

The wretched man killed his sister with an axe and himself with a knife, in presence of their mother, who would have been killed also if she had not escaped from the room.

The young lady was to have been married next week, which fact was the supposed motive for the lunatic's horrible act.

Innes, after leaving the Lunatic Asylum, St. John, came to Eastport, where he remained some time, and made his first appearance in Milltown, to-day, coming to his mother's house in his stocking-feet.

He entered the kitchen, to which his sister, who was in the sitting room, went on seeing him. She screamed and ran back followed by her brother with the axe.

He struck her on the side of the head, burying the axe in her brains. She fell and he gave her two more blows, one on the skull the other through the back. The mother ran out screaming for help.

He then went to the kitchen and drove a sheath knife twice into his own heart and once into his bowels.

The family are very much respected. Great indignation is felt against the authorities of the Asylum for releasing him.

Dr. Waddell's statement was that he had never discovered in Innes any indications of insanity, nor had any one connected with the Asylum. It was particularly at the desire of the brothers—that Stephen Innes was set free, as will be seen by the correspondence. The family did not mention to Dr. Waddell, nor did any one, that Innes desired to compel his sister to marry him. The keepers all thought that Innes was wrongly confined. No one could conduct himself better. He spent a great deal of time in singing, and was very fond of music, which he could read, and acquire a knowledge of very rapidly. He stated to the Doctor that he had given up the idea of opposing his sister's marriage, and would leave the country, not even going up to St. Stephens.

An Orphan Asylum, of large proportions, is being erected in St. John. The funds for the erection of the building were bequeathed by the late Stephen Wiggins of that city.

One day last week a lad got entangled in the belting of a saw mill in Carleton, St. John, and had both arms broken.

Iceboats on the Kennebecasis river, carry a sail of forty square yards of canvas, and run fifty miles per hour. The movement is by means of four skates or runners, two fore and two aft, the latter constituting the rudder.—Journal.

On Saturday evening last, about 5 o'clock, a fire broke out in the St. Lawrence Hotel, in St. John. Damage about \$1,000.

FROZEN FOOT.—A young man named Samuel Bustin, while driving to his home, in the country, a few days ago, lost his way on the ice, and feeling his feet very cold pulled off one of his boots to see whether they were frozen or not and before he could replace the boot his foot swelled to an enormous size. He then became insensible and was found in this condition next morning. Medical assistance was procured and amputation of one of his legs found to be necessary.—Telegraph.

REV. B. F. RATTRAY of St. Andrews, writes to the *Visitor* in his affliction. He says "for twenty days I have been almost entirely helpless, most of that time having to be lifted on and off my bed by two strong men. Yesterday I stood on one leg for a short time by the aid of crutches. When I will be able to walk, I know not. I never suffered such pain in my life. I think had it not been that the Doctor administered chloroform, I must have died. The Doctor said it was inflammation of the head of the bone and fibrous part of the knee. I have had four or five blisters drawn on it. My leg is very crooked, and the knee joint utterly useless. The friends and citizens have all been very attentive."

Prince Edward Island.

John Andrew McDonald, Esq., of Summerside has been appointed Postmaster General of the Island.

The editor of the Charlottetown *Patriot* notices in connection with this appointment the want of a new building for the General Post Office. He gives the following description of the present one: The money order department, and the Post Master General's office—both in one—are not larger than a small bed room, and when lumbered up with a stove, desk and safe the space left for the officials is ridiculously small.

We are glad to hear that the new Post Master General intends to exclude the public from the place in which the mails are sorted and made up. A very judicious intention.

George Downey, who stabbed a man in the street in Charlottetown in November last was tried in the Supreme Court in that place in the 20th ult., and found guilty of wilful murder.

The United States.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The bill to amend the Constitution so as to secure the right of suffrage, without reference to color, in all the States, passed the National House of Representatives. It goes to State Legislature for ratification.

GOLD 136 1/2. "MUST BE HANDLED WITH CARE."—A man in Vermont recently nearly broke his wife's neck by playfully shaking her. Her neck cracked, she became partially paralyzed, and didn't recover for some days.

South America.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Details of news from Rio Janeiro show that the success of the Allied Powers in Paraguay had been most complete. All

Paraguayan forts in their hands. They have captured the artillery and baggage in Lopez's army, and two thousand prisoners. The Dictator Lopez was a fugitive in the forest, and was surrounded by the allied troops.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Telegraph.

ENGLAND.—London, Jan. 25.—A Constantinople despatch of yesterday states that Admiral Hobart Pasha has sailed with his fleet from the harbor of Syra, the Governor of the Island having promised that the steamer *Eross* shall not leave the port. The Viceroy of Egypt has offered the Sultan an army of 50,000 men, and a fleet, in the event of war.

27.—An official report, just published at Lisbon, shows that the Portuguese troops lost in their last fight against the natives of Mozambique, on the Eastern coast of Africa, 12 rifled guns, 10,000 cartridges, 2,000 barrels of powder, and the flag of the 1st infantry regiment, 15 officers, and several hundred soldiers killed.

The London *News* of the 12th ult., says The conflict in Austria between the clergy and the government still continues, and the latter shows no disposition to yield any of the ground it has taken up. Two new laws complete the recent liberal legislation with regard to civil marriage, and are regarded as a step towards the complete separation of the Church from the State. The clergy meanwhile, keep up the hostility, and the government replies by repressive measures.

RITUALISTIC EXPENSES.—The costs on both sides in the recent St. Alban's ritual trials in England amount to \$100,000.

Lord Monck, recently Governor General of Canada, has been elected Chairman of the Franco-American Cable Company.

A MONUMENT TO BUNYAN.—It is proposed to purchase the ancient parish church at Elstow, the birthplace of John Bunyan, thoroughly restore it, and thus make it a fitting and suitable memorial of the great author of the Pilgrim's Progress. The church is a grand and massive structure, and the only one in the place. It will cost some thousands of pounds to put the place in thorough repair, and donations are solicited throughout England and America for the object.

BATTLE IN NEW ZEALAND.—Official despatches have been received by the War Office, from New Zealand. They announce that a battle had taken place between the British troops and the Maori rebels, at Poverty Bay, and that the latter were defeated, with a great loss in killed, wounded, and prisoners. The victory had restored tranquility in that quarter of the Colony.

AUSTRIA.—Trieste, Jan. 28.—An extensive fire occurred in the business portion of this city last night. The Custom House, and the Railway Depot in the vicinity, and several Government Warehouses were destroyed.

SPAIN.—Madrid, Jan. 28.—The Government of Spain has laid claim to all the libraries, archives, and works of art possessed by the churches, as the property of the State. It was while carrying out the order of the Government, that General Burgez was assassinated. This causes intense excitement. Violent demonstrations have been made in this city against the Papal Nuncio, and the Government has withdrawn its official recognition of his diplomatic character.

The Provisional Government, for the purpose of preventing the repetition of such outrages as those just perpetrated at Burgez, has issued a decree, establishing the equality of religious sects before the law.

Jan. 29.—It is stated that the members of the Provisional Government are unanimously in favor of the Duke of Montpensier for the Spanish Throne.

Jan. 30.—The diplomatic corps have addressed to the Government a protest against the treatment of the Papal Nuncio. It is said all the members of the Cabinet are now in favor of the Duke of Montpensier for King of Spain. The city of Madrid is quiet, but volunteers are kept under arms.

The abolitionists of Spain have presented a petition to the Government, asking them to issue a decree setting free all children born in slavery since September, 1868. The petition was referred to the Cortes.

The Provisional Government of Spain yesterday issued an address to the nation, tending to restore calmness to the public mind. They decline to take active steps against reaction, but declare they are closely watching it, and if necessary, will combat it.—All religious questions they leave to be finally disposed of by the Cortes, which is soon to assemble.

Jan. 31.—Franchi, the Papal Nuncio, is about to withdraw from Madrid. All the Foreign Ministers in this city, with the exception of the representatives of Russia, have protested against the insults offered to the Nuncio.

TURKEY.—The Sublime Porte in a circular, denies the report that has been extensively circulated to the effect that Turkey is heavily arming. The Sultan confidently expects peace as the result of the Paris Conference.

PRUSSIA.—Berlin, Jan. 30.—The House of Deputies have passed a bill confiscating the property of the King of Hanover. A proposition to indict the King for treason was rejected.

GREECE.—The Greek Government will probably give in his adhesion to the conclusions of the Conference at Paris; but it is feared that its signature will be accompanied by reservations which can only tend to protract the difficulty with Turkey.

Athens, Jan. 29.—The action of the King of Greece upon the terms submitted by the recent Conference, is considered uncertain; nothing definite as to his intention relative to the matter is as yet known.

ITALY.—Violent debates took place in the Italian Parliament last week, on the Mill tax, the collection of which has lately caused so much riotous agitation. The action of the Government was severely denounced by the opposition.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.—Wholesale.

Corrected for the C. M., February 3rd, 1869.

Flour, American sup'fine, per bbl.	\$6 00	a	\$7 00
Canada " " "	6 50	a	7 00
Rye " " "	5 50	a	6 00
Cornmeal per bbl.	4 50	a	5 00
fresh ground, per bbl.	4 50	a	
Butter, N. S., per lb.	0 20	a	0 25
Coffee, Laguira, per lb.	0 14	a	0 16
Jamaica, per lb.	0 14	a	0 16
Tea, Congo, per lb.	0 43	a	0 46
Sugar, Porto Rico, per lb (duty paid)	0 08	a	0 09
Cuba, per lb.	0 07 1/2	a	0 07 1/2
Molasses, Porto Rico, per gallon.	0 35	a	0 40
Cienfuegos, per gallon.	0 37	a	0 39
Salmon, No. 1, per bbl.	14 00		
No. 2, " "	12 00		
No. 3, " "	10 00		
Codfish, per quintal, large.	3 50	a	4 00
" Labrador.	2 50		
Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl.	16 00	a	16 50
No. 2, " "	13 00	a	14 00
No. 3, " "	8 00	a	8 50
Herring, per bbl.	4 00		
Labrador, per bbl.	4 50	a	5 00
Haddock, " "	1 75	a	
Hake, " "	1 75	a	
Alcwives.	3 50		
Coal, Sydney per chaldron.	5 00		
New Mine, per chaldron.	4 00		
Wood, per cord.	3 00	a	4 50
Hay, per ton.	12 00	a	15 00
Beef, Fresh, per lb.	0 8	a	0 12
Pork, Fresh, per lb.	0 08	a	0 9
Bacon, per lb.	0 11	a	0 14
Mutton, per lb.	0 06	a	0 8
Poultry—Chickens, per pair.	0 60	a	0 70
Ducks, per pair.	0 70	a	0 80
Turkeys, per lb.	0 20	a	
Geese, each.	0 50	a	0 60
Butter, Fresh, per lb.	0 25	a	0 30
Cheese, per lb.	0 12	a	0 15
Eggs, per dozen.	0 26	a	0 30
Oatmeal, per cwt.	3 50	a	4 50
Oats, per bushel.	0 50	a	0 65
Apples per barrel.	3 50	a	4 50
Potatoes, per bushel.	0 26	a	0 40

NOVA SCOTIA RAILWAY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, 4th January, 1869, Trains will be run as follows:—

MAIN LINE.

Carrying Passengers, Mails and through Freight,	Leave Halifax 7.15 a. m.
	Arrive at Pictou 2.10 p. m.
Ditto Local Freight,	Leave Halifax 2.30 p. m.
	Arrive at Truro 7.00 p. m.
Ditto Local do.	Leave Truro 7.30 a. m.
	Arrive at Halifax 12.05 p. m.
Ditto (Through),	Leave Pictou 11.25 a. m.
	Arrive at Halifax 6.15 p. m.

WINDSOR BRANCH.

Carrying Passengers, Mails and through Freight,	Leave Halifax 8.00 a. m.
	Arrive at Windsor 10.40 a. m.
Ditto Local Freight,	Leave Halifax 3.30 p. m.
	Arrive at Windsor 6.55 p. m.
Ditto Do. Do.	Leave Windsor 7.50 a. m.
	Arrive at Halifax 11.20 a. m.
Ditto (Through)	Leave Windsor 4.15 p. m.
	Arrive at Halifax 6.55 p. m.

A. LONGLEY, Commissioner.

Jan. 6. 31.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

INTENDING Housekeepers and those refurnishing can do much better than speculating in second hand articles at auctions, by an inspection of our unrivalled stock of custom-made first-class FURNITURE, comprising—

- DRAWING ROOM SETS,
- DINING ROOM SETS,
- HALL FURNITURE,
- BEDROOM SETS,

Several suits of Drawing Room Furniture, finished in plain and fancy Repp, Brocades and Damasks; Wardrobes, Book Cases, Whatnots, Fancy Tables, Fancy Chairs, &c., &c., in Walnut and Mahogany.

GORDON & KEITH.

May 20.

CHIPMAN & RUMSEY,

Produce and General Commission Merchants, No 5 DUKE STREET, Near Fishwick's Express Office, HALIFAX.

PARTICULAR Interest taken in the sale of all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, and consignments respectfully solicited. Place of business central, and ample facility for the storage of goods. City References: E. W. CHIPMAN & Co. A. VARD LONGLEY, Esq.

Sept. 23

Hoop Skirts, &c.

Just Received at the Liverpool House 127 GRANVILLE STREET,

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT of Ladies' Misses and Children's HOOP SKIRTS, Newest Styles Canadian manufacture, very cheap. Ladies' and Gents'.

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS, New Brunswick make, together with a full Stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Adapted to the City and Country trade, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Wholesale and Retail. WETMORE & McCULLOCH.

Oct. 16.

NOVA SCOTIA SCHOOL SERIES.  
Just Published:  
SCHOOL GEOGRAPHY  
OF  
THE WORLD.  
BY J. B. CALKIN.  
WITH  
Over 100 Illustrations  
AND  
21 BEAUTIFULLY COLORED MAPS,  
The Physical Features of the Continents being shown.  
J. & W. MACKINLAY,  
PUBLISHERS, Halifax, N. S.  
Jan. 27. 6ms

THIS IS TO NOTIFY  
All persons indebted to the subscriber, either by Notes of Hand, Accounts or otherwise, &c., &c., are hereby notified that unless their Notes and Accounts, &c., are settled or renewed on or before the first day of May, in the year 1869, that they will be handed to an Attorney for collection without fail, delay, or distinction.  
DAVID B. LYNDS, M. D.,  
Truro, N. S.

Truro, Jan. 2nd, 1869.  
And I have a Lot of Wood land for sale of six hundred Acres lying in Lower Stewiacke, Westwardly of the road leading to Halifax and the Fort Farm, Lower Stewiacke, on the Shubenacadie River; the Southwest, west corner of said Lot is bounding on the Fort Farm, and the said Lot is bounding on the South on the North side of Amos Minard's farm, which he now lives on in Lower Stewiacke, the Lot of Land will make three snug Farms. There is a brook running through it and some Meadow Land on it. I will sell it at a reasonable price for the benefit of a safe purchaser. I have the Plan of the Lot in my own hands, and my title to it is safe and good, and I will warrant it with the Deed.  
DAVID B. LYNDS, M. D.,  
Truro, N. S.  
Truro, January 2nd, 1869.  
Jan. 6.

"CITY OF MANCHESTER."  
WHOLESALE.  
ANDERSON, BILLING & CO.  
Have received as above:  
GREY DOMESTICS (several qualities),  
SCARLET FRENCH DELAINES,  
FINGERING YARNS, and  
HABERDASHERY,  
(ASSORTED),  
Which they offer low at their Warehouse,  
95 & 97 GRANVILLE STREET.  
Jan. 13.

Government House, Ottawa,  
Friday, December 18th, 1868.  
PRESENT:  
His Excellency the Governor General in Council.  
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 10th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 51, entitled: "An Act for better securing the payment of the duty imposed on Tobacco manufactured in Canada." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting Leaf Tobacco held by dealers and others in Canada before the passing of the above cited Act, be, and the same are hereby approved and adopted.  
REGULATIONS.  
1. All persons who had in their possession on the 22nd day of May, in the present year and who still have in possession any quantity exceeding ten pounds of Raw or Leaf Tobacco imported into or grown in Canada before the said twenty-second day of May, shall, on or before the First day of February next ensuing, render to the Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Division in which the holder of such Tobacco resides, a true account and return thereof, stating:  
a. The quantity in pounds.  
b. The place where it is stored.  
c. The Port of Entry at which it was imported and the date of such importation of foreign origin.  
d. If grown in Canada, the place where it was grown with,  
e. Such further evidence as may be necessary for establishing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, that the said Tobacco was in the possession of the person making the return on or before the said twenty-second day of May.  
2. All Raw or Leaf Tobacco which may be proven to have been in the possession of the present holders on or before the twenty-second day of May, aforesaid, shall be branded as required by the Act above cited, and shall be dealt with in every respect the same as all other Tobacco is required to be dealt with by the said Act, and by the order in Council passed on the 30th May in the present year.  
Except only that when any of the said Tobacco, so in the possession of the present holders thereof, before the said twenty-second day of May, is entered for consumption by the present holders thereof and bona fide goes into consumption without being subjected to any process of Manufacture, it shall be exempt from the payment of the duty imposed by the said Act and by the said order in Council.  
3. All Raw or Leaf Tobacco which is not returned and accounted for as herein required, before the said first day of February next ensuing, shall be forfeited to the Crown and may be seized and dealt with accordingly.  
WM. H. LEE,  
Clerk Privy Council.  
Jan. 6.

NOTICE.  
TO COUNTRY DEALERS AND OTHERS.  
THE subscribers at the commencement of the year 1869, would respectfully return sincere thanks to one and all of their numerous customers for past patronage that they have so liberally bestowed upon them, and would now intimate that after this date they intend to sell at greatly reduced prices for BRADY PAY ONLY, and in future will be able to supply customers with goods at cheaper rates than can be got in the City.  
JOHN F. CROWE & CO  
4ms.  
Jan. 6.