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RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEW SERIES. Vol XIX., No. 48.

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Halifax, Nova Scotia, Wednesday, December 2, 1874.

WHOLE SERIES. Vol. XXXVIII., No. 48.

Poetry.

For the Christian Messenger. "MY SON, GIVE ME THINE HEART."

BY PROFESSOR ALLAN CURR, F. R. S. L., "I had a dream one Summer e'en, as on the bank I lay,

Of a clear and rapid river, that, like time, held on its way;

And I knew upon that ocean my bark would soon be tost."

" Methought there stood before me, 'ere ! hunched upon the tide, A form so fair, and yet so sad-Jesus, the crucified;

pierced with a cruel dart, a As with a look of love, He said : " My son give Me thine heart. '

" I gazed upon His bleeding brow, torn by its prickly crown; ever flowed down.

with sudden start, Again the words so low and sweet, ' My son give Mc thine heart."-

"Up from the grassy bank I sprang, and knelt upon the sod, I'll give Thee all my wealth, I cried, my Saviour and my God;

My houses, lands, all, all are Thine, from them I'll freely part, But sad and low His voice replied, " My son give Me thine heart.'

"Jesus, I cried, for Thee I'll leave the friends I love so dear,

I'll build a temple to thy praise, and worship Thee with fear;

The costliest gems of ocean birth, brought from earth's richest mart, I'll freely give ; but still He said : ' My son give Me thine heart.'

" I fell before His naked feet, and kissed the wounds they bore,

I went to see the bleeding flesh, the cruel nails had tore.

My God! my Saviour! then I cried-He raised me to His breast:

My heart, my all I give to Thee-here let

gliding stream : Surely the vision I had seen could not be

And I gazed upon the river, till with tears mine eyes grew dim,

And I longed to reach the ocean of eternal bliss with Him."

Religious.

ZEALOTS.

There is a wide difference between a zealous man and a zealot. Zeal is a very desirable quality if it is characterized by devotion to a laudable end. Paul was always zealous, and when he referred to his early record, described himself "concerning zeal, persecuting the church." In after days that same the faith he had sought to destroy.

dare to resist his will. When he has ceive he utters it without any care as to the spirit or manner of its proclais the last thing that he thinks of. Such counsels might do for those who He has a duty to discharge, and he

come and "see his zeal for the Lord." dition of a great fortune to the avail- cialism. For a time he was a notoriety attention to a particular branch of mental characteristics, such a man has | welcome compensation. only regrets that Paul had not had the as from Protestantism. to deal with such people.

where their manhood is gone.

"It is good to be zealously affected specting Lord Ripon: always in a good thing," but zeal which own. It knows nothing of soul freedom. days, and its policy in our times is social ostracism and constant disparageunderstood that only a man fit to be a ditions." slave will follow such a lead. True ter. - Baptist Weekly.

ENGLISH CONVERSIONS TO ROMANISM.

BX REV. R. G. MOSES.

it forth just about as a shell comes from that terrible German, Bismarck, but montane priesthood.

As for any thought of the varieties of able resources of the church is a right on this account. But his youthful duty, viz: The suppression of In-

too much reckless ignorance to consider | But there are other elements of con- and of late years he has been reckoned ... Are we, brethren, sufficiently imthese for a moment. People ought to sideration in this event. The Marquis rather amongst the slow members of pressed with a sense of our responsilook at things from the right stand- of Ripon, was a Freemason; and of the Liberal party. Men of this type bility, as professors of religion? point, and, if their training, pursuits the highest degree. In England there frequently take the bait which the Are we, as individuals, and as and associations have prevented this, was none higher, for he held the office Romish Church offers. Dissatisfied churches, doing all that the exigency they ought to go back to first things of Grand Master of the order. It is with the state of things in which they of the times imperiously demands of and begin life anew so as to see them | well known that against freemasonry | are placed; despairing of any change | us? Whither can we turn our eyes as he sees them. As for his adapting and the other secret societies the Pope for the better; their early and cherish- and not behold the ravages of Inhis methods to their idiosyncracies and has launched anathomas repeatedly. ed aspirations quenched; they are pre- temperance? and how awful are its Till in its ocean destiny the deep'ning | weaknesses, it is not to be thought of. The Jesuits constitute the only secret | pared to yield to an infallible priest, | desolations! Individual happiness, do-In fact, while be glories in Paul's bold- organization which the Papacy allows. who promises safety and rest. Pro- mestic peace, property, character, ness, he is tempted to doubt the in- Nothing considerable however seemed testantism implies soul-labor, the prov- intellect, are its trophies. "The spiration of Paul's writings when he to come of the anathemas. The ma- ing of all things and holding fast that tender husband, the fond father, the reads such passages as-" Give none sons laughed, and evidently cared noth- which is good, and the trying of spirits benignant master, the kind neighoffence, neither to the Jews nor to the ing for the Pope's wrath at their con- whether they be of God or not. Such | bour, the apright citizen, how are Gentiles, nor to the church of God," tumacy. Now it is the l'ope's turn to religion is eminently displeasing to they transformed by its influence. and when he reads that Paul "pleased laugh. He has captured the Grand multitudes of people. Some, to quiet We deliberately and solemnly recom-Blood trickled from his wounded side, all men in all things," and exhorted Master of England, and this eminent | their consciences, which cannot be con- mend to our brethren, entire abstin-Timothy, to "meekness" in "instruct- person bows submissively to his will, tent without a "form of godliness," ence from the use of ardent spirits. ing those that oppose themselves," he and secedes from the Masons as well judge rightly enough that Romanism is Let our object be to save ourselves

churches to the Romish communion are the discouragements of their way, feel a indulges in it can pray without I tracked his footsteps by the blood that Of course such a man has no correct so seldom heard of in this country that potent spell in the promises of Rome. mockery, 'Lead me not into tempidea of the relative magnitude of ob- Lord Ripon's conversion or perversion | They may spare themselves the painful | tation.' Let no one plead his deterknew it must be Jasus, when I heard jects. The things that occupy his mind has attracted a good deal of interest. quest of truth or of social regeneration; mination to be a temperate drinker, for which he looks at through a magnify- note in America can be named who all things without further toil or travail. | tended to become so? The experience from all such shackles as proportion, exist in England, and yet distinguished volves political extinction. distance, and shade. The thing which | American proselytes are rare. On the for, and they are wretched failures if public opinion and traditional senti- perhaps in this way: English Church- the immediate parent of numerous dis

> others but has been clamorous for his political or even social influence in the except the abyss of infidelity. nation at large, and can only be re-It spilt the blood of martyrs in other garded as betraying an irreparable weakness of character. To become a Roman Catholic and to remain a thoment for all who will not bow to its rough Englishman are-it cannot be behests. Nevertheless, let it be fully disguised-almost incompatible con-

No one acquainted with English af-Christian manhood recognizes one and fairs will question the soundness of this only one Example, Bishop, and Mas- deliverance. Roman Catholics themselves can only say, "true-'tis pity; pity 'tis, 'tis true." The question there "Temperance Department," and hoped -How is it in the face of this stub- would supply intelligence, give facts, or The "dull season" just closed was of Bute, with his immense wealth and influential members of churches to injure that cause which justly spirit of zeal was manifest in preaching somewhat enlivened by the Marquis of went over. Somewhat later Lord take the subject seriously in hand but claims the support of every good Ripon's conversion, or, as it is phrased Robert Montagu, brother of the Duke little progress will be made by temper- man. Can we doubt ou which side There are people in our day who in England, perversion, to the Romish of Manchester, a Tory statesman of ance organizations; at any rate, the to enlist ourselves? Heart and hand have zeal, but, as Paul said of his taith. In Roman Catholic circles, and some mark and of mature years, pro- good cause deserves, and ought to let us all unite, and though but a litcountrymen, it is "not according to in their newspapers, the event excited fessed himself a Roman Catholic. For have, the cordial support of every good the band, like Gideon's, we may exknowledge." A man of this class may considerable jubilation. It was an some months past the air has been full man. I have lately been looking over pect that the blessing of Ilim, whose be easily known. He may have some nounced that the Pope looked upon it of rumors that another great prize had the volumes of the "Baptist Mission- we are and whom we serve will yet talent but he has no tact. He can as a special mercy compensating him been captured, and speculation was ary Magazine of Nova Scotia and enable us to praise Him, that not by clearly see a desirable cud and he for much of the affliction he had en- rife concerning the name. But New Brunswick," published between might, nor by power, but by his scruples very little as to the means he dured, and was still enduring at the amongst the names mentioned in the the years 1827 and 1835-and seve- Spirit, this evil, in itself a host, is uses to reach it. If a thing is admitted hands of his untoward Italian children. papers Lord Ripon's did not appear. ral of the "Minutes of the Nova subdued and slain before us." to be right he is impatient of slow pro- That the adhesion to his cause of a That he should become a "vert" was Scotia Baptist Association" during cesses, never dreams of forbearance notable English statesman, possessing a surprise. He has had for a good the same period, and find that the the above extracts may awaken some with any who do not share his convic- besides other qualifications for serving many years a high, if not a foremost subject of Temperance was brought to a sense of their duty and induce tions and is merciless to those who the church, the pre-eminently useful place among liberal statesmen, and more prominently forward than it is them to take this important subject "talent" of sixty thousand pounds a has been in close social and political now, in the Correspondence, "Circular with serious consideration. any truth which the world ought to re- year, should give the aged Pontiff fellowship with the most sturdy repre- letters," and Letters from the churches; comfort is quite natural. Is there any- sentatives of Protestantism and Liber- among many others the Circular letter where a bishop, or pastor, who would alism. Of the process by which he to the churches in the year 1830, conmation. "Speaking the truth in love" not think such a convert a special has become transformed into a Papist tains some excellent advice and sugmercy? The Pope has been saying nothing is yet known. This much gestions, from which I have selected a with the Psalmist " How are they in- alone is certain, his secession from the few passages. want to lead captive "silly women." creased which trouble me!" with par- Freemasons being sufficient proof, that "As the disciples of him who went ticular reference to the rebellious he has submitted absolutely to the about doing good,' we should strive

ardor for extreme opinions soon abated. temperance." the lighter yoke Others, who, like and others." "The use of ardent

Temperance.

TEMPERANCE DEPARTMENT

For the Christian Messenger.

Dear Bro. Selden,-

In a late number of your paper, I was pleased to see a column headed, fore returns with the greater emphasis | that some of your temperance friends born condemnation perversions among write short essays on that important sibility, as churches and as individual the higher rank of English society subject. The remark is often made christians. "Neutrality is impossicontinue? Not long ago the Marquis that until the Church or the pastors ble. We must act either to aid or

will do it at all hazards. So he sends Italians, who not only league with most extreme demands of the Ultra- to 'convince the gainsayers, by always appearing among the zealous a mortar, with a good deal of unpleas-ant friction in the atmosphere, and be-liering to the step may advocates of every enterprise which the Baptists in Poland have in-be found in the fact that in his early is undertaken for the benefit of our creased, in five years from 312 to 1162. lieving if it makes things generally tribute Bibles under the very walls of life Lord Ripon was an enthusiastic fellow-men.' It is our design in The mission field extends over 400 uncomfortable, that everybody will the Vatican. At such a time the ad- Radical, with strong tendencies to so- this annual epistle, to direct your miles.

privilege of learning from himself how | Secessions from the Protestant Lord Ripon, have grown weary through spirits is dangerous. No man who are collossal. There are certain topics | Scarcely a single public man of any obedience to the church will bring them | what drunkard ever existed, who ining glass. When he tries his hand to has been won notwithstanding the ac- So they "hear the clurch," and in the of thousands proves that confidence in give a representation of spiritual truth tivity of the priesthood and their allies. energy of their new hope can brave the their own strength, and in their resohe shows that he has an independence There are no such barriers between disapprobation which may await them, lution to continue a "prudent use" of conception which emancipates him Protestantism and Romanism here as although, as in Lord Ripon's case, it in- led to their destruction. "The prudent man forseeth the evil, and hideth Still, these considerations do not ex- himself, the simple pass on and are engrosses him every one else should be other hand the number of "verts," as plain the fact that Rome gains dis- punished." But the use of ardent occupied with. It is what the world they are called, in the upper circles of tinguished converts only in England. spirits is hurtful, though the habit of was made for and the church redeemed | British society is considerable, although | How can it be explained? Mainly drunkenness be not contracted. It is his ideas are not realized. Every text ment so strictly object to the change, men, adherents of the Establishment, eases, and pre-disposes the body to of Scripture has a bearing on his fa- A striking instance of the force of this are trained from their youth to contemn many more. It also injures the mental vorite theme, and every description of feeling is seen in the fact that scarcely and disparage Protestant Dissenters. faculties, paralyses the power of conevil character he applies to those who a single Roman Catholic sits in parlia- It is therefore between the English science, and hardens the heart .do not assent in all things to his utter- ment as representative of an English Establishment and the Church of Rome | That it is requisite to health in any ances. Such a man, of course, has a or Scotch constituency. Ireland alone, that a churchman must choose if ever way, is quite inadmissable; since it is following; he dragoons weaker natures | with rare exceptions, sends Romanists | his mind is aroused to ask " Which is | really detrimental both to physical and and they submissively do the special to Westminster. Perhaps a still more the Church of Christ?" He is practi- moral energy." "But we come now work he assigns them, while others impressive testimony is found in the cally shut up to this course. If the to mention a reason for observing wonderingly and pityingly inquire comments of the leading journal of teaching of the churches of the Dissen- total abstinence which, should the England, the Times, which says, res- ters be suggested as a source of spirit- former be deemed unsatisfactory, ual enlightenment, prejudice says, ought to determine our conduct in "A statesman who becomes a con- "Can any good thing come out of this matter; we mean, The influence is destitute of courtesy and love is like vert to Roman Catholicism forfeits at Nazareth?" Dissatisfied with the of our example upon others." Every the lightning which blackens and des- once the confidence of the English | church by law established, the Angli- one who uses ardent spirits encour-"I woke upon the grassy slope, beside the troys. It has always treated with people. Such a step involves a com- can enquirer can hardly help going over ages others to do the same; and contempt all rights of conscience in plete abandonment of any claim to to Rome. He can use no alternative though he may be the one of a thousand who may escape destruction yet he may occasion the ruin of many who persist in the practice, strengthened by his example." "If you believe, and but little observation is is necessary to enforce the belief, that the most exposing labor is better sustained by the aid of other beverages and of nutritious diet, let your practice give publicity to your opinion, and shut from your farms and factories, and commerce such as refuse to co operate with you by their example." "Finally, Let us all awake to a sense of our high respon-

With the hope that the reading of

l am, Yours as ever. G. J. C.

Religion is a personal business; and if all the rest of the world were to forsake Christ, it would be our duty to follow him.