# Mistan LESSEMUEU.

#### AND GENERAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER. RELIGIOUS

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## Associational Documents.

(Published by Special Request.) UNSUCCESSFUL CHURCHES,

THE CIRCULAR LETTER OF THE NOVA SCOTIA WESTERN BAPTIST ASSOCIATION TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CHURCHES OF WHICH IT IS COMPOSED.

Dear Brethren,-

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The original design of our annual Circular Letter was, we presume, to convey to the members of our churches not only expressions of fraternal greeting and kindly encouragement but also thoughts and suggestions of a practical character in relation to matters that are of present and vital importance to our Denomination. With this end in view the topic under consideration has been selected.

At such a time as this it is proper for us to enquire whether al the churches belonging to our Association have been successful in their evangelical efforts during the past year; and, if they have not what has been the cause of their failure? It might fairly be assumed at the outset that the specific purpose for which Christ has called his churches into existence on earth is generally understood by intelligent believers. And yet this assumption may be altogether s favorable and flattering to ourselves. It is, indeed, quite possible that many, even in the ranks of Baptist church-members need more definite and correct views than they now entertain as to the primary object for which the Master has called them into his service. It is surely unnecessary to say that this object was not simply to secure for us an hour's entertainment in the sanctuary a certain number of times during the week, in listening to the best musical and literary performances at the least possible expense, such as men are accustomed to expect at a theatre or place of public amusement. It is feared, however, that not a few professors of religion have no higher idea of church-membership than is here implied. How completely is this at variance with the scriptural idea! According to the New Testament model we are not expected to take into consideration for one moment our own comfort or convenience in our relationship to the church, and our labors for the promotion of our Savior's kingdom The very pledge with which we enter upon our spiritual career is that we shall "not henceforth live unto ourselves, but unto Him who died for us and rose again." The grand purpose in view of which the christian church was constituted is concisely and explicitly stated by Paul in his brief pastoral letter to Titus, in which it is affirmed of our blessed Redeemer that he "gave himself for us that he might redeem us from all iniquity and purify unto himself a peculiar people, zealous of good works." From this. statement we learn that the constituent elements of true religion are personal holiness and spiritual activity.

Such of our churches as earnestly strive to conform to the scriptural pattern here indicated are faithfully fulfilling the obligations imposed upon them by their glorious Founder. And we have reason to be profoundly grateful to God that there are not wanting worthy examples of this kind. But how few, alas! can claim to have attained to this exalted position! A much larger proportion have abundant cause for lamentation over their leanness, their lack of success and their alarming retrogression. The care of these churches

demands our careful study and our earnest prayers. In explaining the inactivity and spiritual darkness which unhappily prevail in too many christian communities, it has been heretofore the almost invariable custom among us to sum up all our ecclesiastical failures under the heading of "unsuccessful ministers." There have been doubtless just grounds in too many instances for adopting this method of explanation. It may, nevertheless, be both wise and profitable to consider whether an equally satisfactory and reasonable solution of the problem may not possibly be found under the heading of Unsuccessful Churches. The suggestion is perfectly orthodox. In turning over the pages of the New Testament we are not a little surprised to observe that whilst bishops and elders are seldom or never reproved for unfaithfulness, the churches are often brought to task on account of their lack of zeal, declension from "first love," worldliness, etc. This is noticeable chiefly from the fact that it stands out in such striking contrast with the modern custom of loading our ministers with blame and sending scores of them adrift annually on account of failures for which the churches themselves largely if not wholly responsible. We shall not claim either at ministers are now as faithful as they were in apostolic times, or that the churches of the nineteenth century are as prone to apostasy

as were their primitive predecessors; but it is quite evident that there is enough similarity between the former and the latter days to give appropriateness and value to our present meditations.

THE FACT STATED.

That a large proportion of our churches are comparatively unsuccessful in accomplishing the work or exerting the salutary influence for which they were designed is painfully apparent. Viewed either in reference to the spirituality of their members, the efforts put forth by them in their respective localities, or the degree of aid they have rendered in the support of our denominational interests, it is obvious that success is oftener the exception than the rule. From the statistical returns which are forwarded annually to our Associations appears that many of our churches have for a long time had no increase in their numbers From the same source we find that many are giving either very little or absolutely nothing in the way assisting the great enterprises for evangelizing and educating the world. Who among us was not surprised, astounded and humilated when the statement appeared in the public prints over the signature of our Home Secretary of Foreign Missions that one hundred and sixty Baptist Churches in the Maritime Provinces contributed not one cent during the past fiscal year for the purpose of carrying out the Master's sacred commission-" Go ye into all graciously vouchsafed unto us. Enlightened and animated by that the world and preach the gospel to every creature"! A much larger number of churches have contributed nothing towards the promotion of home evangelization. As a necessary result of this lamentable just appreciation of the priceless value of immortal souls, and, above mactivity and illiberality a sort of religious stagnation, a spiritual all, we shall have a sincere desire for the universal reign of our to die out, pulpits become permanently vacant, the regular meetings or religious worship are gradually forsaken, until nothing remains our Association by our esteemed brother in Christ, Deacon Samuel The Constitution and By-Laws are appended.

but empty houses, a few stray, gaunt mice. and frowning spires pointing silently and ominously toward heaven admonishing the observer that a day of reckoning is at hand. Might not such churches with great propriety be kindly invited to resign their position and quietly step down and out under the charge of being unsuccessful?

It would be impossible to review, within the narrow limits of a brief circular, the various causes which tend to hinder the Lord's work among our churches. These causes are both numerous and complicated. We may, however, advert to a few of the more prom-

There can be no doubt that the primary and controlling source of the evil under consideration is simply the lack of genuine spirituality. If our hearts are not right in the sight of God, our words and deeds will scarcely be found to harmonize with the teachings of to endeavour to exceed, instead of falling below the amount of last inspired truth. Paul gave a satisfactory account of the motives by year. which he and his co-laborers were actuated in their zealous and selfsacrificing toils when he declared that "the love of Chrirt constraineth us." So long as men continue to pay more attention and sions and ourselves to His service.

The lack of brotherly love and especially of denominational love, follow their example. so often apparent in our communities, are fruitful causes of spiritual inactivity and religous declension. When a man ceases to manifest true affection toward the members of the household of faith, with which he is providentially connected, or in the prosperity of the denomination to whose articles of faith and practice he has sub- ter at the approaching meeting of the Home Mission Union. scribed, it will make comparatively little difference to him how soon either that church or that denomination shall become extinct. The death and burial of either, will be an occasion of few tears and

little grief. The absence of success in our churches is often directly traceable to the inadequacy with which pastors are sustained. This is true in relation to financial matters; but we allude more particularly to the moral support that is given to ministers. It is not infrequently the case that a pastor is called upon to bear the whole burden of a church both in its religious services and its business management. Instead of finding an Aaron and a Hur to uphold his trembling hands, he too often finds a Nadab and an Abinu offering strange fire and rendering nugatory what little influence for good he has endeavoured to exert. As a result of this, both the character and office of the christian minister are by many held in light esteem, and ministerial iteneracy is becoming as common as that of the troubadours or minstrels of by-gone days who roamed about from place to place singing songs and telling stories for the purpose of obtaining their daily bread. It is not our intention in these remarks to exonerate pastors in the slightest degree from any blame of which they may be justly deserving; but we aim to show that they are not entitled to a monopoly of that blame which is generally placed exclusively upon their shoulders.

THE REMEDY SUGGESTED

The speedy and entire removal of these causes of declension is the important and practical matter which demands our best wisdom and most earnest prayers.

How may a better state of things be brought about?

The reply to this question has been to some extent anticipated by the foregoing considerations. The A william and all all. It is obvious that personal holiness must necessarily recieve our

first attention. Unless our hearts are filled with love to Christ it will be folly to expect either enjoyment or success in our religious efforts. To how many churches and individuals might be addressed the withering rebuke: "I know thy works that thou hast a name that thou livest, and art dead!" We need the constant presence and guiding influence of the Holy Spirit. Our sufficiency is of God, and nothing of permanent benefit or value can be accomplished to-day uttering the solemn injunction to each of the churches: do the first works; or else I will come unto thee quickly, and will remove thy candlestick out of his place, except thou repent."

should have just conceptions of the duties and responsibilities which belong to this relationship. We are not called to a life of idleness, but to one of constant activity and self-sacrifice. The more clearly to participate in its blessings and share in its toils, and the more zeal- requirements. ously we labor to secure its universal extension. Saved ourselves, the chief joy of our lives will be to become instrumental in the salto God, our means will be cheerfully and liberally contributed, and no sacrifice will be thought too great in carrying on the Master's work. The emotions of our hearts will find appropriate expression in the familiar and beautiful words,-

"Were all the realm of nature mine, That were a present far too small; Love so amazing, so divine,

In fine, we have need to offer constant and fervent prayer to our God that the presence and guidance of the Holy Spirit may be indwelling Spirit we shall form correct ideas of the character and magnitude of the work in which we are engaged, we shall have a

Demands my soul, my life, my all."

Brown, may well be adopted by each of the churches as a fitting and precious motto; - "Therefore, my beloved brethren, be ye steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labor is not in vain in the Lord."

#### REPORT ON MISSIONS.

The Committee on Missions are glad to be able to report that both the Home and Foreign missions are in a prosperous condition. In our Foreign work we have cause for gratitude in the restoration of Brother Churchill's health-the organization of the little church in the Jaypoor district and in the general encouraging state of the mission. Your committee would call attention however, to the decrease in the amount of contributions as noticed in a late number of the Messenger, and urge the churches of this Association

The Home Mission work though somewhat crippled by the debt of last year, now largely reduced, is still being prosecuted with vigour. The board having this work in charge are earnest in their eflarger tribute of affection to their farms, their warehouses or their forts to plant the truth as we belive it in every section of the province. fishing smacks than to their God, they will persist, as in the days of They should have the fullest sympathies and financial support from Amos, in "sacrificing unto their net and burning incense unto their our pastors and churches. Your committee regard with great satdrag." A sense of the goodness and mercy of our heavenly Father | isfaction the employment of Rev. J. H. Robbins as general missionmust become so dominant in our minds as to subordinate all worldly ary as also the endeavor of the Board to occupy stations permanently. considerations to the higher claims of our spiritual life before we | They also notice with pleasure the action of the pastors of Annapolis shall be willing cheerfully to consecrate all our talents, our posses- Co. to supply the destitute sections of that county and trust the churches will sustain their action and that other counties will

The French Mission department of our home work deserves and we trust will receive increased attention. The staff of workers should be increased at once. If we do not intend to work this field when he takes no longer an honest pride in the welfare of the church | more faithfully we should abandon it to others. Your committee believe that decided action should be taken in reference to this mat-

a oils of viaO danston Respectfully submitted. A. COHOON, Chairman.

#### REPORT ON BENEVOLENT FUNDS

In view of the work which God has given to us as a denomination to do for Him your committee feel that the contributions of our churches to benevolent objects are far too small. They are not in keeping with the requirements of God's word to honor the Lord with our substance and the first fruit of all our increase "They do not comport with our profession of loving God with zeal so great that we would give Him all."

True, the present financial depression common to all circles would in some measure affect the contributions of our churches, but the treasury of God ought not to be the greatest sufferer. Retrenchment should begin elsewhere. It appears to your committee that there are two great needs in our churches, viz., a plan of united systematic effort that will reach every member of our churches;

and a spirit of honest conscientious giving. The first is supplied by God's own word. There can be no better rule: upon each first day of the week let every one of you lay by him in store as God hath prospered him. But if the giving is to be as God has prospered, each member's conscience must be his guide. In educating that conscience and in working out systematic effort, very much depends on the pastor. Your Committee believe that not only should he carefully teach his people on this matter, but he should see that some suitable system is adopted and worked by his church by which every member is invited to contribute. Your committee also feel that the time has come for, at least a half-yearly

collection instead of yearly. Neither should we forget that Jesus still "stands over against the treasury and sees how the people cast in," and we are not to call our pittance the widow's mite unless like her hers it is all our living. W. E. HALL, Chairman.

### REPORT ON SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

We desire to recognize the goodness of God in setting apart one without His gracious assistance. The voice of the Master is heard day out of every seven for the benefit of our race. It is necessary, however, that there should be a clear understanding concerning the "Remember, therefore, from whence thou art fallen, and repent and nature and design of the Christian Sabbath. That holy day is given to us, not for recreation, but for rest; not for work, but for worship; not for seeking worldly pleasures, but for gaining spiritual and eternal It is also necessary that, as members of the church of Christ, we good. Everything, therefore, which is calculated to lead our hearts away from holy things should be carefully and conscientiously avoided. We take the opportunity of suggesting that those who are the heads of families should exercise their influence and authority, we understand the glorious mission of the church on earth, the more affectionately and judiciously, over all the members of their housegrateful we feel for the honor we have received in being permitted holds in order that the Sabbath may be kept in harmony with God's

Your Committee would further recommend that, wherever it is practicable, Sabbath funerals should be dispensed with; because on vation of others. To this end our fervent prayers will often ascend | the one hand they frequently interfere with a minister's preaching appointments in other parts of his field of labor; and because on the other hand they involve a large amount of manual labor on the part of those who attend upon them. We mention this, not because we have reason to believe that the practice is a common, or a growing one, but because we think that sometimes it might be

prevented. Those who spend the Sabbath in fellowship with Christ are sure to spend it well. Respectfully submitted,

Mutual Aid Association.

J. CLARK, Chairman.

Dear Editor, - In the Messenger of 23rd ult., I noticed a copy of a Circular from St. John, N. B. Baptist ministers, setting forth nightmare, supervenes, Sunday Schools are negleted and allowed risen and glorified Lord. Under such influences no church can be "the necessity of a plan to provide aid for the families of deceased unsuccessful, no pastor can labor in vain. The theme suggested for ministers" in connection with our dehomination in the Dominion.