The Messenger Almanac.

OCTOBER.		
First Quarter, Oct. 3rd, 2h. 46m. M. Full Moon, "11th, 4h. 40m. M. Last Quarter, "19th, 2h. 55m. M. New Moon, "25th, 6h. 44m. A. High Tide		
Dor	at Halifax	
1 Tu. 6 2 5 38 A 37 4 37 8 37 2 W. 6 3 5 36 1 32 5 35 9 38 3 Th. 6 4 5 54 2 15 6 29 10 43 4 Fr. 6 5 5 32 2 49 7 20 11 51 5 Sa. 6 7 5 30 3 15 8 7 M. 6 9 5 27 3 56 9 31 2 3 8 Tu 6 10 5 25 4 13 10 10 3 6 6 W. 6 12 5 23 4 31 10 50 4 7 10 Th. 6 13 5 21 4 50 11 31 5 9 11 Fr. 6 14 5 19 5 10 M 6 12 12 Sa. 6 15 5 18 5 36 0 12 7 14 13 SU. 6 17 5 16 6 4 0 57 8 15 14 M. 6 18 5 14 6 41 1 43 9 22 15 Tu. 6 19 5 12 7 26 2 23 10 25 16 W 6 20 5 11 8 21 3 25 11 24 17 Th. 6 22 5 9 9 23 4 19 A 17 18 Fr. 6 23 5 7 10 35 5 14 1 5 19 Sa. 6 24 5 6 11 48 6 8 1 41 20 SU. 6 26 5 4 M 6 59 2 10 21 M. 6 27 5 2 1 4 7 51 2 38 22 Tu. 6 28 5 1 2 22 8 41 3 0 23 W. 6 30 4 59 3 40 9 33 3 26 24 Th. 6 31 4 58 4 59 10 25 3 51 25 Fr. 6 33 4 56 6 22 11 19 4 16 26 Sa. 6 34 4 54 7 44 A 17 4 50 27 SU. 6 38 4 50 11 20 3 22 7 24 30 W. 6 39 4 49 A. 19 4 20 8 31 31 Th. 6 41 4 47 0 48 5 14 9 40 40 40 40 40 40 40		
	3.5	

THE TIDES.—The column of the Moon's Southing gives the time of high water at Parrsboro, Cornwallis, Horton, Hantsport, Windsor, Newport, and Truro.

High water at Pictou and Cape Tormentine, 2 hours and 11 minutes LATER than at Halifax. At Annapolis, St. John, N.B., and Portland Maine, 3 hours and 25 minutes LATER, and at St. John's, Newfoundland, 20 minutes EARLIER, than at Halifax. At Charlottetown, 2 hours 56 minutes LATER. A Westport, 2 hours 54 minutes

FOR THE LENGTH OF THE DAY .- Add 12 hours to the time of the sun's setting, and from the sum subtract the time of rising. FOR THE LENGTH OF THE NIGHT .- Subtract the time of the sun's setting, from 12 hours and to the remainder add the time of rising next morning.

REQUISITES

Articles and Covenant \$1.00 per 100. Church Record and Register \$2. and \$3 Alphabetical List of Members 40 cent

Letters of Dismission 50 cts. per quire. Psalmists, in all varieties, from 75 cts. Baptist Hymn Book from 50 cts. Baptists Hymn and Tune Book \$1.00

Scripture Catechism, \$6.00 per 100. CHRISTIAN MESSENGER OFFICE, No. 69 & 71 Granville St., Halifax. April 15.

For Consumption

And all diseases that lead to it; such as COUGHS, NEGLECTED COLDS, BRONCHITIS PAIN IN THE CHEST, AND ALL DISEASE OF THE LUNGS,

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM IS THE GREAT MODERN REMEDY

T IS WARRANTED to break up the most distressing Cough in a few hours time, if not of too long standing. It is plants used in medicine or the industrial warranted to give entire satisfaction arts, the floral organs are those which even in the most confirmed cases of Consumption! It is warranted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies), or affect the head as it contains no Opium in any form. It is WARRANTED to be perfectly harmless to active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it, if only taken in time.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. April 22.

J. C. DUMARESQ, ARCHITECT.

Plans, Specifications, &c., of Churches, Country Residences, and all kinds of Buildings, prepared to order.
OFFICE: JARVIS BUILDING, Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

50 VISITING OR CALLING CARDS with your name finely printed, sent for 25 cents. Agents wanted. 6 samples sent for three cent stamp. Address

A. W. KINNEY, 1y. Yarmouth, N. S. May 24.

FOR SALE,

That snug little farm, owned by the subscriber and situated on the Post Road, about half-way between Lawrencetown and Middleten, Annapolis Co., N. S. It fronts on the Annapolis River, the Hanley Mountain road forming the West line. Contains 115 acres, about one quarter of which is under cultivation. Being 65 rods wide, the place is compact and easily worked. The greater part of the soil is a loam of medium texture, free from stone, and well repays cultivation. With a good orchard, the proceeds of which will most year's pay interest on the price of the farm; and being picturesquely situated within short distance of loya, as far as Philippopolis, in Bulgaria, schools, churches and railway station. the place is altogether a very desirable, one and will be sold low, the capital being In good seasons this district yields 75,required elsewhere. Intending purchasers 000 ounces; but in bad seasons only may see the place an learn all about it by applying to Mr. Jno. E. Elliot on the adjoing farm, or to W. F. BURDITT,

At 22 Charlotte St. St. John, N. B.

AGRICULTURE.

THE GREEN.

Where does it come from-This beautiful green, From darkest to light, And all shades between? Not out of the bark So withered and bare! It's hard to believe The green was in there.

Where does it come from-This wonderful green, Enwrapping the earth In robes like a queen? Not from the branches So brown and so sere, For who could e'er think The green was in here?

God smiles thro' the clouds; The wind caught the glow, And flew to the trees, And shook off the snow, Then sunshine and rain Went painting the sheen; And this is the way We came by the green.

THE UTILIZATION OF WEEDS.-Ralph Waldo Emerson has described weeds as plants whose use has not been discovered. Too often men are content to call a plant a weed, then proceed to exterminate it without making any attempt to find out its possible uses. An Indian ably-and it was generally when we writer, Mr. George W. Strettell, con- had cold meat minced-I gave the Indian Forest Department that a large | delight and looked forward to; this was revenue might be derived from such a dish of boiled onions. The little things plants, especially those yielding fiber-LATER. A Yarmouth, 2 hours 20 minutes | tion, which will grow in land utterly un- | ren suffer from-worms. Mine were different plants, and especially of one, fabrics as excellent; and he shows convincingly that after allowing for the cost of cultivation and of extracting the fiber, the raw material might be sold at such a price as to add considerably to the is to effect an assurance against the al-Imperial revenue.

Next to the discovery of plants yielding products now in demand for industrial or medical purposes, we may rank the invention of new uses for the products of plants not considered useless. highest utility.—Scientific American.

FLOWERS.—THEIR INDUSTRIAL AND MEDICAL USES .- Of all the parts of arts, the floral organs are those which would appear to be of the very least importance; yet they constitute, in many cases, objects of much greater commercial value than one would natuthe mos delicate child, although it is an rally suppose. Leaving out of view entirely the immense number of cultivated flowers sold in all our populous cities for ornamental purposes exclusively, there remains a very great number that enter commerce in greater or less quantities for various other and more practical uses. Among such products we may mention, for instance, safflower, saffron, pyrethrum, camomile. roses, violets, and a host of others of less importance. Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius), from

the colored petals of which is extracted carthamine, extensively used in dyeing, comes in part from Southern Europe, India and China.

Saffron (Crocun sativus), although growing in many countries, is cultivated for commercial purposes in the largest quantities in France and Spain. What is known in commerce as "saffron" are the stigmas of the flowers. It takes about 30,000 flowers to produce two pounds of the fresh stigmas, which when dried become reduced to one fifth of that weight. It is a native of Greece and Asia Minor; large quantities are

raised in Egypt, Persia, and Cashmere. Roses are used both in perfumery and medicine. Extensive rose farms exist at Shiraz, and Persia; at Ghazepour, in India; Adrianople, in Turkey in Europe; Broussa and Uslak, in Turkey in Asia. The cultivators in Turkey are principally the Christian inhabitants of the Balkan, between Selimno and Carabout 200 miles from Constantinople. 20,000 to 30,000 ounces of attar are

obtained.

3,000 pounds of the petals to obtain one

One of the large perfumers of Grassa and Paris alone uses annually 80,000 pounds of orange flowers, 60,000 pounds of cassia flowers, 54,000 pounds of rose leaves, 32,000 pounds of voilets, 20,000 pounds of tuberoses, 16,000 pounds of lilacs, besides an enormous quantity of the fragrant portions of other plants.

Lavender is grown to an enormous extent at Litcham, in Surrey, which is the seat of its production, from a commercial standpoint. Half a hundred weight of good flowers yield by distillation from 14 to 16 ounces of essential

The cloves of commerce are the unexpanded flower buds of the Caryophyllus aromatecus, a tree a native of the Moluccas and other Islands of the China

The camomile (Anthemis nobilis) is a native of Europe, and grows wild in all temperate parts of the Continent; it is largely cultivated for the sake of its flowers, which are extensively used in medicine under the name of Roman camomiles.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

MEDICINAL VIRTUES OF ONIONS .-A mother writes :- Once a week invarisiders from his experience gained in the | children a dinner which was hailed with knew not that they were taking the best plants which require no care in cultiva- medicine for expelling what most childsuited to any other crops, and which kept free by this remedy alone. Not yield fiber practically proved to be only boiled onions for dinner, but chives well adapted to manufacture of paper also they were encouraged to eat with and textile fabrics. He advocates the their bread and butter, and for this purcoltivation, at first if need be experi- pose they had tufts of chives in their mentally, and on a small scale of several little garden. It was a medical man who taught me to eat boiled onions as a the Calotropis gigantea. The fiber of specific for cold in the chest. He did this plant has been pronounced by paper | not know at the time, till I told him, makers and manufacturers of textile that they were good for anything else."

Many of the colds which people are seid to catch commence at the feet. To keep these extremities warm, therefore, most interminable list of disorders which spring out of a "slight cold." First, never be tightly shod. Boots and shoes when they fit closely press against the foot and prevent a free circulation of the blood. When, on But a small portion of the vegetable the contrary, they do not embrace the world has yet been made tributary to foot too lightly the blood gets fair play, men; and from past experience it is safe | and the places left between the leather to predict that even the most noxious and the stockings are filled with a comof weeds may yet prove to be of the fortable supply of warm air. The second rule is, never to sit in damp shoes. It is often imagined that unless they are positively wet it is not necessary to change them while the feet are at rest. This is a fallacy. Any person may prove this by trying the experiment of neglecting this rule, and his feet will become cold and damp after & few moments, although, taking off the shoe and warming it, it will appear quite dry.

> AN EXCELLENT LINIMENT.—The following is the best liniment for man and horses for bruises, blows, and gentle strains. It may be used when the skin is broken or rubbed off; not on the wound itself, because it would cause pain, but rub it well all around the wound :- Dissolve 1 oz. of camphor in 8 oz. of spirits of wine; add 1 oz. of oil of turpentine, 1 oz. of spirits of sal ammoniac, 1 an oz. oil of origanum, and a large tablespoonful of laudanum. Rub on well with the hand for fully a quarter of an hour four times a day. This is worth more than the price of your paper, and will cost about forty cents .- Country Gentleman.

> Cellers should be ventilated at night, and kept closely shut up and dark in the day time, especially in hot weather.

VARIETIES.

A School Board inspector asked a small pupil of what the surface of the earth consists, and was promptly answered, "Land and water." He varied the question slightly, that the fact might be impressed on the boy's mind, and asked: "What then, do land and water make?" to which came the immediate response : " Mud."

An old man who had been badly hurt in a railroad collision, being advised to sue the company for damages, said, "Well, no, not for damages. I've had enough of them but I'll just sue 'em for repairs."

The three degrees in medical treat-It is estimated that it takes 2,000 ment-Positive, ill; comparative, pill; roses to yield one drachm of attar, or superlative, Bill .- N. Y. Medical Times. East Point, P. E. 1.-Wm. M. McVane.

WOODILL'S GERMAN

Baking Powder,

Manufactured by FRED. B. WOODILL,

W. M. D. PEARMAN, Factory, 122 Upper Water Street.

For making Bread, Biscuit, Buns, Tea-Cakes, Pastry, &c. Far Lighter, Sweeter, and more wholesome than by any other process, and at a great saving of Time, Trouble, and Expense. Nov. 15.

Nova Scotia Book Bindery, C. & T. PHILLIPS,

Corner Granville & Sackville Streets. BOOK BINDERS, PAPERS RULERS. BLANK BOOKS, Manufacturers, Perforaters, Steam Machine PAPER BAG Manufacturers. Cheapest in the Market.

THE BAPTIST HYMN BOOK

published by the Baptist Publication Society, may be obtained at the CHRISTIAN MESSENGER OFFICE, HALIFAX

CHEAP EDITION.—Square 18 mo. Clear Agate type. 1,000 Hymns for 50 cents. Bound in morocco. POCKETEDITION.-24mo. Handsom Minion type. Sheep, 75 cents. Extra Tur PEW EDITION.-18mo. Sheep, \$1.25.

Extra Turkey, \$3.25.
PULPITEDITION.—12mo. Small Pica type. Sheep, \$2.00. Extra Turkey, \$4.00. BAPTIST HYMN & TUNE BOOK The Hymns of the Baptist Hymn-Book adapted to music. It contains 325 of the BEST STNADARD TUNES IN THE

WORLD. This book has no equal as a Hymn and Tune Book Price \$1.00. It is strongly and beautifully bound in the finest English Muslin and best style,

to the strength of the binding. ONE THOUSAND HYMNS, AND THREE HUN DRED AND TWENTY-FIVE TUNES FOR ONLY \$1.00.

with red edges-special attention is given

THE HYMN & TUNE BOOK costs for postage 4 cents. Parties wish ing a copy by mail sending \$1.04 will have a copy sent by return mail.

Orders received and filled for the Society's publications or any other books. CHRISTIAN MESSENGER OFFICE, No. 71 GRANVILLE ST., HALIFAX.

Agents for the Christian Messenger

Amherst--Charles H. Bent. W. F. Cutten, Esq. Antigonish-T. M. King, Esq. Aylesford-Rev.Dr.Tupper,J.Wheelock, Esq., Rev. E. O. Read, Aylesford Upper-Rev. J. L. Read. Barrington-Rev. W. H. Richan. Beaver River—Wm. S. Raymond, Esq. Berwick—John M. Parker, Esq. Bridgewater-Wellesley J. Gates Bridgetown-Nathan R. Morse. Brighton, Digby County-N. R. Westcott, Esq. Brookfield-A. J. Leadbetter. Beal's Mountain-John Whitman. Bedeque, P. E. I-Rev. A. Chipman. Bass River-Robinson Thompson. Caledonia-B. L. Telfer. Chester—Rev. I. J. Skinner. Clements—Jas. E. Potter, Esq. Cornwallis-J. E. Lockwood. Canso--- W. A. Hutcheson. Do., Billtown—Gideon Cogswell, Esq. Do., Canning—Jas. S. Witter, Esq. Digby—Rev. Joseph H. Saunders. Digby Joggins—Wm. Aymar, Esq. Digby Neck—Rev. J. C. Morse. DeBert River-Wm. McCully, 4th. Dalhousie East-Thomas A. Wilson. Economy—Josiah Soley.
Granville—Joseph D. Halfyard.
Guysborough—Christopher Jost, Esq.
Greenfield—Robert Harlow. Hantsport—C. J. Margeson, Esq., M. D. Hillsburgh—Nelson Miller, Esq. Isaacs Harbor—C. B. Whidden. Kempt—Joseph D. Masters, Esq. Kentville Melatiah Kinsman. Liverpool—S. T. R. Bill, Esq. & Long Island—Isaiah Thurber, Esq. Londonderry, Great Village-Ezra Layton. Lawrencetown, Annapolis Co—Jas. Wheelock Maccan, River Hebert—Hance Mills. Milton, Queen's—G. Whitfield Freeman, Esq. Mill Village—W. A. Reed. Musquodoboit—Edward McCabe. Mahone Bay-Joseph Ham. Margaree, C. B.-Lachlen McDonald. New Germany-Adam E. Durland. Newport-Wm. H. Knowles, Nictaux-W. A. Morse. New Albany-Daniel Whitman New Tusket-Henry C. Sabean. Conslow-J. B. McNutt, Esq. Osborne.-Rev. E. N. Archibald Paradise-M. E. Marshall. Port Medway—James T. Foster. Portaupique—Joseph Upham. Pubnico—Isaac Larkin. Publico—Isaac Larkin.
Pugwash—Angus McDonnell.
Parrsborough—Joseph M. Layton.
Rawdon—John McLearn, Esq.
River Philip—Thomas H. Patton.
Locke's Island—Xerxes Z. Chipman, Esq.
St.Mary's Bay, Digby Co.—Chas.McNeill, Esq.
New Ross—James Lantz.
Springfield—Isaac McNayr, Esq.
Stewiacke—Rev. Jas. Meadows.
Sydney, North C. B.—A. G. Musgraye. Sydney, North, C. B.—A. G. Musgrave.
Sydney Town, C.B.—C. H. Harrington, Esq.
Truro—L. J. Waiker, Esq.
Upper Wilmot—Rev. W. E. Hall.
Windsor—Andrew P. Shand. Westport-Holland E. Payson, Esq

Weymouth-

Wilmot-Dr. J. Woodbury

Wolfville-G. V. Rand

Wilmot, Canaan Road-Fletcher Wheelock.

Wilmot Mountain-Jas. P. Foster, Esq.

Yarmouth—C. W. Sanders.
Do., Deerfield—Rev. J. A. Stubbert.
Do., Hebron—Wm. R. Doty.
Do., Ohio—George Crosby, Esq.
St. John, N. B.—John F. Marsters, Esq.

Crapaud—Dr. Tremaine. Charlottetown—James Desbrisay, Esq.

Three Rivers-Rev. John Shaw.

West River-Rev. Malcom Ross.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

CATARRH

THE worst and most severe type of Acute, Chronic, or Ulcerative Catarrh successfully treated and permanently cured by

OLD DR. HUXLEY'S GOLDEN CURE

Our past experience and success has taught us that CATARRH IS NOT INCUR-ABLE, whether it be ACUTE, CHRONIC or ULCERATIVE. The final fatality is owing to delay or ignorance of GOOD remedies. which do actually exist, and which would cure the terrible sufferer if seasonably and properly employed. Also, a disease that is WHOLLY INCURABLE by one remedy, IS EASILY AND PERFECTLY CURABLE BY ANOTHER.

OLD DR. HUXLEY'S

Golden Cure for Catarrh has been the favorite and prized remedy of an eminent physician in his private practice. During the past two years, where the "Golden Cure" has been advertised and brought to the notice of the Catarrh invalid, over Four Thousand cases have been permanently cured by its use. Hundreds of unsolicited testimonials on file at the Huxley Medical Dispensary bear testimony that Golden Cure for Catarrh is without a parallel in the cure of all Catarrhal affections.

I Will Pay \$1,000! For a case of Catarrh that OLD DOCTOR HUXLEY'S GOLDEN CURE FOR CA. TARRH FAILS TO CURE.

Some of the Symptoms of Catarrh:

Dull or heavy headache, pressure of blood upon the brain, swelling of the membranes that line the nasal cavities, loss of memory, giddiness, discharges from the head into the throat, bloody and putrid mucuous, ringing in the ears. deafness, offensive breath, expectoration of offensive matter, impairment of the smell and taste, the voice is changed, the eyes become inflamed, watery and profuse, indigestion ensues, aggravating all symptoms. The liver, kidneys, &c., are also sensibly and most injuriously affected. It drips into the throat poison, and irritates it, causes impairment or loss of voice, and from this point it gradually extends to the lungs, causing INCURABLE

Under the influence of the mild, soothing and healing properties of the "Golden Cure," the disease soon yields, and perfect health is again enjoyed. The Golden Cure will be sent to any address on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle, \$5.00 for six bottles, or \$9.00 for twelve bottles. For further information, send your address and three-cent stamp for my "New Plan and Special Offer" to catarrh suf-

DR. CHAS. C. HUXLEY, Huxley Medical Dispensary, 5. 6m. Palmyra, N. Y.

Awarded the Only Medal Given at the Centennial Exhibition For Cotton Yarns of Canadian Manufacture.

Nos. 5's to 10's.

WHITE, BLUE, RED, ORANGE AND GREEN. Made of Good American Cotton with great care Correctly numbered and Warranted Full Length and Weight.

WE would ask the purchasers of Cot-ton Warp to remember that our Yarn is spun on Throstle Frames, which make a stronger yarn than the Ring Frames, used in making American yarn. It is also better twisted and more carefully reeled; each hank being tied up in 7 leas of 120 yards each. This makes it much more easy to wind than when it is put up without leas—as the American is and also saves a great deal of waste.

Those acquainted with weaving will understand the great advantage it is to them to use yarn put up in this manner.

MADE OF NO. 10 YARN, 4-PLY TWISTED. White, Red, Brown, Slate, &c. All fast

Each 5 lb. bundle contains 10,000 yards in length and will make a length of Carpet in proportion to the number of ends

We have put more twist into this warp than it formerly had, and it will now make a more durable Carpet than can be made with any other material. Since its introduction by us, a few years ago, it has come into very general use through-

All our goods have our name and address upon them. None other are gen-WM. PARKS & SON,

NEW BRUNSWICK COTTON MILLS,

June 26. 3m.

St. John, N. B.

CUSTOM TAILORING." H. G. Laurilliard, 119 HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.

Agency for New York Fashions THE CHRISTIAN MESSENGER

Is published every WEDNESDAY. Terms -Two Dollars a year, when paid in advance; if payment is delayed over three months \$2.25, when over six months \$2.50. POSTAGE PREPAID.

STEPHEN SELDEN, PROPRIETOR. Office No. 69 5 71 Granville Street, Halifax, N. S.

Printing of Books, Pamphlets, Cards Handbills, Blank forms, &c., &c., on reasonable terms. MAGISTRATES BLANKS ALWAYS ON HAND,

in-lav law, future may make from happ villag enter

It is

Whe

But

-- Ar

Whe

It is

Wed

But

Is ou

With

To

We

Thro

CH

Per

Mr. 1

Chine

the di

lighte

conce

ple he

in rela

would

for a

he wo

in Mi

a wife

in acc

plied

wish

to get

range

est re

" go-l

relati

ed, or

Theg

So

Do

Ar

hear house with incre by b cove and

cepti not ; in h she she This may in th

the lack is, in virtu bou cons

paid for the a w acco stro

com tifu and

exp girl the and