than Cost Prices.

CALL AND GET BARGAINS,
DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,
23 & 25 GEORGE STREET,
NORTH END PROVINCE BUILDING.
Dec. 2

Hoop Skirts, &c.

Just Received at the Liverpool House

127 GRANVILLE STREET,

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT of Ladies', Misses and Children's HOOP SKIRTS, Newest Styles Canadian manufacture, very cheap.
Ladies' and Gents'

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
New Brunswick make, together with a full Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Adapted to the City and Country trade, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms,
Wholesale and Retail.

WETMORE & McCULLOCH.
Oct. 16.