The Mlessenger Almanac

						00	TO	BE	B.						
Las	t Q	118	rte	r,	0	ct.	8t	h,	91	1.	291	m.]	M.	
Nev						66	15t	h,	101	1.	551	m.		М.	
Firs						66	22n	d,	21	h.	4	m.		M.	
Full						**	29t	h,	9]	h.	551	m.		A.	
0.5		1	SU	N.	1		M	100	N.			Hi	gh	Tid	e
K W	ay	R	100								s.	at	Ha	lifa	K
1 V	V	16	2:	5	38	5	571	0	14	6	58	3]		7	
2 T			3	5	36	6	19	0	58	7	59		8	38	
3 F	r	6	4	5	34	6	52	1	42	9	5		9	8	
			5			7	30	2	30	10	8		9	40	
5 5			7	5	30	8	6	3	18	u			10	9	
6 N	ALCOHOL: N	6	8	5	28		9	4	8	A.	1		10	41	
7 7		6	9	5	27	10	9	4	59	0	49		11	16	
8 V		6	10	5	25	11	12	5	50	1	31		11	58	
O IT		-	10	-	09	7	AT.	O	90	9	B	9 1133	Δ	55	

THE TIDES.—The column of the Moon's Southing gives the time of high water at Parrsboro, Cornwallis, Horton, Hantsport,

Windsor, Newport, and Truro.

High water at Pictou and Cape Tormentine, 2 hours and 11 minutes LATER than at Halifax. At Annapolis, St. John, N.B., and Portland Maine, 3 hours and 25 min-utes LATER, and at St. John's, Newfound-land, 20 minutes EARLIER, than at Halifax. At Charlottetown, 2 hours 56 minutes LATER. A Westport, 2 hours 54 minutes LATER. A Yarmouth, 2 hours 20 minutes

FOR THE LENGTH OF THE DAY .- Add 12 hours to the time of the sun's setting, and rom the sum subtract the time of rising. FOR THE LENGTH OF THE NIGHT .- Subtract the time of the sun's setting, from 12 hours and to the remainder add the time of rising next morning.

CHURCH REQUISITES.

Articles and Covenant \$1.00 per 100. Church Record and Register \$2. and \$3

Alphabetical List of Members 40 cents Letters of Dismission 50 cts. per quire.

Psalmists, in all varieties, from 85 cts. Baptist Hymn Book from 50 cts. Baptists Hymn and Tune Book \$1.00 and \$2.25.

Scripture Catechism, \$6.00 per 100. CHRISTIAN MESSENGER OFFICE, No. 69 & 71 Granville St., Halifax.

For Consumption

And all diseases that lead to it; such as COUGHS, NEGLECTED COLDS, BRONCHITIS, PAIN IN THE CHEST, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS,

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

IS THE GREAT MODERN REMEDY

T IS WARRANTED to break up the most distressing Cough in a few hours time, if not of too long standing. IT IS WARRANTED to give entire satisfaction even in the most confirmed cases of Consumption! It is WARRANTED not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies), or affect the head as it active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it, if only taken in time.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Apr 22.

btained for Inventors, in the United rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents, and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Jos. Casey, late Chief Justice, U. S. Court of Claims to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office and to Senators and Members of Congres from every State. Address: LOUIS BAGGER & CO.,

Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys-at-Law, LeDroit Building, Washington,

50 VISITING OR CALLING CARDS with your name finely printed, sent for 25 cents. Agents wanted, 6 samples sent for three cent stamp.

Address A. W. KINNEY Yarmouth, N.S.

AGRICULTURE.

The Farner.

The farmer 's the chief of the nation-The oldest of nobles is he; How blest beyond others his station! From want and from envy how free! His patent was granted in Eden,

Long ages and ages ago; O, the farmer, the farmer forever, Three cheers for the plow, spade and

Then sing me the life of a farmer, With comfort and health in his train, And heed not the voice of the charmer. That whispers of speedier gain; With all the rich treasures 'tis teaming,

That heaven on its child can bestow; O, the farmer, the farmer forever, Three cheers for the plow, spade and

CARE OF POULTRY.-Alderman Mechi, of London, a successful English farmer, claims that nothing pays better on a farm than good stock of poultry well managed. He allows his towls to roam his premises, and thinks they are a benefit to grain crops. With fowls, he says everything is turned to good account, not a kernel, wild seed or insect escaping their scutinizing eyes. Their industrious claws are ever at work uncovering, ready for appropriation, every hidden but consumable substance. He regards grass as a necessity for them in summer, and in winter they should have swedes or mangles. Pure water and shelter from wet are requisite for their thrift. To prevent disease he advises salting the yards where they are confined, in autumn, when the winter rains will wash it well in and sweeten the surface. He says, " Broods of chickens never do better with us than on the grass brows or patches abutting upon the growing crops either of corn or pulse into which they run, either for insects or for shelter. The roof of the coop should be water-tight, and the coops should often be moved, having only the natural ground for the floor. The natural ground soon gets tainted unless you move the coop. You can hardly make some people good managers of poultry if they lack observation and judgment. This is specially necessary in the breeding of poultry; your male bird should be often changed, say every second year. He should be young and vigorous. Breeding in and in won't do any more than with animals. I consider winged game, poultry and birds the farmers' friends. My poultry have access at all times to my fields. Fowls are very useful in clearing off flies. I have often been amused at seeing the neat and quick manner of taking them from reposing bullocks, much to the comfort of the latter."

A RECIPE FOR PREPARING SOIL FOR HOUSE PLANTS .- Cut a quantity of sods about six inches thick and put them in a heap, placing them bottom contains no Opium in any form. It is well to put a little old cow-manure between each layer of sods. the mos delicate child, although it is an Turn this heap over three or four times side up. It is well to put a little old Turn this heap over three or four times during the Summer and it will be ready for use. I generally let it lay over Winter before using, so as to give the sudden formation of steam is effecit the benefit of a thorough freezing. tual. Never sift the soil unless the pots it is to be used in are very small; by this the best part of the soil-the fibre-is | The infiltration system of salting beef, lost. If there are any dry lumps of by filling the bloodvessels with brine, key, \$2. sod remaining unbroken after the differ- is attracting considerable attention in ent turnings, they may be chopped fine in Australia. In some recent experiwith a spade at the time of using. It ments at Brisbane, bullocks were is my practice to pull them to pieces treated as follows: At the instant of in the bottom of the pot next above and incisions were made in both venthe drainage, reserving thefine soil tricles. Into the orifice of the left ven-States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced to shake about the roots. If the soil tricle a pipe was inserted, and a stream is rather heavy put in a little sand; for ferns, put in about one fourth leaf mould from the woods. Every lover of house-plants could have a pile of soil like this, with very little trouble, ready to use at any time.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

SPANISH CREAM .- Take one-half box of gelatine, put it in one quart of milk, let it soak from forty minutes to one hour, then put it on the fire and stir until fully dissolved, then add the yolks of four eggs and four tablespoonfuls of sugar well beaten together; stir until it comes to a boiling point. Have the whites of the four eggs and four tablespoonfuls of sugar beaten to a froth. Remove from the stove, add the whites of the eggs and sugar thus prepared, stirring briskly until thoroughly mixed. Flavor to taste, put in a mould wet with cold water, and set colliery, in the Mahanoy coal field, and in a cool place to congeal. If made in presented to the Academy of Natural summer it must be put with ice, or it will not separate. If properly made it separatesand one part is custard, the est from the fact that it is the first.

other is gelatine jelly, and makes a very pretty dish, greatly admired. Eat with

STAIR CARPETS. - Stair carpets should always have a slip of paper put under them, at and over the edge of every stair, which is the part where they wear first, in order to lessen the friction of the carpet against the boards beneath. The straps should be within an inch or two as long as the carpet is wide, about four or five inches in breadth. A piece of old carpet answers better than paper if you have it. This plan will keep a stair carpet in good condition for a much longer time than without it.

SOFT BEDS.—There are differences in opinion in regard to the best beds for refreshing sleep, some persons advocating soft and some hard beds. The difference between them is that the weight of a body on a soft bed presses on a larger surface than upon a hard bed, and consequently more comfort is enjoyed. Hard beds should never be given to little children, and parents who suppose that such beds contribute to health by hardening and developing the constitution are surely in error. Eminent physicians—both here and in England-eoncur in this opinion, and state that hard beds have often proved injurious to the shape of infants. Birds and animals cover their offspring with the softest materials they can obtain, and also make soft beds for them; and the softness of a bed is not evidence of its being unwholesome. But if it is not kept sweet and clean by daily airings and frequent beatings-whether it is hard or soft—is surely injurious to health .- Country Gentleman.

DURABLE WHITEWASH. - Take a barrel an I slack a bushel of fresh lime in it, by covering the lime with boiling water. After it is slacked add cold water enough to bring it to the consistency of good whitewash, then dissolve in water and add one pound of white vitriol (sulphate of zinc) and one quart of fine salt. This makes a whitewash that will stick as well as paint. It owes its durability to the white vitrol, which hardens and fixes the wash.

To CLEANSE GILT FRAMES-Take sufficient flour of sulphur to give a golden tinge to one and one-half pints of water; boil in this water four or five onions, strain, and when cold wash with a soft brush the part that requires restoring; when dry it will come out as good as new:

SCIENCE.

A PNEUMATIC DISPATCH TUBE .-Shavings from a planing mill in Chicago are, by an air-blast, blown 700 feet through a 15 inch sheet iron pipe, to a distillery, where they are burned

TO EXPELL FOUL AIR FROM A WELL. -The quickest way to expel foul air from a well is to heat a bar of iron red hot, and lower it down into the water;

CURING BEEF BY INJECTING BRINE. with the hands, and to place them killing the animal's heart was laid bare, of weak brine was forced through the bloodvessels, washing out all the blood. Pressure was obtained by having the brine in an elevated tank. After the expulsion of the blood the right ventricle was closed by a clamp, and stronger brine was forced in until all the bloodvessels were full. In this way the distribution of the brine through every part of the meat is said to be complete and the curing perfect. It is proposed to send to the Sydney Exhibition a whole bullock thus preserved.

> The finding of "footprints on the sand of time" has become an old story the newest thing in palæontological discovery is to find them on the coals of time. A specimen of coal shale with the tracks of what is supposed to be some sort of salamandroid animal, has been unearthed at the Ellangowan Science by a resident of Williamstown,



BROTHERS.

Middleton, Annapolis Co., N. S., or Charlottetown, P. E. I.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Sewing Machines,

of both American and Canadian Manufacturers, over 20 different kinds in stock, among which is

THE RAYMOND,

the most Popular Machine in the market.

THE REPAIRING of all SEWING MACHINES

will be attended to.

SHUTTLES, NEEDLES & EXTRAS

of all kinds in stock.

Sewing Machines!

\$5.00 to \$100.00. SECOND-HAND MACHINES

taken in exchange as part payment for

All SEWING MACHINES warranted.

ALSO, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

ORBEANS,

Mason and Hamlin, Geo. A. Prince, Geo. Woods,

The Bell, &c.

PHAMB9

Steinway,

Emerson,

&c., &c. Of BOTH AMERICAN AND CANADIAN Manufacturers. Instruments guaranteed for five years and sold on easy terms. Liberal reduction to Clergymen, Churches and Sabbath Schools. Good Local Agents wanted in Towns, where not yet appointed.

MILLER BROTHERS,

Middleton Annapolis Co., N. S.

THE BAPTIST HYMN BOOK

published by the Baptist Publication Society, may be obtained at the CHRISTIAN MESSENGER OFFICE,

HALIFAX CHEAP EDITION.—Square 18 mo.

Clear Agate type. 1,000 Hymns for 50 cents. Bound in morocco. POCKETEDITION.-24mo. Handsom

Minion type. Sheep, 75 cents. Extra Tur-PEW EDITION.—18mo. Sheep, \$1.20.

Extra Turkey, \$3.25. PULPIT EDITION.—12mo. Small Pica type. Sheep, \$2.00. Extra Turkey, \$4.00.

The Hymns of the Baptist Hymn-Book adapted to music. It contains 325 of the BEST STNADARD TUNES IN THE Hymn and Tune Book Price \$1.00.

It is strongly and beautifully bound in the finest English Muslin and best style, with red edges—special attention is given to the strength of the binding.

ONE THOUSAND HYMNS, AND THREE HUN DRED AND TWENTY-FIVE TUNES FOR ONLY \$1.00.

THE HYMN & TUNE BOOK costs for postage 4 cents. Parties wish ing a copy by mail sending \$1.04 will have a copy sent by return mail.

Society's publications or any other books, CHRISTIAN MESSENGER OFFICE, No. 71 GRANVILLE ST., HALIFAX. Sept. 16.

TRURO MARBLE & FREESTONE WORKS,

CORNER OF Prince & Waddell Sts., Truro, N. S.

A. J. WALKER, Proprietor.

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, TABLETS, TABLE TOPS, SOAP STONES, &C., &C. All work executed in the most approved

Orders from the country personally and promptly attended to.
Orders will also be received for Red Granite Monuments. Feb. 26, * to Dec. 31, '79.

WESTERN COUNTIES RAILWAY. 1879. Arrangement. 1879.

TRAINS LEAVE HALIFAX 7.55 a. m.—Express daily for St. John and intermediate points.

3.30 p. m.—Express daily for Windsor. Connection for Kentville and

intermediate points on Tues-day, Thursday and Saturday 8.20 a. m.—Passengers and freight Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for Annapolis and intermediate points.

Arrive at Windsor-9.40 a.m., 5.40 p.m., 11.15 p. m.

LEAVE WINDSOR: 7.00 a.m.—Express, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

10.00 a. m.—Express, on arrival of train from Kentville, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

2.00 p. m.—Passengers and Freight Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

6.50 - Express daily.

Arrive at Halifax 9.28 a. m.—noon,

4.50 p. m., and 8.30 p. m. July 1, 1879.

Transportation of WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS

Railway. Summer Arrangement, Commencing 1st July, 1879.

1	Commencing 1st July, 1979.												
		GOING WEST.	ess Daily.	Frgt. Mon., l. & Fri.	races, Thu., Saturday.								
	Miles.	Brisi Chronic Maria	Expr	Pass. & Wed	Passe Freight,								
	18 25 37 53	Windsor Leave Wolfville do Kentville, Arrive Leave Berwick Leave Wilmot, Leave Annapolis, Arrive	A.M. 9 45 10 40 11 00 11 15 11 46 12 26 1 50	12 00 1 15 1 45 2 20 3 12 4 27	P. M. 5 45 6 56 7 20								
	10 http://doi.org/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/10.100/	St. John, do	7 30	10.35	- e/102								
	Miles.	GOING BAST.	Pass. and Freight Mon. Wed. and Fri.	Passengers & Frgt. Tues., Thurs., & Sat.	Express Daily.								
		St. John, Leave	A. M.	A.M.	A. M								
	47 59 66	Annapolis, Leave Wilmot, do Leave Kentville, Arrive Wolfville. do Windsor, Arrive	7 30 7 57	11 40	4 0 4 4 5 1 5 2 5 4								
	1 =				10.00 March 10.00								

Steamer "Empress" leaves St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday and Annapolis, to return on Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday.

1879 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1879

TRAINS leave Halifax daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:— At 8.05 a.m. (Express) for St. John, Pictou and intermediate points.

At 12.15 p.m. (Accommodation) for Pictou and intermediate points. At 5.00 p.m. (Accommodation) for Truro and intermediate points.

At 6.15 p. m. (Express) for St John, Riviere du Loup, Quebec, Montreal, and the West.

WILL ARRIVE :-At 9.15. a. m. (Accommodation) from

At 10.35 p. m., (Express) from St. John, Riviere du Loup, Quebec, Montreal, and the West. At 2.55 p. m. (Accommodation) from Truro and Pictou.

At 7.40 p. m., (Express) from St. John, WORLD. This book has no equal as a Point du Chene, Pictou and intermediate points. July 23, 1879.

SPRING

PARRSBOROUGH RAILWAY.

Connects with Intercolonial. Leaves Parrsborough at 9.30 a. m. Arrives at Spring Hill at 12.20 p. m. Leaves Spring Hill at 3.20 p. m. Arrives at Parrsborough at 6.00 p. m. May 28, 1879.

Is published every Wednesday. Terms—Two Dollars a year, when paid in advance; if payment is delayed over three months \$2.25, when over six months \$2.50, POSTAGE PREPAID.

STEPHEN SELDEN, PROPRIETOR, Office No. 69 & 71 Grandille Street,

Halifax, N. S. Printing of Books, Pamphlets, Cards Handbills, Blank forms, &c., &c., on MAGISTRATES BLANKS ALWAYS ON HAND