# The Chrisfiam 3tlessemnge． 

## A RELIGIOUS AND GENERAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

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## Halifax，Nova Scotia，Wednesday；August 1， 1877.



## 野暗梠

## Dream and Reality．

Children have their dreams，and when Tell each other that
Tell each other whet they mean to do
Where a men they are grown．litle brooklet，rippling，ran
Through the meadow grass one sunny
Sat a boymern gairl，piecing out the plan
Each would see fullilied，as woman and as man．s．
＂The thing I mean to do，＂he said，＂is Tve had it in in my mind for many and III go many a year．
ship $;$ you know；；be captain of a And take you with me，maybe，upon How would you like
Where youpan，could buy those ivory things，
and a carved fan ？＂
China and Japan are so far off，you
know， don＇t beliere＂，the girl said，＂that I
would like to go． Would like to go．
choose to be a lady，and have a house in town，
a velver goom，
When you come back fiom
and all this is mine，
I＇ll ask k you ind to dinnert－w
Years and ye
sat a woman poorly－clad，with a sad pale
by face．
By man
man
But his sthip has never sailed to China
Each one to the other told how thei
Real things had bo difforenght
ish thought．
One had had to struggle hard for daily
Many arearrow she had borne，and bit
And the one whose boyish mind upon
Had not taken，in any ship his trial trip
Only in his dreams，sometimes，he heard
But his busy dayes beat：were spent in a city
＂God knew best＂the man said，＂what
es，his holy will be done，＂she an swered patiently．
ury and ease，long years in lux
And you had satisfied your heart with
sailing on the seas，
We might have missed the peace of God
Nor had the grace when grief came，to
say His will be done．＂
Where the brooklet，laughing，ran o
Where the brooklet，laughing，ran on
its merry way，
Man and woman sat content，that sunny summer day

## Gutrestrantinte．

To the Mediterranean and Back
Upon London Bridge wers stand amid throngs of people and countless
numbers of vehicles，ever coming and numbers of vehicles，ever coming and
going．The tramp of horses，the is here commingled．Farther up the Thames there is a succession of similar and carriages，or passing trains．Along
its left bank extends the Thames Embankment，a road 100 feet wide，
with front of solid granite，built above with front of solid granite，built above
its muddy edge．Lying around are
gloomy but substantial buildings，and gloomy but substantial buildings，and
the interminable streets of London．
A short distance from the Bridge， a shont distance from the Bridge，
upon the north bank of the Thames， e the ancient walls of the

TOWER OF LONDON．
White Tower built by William the Conqueror．The ordnance，chapel，new
barricks，and other buildings of modern date are grouped near this．An inner
modd an ouer lione of oritioction sur：
 anded molted gatemaf．Around and
 guides in curious uniform，are allowed
to enter the square through the to enter the square through the huge
gates beneath the threatening porti－ cullis，and risit the various towers．$O$
these the following may be The Bloody Tower，where traditio says the two sons of Edward IV．wer smothered；Beauchamp Tower，the inscriptions upon whose cells tell of long weary years，dragged out by illus－
trious captives immured within its trious captives－immured within its
walls；the／White Tower with walls；the White Tower with its
armories，－the Horse Armory in armories，－the Horse Armory in
which are exhibited armors of leather， chain－mail，and plate．éfuestrian figures， maces and axes，ispears and daggers，
swords and scabbards，cross－bows and swords and scabbards，cross－bows and guns，shields and helmets，emblems and military trophies；and Queen Eliza－ beth＇s Armory with its instruments of
lorture，asthethumb－screw，heading block and axé and the scaven， an iron frame with places for the head，the wrists and the ankles；and lastly，the Jewel Tower，where the Crown Jewels are seen enclosed in an iron cage．These comprise the Queen＇s Crown and the Crown of the Prince o Wales；the Royal Sceptre，the Rod o
Equity，the Swords of Justice and of Mercy，all of cold and used at the coronation of the Sovereigns；and such a display of gems，rubies，emeralds， pearls，diamonds，and golden vessels， as might excite the envy of the grea princes of India．Leaving this tower we cross the Green over which have passed many brilliant pageants closely
followed by glopmy processsions to the scaffold and block，seenes alike o joyous festivities and gloomy deaths， Thes we pass out over the drawbridge that connects tower and fort，palace and prison，with the outer world，and
once again move among the hurrying throng that press alopig the crowded to are paul＇s cathedral

On the site of this noble edifice the first Cathedral of St．Paul＇s wa erected，and in 1961 it was destroyed by fire．The year following it was
rebuilt；but was again burned in the rebuilt；but was again burned in the
great conflagration of 1666 ．There pon arose，during the reign of Charle I．the steps of granite and wails of tured pediment，finely constructed dom and lofty spire of the present gran Cathedral－the design and workman ship of Sir Christopher Wren．We
enter its spacious interior and wande through the nave and transepts to be Johnson，John Howard，and the his torian Hallam．Descend into the painters，Reynolds，West，Turner，an Landseer．Pass on to a lower vault which contains the remains of Nelson
and of the Duke of Wellington，in their respective sarcophagus＇．Near is seep a funeral car，cast from gun taken by the Iron Duke in his vari－
ous conflicts，which conveyed his bod to its last resting place．Then ascen pering gallery，so constructed that the least whisper is distinctly heard from opposite sides， 140 feet apart，and to
the geometrical staircase，with its 90 stone steps which has no visible support
from the bottom to the top．Farther up to the bell tower，from that to the clock tower．In this a huge clock wit two faces，twenty feet in diameter，an hands in proportion，telling the time o day to the passers by on the street below．Then by long winding stain the dome，and yet higher to the golden gad magnificent views of the great me－ tropolis．From here－if one has not
had enough of climbing－still farther up to the ball， 530 feet above the pave－
ment of the street，where you will be glad to rest preparatory to the long
descent．

At Ludgate Hill we descend into the of cars laden with passengers are con stantly passing as they fly through dark ness beneath this great city．Emerg－ oftentimes over the roofs of houses， from the busy marts of town，past the
fine residences of the suburbs， country，and within an hoor arrive Sydenhan，In this town is the Crystal Palace，designed in 1852 by Sir Wil－ liam Paxton．This wonderful structure
with its roof of glass and columns of iron，is a marvel of lightness，strength and beauty．In its yarious courts w which have marked the progress of cessive ages．The art of Egypt， Greece，and Rome，is exhibited by
casts of all the best statues to be foun in Europe ；their styles of architecture by models of Egyptian temples，the Parthenon of Athens，and Colosseum of Rome．From a Grecian public
square，we pass beneath Roman arches square，we pass beneath Roman arche
into the couts and halls of Alhambra Palace ；the original of which was erected by the Mgors in their chief city，Granada，when they held posses－ sion of Spain，In this Moorish palace is the Hall of Abencerrages，perhaps unsurpassed in the realm of art，in the perfection of its design．From a four－ into a sixteen－sided dome ；the golden pillars changing into graceful arches which overhead blend in a dome of tran－ scendent beauty．Not only ancient but also mediæval art is here reproduced． The chief features in the architecture of this period are exhibited in Byzan－ tine，English，Renngissance，and Italian courts．An exaet representation of a a
Pompeian villa，with its inner，court and surrounding public，and private rooms，as excavated from the lava beds of Mount Yesuyius，excites the admi－
ration of every visitor．The library， ration of every cisitor，The library，
reqdingeroom，orchestra，museums，pic－ ture galleries and industrial courts，are among the other attractions in the Crys－
tal Palace．Intermingled with these are groups of statuary，marble－basins playing fountains and trees from tropi－ cal forests in whose branches are seen The beautiful plumage of foreign birds． The Palace is surrounded by a park to prodace a scene＇of rare loveliness and
It is the Sabbeth
Surgeon must be heard Rev．C．H Spurgeon must be heard．At an early
hour we are in the midst of a throng of people who stand upon the stone steps of the Tabernacle．The doors open and in a very short time this large
church is filled to overflowing．Two talleries with iron railing，run com pletely round the building．Opposite he main entrances are two circula number of boys from Spurgeon＇s Or phanage．On the inner and upper， Sofa，chair，and table，are arranged．A short，stout，middle aged Englishman
walks down the first gallery on to this latform，and the greatest living preach－ r stands before you．With one knee upon the chair his hands resting upon
the railing，he implores Divine aid in prayer．His voice is wonderfully clear and full，and is distinctly heard in the most remote parts of this large edifice
The singing is led by one man wh tands beside the preacher，and is joined by the whole congregation．Read
ing follows with numerous comment ing follows with numerous comments
upon the various passages．Then the sermon from Romans x．4，which is in every way characteristic of this great
man． his wonderful voice，his earnestness，and his remarkable ability，depends largely in that，in complete reliance upon the
Holy Spirit，with an evident determi－ nation like Paul to know nothing bu ways clearly proclaimed to the people the gospel，which are elsewhere too of ten obscured by forms and ceremonies．
The National Gallery in Trafalgar Square，upon the walls of which hang
the paintings of Michael Angelo and Sqe pain
the
and Pau
Rembra

Reynolds and the much abused Turner host of others ；the British Musuem with its vast collections，Ophiological
Ornithiological，Mineralozical，Botani－ anl，Geological，\＆ec．，its rich treasures of antiquities－notably，the Elgin Marbles， and the Rosetta Stone which gave Dr
Young the key to the interpretation of hieroglyphics，and its reading－room the Wax in the world；Madame Tassaud Wax Works，where you pass the fig
ures of the great，living and dead，rep resented with most lifelike appearance and enter the gloomy Chamber of Hor ors，only to shudder at the sight of of many fiends，actors in the most fear ful tragedies；the Zoological Gard in Regent＇s Park，the Bank of Eng－ Gardens，Hyde Park，and the House of Parliment：－are all enjoyable and
instructive places visited upon other days．
Her
Here too，is Westminster Abbey Through its cloisters and chapels，it aisles and transepts，into that splendi relic of Gothic Architecture the chapel
of Henry the Seventh，to the shrine of of Henry the Seventh，to the shrine of
Edward the Confessor，into the Poet Coraer and down the long nave，slowl we wander，looking upon the table
and monuments which an appreciative nation has raised to the memory of her illustrious statesmen，gifted poets，brare warriors，and in fact to nearly all who in her past history have been truly de serving of this great honor，and read ing with intense interest the inscrip－ tions setting forth their virtues and tion of their noble deeds，and at the same time teach in language more effec－ tive than that of speech，that we a alike must moulder in the dust and that ever，＂The path of glory leads but
the grave．
But we mu
ith with is wealt，of past，associations，its rich stores treasured in museum，tower， extent；and its people of every class， demanding a lifetime of study．

B．R．
For the Christian Messenger
A Pedobaptist cornered．
In a pleasant interview between Baptist and a Priesbyterian elergymian proposed to close the interview by trans－ proposed to close the interview by trans－
lating the word in question：And to meet it mure clearly，gave this Finglish sentence，which the Presbyterian was asked to translate into Greek：＂I a few moments reflection，he replied ＂That would be the same as it is in Baptist remarked，＂Would you not， Baptist remarked，＂Would you not，
in translating that Greek back into English，give the English you trans－ ated into Greek，＂＂Of course，＂was the reply．＂Well，sir，have you not
settled the meaning of baptizo to be immerse＇？＂．A shrug of the shoul－ ders，a scratch of the head，and a few Good afternoon，Sir，was the only esponse，and the Pedo－clergy sel afte and obey the truth．

For the Christian Messenger． Christianity among the Indians．

According to the last report（1876） of the Indian Commissioners，there are States，exclusive of Alaska．Of these the number so far civilized as to wea citizen＇s dress is 104．818，and 25.622 can read．Nearly one thousand have now 55.717 houses，having buil
1.702 during the year．They ar giving more attention to agriculture having now 318.194 acres under cult dur bushels
quantiti quantities of corn and wheat，beside other pursuits they engage in are the
raising of cotton，the making of sugar and molasses，and mining of coal Thists．12，700；Congregational， 860 Christian Union，7；Freewill Baptist 2；Friends，408；Methodists，1，599； Orthodox Friends， 280 ；Presbyterian，
726 ；Protestant Episcopal， 713 ；Re－ rotestant Episcopal， $713 ; \mathrm{Re}$
Dutch， $4 ;$ Roman Catholic， United Presbyterian， 15

The famous German Baptist，Onckên now seventy－eight years old．Out of
his baptism by Dr．Sears，in 1834 mine sprung 103 charches with 270
misters and nearly 20,000 members．

## Rev．A．S．Burrough，a Methodist

 minister was recently baptized andnited with the Baptists in New York

The Baptist denomination seems to North America．The chiefs of the Caerokees，D wares and Seminole wo cases the chiefs are pastors．The
wo mers excellent translation of the Scriptures
by Baptist Missionaries has much to do with this．

For the Christian Messenger．
From Lower California．

Sundar sohool convention－ SPRING STREET BAPTIST CHURCE TRAST BETW BEEN PAST AND PRESENT OUTLOOK AS：IT REGARDS THI s． The S．S．Convention was held in days and erenings，and gave two promise of healthy Sabbath School growth in this city，and country town and villages；and evineed much well．
digested thought，sce．Rev．Mr． Toombs，$D D_{d}$ of Aniheim，who is pa tor of the Baptist Churgh，atLoss，Nietus Salbbath Sehool，a necessarys on＂the our progressive civilization．＂Rey． D．T．Packerd，Congregationalist，de－ livered thrilling addresses－al－o man others buth ministers，／and laymen took an active papt．＂The paternal relation of the Church was strongly urged by Rev．W．Fisk，
formerly of Nova Scotia．＂The his tory and in fluence of music＂，by dant－and＂the office of Bible truth in the formation of characler was ably handled by Ruv．D．J．Pearce of Oregon，and your humble servant read a paper on＂the mistakes of S．$S$ ． A committee was andents．
A committee was appointed for a
broader representation next year．The exercises were enlivened by good music by the choir，the new organ being pre－ Encouragipg reports were received from many county workers wha are just beginning to feel the great utility of young and rising generation．The the yoars ago there could not be found a Sabbath School in this county in con－ ection with our denomination，now all our churches are engaged in this enter－ prise．
In
． ittle or no early settlement of this valley ittle or no attention was paid to farm－
ing．The seasons were so different from most other countries that it took years of experiment before a step in
advance could be taken in the righ direction．The valley yielded enor nous growths of pasturage；herds of cattle，sheep and horses were the caples of the early settlers．They ools．worth calling such．Neither lows，threshers，or fans．Along th iver bottom they raised their crops of corn，beans and water－melons．No
fenees or houses，but adobe，rude and imperfect，covered with thatch－n barns or out－houses．Stock roamed
over foot－hills and plains by the thousand，rendering it dangerous fo

