#### FAMILY NEWSPAPER. GENERAL A RELIGIOUS AND

# Halifax, Nova Scotia, Wednesday, March 24, 1880.

# "Eye hath not seen."

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NEW SERIES.

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You never write of heaven, Though you write of heavenly themes ; You never paint the glory But in reflected gleams ! My pencil only pictures What I have known and seen : How can I tell the joys that dwell Where I have never been?

I sing the songs of Zion, But I would never dare To imitate the chorus, Like many waters, there. I sketch the sunny landscape, But can I paint the sun? Can that by art, which human heart Conceiveth not, be won.

The Laplander, that never Hath left his flowerless snows. Might make another realize The fragrance of the rose : The blind might teach his brother Each subtle tint to know Of lovely lights and summer sights, Of shadows and of glow.

To whom all sound is silence, The dumb man might impart bave ourselves in the church, we do not find so plainly formulated in commands, as germinating in principles taught by Christ and His Apostles and ingrained in the hearts and consciences of believers by the Holy Ghost. We have also very plain examples in the practices of the first churches. By carefully observing and following these directions we shall not go far astray. It is not well that we only practice in some particulars the will of Christ. It is not enough that we embrace and rejoice in some of the features and privileges of Christianity. We are to observe all things Christ commanded. Early in the Church's history we find the word FELLOWSHIP

used to describe the bond which united believers to each other, and their common Lord. The efficiency of the Church appears then to have largely tio of individual ability. depended upon its strength here. To this the Church must still look for much once simple in its construction, beauti- financial agencies, as they go forth to colof its power.

THE HARMONY AND STRENGTH OF FELLOWSHIP.

Our confidence in this arrangement of our Saviuor for His followers, will be confirmed as we discover the harmonious blending of the individual Christian life, and Church's life, and the spiritual strength, their union secures both to the believer and the Church. Believers are all one in Christ Jesus. if believers at all, or in Christ at all. This harmony is plainly seen in what may be called the practical constituents of fellowship, as they appear in the first Apostolic Church. Here we see.

1. The love of a common object.

2. A oneness of purpose.

3. A common agreement in plans o operating.

4. A constancy in support in the ra-

Here we have an organization at by all our churches in their work. Our

orate in church work, they have cut membership. . themselves off from Church privileges and the appointed means of grace.

of things a departure from the Apos- fulfil her mission, discharge all her liatolic model, " They continued in fel- bilities, and daily increase her ability. lowship." Ananias and Saphira lost This is God's appointed means, all else their lives by breaking it. The very must fail. A perfected fellowship will unsatisfactory condition of our church lift our churches above the doubtful accounts, as it appears in arrearages methods now resorted to, for the purpose on subscriptions and balances due on of replenishing church funds. Bazaars, urge us to perfect our fellowship.

THESE PRINCIPLES MUST BE RECOG-NIZED

ful in its harmony, and unsurpassed lectmust publish these conditions of Chris-THE CONDITIONS OF CHURCH FELLOW- in its power. In the absence of tian life and Church life, so wisely and

they are out of fellowship with their possessions of its participants, and conbrethren and their Lord. By refusing, fines the demands of the Church withor even ignorantly neglecting to co-op- in the limits of the united ability of its

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When all who love the Lord Jesus are living in His appointed fellowship Do we not discover in this condition the Church will be abundantly able to pastors' salaries, and the pressing calls | concerts, and theatrical entertainments, tor aid from weak churches and desti- with their many demoralizing influtute fields alike speak of this departure. ences, will be shorn of their present re-The claims of our Foreign Missions, and ligiousness, and will be seen in their the necessities of our educational work | true light, as the antagonists of fellowship, an insult to God and a bad example to the world. If our Church is dancing attendance to worldiness, and pandering to the low passions and appetites of the ungodly for the sake of a financial margin ; while at the same time large numbers on our rolls are denving their obligations as thy pubeither of these constituents, real fel- kindly instituted for the children of God, licly assumed them at their baptism, our influence cannot be favorable to righteousness. If from year to year our churches are in arrears, and fail to pay their honest debts, they shake public confidence in their integrity and ability. By this we divorce religion and business to the very great injury of both. A developement of fellowship would at once increase financial ability of the church and raise its institutions above the mendicancy of the present day. Its financial agents would no longer be regarded as beggars, and its ministry as a sort of exalted pauperism. She would be independent and honoured. The world would be brought to the feet of her lord to learn how to put religion and business, and time and eternity harmoniously together. 3. It will be seen that all the elements and forces of the Church are inherent. Her mission is to give and not to borrow, to bear up and elevate, and not to hang upon the common wealth for support. It will also be seen that the powers which inhere in her are succeptable of unlimited developement. That the church is the one organization of earth which is equal to every emergency, and independently so. That the more she has the more she shall receive. It is hers to conquer and win, by Divine power incarnated. All our denominational schemes should recognize these facts. These plans should not limit the efforts of the Church to the contributions of fixed sums, or the cultivation of limited areas. Her resources are infinite, and her commission is world-wide. Limits may stint while the Church only needs the development of her ablility. Pastors who find it impossible to realize a fixed salary, and our missionary and educational institutions, who find our churches slow to pledge and pay a specified support may gather a hint from this fact. Support in the ratio of in each other that is mutual; instead the ability of each church member is of the strong bonds of fellowship which the condition of life in the Church, and life here means increase. We should also recognize 'the fact that these schemes are not the sources of the Church's power; that no external pressure or perfections of appliances for gathering up the contributions of our churches will produce their benevolence, more than will the most perfect machinery for harvesting produce the crop of the farmer. Too much capital must not be expended in machinery. The grand forces of christianity are internal. The Church's life is hid in fellowship with Christ in God This fellowship perfected will give the churches financial, as it gives them spiritual strength.

The spirit-winging marvels Of Handel's sacred art. But never, sister never Was told by mortal breath What they behold, o'er whom hath rolled The one dark wave of death.

Yet angel-echoes reach us, Borne on from star to star, And glimpses of our purchased home, Not always faint and far. No harp seraphic brings them, No poet's glowing word, By One alone revealed and known-The Spirit of the Lord.

Oh, this is more than poem, And more than highest song; A witness with our spirit, Though hidden, full and strong. Tis no new revelation Vouchsafed to saint or sage, But lightfrom God cast bright and broad Upon the sacred page.

Our fairest dream can never Outshine that holy light, Our noblest thought can never soar Beyond that word of might. Our whole anticipation, Our Master's best reward, Our crown of bliss, is summed in this, 'For ever with the Lord !' F. R. HAVERGAL.

# Religious.

## Church Fellowship and Finances.\*

#### BY REV. JOSEPH H. SAUNDERS.

Everything that belongs to the Church of Christ is important to the believer. The sphere and aims of its operations must be understood by him. The principles which give to the Church its life and power are worthy of the most thorough investigation of the followers of Christ.

Christ is the head over all things to the Church." The world is to be subject to Him. His methods of accomplishing the subjection must be known by His servants. His Church is commissioned to preach the Gospel-to every creature. They, and they only, who have been made new creatures in Christ Jesus are to be admitted to membership in the church. This new life in Christ which qualifies for mem-

bership in the church, demands a full

Now as we can only have fellowship with Christ our Saviour, by a full participation of His Spirit, and this expressed by a hearty co-operation with Him in His work, so our fellowship with His Church must originate in the same source, and prove its existence in the same way. It may be well here to notice the fact that without fellowship with Christ and His Church, we can hold no advantageous relation to either. As without participation in Christ's suffering and work, we cannot have part in His life, so without a full consecration of ourselves, with all our possessions to church work, we can in no wise partake of her privileges. "If a man will not work neither shall he eat," is literally true in this relation. And this is so, not because of any formulated law of the Church, or arbitrary decree of her Lord ; but because of the spirit and nature of Christianity itself. name by whomsoever taken, is a misnomer. Having our names on Church records does not give us Christian character or Church privilege. This may give us a name to live while we are yet dead.

On the condition of our fellowship with Christ we are admitted to membership in Baptist churches. Any violation of these, breaks the compact and blights our religious enjoyments in the Church, and this is so quite independent of any attitude of the Church towards us-as is frequently imagined-but rather because of our questionable positiou with our brethren and our Lord. When this is our condition, exclusion or withdrawal of fellowship generally by the Church is no injury to us, as a nominal membership without fellowship He has given His Church, to preach is of no advantage to us. These conditions, understood by our church members, would save from many an erring step, and greatly assist in maintaining a proper discipline in our churches.

A NECESSITY OF CHRISTIAN LIFE.

lowship cannot exist. All these are in our pulpits, and at our anniversarrichly supplied to a true Church by the regenerating grace of God and the commands of Christ.

### THE OBLIGATIONS.

Since church fellowship is so vital to spiritual life, it should be cultured with the greatest care. That this may be well done, all its elements, as well as the condition of its growth, should be understood by church members. On every member rests the obligation to maintain this fellowship; for as we have seen, it includes every Christian duty and privilege. Moreover the means and the motives for its exercise are richly supplied in the conditions of our salvation, and the relation we hold to the world, as followers of Christ. " Freely ye have received, freely give," is the means indicated. "It is more blessed to give than to receive," furnishes a motive that must reach to the Without this fellowship the Christian lowest altitude of religious life. "Ye are the salt of the earth-the light of the world," marks the relation of the Church to the commonwealth. All these passages together with others map out the field of Christian work.

#### FELLOWSHIP MEANS BUSINESS.

So doss Christianity or Christian life mean the same. We cannot possibly conceive of a fellowship without united effort for the accomplishment of some end. Work is necessary to its existence. Mutual endeavour, and the sacrifice of independent self-interest, are claimed from every participant. On these conditions alone, as we have seen, can they justly claim dividends.

For the perpetuation and developement of church fellowship, the Saviour has wisely provided in the commission the Gospel. In this command He has not more surely anticipated the world's wants, than He has provided for the Church's life. For the spiritual needs of a sin-cursed race are not greater than are the demands of our Christian life that we supply the lost ones with.

ies as we endeavour to " arouse the de-"nomination" by pathetic appeals on behalf of the needy, we must bring out in clear light these practices and principles on which our religious life rests, and in the developement of which it gathers its joy and power.

When church fellowship is understood and heartily embraced by our membership, then the most perplexing of our denominational difficulties will be overcome.

SOME PRACTICAL HINTS.

1. In so much as Fellowship means business; the Church should adhere to to the soundest system of finances, in all its operations.

The correctness of any business transactions is most readily shewn by the detailed records thereof. Without systematic records, no business can be correctly done. This truth is as applicable to the Church as any other corporate body. To meet this necessity the Lord has appointed officers whose special duties lie in this direction. The Deacons are the financiers of the Church. It is for them to see that no funds are squandered and that no sound business principle is violated, in the transacti ns of the Church. By so perfecting Church accounts, as to give each member, whether old or young, rich or poor, a financial record, they will induce a careful recognition of the conditions of church privileges; and by carefully recording all disbursements they will preserve the confidence and co-operation of all concerned.

A neglect of those reasonable conditions has wrought serious difficulties in our churches. Deacons have been ignorant and neglectful of their duties. The members have not understood the conditions of their fellowship. The pastors have failed to explain and enforce these plain principles. The result is confusion instead of order in our churches. A want of confidence God has ordained for His people. Very few of our churches can show well ar-The relation of fellowship and finan- ranged financial records. Only a few rangement, individual life and Church ness meeting of the church. Only a All this should be speedily changed. are truly interdependent. Fellowship How soon and thoroughly this shall be cannot possibly exist in the Church done must depend in large measure upwithout financial operations, either in on our ministers, as they are leaders of giving or receiving; nor can the religion thought and teachers of the Revivals of religion, such as we have Now in no feature of our Church life been enjoying as we see, have failed to is our weakness more apparent than lift us into sound business habits. in the department of our finances. In Large accessions to our membership misleading conclusion is far too often no particular is the feebleness of indi- have in many instances increased our embarrassments. We need a revival of universal and prayerful thought on this subject. . 2. In so much as church fellowship and finances are so intimately related, the church has a sound financial basis, have only a nominal membership in our and should be a model of honest busi-Fellowship lays under tribute all the

surrender, and consecration to His service of all the powers and possessions tions of church fellowship, we are more of each member.

the Church rightfully claims to control, co-related. So perfect is their relation, and put under tribute, in her own pecu- that they cannot separately exist. It liar way, all the physical, as well as will be seen that any attempt to culti- finances are harmoniously united. They spiritual forces of life. There is not a vate Christian life and character, indecondition of human existence that it pendent of Church life and fellowship, does not touch and test. In the Church these converted forces are massed and developed. In her legiti- pendent of church fellowship. It is also church's financial operations find sup- truth. mate operations the religion of her Lord seen that they are co-ordinate. First, port except they be rooted in fellowship. is practically illustrated.

expected in Church life. 1st. The de- lishing righteousness in the earth. The velopement of individual Christian character, and, 2nd, a clear well-defined presentation of Christianity to the too frequently expressed, that it is no records of our benevolent work. world. In order to this, care must be difference what church we join, or had in carrying out, in detail, the plans

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In these characteristics and condi-

interested as we discover that individ-Thus commissioned and qualified, ual Christian life and Church life are must be abortive. That fellowship with Christ cannot be maintained indeas each is ordained by Christ; and then Two things then are especially to be as both are equally important in estabentertained, and by a false charity, whether we are members of any church we can be Christians and not obey Christ, or to state the same falseare of no consequence.

the living bread.

### FINANCES.

ces is here seen. As by Divine ar- of our members are interested in a busilife are indivisible, so fellowship and few think they ought to be interested. vidual faith more manifest than in the

While very respectable sums are expended in our denominational work, of the Master. How we ought to be- if we are only Christians. As though there are many of our members whose financial records are blank. These hood more boldly, Christ's commands churches. They not only fail to give ness. It cannot otherwise be a sucand arrangements for our Christian life financial strength to the Church, they sessful leader of morals. add nothing to its spiritual life, for

The Bishop of London, anxious to give a little relief for troubled consciences satisfied with a very little, suggests that the Athanasian Creed might be read four times a year instead of thirteen times.

It is easier to blame than to do better.