

tem of benevolence. The rule given in 1 Cor. xvi. 1, 2 was limited as to time, place and purpose. But the church of to-day have discovered that, a plan adapted to raise money from Galatians and Corinthians for poor saints at Jerusalem is found to be perfectly fitted to all circumstances, and the objects we find it necessary to sustain. So, when the experiment is made, lo! this plan of discipline is found suited to all cases and wherever tried succeeds perfectly.

(Conclusion next week.)

For the Christian Messenger.

Dear Brother,—

In the *Wesleyan* of July 19th, I noticed a wonderful production from Rev. J. Gaetz, in reply to a letter in *Christian Messenger* of June 4th, from Rev. John Brown. With the general features of the letter I have nothing to do, Mr. Brown will look after that. But there is one point that struck me as showing Mr. Gaetz's craft.

In speaking of his interfering with the appointments of other ministers, a cursory reading might lead one to suppose that Mr. Gaetz denies the charge. But let it be noticed, he does not deny the charge has ANY foundation in fact, but he denies the charge "having no foundation in fact." (The italics are mine.) To all of which some of us connected with the Union Meeting house at Farmington would say, "Amen."

Aug. 4th, 1878. FARMINGTON.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

BELMONT, P. E. I.—Rev. J. B. Woodland of Cavenish, P. E. I., writes: "We have been enjoying a gracious revival season at Belmont, Lot 16, where I have labored one-fourth of my time during the last year and a half, under the direction of the Home Mission Union. During the last two weeks I have baptized Sixteen believers, five of them being heads of families; and others are yet anxiously enquiring the way. We are praying that the Spirit may continue the good work. Brother E. B. Corey was with us part of the time and rendered valuable assistance."

DOMINION & FOREIGN NEWS.

DOMINION OF CANADA.—The parties arrested for the row on Saturday week at Ottawa were all dismissed for want of evidence against them.

The Reformed Episcopal Church Council could not come to a decision with reference to the election of a Bishop for Canada, and adjourned on Thursday after establishing a Synod, the general sentiment being that the church was not sufficiently strong to support such a dignitary.

Mr. Aikens acts for Sir John Macdonald as head of the administration during the Premier's absence.

A complete re-organization of the militia of the Dominion and defences is said to be among the reforms of the near future.

The Consolidated Bank of Montreal suspended on Thursday last. The Bank has been in difficulty for some time.

A letter received from Thunder Bay states that men working on the Canada Pacific Railway contracts are on a strike. They are demanding \$1.50 per day, whereas they have been reduced to \$1.25.

By order of his physician ex-Lieut. Governor Letellier will probably take a trip West as far as Niagara before he goes home. Over 200 voters of the district of St. Hyacinthe, who came to pay their respects to and express their sympathy with Mr. Letellier, drove out and were presented to the Lieut. Governor. All the party afterwards signed their names in the visiting book at the Government House.

Hon. Robert Boak, and Messrs. M. Dwyer and J. J. Bremner, of Halifax, are at Ottawa seeking assistance for the establishment of a sugar refinery.

The imports of June were: Total dutiable goods \$2,992,365; free goods \$1,112,290; grand total, \$4,148,328; duty paid, \$797,360. Compared with June, 1878, the decrease this year is \$2,483,228.

At Quebec on Thursday last the barque George from Three Rivers, loaded with light lumber for South America, was found to be on fire in her forward hold. An alarm was sounded and a tug sent out with 16 men of the force to assist in extinguishing the flames. The ship was burned to the waters edge. The George is a vessel of 942 tons register, owned by Messrs. T. & E. Kenny, of Halifax, and is insured in Halifax offices for \$22,000.

A terrible fire occurred on Friday at Hamilton, Ontario. Three men are missing, it is feared they are lost, and another one was killed by a fall while searching the ruins for their remains.

New BRUNSWICK.—The consideration of His Excellency will be appreciated by the N. B. people. His Secretary a few days since wrote the Provincial Secretary as follows:

"I should be glad if you would impress these functionaries (the Mayors of St. John and Fredericton) with His Excellency's wish that as little expense as possible be incurred in regard to his visit, on account of the great loss sustained lately in the Province."

Business matters in St. John are not encouraging. The *St. John Globe* says: "As far as St. John is concerned we regret to say that the hopes with which the spring opened have not been realized. The summer business has been very light; the most of the mills are idle; there is very little work doing, and the prospect of the workingman for the winter is certainly not good. Mercantile men report unusual stringency, their complaints being all summed up in this: 'there is no money in the country.'"

A little girl and boy, children of Thomas Clark, aged six and four years respectively, with a girl named Cook, about twelve years old started on Monday week from Mr. Clark's house at McAdam Brook, to pick berries some half mile down the road. The children not returning at night search was made by some sixty men but they had not been found on Tuesday night.

Beecher lectured in St. John last week before large audiences and preached to the Congregationalists on Sunday morning in the Institute.

UNITED STATES.—The Post Office Department at Washington has advices of the capture in Northern Texas of a gang of twelve highwaymen. Longmott, another of the Fort Worth gang of mail robbers, was recently convicted by the United States Court for Texas, and sentenced to 99 years in the penitentiary.

The news special from Fort Davis says Major Courtney skirmished with the Indians at Salt Lake, seventy-five miles west of Galveston on Saturday. Two soldiers were badly wounded; ten horses were captured from the Indians.

At Memphis one hundred and fifty minute men are enrolled to respond at any call. President Porter, of the committee of safety denies rumors that a military force will be used to compel people to go into camp.

A despatch from General Miles on Rock Creek, eighteen miles south of the boundary, says Sitting Bull's band fled northward to Wood Mountain, leaving their property scattered for 50 miles. The Sioux are estimated at 5,000, with 2,000 fighting men. Gen. Miles believes he has force enough to deal with them.

A special from Battle Creek reports the burning of a pleasure steamer on Thursday on Gognac Lake. The dwelling house of Jas. Cleveland and three boat houses were also burned. Mrs. Cleveland and infant child perished in the flames, while two other children were fatally injured. Mr. Cleveland saved his own and one of his children's lives by jumping with it from the second story of the burning building into the lake.

A despatch from Colton says Gen. E. Bouton, of Los Angeles, while riding on Monday 28th, was stopped by three men, taken off and tied to his wagon wheels. He managed to get his hand loose, drew his pistol, killed one man and wounded the other two. Robbery was their object.

Thirteen members of a desperate gang of robbers, charged with burglary, outrages upon old folks and other crimes, have been arrested and lodged in Reading, Pennsylvania jail. They are all young German tramps.

A terrible rainstorm burst upon the city of Wooster, Ohio, July 29, the water submerging whole streets and rising waist deep in a number of houses in the lower part of the town. The inmates were removed by ladders. The water overflowed the gas house five feet. Cows and small animals were carried away. Telegraph lines and railroad tracks east were washed away.

Two steam yachts lashed together started for an excursion on the St. Lawrence on Thursday morning. When a short distance the lashing loosed and one boat capsized and sunk. Five ladies were drowned.

Advices from along the line of the Northern Pacific Railway states that the harvest is progressing rapidly with most favorable weather, and superior crops are assured. The average yield is: wheat, 24 per acre; oats, 50 bushels; barley, 45 bushels. The Northern Pacific line will have 3,500,000 bushels for shipment.

At Central Point Ia. a cholera epidemic as local physicians call it, is on the increase. 100 cases are now reported in rural towns with fatalities occurring every hour.

Sitting Bull's brother and a chief named Young Assinaboine were both killed in a fight with General Miles.

ENGLAND.—The Government hope to prorogue Parliament on the 16th of August, business permitting.

Mr. Gladstone publishes an extended indictment of the Government's policy.

The British Admiralty has ordered all the Indian troops to be in readiness for six months' continuous service for bringing home troop from Africa.

The Government's proposed reduction of the stipends of Bishops was defeated, 184 to 133.

In the House of Commons on Thursday the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated that the Government proposed to ask a vote of £3,000,000 sterling on account of the expenses of the war in South Africa. This will raise the expenditures for the Zulu war to £4,500,000 but the Government hopes to recover

this sum from South African colonies, and would ask authority to raise bonds. John J. Mechi, scientific agriculturist writes: "The crops are assuming a more healthy appearance so we still hope to begin harvest on the 20th August."

Twenty officers and four hundred men died of cholera and other diseases on the return march from Afghanistan, while one hundred were killed in action on the British side during the war.

The Colorado beetle has appeared in a potato field at Killavullen, Ireland.

A storm of extraordinary severity occurred in the valley of the Thames and other parts of England on Saturday night, and caused immense injury to the crops. The damage by rain, hail and inundation will be irreparable this season. The loss of live stock is serious. The storm was attended by hailstones, some of which were five inches in circumference. The damage to glass in places around London amounts to thousands of pounds. Great damage is also reported from Cambridge, Norfolk, Guildford, Leicester, Bath and Monmouth.

FRANCE.—The *Journal d'Agriculture* states there is every probability, should fine weather continue, that farmers will be able to make up in a great measure for previous losses.

The Senatorial committee on Ferry's bill for remodelling the Superior Council of Education has been nominated. Seven of nine members are in favor of the bill, which is almost certain to pass before recess.

The Deputies have adopted the proposal for the demolition of the Tuilleries. The site will be transformed into a garden.

There was an enormous crowd present to day at the unveiling of the statue of the late ex-President Thiers. Jules Simon concluded his speech by saying: "France is saved. She possesses forever a Republican Government and liberty to think, teach and write."

SPAIN.—A powder magazine at Durango exploded killing fourteen persons.

An old woman who threw a stone at the King when in his carriage was certified to be insane and asylumed.

The negotiations between Peru and Spain for a renewal of diplomatic relations are proceeding satisfactorily.

The *Globe* says a letter was lately received by Horatio N. J. Sprague, United States Consul at Gibraltar, demanding that \$3,000 be deposited in a certain spot on pain of death of himself and family in the event of his refusal. The Spanish authorities investigated the matter and arrested 14 persons on suspicion. Mr. Sprague has since received a letter containing still more audacious threats.

GERMANY.—Within the last few days half a score of obnoxious publications have been suppressed.

At Wilhelmshaven, on Wednesday last a cannon of 24 centimetres calibre burst on the German gunboat *Renoven*, killing three and wounding fourteen. Seventeen houses were burned at Katkoff, on the Dnieper.

ITALY.—Signor Cairoli, Prime Minister, in replying to questions in the Senate said the present ministry would pursue a policy of peace, insisting on the execution of treaty of Berlin in favor of Greece.

TURKEY.—The Turkish Premier has sent a circular to Turkish ambassadors stating that the suppression of the Grand Vizierite is necessary in order that the Sultan might obtain a firmer hold on the reins of authority.

Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, telegraphed the Porte that Turkish troops violated Bulgarian territory, near Dubniza, and Bashi Buzouks are pillaging and assassinating. The Prince demands their recall.

Osman Pasha has been appointed commander-in-chief of the army of observation on the Greek frontier, which will number 84,000.

RUSSIA.—It is announced that a hundred persons were arrested on Sunday on the estate of Grand Duke Constantine near St. Petersburg.

The assailant of Lieut. General Drenellen when arrested, was found to be the same person who when passing under the name of Pleteneff, committed other offences at Tadjanzog. He fired on gendarmes attempting to arrest him.

The Government is considering the proposition of American contractors to build a naval yard at Sebastopol.

The Khirges owing allegiance to China made a fresh raid on the Russian district of Serghipol. The Cossacks pursued them 20 miles beyond the frontier, took 14 prisoners and re-captured the booty.

THE ZULU WAR.—Special correspondents in South Africa agree that the capture of Cetewayo is all important, because as long as he is free he will remain the centre of conspiracy and mischief. General Wolseley, however, has no intention of pursuing him with British troops, as the nature of the country renders such a course impracticable.

Gen. Wolseley, in an address to a number of chiefs on July 12, informed them that he had no desire to take any of their territory, but that Cetewayo was a fugitive and could never more be King. The chiefs declared that the Zulu nation had now no head, and they wished to have no more black kings, but would prefer John Dunn for king.

News.

THE GRANVILLE STREET SABBATH SCHOOL held its annual Pic-nic on Thursday last, and all who were present, scholars, teachers and friends had a rare treat. The trip up the N. W. Arm and back in the steamer was most delightful. The day was charming, the place—Mr. Hosterman's grounds—is one of the most beautiful of that beautiful locality. The ladies were most industriously employed in supplying the wants which are always so keen on such occasions. Rev. E. M. Saunders, Rev. J. W. Manning, Rev. J. F. Avery, Mr. Spencer from Dartmouth, Sau Ah-Brah and some from each of the other congregations of the city and Dartmouth being much pleased rendered the occasion one of so much pleasure that it will not soon be forgotten. A good company went in the morning but the number was considerably augmented by arrivals in the afternoon.

Before leaving the grounds Rev. Mr. Manning and Mr. J. C. Archibald, on invitation of Mr. Saunders gave brief, appropriate addresses and Mr. S., closed with prayer. We hope all the Sunday Schools may have as pleasant a day and that the time will soon come round again when all may enjoy another such social re-union.

During the past year some have passed away from the ranks of scholars and teachers of the School. One of these so recently, we hardly realize that she is to be with us no more and participate in these labors and joys:

MISS LILY MURRAY, after being a number of years a scholar and having secured the confidence and love of all; her piety becoming evident and active, and being ever ready to assist was invited to take charge of one of the classes, to which she readily consented. Here she continued to commend the Saviour, whom she had sought and found, until her health declined, and on the 22nd of last month was called away to her everlasting rest and joy. Whilst the bereaved parents, brothers and sisters and her fellow-teachers mourn her departure, it is not as those without hope. Her example will always be before them to excite them on in the Christian course.

At Shubenacadie on Wednesday morning, a fire broke out in J. B. Fraser's brick tannery, destroying the building, machinery and stock. It then spread to the adjoining barn, completely destroyed it and its contents, including about twenty tons of hay and farming utensils. His dwelling house was saved with great difficulty. Loss about \$12,000. Insured in the Canadian Agricultural Insurance Company for \$5,000.

On the 25th of July a fishing boat was upset while attempting to enter the harbor of Margaree, C. B., and one of the occupants, Capt. Lazaar White, was drowned.

THE NUTRITIOUS CONDIMENT is pronounced "the best thing" in existence for Horses and Cattle on or off grass.

In accordance with an Order in Council pass some months ago, no lobsters can be caught for packing after the 1st of August till 1st of April next ensuing; consequently the factories will be closed for the present.

An accident occurred to the Western Counties train on Saturday evening by which it was delayed about two hours. It was occasioned by the throttle valve of the engine becoming disconnected inside the boiler. By a singular coincidence the I. C. R. express was delayed about an hour, on the same night, in consequence of a similar accident to the engine, near Sackville.

Wheat in many parts of the country is looking remarkably well. We shall soon have several counties which raise their own bread-stuffs if the same progress is made in this direction.

SOMETHING THAT IS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN OUTSIDE THE CITY.—John Nash & Co., 77 & 79 Brunswick Street, Halifax, N. S., are manufacturing Soda Water, Aerated Lemonade, Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla and Ginger Beer, which they will ship safely packed to any address for \$1.00 per dozen and allow 60cts. for returned empties, which makes the Beer only 40cts. per dozen. These are just the articles for Bazaars, Tea-Meetings, and Pic-nics. They are a wholesome and delicious beverage, not being spirituous or malt, children can drink it. Country orders promptly attended to. No charge for packing or shipping by Rail or Vessel. Give them a call.

There is trouble among the miners at Spring Hill, a reduction is being made in their wages, and they purpose striking rather than take what is offered.

On Sunday morning an alarm of fire was given in Dartmouth. It was soon found that a barn owned by Mr. John Leahy above the Common was burning. A quantity of hay, a new wagon, a lot of farming implements, including a mowing machine and rake, a new set of harness and other articles were lost. The horse was rescued, but was so badly injured that it was afterwards shot. Mr. Leahy was badly burned.

The University of Halifax reports the examination of five candidates passed, all "private study."

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.—Halifax Co.—To be a Justice of the Peace—John Barron Musquodobit.

Cumberland Co.—To be a Justice of the Peace—Samuel W. Salter, Diligent River.

Kings Co.—To be a Commissioner for taking affidavits &c.—George Munro, Kingston.

Cumberland Co.—To be a Notary &c.—William Inglis Moffatt, Amherst.

Guysborough Co.—To be Commissioners for taking Affidavits &c.—Allen McQuarrie, Sherbrook.

Lunenburg Co.—To be a Justice of the Peace—G. Henry Windrow, New Ross. Digby Co.—To be a Justice of the Peace—John Dunkley, Barton.

Colchester Co.—To be a Justice of the Peace—Frederick A. Laurence, Truro.

Halifax Co.—To be Commissioners for taking Affidavits &c.—Peter R. Clarke, Upper Musquodobit; James W. Kelly Johnson, Halifax Board—Edw. Jennings, Esq., M. D. Halifax. To be a Commissioner of Schools for the District of East Halifax—The Rev. Richmond Smith, Beaver Harbour.

To be Commissioners for the Province of Nova Scotia in the State of Massachusetts United States of America, for taking Affidavits, &c.—Joseph B. Braman and Frank Seaman, Esquires, both of Boston, Massachusetts, U. S.

A woman named Rebecca Melvin was found on Thursday last in the bushes a little off the Tower Road nearly dead. She had been there for several days, and had part of a loaf of bread, but had not tasted water, being too weak to go and get any. It appears she is of unsound mind, and had escaped from the Poores' Asylum on the Saturday previous. She said she wished to be left there to die.

Particular attention is called to the Advertisement of the "Nutritious Condiment" this week.

THE FLORAL CONCERT at the Rink on Friday evening was a thing of beauty. The decorations of the rink were fine. The young ladies—some hundreds were as in a beautiful bower. The music was excellent and the singing very good. There is talk of having it repeated in a short time.

On Tuesday morning early last week, the steamer Alhambra ran into the schooner *Hero*, lying becalmed below George's Island. There were two or three passengers on board. The steamer towed the wreck into Wood's wharf. It was a very narrow escape from loss of several lives.

HERRING COVE, Halifax, Co., N. S., May 24, 1879.—I had for nearly two years suffered severely with pain in my breast and side, resulting from a severe cough that was supposed to be consumption. For a long time I had a swelling or lump in the lower part of my side which increased in size and painfulness until one night my sufferings were so great that it was feared I would not live until the morning, when Graham's Pain Eradicator was tried both internally and externally; the result was astonishing, it gave immediate relief and completely reduced the swelling or lump and drove it all away. For the pain in the breast and side as well as other forms of pain I have never found its equal.

MICHAEL DELROCHRY.

July 9.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FVIR. The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant Bazaar, where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the yacouts of the North as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent.—*Lincoln (Ill.) Times*.

ANOTHER COMMUNICATION from Mr. Geo. Sewell, dated Moncton, N. B., June 22, 1878.

J. H. Robinson, Esq.—Dear Sir—I wrote you in May last informing you of the wonderful cure your "Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lactophosphate of Lime" had made in my case, and, at the same time promising to write from time to time to let you know how I was getting along. I am much better in every way; am stronger; can walk a good long distance without getting tired. Sleep well and eat a hearty meal. In fact I am a new man in every respect, and those who saw me three months ago and see me now, can hardly believe that I am the same person.

The above are facts, and believing that ingratitude is one of the unpardonable sins, I feel it a duty to tell you of what, under a kind Providence, your preparation has done for me. Wishing you every success, &c., &c.

Price \$1.00 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.00.

Brown & Webb; and Forsyth, Sutcliffe & Co., Halifax, Wholesale Agents. Nov. 6. 2 ins.