

tained, and generally conveyed from place to place free of charge, thus rendering the collections wholly available for the funds of the Institution. The Directors confidently anticipate for the present Deputation the same generous and hospitable reception, and would respectfully commend them to the prayers, and sympathy, and characteristic liberality of the Christian community.

I am, yours respectfully,
J. SCOTT HUTTON,
(Principal of the Institution.)

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New Meeting-House at Sherwood.

On the 29th ult., a new house was opened for the worship of God. Rev. D. McLean preached at 10.30, A. M., from John iv. 23, and Rev. I. J. Skinner at 2.30, P. M., from Heb. xiii. 15. A Sabbath School was organized at half-past one. Bro. Bishop, Lic., was present and took part in the services. The house was well filled and the services were very interesting throughout.

The above mentioned house has been built within the last three months on Windsor Road, at the mouth of the road leading to the settlement known as Sherwood settlement, about thirteen miles from Chester. The people are greatly indebted to Bro. A. P. Shand, of Windsor, and other friends, who furnished much of the material and aided them in various ways to bring on the work. Bro. S. also furnished the Sabbath School with Bibles and Testaments and library books. The house is a neat little structure about 17x27 feet, seating about one hundred, and is to be used for a place of worship and a school house as well. I had almost forgotten to mention that the interest of the day was greatly enhanced by the presence of the organ brought from Waterville by Bro. Shand at which he himself presided. The people here have hitherto been deprived of both religious and educational advantages except occasionally and at a great sacrifice. May it be the dawn of better days for them is the prayer of

Yours, &c.,
I. J. SKINNER.

Chester, Aug. 4, 1877.

DOMINION & FOREIGN NEWS.

DOMINION OF CANADA.—Comparative statement of Returns from Dominion offices for the months ending July 30, 1876 and 1877.

Table with 3 columns: Item, 1876, 1877. Rows include Customs, Savings Bank Dep., Inland Revenue, etc.

AT OTTAWA: St. Patrick's Hall was set on fire by incendiaries early on Friday morning. Two valuable banners were destroyed.

Several cases of sunstroke occurred in Montreal, one case resulting fatally. A number of Protestant Indians have been committed for trial on the charge of firing the Oka church.

The Montreal Harbor masters shew a decrease of the revenue up to the 31st of July of \$15,982 as compared with last year—a great proportion of which had arisen from a reduction of the export trade.

At the Hackett inquest on Thursday last several witnesses testified, implicating Sheehan directly in the shooting of Hackett.

The Customs department has decided that hominy imported from the United States is liable to 17 1/2 per cent. duty.

On Saturday evening a fire broke out in the poor house on the Industrial Farm, County of Norfolk, near Simcoe. Notwithstanding the exertions of the people present seventeen human beings were burned to death and four men were badly burned. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Lord Dufferin arrived at Manitoba on Monday and was to reach Winnipeg last night.

At the French Typographical picnic at Isle Ste. Helene, on Monday, the winner in type setting competition was one Sigouin, who set fifteen hundred and forty ems in an hour.

A fire on Sunday night destroyed the main portion of St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. The loss is about \$10,000.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—The Local Legislature will meet on Tuesday 28th inst., in special session, for a few days, the object being to pass certain bills that the City Council of St. John have in preparation regarding street improvements, restriction of wooden buildings, &c.

UNITED STATES.—The despatches from New York, on Friday, said the mobs were in possession of everything in Kingston, Plymouth and Manticoke.

Lehigh Valley commenced running trains, which were mobbed and stopped at Wilkesbarre, where a riot was threatened. The whole country being in possession of rioters, mine pumps were stopped at Scranton; the mob being in possession of most of the city, several hundred workmen had been driven from the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway shops and from Iron Companies furnaces, and assaulted and wounded. Twenty-four rioters were killed.

Two thousand troops are on the way to Luzerne county. Moosic hotel, 4 miles from Scranton, was burned by strikers.

Twenty-five hundred miners near Wilkesbarre, Pa., are demanding 25 per cent. advance of wages, or they threaten to stop the pumps.

Near Keyser, Va., the train conveying soldiers was derailed, and Sergeant Morbally and several others were severely wounded.

At the Lucy Furnace Company's Works, on Friday, seven men were engaged in lining the furnace and working on a scaffold supported by ropes. These took fire from the furnace and the scaffold fell, precipitating the men into the furnace. Two were taken out dead and the other five are not expected to recover.

There is no particular change on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad. Lawlessness prevails which the military must quell.

A Kingston despatch says the only way to get trains through is with military guard. The tracks are obstructed and the wires cut at night.

At Scranton the feeling is very bitter and no resumption of work is possible for some days.

Eight or ten girls perished at a Cincinnati fire on Thursday last. It originated in a cellar and an attempt was made to extinguish it without the aid of the fire department, when it attained such headway that the employees were obliged to escape from the roof, in which some succeeded.

The English steamer John Brampall was at New Haven last week taking in ammunition from Winchester armory for the Turks, and will carry away 1350 tons.

A father and four children in Clark County, Mo., were murdered on Thursday night to obtain seven hundred dollars. There were no arrests.

At Harrisburg, Pa., 35 rioters held for trial and 30 striking employees discharged at Reading. 37 rioters jailed.

From Hartford, Connecticut, we learn that insurance adjusters have completed the settlement of losses by the St. John fire. The total amount in round numbers to be paid is \$6,736,000. Of this the English companies will pay \$4,822,000; Canada companies, \$1,469,000; American companies, \$445,000 adding \$125,000 re-insurance by the Queen and London and Liverpool and Globe companies. Total amount to be paid is \$6,961,000.

The Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad have passed a vote of thanks to the Mayor of Pennsylvania, and also to its loyal men.

All except night trains are running on the Valley road, and freight trains come and go with regularity.

The Lehigh and Susquehanna Co. will not attempt to open their road for several days.

ENGLAND.—On Friday in the House of Commons the South Africa Bill was read a third time. Obstruction seems stamped out. On the 1st inst. there was an extraordinary sitting. The struggle lasted throughout the night, and led to numerous scenes and incidents. About noon the obstructionists discontinued active opposition, and at 2 o'clock, p. m., the Bill was completed in the Committee amidst thunders of cheers several times repeated. The scene throughout was animated and sometimes stormy. Within recent history there has been no parallel to the sitting.

It is stated that General Sir Collingwood Dickson is to inspect the fortifications at Gallipoli.

A cable despatch says a new International Roman Catholic League has been formed, with the object of restoring Papal temporal power by force, if necessary, and all bishops, priests, and Catholic organizations throughout the world are commanded to work in harmony to that end. Catholic Newspapers are to be established in all the principal cities, and all "calumnies" of opposition papers are to be met by prosecution.

The News states that the Channel Squadron is ordered to Vigo, but whether it will proceed to the Mediterranean or to return home after a cruise, will depend upon instructions which are to await its arrival in Spain.

Minister Layard telegraphs to Lord Derby, under date of July 24th, that the Sultan has sent him a message entreating the Queen to use her influence with the Czar to stop the shocking cruelties committed by the Russian troops. Men, women and children are outraged and murdered in a horrible manner. The Sultan can scarcely believe the Czar wishes the war to become a war of extermination and a war of brigands. The Sultan's aide-de-camp gave Minister Layard an account of the revolting atrocities he witnessed, and which Mr. Layard says are in a great measure confirmed by advices from consuls and other sources. Mr. Layard transmitted July 18th several consular reports of outrages and massacres by Bulgarians, and says

there is truth in them, although they may be exaggerated.

Wallachians and Bulgarians accompany the Russian army in bands, calling themselves avengers.

Reuter's telegram from Bucharest says that Colonel Wellesley has addressed a report to the British Government categorically denying the cruelties with which the Russians are charged.

A Convention between England and Egypt for the suppression of the slave trade has been signed.

GREECE.—King George has presented a memorandum on the military position of the country to the Minister of War. The King is of opinion that both the land and the sea forces should be placed in a state of readiness, and measures taken to defend the frontier of Epirus and Thessaly; those provinces being infested by brigands.

An Athens despatch to the Times says that 16,000 rifles have arrived from Austria. War is considered probable.

AUSTRIA.—On the 30th it was decided to mobilize all her army, and abandon passive attitude for one of armed neutrality.

SPAIN.—The Standard's despatch from Madrid announces that arrangements have been made with the promoters of each Cuban loan for an advance of \$26,000,000, for expenses of the next campaign; the advance will be guaranteed by Colonial Customs.

ITALY.—A Rome despatch says Italy is more concerned in what is going on in Western Europe than in the Eastern difficulty; she has a joint interest with Germany in the result of approaching French elections. Italy will follow Germany on the Eastern question.

TURKEY.—A Constantinople despatch states that great numbers of European residents are leaving that city; the steamer from Trieste on Friday took 252 passengers.

Mehemet Ali's vanguard is said to be within twenty miles of Tirnova, his main army numbering sixty thousand.

The Turkish corps is reported to have been defeated with a loss of 30 guns, 10 standards and 5000 prisoners.

Later official despatches confirm the foregoing, and the number of Turkish prisoners is now given at 8000.

Hobart Pasha commands the entire Black Sea forces, consisting of 20 men-of-war and transports.

Twenty-five battalions of regular troops have been ordered from Batoum to Varna.

Ahmed Eyroub Pasha is stated to have been completely routed.

The Russians met with a severe defeat on Thursday last near Plevna a moderate estimate is given that they lost five thousand men.

An Imperial decree reduces the salaries of all Government officials 50 per cent. until the end of the war.

It is not thought the Bulgarians are of much advantage to the Russians in or out of the army, they are so afraid of the Turks. At Sistova the panic was so great that mothers threw their children into the Danube, to save them from the Turks, and the bridge was crowded with wounded Russians bound to Gimniza.

When the Russian headquarters were removed from Tinova to Bjela, the people were horror-stricken at being left to be massacred by the Turks.

RUSSIA.—A despatch from Suakum Klaeh, dated August 2nd, says:—"A Turkish frigate the 'Waumandich,' bombarded the Russian batteries at Tichamchiera on the 30th ult., silencing every Russian gun. The 'Waumandich' was considerably damaged and several of the crew killed and wounded.

Near Tchanchina were six thousand Turks in a critical position, owing to an advance of the Russian army. Hobart Pasha embarked the entire force safely on the 1st inst., under cover of the guns of the fleet. This completes the withdrawal of the Turkish military expedition to the Caucasus.

It is reported that Mehemet Ali is attacking Russians near Belgrade, and is meeting with success. Russians lost 5 guns at Eski Saghra. It is stated that the Russians have been defeated in several encounters, but do not allow reverses mentioned. The Czar is overwhelmed with grief at the defeat.

Three hundred half-starved and naked Bulgarians arrived at Kustendji, many horribly wounded, having marched three days without food to escape further cruelty of the Circassians.

It was said on Saturday that disillusion prevail between the Czar and the Grand Duke Nicholas, and since Plevna the Czar says he wished himself back at St. Petersburg.

Local News.

Mr. John Forbes, Manager of the Starr Manufacturing Company's works, has received a Dominion patent for an electrical apparatus to indicate the over-strain or weakness in roofs, bridges, or other structures.

A coat, pair of pants, hat and a pair of shoes were found on the shore at Point Pleasant on Thursday last, and taken to the Police Station. It is feared the owner was drowned while bathing.

Within the past week the family of Mr. W. B. Spencer, grocer—was visited by diphtheria and four children carried off.

The Admiral's Ship "Bellerophon" sailed for St. John's, Newfoundland, on Wednesday last. While she was getting under weigh a midshipman named Williams, who was aloft, got his hand caught in a block and had three fingers taken off. He was landed and sent to the Naval Hospital.

The annual competition of the Provincial Rifle Association will begin at the Bedford Range on Tuesday, the 21st inst.

THE HALIFAX HIGH SCHOOL is being organized. The competitive examination for admission thereto is to be conducted by Dr. Curren and Rev. G. B. Dodwell. The following resolution has been adopted by the School Board:

"Resolved, That at the examination to be held for free places in the English division of the High School no candidate shall be passed by the examiners unless he shall have obtained an average of sixty-five per cent. on the whole examination, and not less than fifty per cent. on any paper."

On Friday night last the residence of Mr. B. W. Chipman, at the head of the N. W. Arm, was entered by thieves, who cleaned out all the estates they could find, and took away a quantity of wearing apparel. There is no clue to the robbers.

SPURIOUS MONEY.—We are having a new experience in finding out that counterfeiters have been at work. It appears from the account in the Chronicle that a merchant in Truro, Mr. J. W. Keller, received a \$10 bill purporting to have been issued by the Ottawa branch of the Bank of B. N. A. Having heard that counterfeiters were in circulation he sent the bill to the Truro agency of the bank. The agent sent it to Mr. Penfold, at the Halifax branch, who discovered it to be a very cleverly executed counterfeit. The matter was reported to the Local Government, who obtained the services of Police Sergt. Power and placed the case in his hands. Power went to Truro to make inquiries. He found that a young woman named Annie Cuttle had offered a \$10 bill to a storekeeper in payment for some goods. The storekeeper detected it to be one of the counterfeiters and told her it was so. She left the shop and went to Mr. Blanchard's shop a short distance away and there succeeded in passing the note, though she had been told it was a counterfeit. She also succeeded in passing a \$4 bill in Mr. C. H. Blair's shop. Sergt. Power procured a warrant and went to Miss Cuttle's residence, at Ingonish, about 10 miles from Truro. He had her arrested and brought to Truro. She was taken before Mr. George Campbell, J. P., and, after examination, committed for trial at the next term of the Supreme Court. She was defended by Mr. McNutt. She does not deny having passed the notes but, says she did not know that they were counterfeit. She was admitted to bail.

Sergt. Power next proceeded to trace other bills home to the one who hid uttered them and found that a young man who had recently arrived from United States, and has been keeping company with Miss Cuttle, had circulated a large amount, probably as much as \$1000, as good money, and had sold a large amount to different parties as counterfeits, at reduced prices. He was in Truro the day the girl passed the two notes. (Thursday) but learning that they were suspected he left by train for the United States. He is known to have had a large amount of the bogus money with him. Therefore parties had better look out for the bills. They are photographs of \$10 bills on the Ottawa branch of the B. N. A., regularly signed and numbered 16252, and \$4 bills of the St. John, N. B., branch of the same bank numbered 74981. So cleverly executed are they that but for the number detection would be very difficult. Sergt. Power succeeded in recovering a large amount of the bogus money, and warned the Truro people so that the circulation of it there was stopped. Large amounts had also been circulated at the Acadia Iron mines and other villages in the vicinity.

POLITICAL.—We learn from the morning papers that Mr. J. J. McKinnon, M. P. P., for Antigonish has resigned his seat. There must, therefore, soon be an election for a representative of that county. There will probably be a strong contest for the seat.

KENTVILLE had quite a new sensation on the 30th in the laying of the corner stone of the New Exhibition Building. This brought together a large concourse. Suitable addresses were made Mr. C. F. Eaton, President of the Exhibition Committee, and by Dr. C. C. Hamilton, who, referring to the progress of Nova Scotia in agricultural pursuits, showed some gold and silver medals awarded to this Province in different exhibitions of the world. The stone was formally laid by Mr. Eaton, after which Rev. Mr. Kemp-ton offered prayer. A Brass Band from Halifax was present, and performed at intervals, concluding with the National Anthem.

Poor Ben Christmas seems to have lost all power of resisting temptations to drink. He was sent to Rockhead for 90 days one day last week. The parties who supply him with drink should have the law put in force against them—which provides a heavy penalty for supplying intoxicating drink to an Indian.

HER MAJESTY the Queen has been pleased to send Mrs. Jane McCulloch, widow, of Bear River, and daughter of the late Lieut. James Anderton, who served in the regiment under command of His late Royal Highness, the Duke of Kent, her father, at Halifax, the sum of £20 sterling, to relieve the pecuniary demands of her requirements in her old age.—Digby Courier.

A woman and her husband, John Barclay, were on Saturday fined \$60 for selling liquor without a license.

The Military Band in the Public Gardens is being enjoyed by large numbers of citizens and visitors.

The Canadian Press Association are making a tour through the Eastern provinces. They arrived at Summerside, P. E. I., on Friday, Charlottetown on Saturday, Pictou on Monday morning, and to Halifax same evening, and were to leave this morning. The following is a list of the names and the journals they represent:—

- C. D. Barr, Lindsay Post, President of the Association;
W. R. Clime, (Sec'y and Treas.) and wife, Bowmansville Statesman;
James Innis and wife, Guelph Mercury;
F. S. Gissing, Woodstock Review;
H. Hough, Cobourg World;
E. Jackson and wife, Newmarket Era;
G. R. Patullo, Woodstock Sentinel;
George Wilson and wife, Port Hope Guide;
A. J. Matheson, Perth Expositor;
W. A. Scott, Pictou New Nation;
J. W. Bengough, Toronto Grip;
P. H. Bryce, Toronto Journal of Education;
P. S. Carman, Belleville Daily Ontario;
W. T. Sawie, Caledonia Sachem;
W. K. Atkinson, Ailsa Craig Advertiser;
D. Wylie, Brockville Recorder;
J. B. Traves and wife, Port Hope Times;
J. C. Jamieson, Belleville Intelligencer;
J. Massie, Jr., and wife, Cowansville Observer;
J. J. Bell, Peterboro' Review;
Peter X. W. Moyer, St. Catharines Daily News and Toronto Mail;
John Cameron, London Advertiser, wife and her sister;
W. C. Milner, Sackville, N. B., Post.

The famous American schooner yacht America, Capt. Ried, owned by General B. F. Butler, who is on board, arrived at this port on Monday evening from Boston via, Mount Desert. Me., making the passage in 30 hours from the latter port.

DARTMOUTH is being a little relieved of its former high taxation. In 1875 the rates were \$1.00 per \$100 assessment; in 1876 it was 90 cents, and this year it is to be 85 cents. The Council have decided that cows shall not herd on the streets, but may do so on the common. A poll-tax of \$2.00 per annum is to be levied on all males between 16 and 60 years of age not otherwise taxed.

The Dartmouth Fund for Relief of St. John amounted on Monday last to \$2562.46.

The Rev. J. B. Richardson, M. A., formerly Rector of Dartmouth, has received preferment in the Diocese of Huron. The Bishop has appointed him to the Rectorship of the "Cronyn Memorial Church," London, Ont. Mr. Richardson removes from Hamilton to enter upon his new charge on the first of September.

LUNenburg is hopeful. The line of the railway is being defined and work will soon be plentiful upon it. It is expected that it will be ready for the locomotive by next spring. The fish trap at Lunenburg has taken upwards of 700 barrels of herring in about a month.

MONTREAL, March 1, 1877.

MESSRS. T. GRAHAM & SON.

I had for several years been subject to severe attacks of Inflammatory Rheumatism, from which I would suffer the most intense pain from four to eight weeks, although under the best treatment I could procure. About six weeks ago I had another attack coming on with its usual severity, when a customer recommended the use of your Pain Eradicator, which he had proven himself and found in a great many cases to be an effectual cure. I gave it a trial and its results exceeded my expectation, it soon relieved the pain, reduced the swelling, and I was able to attend to my business as usual in three days, and have been completely cured by less than two 25 cent bottles.

For some years I had suffered with pain and swelling around the instep and ankle of one foot, the result of a bad sprain, this was also in a short time cured by it. It has been used in my family for Neuralgia and other forms of pain with similar success.

The result of its use in my case has induced many others to try it, and all that use it are well pleased with it, and like myself are determined to keep it always in our houses.

N. R. ALLEN,
Dealer in Groceries and Provisions,
634 St. Joseph Street.
May 30, 1877.

SEND 25c to G. P. ROWELL & CO. New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. March 8. 1yr

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. March 8. 1yr