12332MULL

RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEW SERIES. Vol XIX., No. 13. Halifax, Nova Scotia, Wednesday, April 1, 1874.

WHOLE SERIES. Vol. XXXVIII., No. 13.

Poetry.

THE CLOCK AND BLUE EYES.

BY RHODA EMORY. "Time, time, time!" The old clock rings out the hour, Wee Blue Eyes rides on her rocking steed, Of babes the pink and the flower.

"Time, time, time!" She sings with note of a bird, While loud the stokes resound from the tow And noontide's echo is heard.

"Time, time, time!" She gaily twitters and trills; Those sober words in her merry tones, Are glad as the laughing tills.

"Time, time, time!" The hour is told, and the child With thoughtful air to her mother turns, Speaks softly in lispings mild.

"Time, time, time!" I hear the great church bell say; That story again, dear mamma, you know, It talks to me every day."

" Time, time, time!" Wee Blue Eyes no mo e will sing; The violet eyes are veiled, and hushed The voice with its joyous ring.

" Time, time, time!" Still sounds from the quaint old tower; For little one safe in the beautiful land, No longer it tells the hour.

OVER AND OVER AGAIN.

Over and over again, No matter which way I turn, I always find in the Book of Life Some lessons I have to learn. I must take my turn at the mill, I must grind out the golden grain, I must work at my task with a resolute will Over and ever again.

We cannot measure the need Of even the tiniest flower, and aw-ol Nor check the flow of the golden sands That run through a single bour. But the morning dew must fall, And the sun and the summer rain Must do their part, and perform it all Over and over ag in.

Over and over again The brook through the meadow flows, And over and over again, The pond rous mill-wheel goes. Once doing will not suffice, Though doing be not in vain; And a blessing failing us once or twice

May come if we try again.

The path that has once been trod Is never so rough to feet; And the lesson we once have learned Is never so hard to repeat; Though sorrowful tears may fall, And the heart to its depth be driven With sto m and tempest, we need them all

Correpsondence.

To render us meet for heaven.

For the Christian Messenger. FROM ROME.

ROME, Feb. 29th, 1874. suppressed Religious Corporations in for 15 days; during which time no less Italy which was sold by auction during than 45 sermons were preached by the month of January amounted to preachers who came from long dis-2,151,645 lire or about \$430,329. tances. They worked on the minds of The total sold from the 26th of Oct., | the inhabitants, and then opened a con-1873, to the end of last month amount- fessional, denying absolution and coned to 449,809,542,62 lire or about demning to the eternal penalties of \$889,961,920. That this great change | the lower depths, all those who had will prove of incalculable benefit to purchased property of the Religious Italy cannot be doubted. The mere Corporations from the government. absorption of property and wealth was They added however, that by one not all the positive evil with which the means only it remained to them to obmonastic institutions were chargeable sain divine pardon and safety for their That, in process of time, would have souls, and this consisted in a formal for the Reformation, Europe would property in favour of the Church, by have become a region of monasteries | signing their names to a deed to that and monks. It is the moral influence | effect in the house of the parish priest which they exerted, that rendered them | which the missionaries were to witness, over their guilt its deepest and darkest | divulged; and this was to be for the the licentiousness and immorality which snares, went to the parish priest's prevailed during his time in the mon- house and signed their property away. asteries of Italy, and exposed the scan- The Missions finishing, and upon their

ecclesiastics. Contemporary historians also delivered the most disgusting accounts of their intemperance and deing influence of the Reformation, I may state that the reform of the nunneries was the first step that distin-IV., at the close of the sixteenth century. The Reformation, in effecting the overthrow of the monastic system, promoted, in no ordinary degree, the an ignorant peasantry. prosperity of every State in which it exemplified its beneficent operations.

One of our daily papers contains the following interesting facts:-

The clearing out of the arena of the Collosseum has commenced with the removal of the present incumbrances of the cross in the centre, and the chapels | tion was held last week in the Brown of the Via Crusis, that have existed since their erection by Pope Benedict XIV. in 1749. The pulpit from which Graves, pastor of the church, and Prof. the Franciscan friars have held forth every Friday during the last hundred years and more, has been laid low, and the earth has been removed in parts down to the original level of the amphitheatre. The structures diswith those of the arena at Capua, and to resemble the subscenic arrangements of most modern theatres. The chapels which are built of travertine belong to the confraternity of the "lovers of Jesus and Mary;" and Signor Rosa the director of the Government excavations wrote to Cardinal Guidi, the Protector of that society, informing him of the necessary destruction of the Via Crucis, and requesting, if possible, a prompt reply. His intimating the affair to the Holy Father. The results of the excavations, which antiquaries have vainly pleaded for since early in the present century, are expected to be extremely interesting.

A party of English and French visi-

tors led by a French Monseigneur

went to the Colosseum to witness the

removal of the Via Crucis stations. The Mouseigneur addressed them from the step of one of the few Chapels, his remarks being of the most sentimental character. They then proceeded to the shrine of the Crucifix opposite the enthat the workmen were engaged in its removal. Some of the party burst into tears and several times the word profanation was heard. All the nails, fragments of stones, and rubbish were eagerly gathered from the ground. The French people, determined not to lose a chance, restrained their sentimental feelings and sold to each other the crown of thorus and then to their co-religionists until each leaf realized fabulous prices. Some of the party filled their pockets with earth and al went away murmuring profanation ! A letter from Carpignano Sesia in the province of Novadra to the Opi nione, gives information of a course of extraordinary preachings, commonly The real estate belonging to the denominated "missions," which lasted affected the ruin of society, and but renunciation of the afore mentioned pre-eminently infamous, and throwed in order that the affair might not be shade of atrocity. Boccacio, the witty greater benefit of their souls hereafter. and ingenious Italian writer, in his By this maneuvering many were detales severely criticised and satirized ceived, and falling into the priestly

substance again, those foolish persons, heedless of the welfare of their souls that they so far prevailed in fear of bauchery. As evidence of the purify- future punishment, against them, informed the authorities of the circumstances; upon which, the Regia Procura has instituted a process against guished the government of Pope Sixtus | these priestly sharpers. Doubtless justice will make an example of those little reverend ministers whose chief aim is to profit by the superstition of

W. N. COTE.

For the Christian Messenger.

NEW ENGLAND NOTES.

A State Foreign Mission Conven-St. Baptist Church, Providence, R. I. March 11th and 12th. Rev. H. C S. S. Greene alternately presiding at the ressions which were continued morning, afternoon, and evening. Essays and addresses from clergymen and laymen from various parts of the state made up the order of exercises. Dr closed are said to correspond exactly N. M. Williams from Wickford read an able paper on "Foreign Mission Effort in the Apostolic Age." Rev. C. C. Burrows, of Newport, recounted the story of American Baptist Foreign Missions, presenting the remarkable facts of their commencement in India by the conversion of Judson and Rice to Baptist principles. These two young men cut off by conscience from the support of the Congregational Board, stretched out their hands over the wide ocean to clasp those of the Eminence replied with a courteous note | Baptists in America, and received the warm grasp of their brethren in the Lord. God thus by his Providence said to our denomination, Go work in this far-off vineyard.

This paper was followed by a letter from the Rev. Dr. Benedict, of Pantucket, the venerable historian of the Baptists, now in his 95th year. Unable to be present himself, Mr. Graves read the interesting reminiscences written by this aged minister, who still retains his mental faculties unimpaired. was a classmate of Judson, in Brown University, though at that time Judson was not religious, and their trance of the Amphitheutre, and found | Christian friendship did not spring up till years afterwards. Among the pleasant incidents Dr. B. related was pastor of the First Baptist Church, Providence, going with their own horse and chaise, to save expense, to Philadelphia, for the purpose of attending Denomination.

> Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Bixby gave an earnest address on "Mission Work the chief design of the Christian Church." Mr. Bixby formerly a missionary, unable on account of his health, to live in the East is actively engaged in building up a mission church in the skirts of Providence, and in promoting the cause of foreign mis-

sions at home. The remainder of the session was given to the ladies for a meeting of the Rhode Island Branch of their Women's Missionary Society, conducted by Miss Durfee, State Sec'y. The lecture room was quite fi-led with ladies interested in this good work. The meeting was addressed by Mrs. Appleton on Woman's Work for Missions; by Mrs. Thomas, widow of our Missionary Thomas, who will return next autumn to Burmah. Her only son is now in Brown University, preparing for his life work in his native country, Burmah. He is a young man of much promise, and still retains a knowledge of the Karen tongue. Ah-bo-rah, a native Karen is his classmate and together they hope to return to that country, after finishing their studies here, and at Newton.

Extracts of a letter from Mrs. Arthur of the Japan Mission, were read by her sister, Mrs. Lyon, giving first impressions of the country and some details nuns, and other orders of the Papal with the fear of losing their present are set" was also read in this connec- hoped that now, when the opportunity will not be much better to send them

address by Mrs. Alvah Hovey, of Newton, Corresponding Secretary, of the Society, the meeting concluded its exercises with singing and prayer.

Thursday afternoon. " A Missionary Literature for our Sunday Schools," was the subject of an essay by the Rev. T. M. Butler, of Hopkinton, which was followed by remarks on the provided the whole sum asked shall be theme by Superintendants Lyon, of made up. This proposition shows that Brown Street, and Boyce, of the Cen- the movement of the Committee is in tral Baptist churches. The speakers the right direction. It ought not to pointed out the facts that Sunday be difficult to raise the balance, and School Libraries were almost barren of Teven more. interesting books such as children will read, on Missions and subjects connected with the work in for ign lands. | quite serious, and no debt should be in-The question was raised whether a Monthly Paper for children illustrating | The proposed changes cannot be made and simplifying this kind of informa- until the present academical year closes, tion, might not be needed.

the "Relation of Missions to the Millennium," which was listened to with earnest attention, and followed by remarks by Rev. Mr. Tingley.

On Thursday evening the closing exercises of the Convention were held in the audience room, and Rev. President Robinson, of Brown University, perience. All who are interested in the favoured his many brethren with his object can just as well enclose their views on the " Needs of young men in preparing for Mission Work." would be glad to give a short sketch of this able and interesting discourse, but this letter would be too long. Dr. Gardner of the Missionary Union followed in an earnest appeal for renewed | they will be needed. Let it be rememexertions in prayer and effort.

We noticed the Rev. Mr. McKenzie formerly of St. John, N. B. now of the Mission Rooms in Boston, in some of meetings. He has many friends in Providence, this being his field of labor before going to New Brunswick.

Educational Record.

OUR ACADEMY.

The managers of Horton Academy are exerting themselves to make it in all respects what it should be. They find many hindrances in the way, and the process of working out their ideal is slower than they could wish. But they persevere while they see any improvement. About two years ago, in answer to a general demand, the school that of himself and the Rev. Dr. Ganow was opened for the admission of young women. The experiment has been continued in unfavorable circumstances, but it has become clear that a large patronage from this class would seek the First Missionary organization of the | the school, if suitable provision could be made for it.

The Executive Committee have

decided that the time has come when some changes must be made, in order to give better accommodations to the Female Department and improve the condition of the Academy as a whole. It would awaken much pleasure, if they were able to transfer it to new buildings properly fitted up for it. This would require at least \$25,000, and they fear that that amount of money \$12,00.

tion. After an earnest and elequent is presented, they will prove that they have been sincere.

While the writer has been preparing this statement, a communication has been received by him to the effect that two gentlemen, whose names are for the present withheld, will pledge themselves for two hundred and fifty dollars each for the changes here proposed,

The responsibility of meeting the ordinary expenses of the Academy is curred for this extraordinary outlay. but attention is thus early called to the Rev. H. C. Graves read a paper on subject, that the money may be all subscribed, and the larger part or the whole of it paid, before the Anniversaries at Horton. The work can then be done in the vacation, and all be in readiness for the next year.

To employ an agent to raise this money will involve an undesirable exdonations, whether the sum be one dollar or a hundred, to the writer, or to the Treasurer, A. DeW. Barss, M. D., and all sums thus received will be safely deposited, subject to the order of the Treasurer, till the time comes when bered that the Committee mean not to incur debt for these repairs, and they must know by the middle of June what funds they will have at their command. If any prefer to send their names with pledges for particular sums to be paid at some future date, such will be thankfully received.

For twenty-five years the Academy has quietly done its work, depending on its own resources and making no appeal for pecuniary aid. It presents to the public now a very modest request, let it receive sympathy and prompt

In behalf of the Executive Committee of Horton Academy. A. W. SAWYER. Wolfville March, 21, 1874.

In a late number of the Dalhousie Gazette, it was stated that the appropriation of public money to Acadia College is \$1400 a year. When the editor of the paper was requested to correct the mistake, he justified the first assertion on the ground that Horton Academy "is virtually a part of Acadia College." It is virtually a part of the college in the same sense in which Pictou Academy is part of Dalhousie College. And with the same degree if fairness it may be said that Dalhousie receives an annual grant of \$2000, besides the monopoly of valuable real estate and the income of large invested funds which were unjustly turned over to the control of that close corporation.

-In May 1871 the Missionary could not now be found for this pur- Union, at Chicago, voted to establish pose. But if the money could be ob- a College for the Karens and to endow tained, it would require two or three the same that year with \$100,000 years to accomplish the work; and the But it is easier to get a magnificent school must go on in the mean time. scheme before a popular assembly and It is wise, therefore, to attempt such secure their approval of it, than to find repairs and improvements as are need- individuals of the assembly who, after ed in order to meet present demands. voting for the measure, will do any-The Committee wish now to change thing towards carrying it out. The some of the divisions of the Boarding | endowment is not yet made up, and an House, that more room may be given appeal has gone forth to benevolent to young ladies; to clean and paint the Baptists of the United States to com-Building throughout; to repair the plete the work. It is now estimated drains and the basement; to enlarge and | that \$240,000 will be needed for this remodel the recitation-rooms in the College, as it will require an annual Academy; and procure some new set- income of more than \$10,000. The tees for the large Hall. It is estimated Missionary Union is, also, expected to that to do all this will require at least have under its control Colleges and Theological Seminaries in Sweden and The regular income of the Academy | Germany, among the Telogoos and barely meets the ordinary expenses; Burmans. These will require large and the Committee are evidently under sums of money, but the cause demands the necessity of appealing to benevolent the expenditure. Education of itself individuals to furnish the means for has no regenerating power. But it these changes. Many have expressed cannot be right to send converts from of the work there. Mrs. Arthur's sympathy with the attempt to enlarge teathenism back to schools pervaded dalous lives and vices of the monks, realising what they had done, together Missionary Hymn beginning, "The sails the Female Department, and it is by the influences of idolatry, and it

18.

ers, s, and their they

s exre. and

d, and . 27.

Cough ng nud tiers a r Com-Balsam

aggists.

RE, Etc. manupecially

ment of RGAN, ninating

on St. RIALS,

n hand

TES

h Ameri-Henry F. taken in he Provin-

of tuning,

struments

NGER Termsid in acver three ths \$2.50. ninion of the above, of postage.

prietor. LE STREET, Pamph-

Blank ason-

on hand.