CHRISTIAN MESSENGER, MARCH 31, 1869.

For the Christian Messenger.

ON THE SUBJECT OF RECONCILI-ATION.

Mr. Editor.-

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In the Christian Messenger on the 17th February I asked the following questions. "Do the Scriptures of Divine truth teach-

1st That man becomes reconciled to God, or

2nd. That man becomes reconciled to man, or

3rd. That there are two reconciliations. First, of man to God and

Second, of God to man-that is to say, when the heart is changed and man becomes a new creature ?"

A correspondent under the signature of M. in the Messenger of Feb. 17th and March 17th, favours the public with his views on the subject, and by way of introduction, replies to the questions as follows :

"Without hesitation I would say there is in this sense"-(when the heart is changed and man becomes a new creature)-" only one reconciliation-of man to God. But free from the limitations which Discipulus has given to the subject, I would say there are two reconciliations, 1st. God is reconciled to man, 2nd. Man to God."

M.'s first communication is principally taken up with an extract from the writings of Dr. Hovey, of Newton-his second is, for the most part, an elaborate argument to prove his first proposition, "that God is reconciled to man.

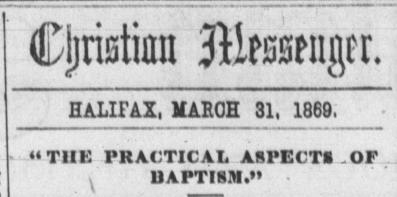
On the other branch of the case "that man is reconciled to God" when he becomes a new creature, there need be no controversy. M. frankly admits so much, and so do I. The Scriptures would seem to teach this too plainly, to admit of doubt.

Assuming that, I should like now. with your permission, to examine carefully the the second proposition, namely, whether to man, not citing any text of Scripture to "God is reconciled to man.

I think this is hardly logical. Unless M. proves that "God is reconciled to man," he does not prove the affirmative of the proposition in controversy. This circumlocution, and qualification by introducing the phrase "indications that God was propitiated," is scarcely dealing fairly with the subject. If that means exactly the same thing as " reconciled to man," why introduce this new phraseology? If not, it is beside the questton.

tion. I hold, that as with God nothing is neously accomplished. To doubt it, would not be in harmony with Divine Revelation, and his attributes of omnipotence, &c., as I read my Bible. If I believed that "the intensest solicitude now possesses the mind brought to the knowledge of the truth, and into a state of reconciliation with the Father of Spirits," I should become a Universalist ; for the plain reason that I believe that them in this great duty !" whatever God wills takes place.

The Scriptures plainly and unmistakeably teach the doctrine of the reconciliation of man to God by virtue of the application of the atonement through faith of the sinner reconciled. As I read M.'s letter, he teaches the doctrine of God's reconciliation safest of all kinds of proof. If it be ad- them." mitted that the death of Christ reconciled. God to man-meaning all men-then what necessity for reconciling man to God? Unless the term reconcile when applied to man as reconciled to God, conveys a different idea to what it does when applied to God as reconciled to man? What possible effect on either party could the second or subsequent reconciliation produce ? Believing as I do in the Election of Grace, in God's Sovereignty, as well as Man's accountability, without pretending to be able the children of Baptists, or even of Pedo- the demands of the nation on the question. to explain or reconcile these truths, I can comprehend how God was in Christ reconciling the world to himself, but I cannot un reconciling the world to himself-the world -to which he himself was already reconvey's learning casts no light upon the sub- in the fear of the Lord, than that of a baptized diminish the beneficial effect of the meaject, according to my view of the matter; child of Presbyterian parents who neglect their and M.'s effort to establish the propositions solemn charge. Baptism, if the duties and of a double reconciliation, lacks "thus privileges which it involves are neglected, may God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son, &c. &c. But does it follow that he was reconciled to the world after give his Son? There is a point of time, when every believer becomes reconciled to prised at the decline of Infant Baptism in God. Can it be said there is a point of many churches. time when God became, or becomes reconciled to man? To affirm that God ever was, or ever will be reconciled to an unconverted man, or to an unconverted world, is in my humble view offshoot of modern divinity, and so far as any of our Baptist Churches. is, I maintain, in a state of condemnation. esty and proper respect for the opinion of



very sensible remarks under the above are seldom performed or recognized by them. Again, when M. uses this language, "the caption, and deals faithfully with those It is easy to say that "the responsibility intensest solicitude now possesses the mind of his brethren-Poedo-baptists, who ad- for the training of children does not cease of God, to have man brought to the know- minister to their infants what he terms ledge of the truth and into a state of re- "the sacrament of baptism" and then conciliation with the Father of Spirits," he neglect to give them religious instruction. writes unguardedly. Why use the word He makes no allusion to ourselves sense of duty," but it is not so easy to give now? Is not God the same yesterday, to- personally, yet, as he refers to Baptists and it any "practical aspect" or effect. Who day, and forever? If by the word man he their practices, he would perhaps be disap- ever heard of wicked boys or girls, means the church of God : believers-those pointed if we were to let his article pass although profligate and profane, being exembraced in our Saviour's prayer, John without any notice. We have no wish to cluded from a Presbyterian church? xvii. 9, that is one thing. But if he intends cherish any but the most kindly feelings by the word " man" the world of unbeliev- and generous spirit in the few references ers as well, then he clearly begs the ques- we may make to the subject. He says :--" The Baptist parent who is a true Christian impossible, if it be proper or becoming to brings up his children in the nurture and ad-suppose the mind of God "possessed of monition of the Lord. He takes the earliest ample and to give them a religious trainthe intensest solicitude that any thing should opportunity to direct their minds to the claims ing is, we conceive, far stronger from his be brought about," it would be instanta- of religion. He instructs them in the Scrip tures, and labours and prays for their conversion. When converted they are baptized, and then they receive the Lord's Supper, and enter on the privileges of full membership of the Church. In Baptist Churches very young converts are thus admitted and are thus early taught to confess home we think many Presbyterian families of God to have man (the whole world) Christ before men, and to enter on the paths of new obedience.

> If Baptists act thus-are thus in earnest in bringing their children to Christ-surely Pædo-Baptists should not be found lagging behind

> So far he states what is fair and candid, and we have no reason of complaint. We have no desire for disputation, or we might call in question his next statement, that

" Baptism is the "seal of the Covenant." we believe that the children of believers have a right to it. If so, then, the children of Baptist believers have a right to it just as surely as tions in this free country, appears to have prove the position, for none such, I take it, we have. The inheritance is theirs although had a beneficial influence on the late Govcan be found, but by implication-the un- the "sign and seal" is not conferred upon ernor-General of Canada- Lord Monk.

parents, just what our contemporary describes as existing in the minds of " multitudes in this christian land," a fostering of superstition and a reliance on forms or ceremonies instead of a change of heart, a new life of faith in the Lord Jesus.

The statement that "Baptized children are members of the church, amenable to the discipline of the church" involves Pedo The Editor of the Witness has some baptist churches in duties which we believe with the parent," and that "in case of neglect, the church is bound to deal with the parent in order to awaken him to a

We do not think that Infant baptism really adds anything to the responsibility belonging to parents as such. The obligation of a Christian parent to bring his children to relation as a parent, than it can be from the observance of any religious ceremony by w the hands of another person, whether he be a minister or a priest.

In the matter of religious training at are models which Baptists might well emulate. The original of the beautiful picture drawn by our contemporary, in our first extract above, of a well-trained Baptist family, would be more frequently met with, if parents realized their obligations more fully.

LORD MONK ON THE IRISH CHURCH.

The coming in contact with free institu-

First, then, premising that a man is reconciled to God,, at the date of his conversion, when is God reconciled to that man? It must be before, at, or after the date of his reconciliation to God.

Now what scriptural evidence have we, that God is reconciled to any man, while he continues in a state of enmity to God?-Can that be? Is it possible? Is it not a contradiction of terms?

Before the fall, may we not fairly assume that the relation of God to man, and of man to God, was such that the term reconciliation could have no application either way It was at the fall the enmity originated, and every man, (unreconciled by the death o Christ) hath been, and is at enuity with God. If that be so, how can God be in any derstand how, or why God should be in Christ believers. sense reconciled to any, unless it be to those who are reconciled to him. And what need of that? Or where is any such thing ciled. taught as a double reconciliation in cases of "new birth ?"

If the word " Reconciliation" is used in the same sense by M. when applied to God, and to man, does it not imply a change in God, if he be reconciled, as it does in man saith the Lord" in proof. No such teachwhen he is reconciled ? I write reverent- ing can I find in the Bible. But when "God was in Christ reconciling the world to himself," and as the Apostle again says " if when we were reconciled to God by the death of his Son, the death of Christ. any more than before ? &c.," this, if I read aright, means that Was it not one of his eternal purposes to man was changed, and his relation to God became changed, in consequence, but it does not follow that God was in any way changed by this reconciliation.

When Paul writes to the Church at Rome, using the pronoun in the first person plural, "we, shall be saved," again, " If when we were sinners, we were reconciled, &c., we shall be saved, &c.," as cited by Dr. Hovey, it should be borne in mind, that the Apostle is speaking of, and addressing believers in I know but recently begun to be taught in Christ, and such only. So again in his Epistle to the Corinthians, Paul says, "Be

God's word plainly teaches it. If so, how others. I concede so much. And now I

around the teaching of scripture on this sure must be so framed "that it would subject, hides its beauty and simplicity : leave no trace of distinction between per-

contrast :

Perhaps it is my obtuseness, but Dr. Ho- of a Baptist parent if that parent train him up stantial benefit to the Church, but would prove a deadly curse instead of a blessingsavour of death unto death !"

> Surely "the sacrament of Baptism" ad ministered to a child in a state of unconsciousness does not of itself become a curse to the child. If so, parents may well trem ble at placing their offspring in such a position of danger, and we need not be sur-

We have no desire to quote unfairly. We therefore copy the explanation our contem porary gives of the position he assumes on the case of the Irish Church, he confessed that this grave question :

an unauthorized and dangerous dogma, an you follow it with your prayers and earnest He believed that wherever that connection excarefulness in religious training. This Sacra- isted, the same blighting and benumbing intraining.

There are multitudes of irreligious parents in that that would be a death-blow to her, and is it possible that while man is in a state of take leave of the matter for the present, baptized, and who have a superstitious anxiety connection with the secular power. The experi this christian land who have been themselves that she could not survive the severance of her condemnation, unreconciled to God, God hoping that others better qualified may ere for the baptism of their children. But these ence which he had had in Canada of the benecan be reconciled to, or in a state of recon-ciliation with him? Where in all the Scriptures of divine truth is that doctrine Scriptures of divine truth is that doctrine baptized. No number of sacraments or forms think so meanly of those who professed the same or ceremonies can save the soul of infant or religious belief with himself, as to suppose that adult. We say therefore that the Presbyterian they would not be prepared to make the sacriattend to it, it will save you from disobey- worse than the Baptist who brings up his chil- otherwise he had too great faith in the vitality of would be forthcoming. He might be sanguine, but he looked forward to a noble future for the

He was selected to second the Address in His logic is a little limping here. His answer to the Queen's speech. The views foundation is not well laid. He affirms he propounded in the House of Lords on that " Baptism is the 'seal of the cove- that occasion are such that they will find nant." This is easier affirmed than an echo in the hearts of the great body of proved. It is one of the cobwebs which, Dissenters and liberal churchmen. His covered with the dust of ages, and thrown declaration that the disestablishment mea-

and, if swept away would be found just sons professing different religious views in about as useful or substantial as such unde- Ireland" shewed that he-an Irishman sirable accumulations usually are. That and a Churchman understood the case, and baptists "have a right to it," is a position He declared that his only dread was for which we have yet to find Scripture au- lest the opponents of disestablishment, thority, unless the children are themselves though not strong enough to defeat the measure, might "be sufficiently Doubtless there is force in the following powerful to retain some paltry shred or shadow of establishment or endow-

" Infinitely better is the position of the child ment which would be of no real subsure in the minds of the population generally, and perpetuate towards the Anglican Church a spirit of hostility." But ho went yet farther, and on the ground of justice to the Anglican Church itself, and for the sake of enabling her to perform the true functions of a Church, he demanded that she should be thrown at once on her own resources. On this head his language is so admirable, and his views so strikingly in accordance with all consistent voluntaries, that we must quote them at length :---

"But he (Lord Monck) did not desire to fight under a false colour, and, quite indepen. dently of the special instances which existed in on principle and as a Churchman he was opposed " Baptism avails nothing to your child unless to all connection between Church and State.

ment is a sign and seal of admission into the fluences would be found to affect the Church. visible Church. But of what possible use is it which, to borrow an illustration from commerce, if the solemn vows there made are forgotten protection was found to exercise over those And yet I may be in error on this sub- and neglected? There is no such thing as Bap branches of trade to which it was applied. With ye reconciled to God." But this is to the ject. I think not, however. As a scholar, tismal Regeneration. The only security which these views, he need not tell their lordships he and not a professed teacher, I may be told God gives us with regard to the future conduct did not share the gloomy apprehensions with Every human being unreconciled to God, it becomes me to speak and write with mod- of children is in strict connection with their reference to the future of the Irish Church which were entertained by those who thought

taught? DISCIPULUS.

The death of Christ and his merits, reconcile sinners to God. But where, by IS BAPTISM A SAVING ORDINANCE ?whom, and by what authority, are we taught that God is reconciled to unbelievers?— Let me say to you, young Christian, if you that God is reconciled to unbelievers?— attend to it, it will save you from dischar that God is reconciled to unbelievers ?--That is the point to which this disputation ing God and incurring his displeasure. You dren carelessly : and infinitely worse than the his own religion, and in the source from which that leads. M. in his second letter opens thus— "I am pledged to produce scriptural indi-revealed will. The neglect of this duty has means (in which he believes) for bringing his the means required for the support of the Church cations, that God was propitiated towards been the first backward step taken by a offspring to Christ. the whole world, by the death of his Son." large proportion of the backsliders with The italics are mine.

The natural tendency of Infant Baptism Irish Church, when, invigorated by a sense of whom I have been acquainted. -J. Hayden. is, we believe, especially with irreligious self-reliance, and a consciousness of self-sus-