

Dominion & Foreign News.

HALIFAX, N. S., MAY 22, 1872.

PARLIAMENTARY.—The telegram to the Chronicle of the 18th, indicates that the Insolvency Law is likely to be repealed. It says:—

In the Commons last night, Mr. Colby moved the third reading of the bill to repeal the Insolvency Law.

Mr. Jones moved, seconded by Mr. Gray, that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick be exempted from the operation of the bill.

Mr. Gibbs moved as an amendment to the amendment the three months hoist. The motion for three months hoist was lost 72 to 80.

Mr. Bellerose moved that the bill be read a third time on the 31st, in order to allow the bill to amend law to be considered. Lost, 73 to 76.

Mr. Jones' amendment was lost 72 to 82. The bill was then read a third time and passed. It is expected that the bill will be defeated in the Senate.

The great matter which has been before parliament during the past week is the question of approval of the terms of the Washington Treaty. It had been under debate for several days. The Nova Scotia members appear to have spoken and voted without reference to the parties with whom they had previously been associated. Several amendments were made but all were voted down on Friday night by about the same majority as sustained the motion of Sir John A. McDonald, 121 to 55. The names of N. S. members are given as follows:—

For the Treaty.—Hon. Dr. Tupper, Messrs. Power, Killam, McKeagney, Savary, Campbell, McDonald, Hugh McDonald, Levisconte, Coffin, Cameron, Carmichael, and Pearson.

Against it.—Messrs. Jones and Ross. Absent.—Hon. Mr. Howe, Messrs. Chipman, Ray, and Forbes.

In reply to a question by Mr. Jones, the Minister of Works said that a survey for a Canal connecting Porter's Lake with the sea was made last summer, that a comparatively small sum of money would be sufficient for the work, and after a careful survey the Engineer reported that it would cost not less than \$550,000 to perform the work. Government still hoped that some less expensive mode of effecting the desired object could be found.

Mr. Savary asked whether Government intended to pay revisors of electoral lists in Nova Scotia for preparing lists of voters for the Dominion elections. The Premier said no application for payment had been received, but that if any such applications were presented they would receive prompt attention.

Mr. Jones on Monday moved for correspondence respecting the proposed arrangement for obtaining a portion of the Dock Yard at Halifax for the terminus of the Intercolonial Railway.

Dr. Tupper said the correspondence with the imperial Government was still going on; but he could not tell what would be done.

Mr. Jones moved for correspondence on the subject of meteorological observations and weather reports.

Mr. Morris will be appointed Governor of Manitoba.

Montreal is to be supplied with water from a river 45 miles distant from the city at a cost of £4,000,000 sterling.

MEMNONITES COMING TO CANADA.—A recent action Russian ukase promises to result in an important immigration from that country to Canada. In Canada we have freedom to worship God, and are as ready to provide homes for the Memnonites as though there was nothing peculiar in their religious tenets. The Toronto Globe says:—

In the latter part of the last century a body of Memnonites from Germany settled in the south of Russia, not far from Odessa, where they obtained certain privileges from the Emperor Paul: amongst others, exemption forever from military service.—

The seat of the Memnonites were originally founded in Holland, but is now scattered over numerous countries. They are Baptists holding certain peculiar opinions as to the administration of the rite, and in their objection to bearing arms or inflicting capital punishment resemble in many ways the Society of Friends and Quakers. The Memnonites in Prussia claimed in 1839 to number nearly thirty thousand souls.— Under the protection granted to them in favor of their religious scruples, they have been increased by emigration from other parts of Europe, and it is said can now call themselves sixty thousand strong. But a change of Policy has come over the Russian Government: their right of exemption granted by Paul "for ever" has been terminated by a recent ukase, and the peaceful Memnonites are warned that they must enter the military service at the requisition of the authorities. There is yet, however, an interval of delay granted them, and they are casting about for a home in a land where religious scruples will be respected and their peaceful and industrious habits uninterrupted by the terrible conscription. Through the agency of the British Consul, communications have been opened with the government of the Dominion, with a view to a large number of the body settling in Canada. There could hardly be a more welcome addition to our population. Already the sect has its representatives in the western part of Ontario, and its members are highly esteemed for their pure and correct lives. It is probable that a delegation from Russia will visit Canada in order to ascertain the advantage the country pre-

sents to new settlers. We hope that the reception they meet with, both from the Dominion and Provincial Governments, will assure them that a warm welcome, a free home and a full reward for honest industry awaits their co-religionists if they decide to take shelter under the flag that has so often shielded the persecuted from the arm of the oppressor.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

NEW POST OFFICE.—We learn that the Government has approved of the general plan submitted to it by Mr. Stead for the new Post Office, though the details are not yet fully known. The building is to be 30 x 50 ft. 6 in., three stories high on Prince William Street and five stories on Water Street.—Tel.

The people of Carleton are complaining of the mismanagement of the Ferry. A public meeting was held last week, at which "indignation resolutions" were passed.

A BLOCK OF LAND containing about 5000 acres near Salmon river, in Victoria County, has been laid out and set apart by the Government for the Emigrants expected from Sweden. The situation is convenient to the river St. John as well as to Grand Falls. The soil is excellent, and when this tract of land is intersected by the Riviere de Loup Railway, the settlers will have ready access to the best of markets.—Express.

A man named Parsons, while working in a mill at Canterbury, York County, last week, had both his legs cut off by a circular saw.

Several sections of the River de Loup Railroad, have been contracted for, and work is going briskly forward.

A man named Slattery, belonging to Windsor, N. S., mate of the brig Annie, of Canning, N. S., was drowned in the harbor, of St. John, on Sunday.

P. E. ISLAND.

John Burns, of Montague, P. E. Island, drowned himself a few days ago while in a state of mental derangement.

UNITED STATES.

The United States telegrams are also pretty full of Treaty affairs. The opposing parties will endeavour to make what capital they can out of it to advance their local politics. It will be unfortunate if the national interests are sacrificed at the shrine of party, and power secured by unprincipled men fanning the prejudices of the more ignorant and unprincipled portion of the people.

The supplementary article to the Treaty of Washington, is being considered by the United States Senate. It is explained in the following draft presented by Lord Granville to Her Majesty's Government, and telegraphed to Secretary Fish under date London, May 10. "Whereas, the Government of Her Britannic Majesty has contended in the recent correspondence with the Government of the United States as follows, namely:—

"That such indirect claims as those for the national losses stated in the case presented on the part of the Government of the United States to the Tribunal of Arbitration at Geneva, to have been sustained by the loss in the transfer of the American commercial marine to the British flag, the enhanced payment of insurance; the prolongation of the war; the addition of a large sum to the cost of the war, and the suppression of the rebellion, firstly, were not included in the Treaty of Washington; and further, secondly, should not be admitted in principle as growing out of the acts committed by particular vessels alleged to have been enabled to commit depredations upon the shipping of a belligerent, by reason of such want of due diligence in the performance of the neutral obligations as that which is imputed by the United States to Great Britain; and whereas the Government of Her Britannic Majesty has also declared that the principle involved in the second of the contentions herein before set forth will guide their conduct in future; and whereas the President of the United States, whilst adhering to the contention that the said claims were included in the Treaty, adopts for the future the principle contained in the second of said contentions so far as to declare that it will hereafter guide the conduct of the government of the United States; and the two countries are therefore agreed in this respect. In consideration thereof the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, consents that he will make no claim on the part of the United States in respect of Indirect Losses as aforesaid, before the tribunal of arbitration at Geneva."

The above draft has been submitted to the Senate, with the view of obtaining the opinion of that body to guide the President in his formal action in the negotiations. Another victim.—A man named Shannon fell dead in front of a tavern in Woodstock last week. The coroner's jury said he "died from the excessive use of intoxicating liquors."

A United States Government train was sacked by Indians on the plains. 17 persons were murdered and turned. The Indians were overtaken by troops, and a fight ensued, the troops being worsted. The band is composed of Indians, Mexicans, and deserters from the United States army.

The telegram on Saturday last stated that an important semi-official announcement had been received from Washington that the Senate Committee on foreign relations agreed to report the additional article to the Treaty of Washington, but whether in its original form, or with modifications, had not then transpired.

At a meeting of the New York Chamber of Commerce on Thursday last, a resolution was adopted with but one dissenting voice, urging the Senate to ratify the additional article proposed by Earl Granville to the Treaty.

Horace Greely retires from the Editorial Chair of the "Tribune" until further notice.

Strikes in New York are increasing. Rioting has begun, and more disturbances are expected.

It is said that a Company is about being formed to bore for coal and iron at or in the vicinity of Newcastle, Grand Lake, Q. C.

Devastating fires are raging in the woods, in Central Pennsylvania. One entire village, with numerous farm houses and mills, has been destroyed.

Michigan mining troubles are not settled, and Government troops have been sent to the scene of disturbance.

Spotted Fever has made its appearance in Calais it is said to be more fatal than small pox.

Senator Sumner on Monday began a speech, arraigning the Administration for what he considers its undiplomatic course in the Treaty case.

The burning of Jayne's block in Philadelphia on Sunday night, involves a loss of half a million of dollars. One fireman was killed and several injured by falling walls.

Win. H. Seward, ex Secretary of State, is reported to favour additional article to the treaty, withdrawing indirect claims.

NEW YORK, May 20, P. M.—Gold 134. Exchange 104.

CUBA.—Havana.—The acting captain-general has received orders from the King pardoning the student charged with the desecration of Castanor's grave last November. The students have been released from prison and placed on board of the iron clad Saragossa, where they will remain at complete liberty until an opportunity offers them to go to Spain. The students are well treated and their families visit them.

JAPAN.—By an Imperial Degree the Tiphon has abolished all Edicts directed against Christianity, which have been force over three centuries.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

ENGLAND.

The despatches from England are almost wholly taken up with the Washington Treaty, and what is being said of it in parliament and by the press. On Monday the 13th Mr. Gladstone, in the Commons, and Earl Granville in the House of Lords, presented the facts relative to the Alabama controversy, and expressed their belief that the whole matter would eventually be satisfactorily settled.

Mr. Gladstone, in concluding his speech, said that he thought that he was not too sanguine in predicting that the negotiations would result in the settlement which would redound to the credit of both parties. As Mr. Gladstone took his seat there was loud and repeated cheering from all parts of the House.

Mr. Disraeli followed with thanks to the Premier for his statements. He would not seek to embarrass the Government. Whatever differences existed on the other subjects, all parties united in the desire for a peaceful and honorable settlement.

London journals approve of the negotiations now proceeding for the settlement of the indirect claims question; but express doubt of concurrence of United States.

There was a report on Tuesday that the United States Senate had rejected the proposed additional article to the treaty of Washington relative to indirect claims. It was current in London, and had a depressing effect upon American securities.

Parliament has adjourned for the usual Whitsuntide holidays. The Lords reassemble on the 31st inst., and Commons on the 27th.

The "Daily News" of the 16th said: "All eyes in England are turned to the American Senate. We have done our duty. The last hope remaining is that the decision has been confided to a body holding the highest place for gravity and wisdom in the Republic."

The "Morning Post" and "Daily Telegraph" of the same date were sanguine that patriotism will over rule politics, and that the Treaty will survive.

The "Standard" remarked: "We have made sacrifices enough. Let the Senate reject the Treaty amendment; it is not our fault if the American constitution is defective, or Government weak; nor is it any loss if we are released from a liability in-

currred out of exaggerated deference towards a kindred but high spirited, but exacting people."

The telegram of the 18th says:—The correspondence between the British and American Governments is published and commented upon by the journals, which generally express hopes of a favorable decision by the United States Senate.

The Empress Augusta of Germany sailed from England on the 14th on her return to Berlin.

Steamer "Tripoli" was wrecked at 4 o'clock Friday morning, when most of the passengers were asleep in their berths. Several sailing vessels in the vicinity took off the passengers and landed them at Wexford. The luggage was subsequently secured by other vessels, and carried to Queenstown.

Twenty houses have been destroyed, and several lives lost in Iceland by a series of earthquakes.

FRANCE.—The citizens of Paris raised three hundred thousand francs for the sufferers by the Vesuvius eruption.

The "Constitutionnel" says that three more Departments will soon be evacuated by the Germans.

Bazaine was arrested on Tuesday last. His trial before a special Court Martial begins in a few days.

GERMANY.—The Reichstag has passed a resolution asking Government to submit, for its action, the draft of a law which shall regulate the license granted to Religious Orders, and provide for the punishment of all members of such organizations who are guilty of dangerous activity towards the State. The resolution is aimed more particularly at the Jesuits, who are especially mentioned as requiring restriction.

SPAIN.—Signors Castellar and Figuer, well known Republican leaders, have published Manifestos, in which they repudiate Don Carlos and King Amadeus, and state that Republicans must prepare for the combat.

Admiral Ninalet, who commanded the Carlists in the department of Murcia, has been arrested and sent to Carthage to await trial by Court Martial.

The Government force of Spain defeated five thousand Carlists at Manaria. A Carlist report says that the Government troops have been defeated near Biboa.

The Spanish Cortes has passed a Bill to increase the effective army to 80,000 men.

SWITZERLAND.—The Revised constitution failed of ratification by the people. The popular vote was in its favor, but a majority of Cantons was necessary, and it received but nine out of twenty two.

Marriages.

At Aylesford, Dec. 15th, 1871, by the Rev. A. Stronach, M.A. John P. Stronach, to Miss Ruth Harris, daughter of Capt. Joseph Harris, at Margareville, Wilmot, Annapolis Co.

On Thursday evening, May 9th, by the Rev. John Forrest, Mr. John A. McNally, to Miss Labella Monteith, both of this city.

At Windsor, on Tuesday, 14th inst., by the Rev. A. W. Nicholson, Henry A. Beldon, of Halifax, to Miss Sarah J. Smallwood, third daughter of the Rev. Frederic Smallwood.

At Weston, Cornwallis, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. E. O. Read, John F. Davison, Esq., of Boston, to Miss Mary, daughter of Mr. John Power, of the first named place.

At Gaspeaux on the 16th inst., by the Rev. E. O. Read, Mr. J. Andrew Caldwell, to Miss Olivia A. daughter of Colin Martin, Esq., of Horton.

At North West Arm, Sydney, C. B., April 6th, by the Rev. S. J. Neily, Mr. James Anderson, of Aberdeen, Scotland, to Mrs. Eliza Daly, of North West Arm, C. B.

At Dartmouth, May the 15th, by the Rev. Mr. Richardson, William Gray, to Elizabeth Ann Co.

On the 20th inst., at St. Luke's, by the Very Rev. the Dean Arthur Edward Wilby, Esq., 61st Regt., eldest son of Colonel Wilby, Wilby, C. B., to Harriette, youngest daughter of Peter Lynch, Esq.

Deaths.

At Pictou, on Wednesday, May 15th, Mr. James Grant, in the 65th year of his age.

At Dartmouth, on the 13th inst., Annie Donohoe, aged 14 years.

At the West Branch, River John, Pictou, on Monday, the 6th inst., Malinda, wife of Abraham Bayne, in the 57th year of her age.

Wednesday, Nicholas Shea, aged 52 years.

At the Provincial and City Hospital, May 13th, Mrs. Cooke, aged 49 years.

At the Provincial and City Hospital, May 13th, James Fitzpatrick, aged 40 years.

On Wednesday, Mr. John Kelly, in the 61st year of his age.

On Wednesday, the 16th inst., Capt. George Tanner, a native of Lunenburg, N. S., aged 68 years.

On Thursday, 16th inst., Joshua, fourth son of Eason and Ann Boutillier, in the 14th year of his age.

On Wednesday, 15th inst., after a long illness, Mary Ann Curie, aged 65 years.

On Thursday evening the 16th inst., Edward Fryett, late of H. M. Naval Yard, aged 74 years.

On Thursday, 16th inst., Ann, wife of Mr. Thomas Cahalane, aged 49 years.

On Friday, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Mr. John Foley, in the 21st year of her age.

At Farmington, Wilmot, May 9th, Mr. Jacob Wood, aged 50 years. The deceased was a consistent member of the Nictaux Baptist Church, and highly esteemed throughout the community. The funeral sermon was preached by his Pastor from 2 Tim. iv. 7.—"I have finished my course"—before a large congregation of relatives and friends. May the Lord comfort the sorrowing wife and children.

At Wilmot, near Lawrenceton, W. Abel Banks, May 15th. Bro. Banks was for many years a faithful member of the Nictaux Church. His social qualities endeared him to his friends. His life bore witness to the power of religion. "He being dead yet speaketh."

At St. Vincent's Hospital, Norfolk, Va., March the 6th, of Typhoid fever, William E. Hsley, aged 25 years, eldest son of John and Rebecca Hsley, of Hall's Harbor.

Shed not for him the bitter tear, Nor give the heart to vain regret, 'Tis but the car that lies there; The gem that filled it sparkles yet.

At St. John, N. B., on Wednesday, the 15th inst., Mary Jane, wife of Mr. William J. Cosman, of Milton, Yarmouth, N. S. in the 49th year of her age.

On Monday, 20th inst., William Morris, in the 76th year of his age.

On Monday morning, the 20th May, William, third son of William and Cecilia A. Hill, in the 24th year of his age.

On the 19th inst., John, only child of Patrick and Mary Ann Young, aged 10 years.

Suddenly, on Sunday evening, the 19th, at 8 o'clock, Frederick J. Allan, second son of Jose H. W. and Ellen Allan, aged 18 years and 6 months.

On Sunday, 19th inst., Hatti-Alethea, only daughter of H. H. Letson, aged 1 year and 11 months.

On the passage out from Liverpool, C. B., to New York, on the 22nd April, Andrew Richards, an Archibald, eldest son of William Archibald, aged 21 years.

Also, in June, 1871, James Hunt Archibald, second son of William Archibald, lost overboard on the passage from Cardiff, England, to New York, aged 20 years, both of Truro, N. S.

Shipping List.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

TUESDAY, May 14th.—Steamer Delta, Shaw, hence for Sydney, returned; Briggs, Jante Berg, (Dutch) Driestan, Rotterdam; Esk, Miller, Cienfuegos; Schrs. Willie A. Jewel, (Am) Fraser, Provincetown, Mass., bound fishing; J. R. Stewart, McDonald, Coville Bay, P. E. I.; Villager, Ritchey, Glace Bay; Mary Ellen, Kougere, Pictou; Mary Alice, Conard, Port George; Jenny Lind, Wallace, Musquodibit; Lark, Barry, Prospect; Minnow, Drew, Petite Riviere; Regulator, Sabean, Port Medway.

WEDNESDAY, 15th.—Bark Comiz LeCastro, (Port) Satazeo, Oporto; Schrs. Joseph Lindsay, (Am) Kempt, Provincetown, Mass.; President, G. Ham, Channel, N. F.; Emanuel, Harpell, Jeddore; Mary More, McMillan, Torbay; Leading Star, Cummings, Sheet Harbor; Blo mer, Cunningham, Bayfield; Ida Ann, McDonald, Sheet Harbor; Rainbow, Blakely, do; May Fly, Corkus, LaHave.

THURSDAY, 15th.—Schrs. Horton, Farquhar, Portland; Anna Martha, (of St. John, N. B.) Bisset, do; Golden West, Zwicker, Boston; Busy William, Coleridge, do; Prize Banner, (Am) McDonald, Provincetown, Mass.; E. Wier, Hooper, Bay St. George, N. F.; Perseverance, Fougere, North Sydney; Welcome Return, Campbell, do; Chester, Hayes, do; Bertia Eden, McDonald, Pictou; America, Winters, Cornwallis; Dot, Crocker, Yarmouth; Merlin, Mowser, Liverpool, N. S.; Spring Bird, Smith, LaHave; Sea Nymph, Murdoch, Sherbrooke; Clare, Bourgoine, Michone Bay; Harvest Home, Heyson, do; Friend, Lantz, do; Skylark, Mason, Tanook.

FRIDAY, 17th.—R. M. S. Austrian, Wylie, Liverpool, G. B.; Steamer Charle, Mulligan, Portland; Briggs, Ruth, Carlu, Cienfuegos; Bath, Hittou, Barfaoues; Schrs. Juliet, Simpson, St. John, N. B.; A. H. Munson, Munson, Gloucester; Roderic McKeas, LeBlanc, Sydney; Merrin, Moser, Liverpool, N. S.; W. L. Lhones, Lhones, LaHave; Active, Barber, Sheet Harbor; Lily, Mitchell, Jeddore; Margaret, Stram, LaHave; Rose, Skerit, Silver, Boone Bay, N. F.; Three Sisters, Dudd, P. E. Island; Guide, McLean, Shelburne; Kruski, Peareo, London.

SATURDAY, 18th.—R. M. S. Caspian, Ritchie, Baltimore; Stm. Comarce, Doane, North Sydney; Brig. Louise, Hawes, Boston; Schrs. Galaxy, Gardner, P. E. Island; Elizabeth, Logan, Cha Lettstown, P. E. I.; Ocean, (Am) Sault, Provincetown, Mass., bound to the Grand Banks; J. Morton, Brantou, Cienfuegos via Key West; Laura, McFarlane, Bay St. George, N. F.; Merr, Mora-h, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; Jessen, Muxner, Pictou, do; Active, Palmer, Ship Harbor; Sylvan, Martell, North Sydney; Leading Star, Publicover, Newquoddy; P. C. Hill, Mitchell, Jeddore; P. Martin, Murphy, Ship Harbor; Louisa Jane, Pickles, Port Medway; Irish Pearl, Hadley, Guysboro' via Cape Canso; Harmony, Lagnell, North Sydney; Jane Louise, Maskell, Cape Canso.

SUNDAY, 19th.—H. M. S. Lapwing, Commander Knowles, Bermuda.

MONDAY, 20th.—Steamers Carlotta, (Am) Bennett, Port and; Alhambra, (Am) Wright, Boston; Barque Celia, Turner, Buenos Avies via Barbadoes a d St. Thomas; Briggs, Halifax Power, Barbadoes; Nebo, (of Sydney) McLeod, New York; Florence, (of St. Andrew's, N. B.) Waycott, Portland; Charlotte, Forrest, North Sydney; Schrs. Swan, English, Antigua; Arrow, (of Georgetown, P. E. I.) McDonald, Boston; Warren B. Hopkins, (Am) McFadden, Provincetown, Mass., bound to the Grand Banks; Charles F. Mayo, (Am) Morrison, Provincetown, Mass., bound to do; Camilla, (Am) McQuarry, Provincetown, Mass., bound to do; Margaret Jane, Steel, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; Ocean Belle, McCuib, Bay of Islands, N. F.; E. A. Wilson, from Gworie Mines; Harmony, Bagnell, Glace Bay; Sarah, Doyle, Port Hood; Flirt, Keating, do; Union, LaHave, Tor Bay; Ada, Whitman, Cape Canso; Franklin, Myers, Ship Harbor; Smiling Waters, Gates, LaHave; Candid, Colp, do; Young Nova Scotia, Vigar, Liverpool, N. S.; Merik Spindler, LaHave; J. Fraser, Sarty, do; Annie, Hiltz, Port Monton; Trial, Ritchey, Port Pictou; Two sisters, Mosier, Musquodibit.

CLEARED.

TUESDAY, May 14th.—Steamers Carlotta, (Am) Bennett, Portland; M. A. Starr, Smith, St. John, N. B. via Western shore ports; E. M. Cates, (Am) Dickson, Little Glace

Bay; Ship Reo, Balque E. W. Jans, Fries man, N. B.; Briggs, D. W. Heunes, Sarah, Marra, Kennady, St. A. Munio, St. A. Greenland; Dan, Temp, Drew, L. Lancun; J. J. Ward's Cove; Young, Schw...