

from home to be educated, and who have a proper conception of their responsibilities in the matter, most wisely prefer, other things being equal to place them in an atmosphere morally and religiously healthful,—healthful, I mean in a positive, as opposed to a mere negative sense.

But the number on my sheet warns me to stop and leave untouched some topics of a more general character which were in my mind when I took up my pen. The visit of our popular and scholarly Governor General has been a source of pleasure and probably of advantage to this section of the Dominion.

J. E. W.

For the Christian Messenger.

IN-MEMORIAM.

MR. SAMUEL HUNT,

died Oct. 26th in the 81st year of his age. Bro. Hunt was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was born in Liverpool, Queens County. He had been a member of the Baptist Church for upwards of forty years, and that membership was well sustained by a religious and useful life. Bro. H. has done much for the Baptist cause in Greenfield by his liberality and activity. He was the first man that settled at Greenfield, then a wilderness, but now a pleasant village. The inhabitants are mostly relatives of our departed Brother. His religious impressions commenced when about eight years of age by his grand-father placing a religious tract in his hand, which led him to feel that he was a lost sinner; his convictions being so great that he became dreadfully alarmed when thinking of the judgment day, and of his soul being found in hell. He obtained hope in Christ about the 27th year of his age, he was then settled at Pleasant River, Queens Co. This change took place by a visit made there by Rev. Samuel Bushe, and making use of his own language God made him the instrument of setting his soul at liberty. Shortly after this he joined the free Christian Church, and remained a member until his removal to Greenfield, where he succeeded in establishing a prayer-meeting. He was the first man to offer prayer in public in that place. God blessed the feeble effort and directed the steps of Elder Maynard Parker there, and a church was formed called the Wellington church in the year 1834, with which he united and remained in the faith of Jesus until called by death. Bro. Hunt was also a temperance man. Previous to uniting with the Baptist Church, A Temperance Society was established in the place. He had been in the habit of using and selling ardent spirits. He became convinced of the evil, abandoned the use and sale, and was the first man to sign the pledge, and has remained a true temperance man until death. Bro. Hunt brought up a respectable family all of whom obtained hope in Christ, four with a beloved companion have gone to the spirit world before him. He was the father of 12 children, 63 grand-children, and 24 great-grand-children. He died of cancer on the lip which he endured with great patience. He was firm in the faith of Jesus, confidently looked for the inheritance of the saints. His funeral was largely attended. May God sanctify this bereavement to the friends of the departed.—Com. by Rev. H. Achilles.

Religious Intelligence.

"ADULT BAPTISM BY IMMERSION."—Under this heading the following paragraph appeared in the Eastern Morning News (Hull) of Sept. 27:—The congregation at St. Silas Church on Wednesday evening, witnessed the rite of baptism administered to an adult by "dipping." Although this mode of administration is recommended by the Prayer Book, it is seldom asked for, and therefore special arrangements had to be made for the ceremony. A large bath or tank was placed in the chancel, conveniently near the vestry, its sides being covered by white hangings, relieved by emblems in red. When the vicar had read the evening service to the end of the lesson, two female candidates came forward with their sponsors to the chancel steps, and the office for the baptism of those of riper years was commenced. Whilst one of the persons was being baptized in the ordinary manner, the other retired and was presently led from the vestry dressed in white. Being assisted by the attendants into the tank, the vicar took her by the hands and allowed her to fall quietly backwards into the water as he pronounced the formula of baptism in the name of the Holy Trinity. She stood in the water to receive the sign of the cross at the words "We receive this person, &c." The rest of the office was postponed to the end of the evening prayers when the newly baptized had taken their places again in the congregation. Children were excluded from the church.

Dominion & Foreign News.

HALIFAX, N. S., NOV. 13, 1872.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

John Daly, a pilot, was drowned on Friday last, by the capsizing of a pilot-boat, at the entrance of St. John harbour.

A disastrous fire occurred in Portland on Friday last. It commenced in a barn on Chapel Street occupied by John McJunkin a grocer and liquor dealer, and extended itself until it had destroyed several other houses the loss is estimated at \$10,000 or \$12,000.

P. E. ISLAND.

The new steamer Prince Edward, built on the Clyde, for the P. E. Island Ocean Steamship Company, is expected shortly to arrive at Charlottetown.

A few days ago a man named John Eriooks was drowned by falling out of a boat at Murray Harbor.

Hon. Dr. Robertson has resigned his seat in the Executive Council, having resolved to remove to the Western States.

UNITED STATES.

GREAT FIRE IN BOSTON.

News reached Halifax on Sunday last that a great fire was raging in the city of Boston. It commenced on Saturday evening about half-past 7, at the corner of Summer and Kingston streets and spread with frightful rapidity, fanned by a gale of wind, down through Otis, Congress, Pearl, Broad and Commercial streets burning all the most prominent buildings on Franklin, Milk, Water and other streets, towards State street and the Custom House.

The fire continued to rage all night and Sunday morning.

Owing to the horse distemper the fire department was slow in arriving. The engines had to be drawn by men. The fire extended to the adjoining buildings, Winthrop block in Winthrop Square went first. The fire then extended to Franklin Street, gained steadily up Franklin Street as far as Washington Street, including Winthrop Square, Devonshire to Milk, Otis, Channing and Federal Streets, and down Summer Street to the water's edge, and on Broad Street, destroying everything in its way.

Orders were issued to blow up both corners, east and west of Devonshire and Milk Streets. In its course it took the best business portions of the city with but comparatively few dwellings. It was evident that the best business portions of the city were doomed to destruction. Assistance came from Worcester, Providence, Salem and Lynn, and everything in the shape of fire extinguishing apparatus was brought from the adjoining towns.

A train with aid came from Worcester, 44 1/2 miles, in 45 minutes.

The Post office building was a good barrier for a long time, but the flames cut around it.

They were blowing up buildings all along Milk, Federal, Devonshire, Water, Congress, Kilby and State Streets, but it was utterly useless.

Great efforts were made to save the Post Office and the Sub-Treasury.

The Boston, Hartford and Erie Depot was burned before 5 o'clock.

Three newspaper offices the Transcript, Post and Pilot, were destroyed.

The fire was checked at 1.30 p. m. It was confined to an area bounded by State, Washington and Summer streets, and the water. Nearly everything within that boundary, was burned.

State street was not much damaged. The loss is estimated at one hundred and fifty to two hundred millions of dollars.

At 12 o'clock on Sunday night there was a terrific gas explosion in W. R. Storr's blowing the front wall of the store into the street, and setting fire to the building.

One gas explosion followed another in rapid succession, and several soldiers and firemen were injured, some seriously. Martha E. Hutchison leaped from a second story window, receiving fatal injuries.

The number of firms and business houses burned out is 920; dwellings 60.

It is believed that the Boston Insurance Companies will pay an average of fifty per cent.

A large number of outside companies will pay in full.

Of the seven banks burned only three failed to settle through the clearing house on Monday, and they will undoubtedly be found sound when their safes are recovered.

Twelve to fifteen hundred soldiers are doing guard duty in the streets of the burnt district. Crowds visit Boston to see the ruins, and hundreds of thieves and incendiaries are gathered from all parts of the country. The city was in darkness on Monday night owing to the destruction of gas pipes.

Grant is elected for President for another term. The electoral vote was as follows:—

Grant . . . . . 278  
Greely . . . . . 54  
Doubtful, or not heard from . . . . . 34

Pennsylvania's majority for Grant was 100,000; Massachusetts, 74,000; Iowa, 50,000; New York, 35,000; Iowa, 40,000.

The final statements of the results of the election give Greely the following States: Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri and Texas. Grant obtains the other 31 States.

Intense interest was excited in New York by the closeness of the struggle for the Mayoralty between Hayemeyer, Lawrence and O'Brien.

Horace Greeley has published a card in the Tribune, announcing his resumption of its editorship, and that he shall never again be a candidate for any office.

Secretary of State Fish will retire from the Cabinet on the 4th of March next.

Major General Meade, who commanded at the battle of Gettysburg, died on Wednesday night in Philadelphia of Pneumonia.

The Barge Forest Queen, from Saginaw laden with lumber in tow of tug Burlington during the gale on Thursday night cut loose two miles outside the Breakwater and is supposed to have been lost with all hands.

Lochiel Rolling Mill at Harrisburg, Pa. was burned on Monday. Loss \$18000,000.

On Thursday afternoon last two floating barrels were found in the Charles River at Boston, containing the disembowelled body of Mr. Abijah Ellis. Amongst the manure in which it was packed was found a scrap of paper having written on it the address of Schouler, Billiard-maker. The Police followed up the clue, and having found Schouler, the latter said one Leavitt Alley, a boss teamster, did his teaming, and that Alley's stables were in ranneman St. Proceeding thither the Police searched the stables, and found the floor covered with blood. In one of the stalls they discovered a piece of torn cloth like that of which the victim's clothes were made. Alley is arrested and committed for further examination. The affair creates much excitement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11, p. m.—Gold 133. Stocks generally declined, owing to the Boston fire.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

ENGLAND.—The new Commercial Treaty between England and France was signed on Monday the 4th.

Subscriptions are being raised in England towards the relief of the Italians suffering from the late floods.

The anti-licensing men in Exeter, Devonshire, created a riot, in which many persons were severely injured.

A large carpet factory at Kidderminster was burned, and many hands thrown out of employment.

The ship "Mongolia" from Quebec for Grantown, has put into Greenock disabled by a storm. The crew experienced dreadful sufferings; were ten days without provisions, and constantly exposed to the sea. They all survived.

The Belgian steamer "Mocoo" sunk suddenly, and seven persons are missing.

Sir John Duke Coleridge declines a seat on the Bench of Probate and Divorce Court.

It is said that Mr. Roebuck will again stand as candidate for Sheffield, in the event of a vacancy occurring in the representation.

The election at Tiverton resulted in the success of Massey, the Liberal candidate. The election was sharply contested and Massey had only 30 majority.

President Thiers has been elected as arbitrator, between England and Portugal in the Colonial Question.

The Lord Mayor's show took place on Saturday last. It attracts thousands of spectators to its line of march from the city to Westminster.

The anniversary of the birth of the Prince of Wales was also celebrated with much enthusiasm. The day was ushered in with chiming of bells and firing of national salutes. All business was suspended at the Stock Exchange and other public places, and there were extensive displays of fireworks, illumination and bon fires.

FRANCE.—France last week had to pay Germany two hundred millions of francs, and make similar instalments until the end of the year. Only two milliards will remain unpaid on January first.

France has reduced the rate of postage to America to eight cents for ten grammes, with reciprocity of free transit.

The Procurer-General of France has decided that Prince Napoleon cannot bring his suit against the Minister of the Interior.

There is great enthusiasm at Rheims over the evacuation of that city by German troops. Buildings were decorated with French colors and flowers, and at night there was a general illumination.

The theatre was opened on Wednesday last for the first time since the occupation of the city, and the Merce-laise was performed by the orchestra.

Henri Rochefort has been permitted to come to Verailles to marry the dying mother of his children, in order to legitimize his off-spring. When the ceremony is completed he will return to the prison.

The evacuation of the Upper Marne by the Germans is concluded. That of the Department of the Marne is slowly proceeding.

The German troops have evacuated the city of Rheims and the town of Vitryle Francois. These were the last posts retained by them in the Department of Marne.

Cardinal Luigi Amat, Vice Chancellor of the Holy Roman Church, died in Nice, France, on Thursday, aged seventy-six years.

General Garinde has been relieved of his command, as Capt General of Caledonia, and General Balericti has been appointed as his successor.

Thirty-eight miners were killed on Friday last by an explosion of fire damp.

GERMANY.—The golden wedding of the King and Queen of Saxony was celebrated in Dresden, with magnificent ceremonies. The Emperor of Prussia and the members of his family were present.

Twenty-one miners were killed by falling down the shaft of a mine near Carleroi, Belgium, on Tuesday.

The Government now seems inclined to partially modify its Country Reform Bill. On the assembling of the new Prussian Diet, the Bill will again be introduced.

SPAIN.—The proposed new loan will be issued about the middle of December.

The Carlists have reappeared in Spain.

In the Cortes on Monday, Deputy Masionary complained of the manner in which the Spanish coast guards were treated in Gibraltar, when, in pursuit of smugglers, they crossed into British territory, and denounced the insolence of the occupiers of Spanish soil.

Several reform projects have been introduced in the Spanish Cortes, and defeated.

ITALY.—A village near Bresier, was visited on Tuesday last by a hurricane. Half the buildings in the town were destroyed, and thirty two persons killed by falling walls. Thousands of families are homeless.

MISCELLANEOUS.

England's little bill for telegraphing during the negotiations on the indirect claims foots up \$400,000.

If it pays every one as well to hunt up a lost wanderer as it has Stanley, the discoverer of Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer, it will do pretty well. He has concluded an engagement to deliver one hundred lectures in the United States, at \$5000 each making the nice sum of \$500,000 for the course. But it does pay more largely those who seek the salvation of souls. He that converts a sinner from the error of his way, shall save a soul from death, and and "they that turn many to righteousness shall shine as the stars, forever and ever."

Josh Billings says: "Success don't consist in never making blunders, but in never making the same one the second time."

The Chinese Government has devoted a million dollars to the education of young Chinese boys in the United States. The boys are to remain fifteen years in America until they learn all the mysteries of our modern civilization, and they are then to return to China. Forty-five boys have already arrived. Thirty-one of these are sons of gentlemen, and merchants at Shanghai and Canton, while the remainder of the party is made up of the attendants and family of Chan Lasun, the second mandarin of the Empire, who has the party in charge. They are expected to retain their national costume, and this will require the services of the Chinese tailor and barber who accompany them.

GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR.—There are diseases that are considered almost incurable, but are found to readily yield to the use of Graham's Pain Eradicator.

Mrs. Mary B. Ellis, Halifax, N. S., has been troubled with Salt Rheum in her hands for twenty years; was cured by a few applications.

John H. Clark, Esq. Canning, Cornwallis N. S., has been cured, by this medicine of Salt Rheum that he had on his hands for more than twenty-five years.

MUMPS.—Jeremiah Christie, Esq. Keswick, N. B., has found Graham's Pain Eradicator an immediate and effectual cure for Mumps. It has been used in three cases in his family.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1873 Fall Arrangement of Trains, COMMENCING 11th NOVEMBER.

Halifax and St. John.

- No. 1. Through Express will leave Halifax at 7 a. m. daily, (Sunday excepted) and be due in St. John at 8.30 p. m. in season to connect with the night express to Bangor and Boston.
- No. 2. Through Express, connecting with night express from Bangor and Bangor, will leave St. John at 8 a. m. daily, (Sunday excepted) and be due in Halifax at 9.25 p. m.
- Nos. 3 & 5. Through Freight, with Passenger car attached, will leave Halifax at 11 a. m. daily, (Sunday excepted) at 3 p. m. the following day.
- Nos. 4 & 6. Through Freight, with Passenger car attached, will leave St. John at 12.45 p. m. daily, (Sunday excepted) and be due in Halifax (Sunday excepted) at 2 p. m. the following day.
- No. 7. Passenger accommodation, will leave Sussex for St. John, at 7.30 a. m.
- No. 8. Passenger accommodation, will leave St. John for Sussex, at 5.45 p. m.
- No. 9. Passenger accommodation, will leave Halifax for Truro at 4.45 p. m.
- No. 10. Passenger accommodation, will leave Truro for Halifax at 6.45 a. m.
- No. 11. Freight, will leave Pettoctadie for St. John at 6.45 a. m.
- No. 12. Freight, will leave St. John for Pettoctadie at 1.45 p. m.
- No. 13. Freight, will leave Penobscot for St. John at 2.45 p. m.
- No. 14. Freight, will leave St. John for Penobscot at 9.15 a. m.
- No. 15. Freight, will leave Halifax for Truro at 1.15 p. m.
- No. 16. Freight, will leave Truro for Halifax at 7.30 a. m.
- No. 17. W. & A. R. passenger accommodation, will leave Halifax for Windsor Junction at 8 a. m.
- No. 18. W. & A. R. Passenger accommodation, will leave Windsor Junction for Halifax at 7.40 p. m.
- No. 19. W. & A. R. Mixed accommodation, will leave Halifax for Windsor Junction at 3 p. m.
- No. 20. W. & A. R. Mixed accommodation, will leave Halifax at 9.55 a. m.

Trains between Truro and Pictou.

- No. 21. Passenger accommodation, will leave Truro for Pictou at 10.20 a. m.
- No. 22. Mixed accommodation, will leave Pictou for Truro at 6 a. m.
- No. 23. Mixed accommodation, will leave Truro for Pictou at 4 p. m.
- No. 24. Passenger accommodation, will leave Pictou for Truro at 3.15 p. m.

Trains between Painsac and Point duChene.

- Nos. 25 & 31. Freight will leave Point DuChene for Painsac at 6 a. m. and 7 p. m.
- Nos. 26 & 32. Freight will leave Painsac for Point duChene at 7.30 a. m. and 8.30 p. m.
- Nos. 27 & 29. Passenger accommodation, will leave Point DuChene for Painsac at 11.40 a. m. and 3.15 p. m.
- Nos. 28 & 30. Passenger accommodation, will leave Painsac for Point DuChene at 12.40 p. m. and 4.15 p. m.

Trains between Halifax, Truro and Pictou will be run upon HALIFAX TIME; and between Truro and St. John, for the present, upon ST. JOHN TIME.

LEWIS CARVELL, General Superintendent, nt. Railway Office, 6th Nov., 1872, Nov. 13.



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, Nov. 2, 1872. AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice: 11 per cent.

R. M. S. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs, Nov. 13.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The Subscriber begs to inform his customers and the public generally, that MR. HARLAN FULTON has this day been admitted a partner in the business heretofore conducted by him at

139 ARGYLE STREET.

The style of the firm will be John F. Crowe & Co.

Wholesale & Retail Grocers.

Thankful for past favors he respectfully solicits a continuance for the new firm JOHN F. CROWE, HALIFAX, N. S. Nov. 1st 1872, Nov. 13.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING SHOP, GEORGE STREET, Established 1856.

THE subscriber begs to call the attention of his many friends in town and country, to his

Large and Varied Stock

of Furnishing Goods this season, which includes TIES and SCARVES in all the leading shapes SCOTCH L. WOOL, MERINO and COTTON HOSIERY. SILK and ALPACA UMBRELLAS. INDIA RUBBER COATS and LEGGINGS. WHITE SHIRTS and COLLARS all shapes. FANCY OXFORD and FLANNEL SHIRTS. GLOVES IN KID, CLOTH, KINGWOOD, and all kinds.

Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns.

RAILWAY RUGS and SHAWLS. Silk & Linen POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS. Nov. 13. 6m.