waiting animal. But alas! the ropes were not long enough. Dick hung full five feet above, and in front of Whistler -and they could let him go no farther. Great was his disappointment. But Whistler seemed to understand that ply: "Yes, master, I will.' Dick was animal up before dark? Would he feet of his master. stand still? Could the poor creature stand still?

Sunset was over, twilight came creeping into the valleys and faster and faster up the mountain sides, and at last had been suggested by the men to whom -so loving, so trustful, so patient, so intelligent, that the rough men who die !" were waiting to rescue this noble ani. mal would turn to each other with strange sympathetic countenances, and with low voices such as men use by the beds of the dying would say, "Do you think he'll last it out? Chn he stand it? Plucky creetur! he's a hero, that he is!"

Oh, in the long, silent hours when all had fallen asleep but Dick, how he strained his ears for the fatal sound of a footstep on that little rocky ledge! "If he moves he's lost!" he kept saying to himself. "Whistler! my beauty! my finest and handsomest feller that ever I druv. I hope and pray he'll hev the strength to stand it out till mornin'! What's that?"—and with held breath he listened to a sudden sound; "Oh! it's nothin' but a stone I reckon! I pray that ar' hoss'll stand it. Pray! Why shouldn't I pray?" he cried, jumping up suddenly. "Don't the Lord like his creeturs as well as his folks? I've heerd tell as how he don't let no single swallow fall ter the ground without anoticin' of it! Why shouldn't he be a watchin' Whistler now? Why can't I ask him to put pluck into the splendid feller's heart and sinners of steel inter his legs—but fer that matter he did ite when he made 'em! I will arsk him anyhow. 'Twon't do no harm. Nobody'll hear me!"-and Dick, going away from the others, knelt down in the dust, and said, "Lord, I'm an ignorant man and a bad 'un. I drink an' I cuss an' I don't never pray, not since I's a boy! but O Lord, if you'll only just get Whistler outen this ye'er awful bad box, I'll try ter do my level best for yer all the rest of my days, so help me God.

Just as he got through and rose with a half blush in the darkness, the soft, cians never extended their voyages. questioning whinny came up again, and he shouted, "Hang on, Whistler, the Lord's agoin' to help yer-I asked him!"

Morning dawned, bright and beautiful. The moment it was light, Dick woke up all the men and " prepared for business." Being securely fastened in a hoop himself, he had ropes and the leather band and blankets to carry down with him, and soon was hanging beside Whistler, who stood as quiet as if he were cast out of bronze. Long and patiently the man worked, in that dangerous and inconvenient position; but finely he chad his favorite rigged so, that he was sure he could be drawn up in safety. And with a last caress on the velvet nose and a last encouraging word to the wise and plucky horse, he began to be swung up again to the top. It was then that Whistler showed signs of discourage-

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They did as he bid them, and soon he ment. The beautiful eyes which had was being led gently down towards the glowed so deeply and clearly began to be strained and blurred; the delicate nostrils expanded and showed the red; the tracery of veins came out big, all over the fine expressive face, and made a network over the clean cut body! Whistler could stand it but a few morescue was at hand. Dick encouraged ments longer. But in a few moments him and told him to stand still. He said he was relieved! Gently, slowly, with impressively, "Whoa! Whoa! Whoa! a sure and certain movement, he was old boy," and Whistler whinnied his re- lifted off his feet. Wonderful as this must have seemed to him, not a struggle drawn up again. Then came a long and | did he make. Up, up, in mid-air he weary delay. The nearest place to get | was raised, higher and higher! The ropes was many miles away. A boy was Jagged rocks cut him a little, the scrubby put on horsback and told to ride for his | bushes pricked him-but Whistler knew life, and bring a big coil of new rope that life, life, depended upon his cauback with him. By this time almost all | tion ! Not a kick or struggle he gavethe day had passed. What would be and at last he was pulled, sideways, up done if they could not get that patient on to the road, and lay in safety at the

Oh! what a hurrah arose! What a long, long, echoing cry of delight burst from Dick Swinley's lips! How the poor sufferer was rubbed and fed and petted and caressed by every man in darkness hung over the scene. Dick turn! And when he was strong enough was almost frantic. The men about him | to be led into the town, what an evensympathized with his anxiety. At last | ing they made of it, telling "the boys" of the boy came back with a cart full of of this miraculous escape; Dick and ropes, and a great band of leather which | Whistler were the lions of the place. Nothing was too good for man or horse; he had told his pitiful story—but now, but when all his friends begged Dick to nothing could be done in the darkness! drink, and toasted both him and Whist-Nothing to be done but wait. To beguile ler in the whisky which he had never the time the men did a little cooking, | before disdained, Dick cried, " No, boys, ate their suppers and smoked their once for all, no! I'm a-gein' to leave off pipes, told stories, and at last fixed drinkin' and all my bad habits just as themselves as well as they could and fur as I ken! I promised it if only tried to sleep. But not Dick Swinley! Whistler was saved; And you were Over and again he crawled out on the saved, weren't you, Whistler? and mebtreacherous boulder and gave his cheery be new you'll save me, my hearty!" whistle-over and again out of the depths | caressing Whistler's silky neck. "Yis of the darkness, the horrible yawning I'm agoin' to keep my promise, I be, no gulf of blackness, came the little whinny matter what yer say. I've given my word 'o henor, and I sticks to it if I

The others, seeing Dick thoroughly in earnest, grouped around him with astonished but respectful countenances, until one in a rather scornful voice said, "I say, Dick, who was't yer promised?"

"The Lord," said Dick, doffing his hat and reverently bowing his head.

Names of Countries.

The following countries, it is said, were originally named by the Phoenicians, the greatest commercial people in the world. The names in the Phœnican language, signified something characteristic of the places they designate.

Europe signifies a country of white complexion; so named because the inhabitants were of a lighter complexion than those of Asia and Africa.

Asia signifies between, or in the middle, from the fact that the geographers placed it between Europe and Africa.

Africa signifies the land of corn, or ears. It was celebrated for its abundance of corn, and all sorts of grain. Siberia signifies thirsty or dry-very

characteristic.

Spain, a country of rabbits or conies. It was once so infested with these animals, that it sued Augustus for an army to destroy them.

Italy, a county of pitch, from its yielding great quantities of black pitch. Calabria, also, for the same reason.

Gaul, modern France, signfies yellowhaired, as yellow hair characterized its inhabitants.

The English of Caledonia is a high hill. This was a rugged mountainous province in Scotland.

Hibernia is utmost, or last habitation; for beyond this, westward, the Phœni-

Britain, the country of tin, great quantities being found on it and adjacent islands. The Greeks called it Albion, which signifies in the Phœnician tongue either white or high mountains, from the whiteness of its shores or the high rocks on the western coast.

Corsica signifies a woody place. Sardinia signifies the footsteps of men, which it resembles.

Syracuse, bad savor, so called from the unwholesome marsh on which it jewelry.

produced in abundance. Sicily, the country of grapes.

Rhodes, serpents or dragons, which it

Scylla, the whirlpool of destruction. Ætna signifies a furnace, or dark, or

A court in St Louis is hearing evidence pending a motion for an injunction to stop church chimes there.

Correspondence.

For the Christian Messenger. DEAR SIR, - Please insert these Hymns in the Messenger. They will gladden the hearts of many, for they emit an aroma of the spices from the Ivory Palace, where the sainted father was made glad.

MARNIE A. YOUNG, Woodbine Bower. Falmouth, May 5, 1881.

The Christian's Triumph over Death.

Composed at the death bed of Mrs. Ben jamin Cleveland, of Horton, N. S, in

BY THE REV. HENRY ALLINE OF FAL-MOUTH, N. S. Mount my soul on wings triumphant,

Jesus bids thee dauntless rise; One sweet ray of life immortal Conquers death and never dies ; O my Jesus, O my Jesus, Bear my soul above the skies.

Let me feel the pleasing rapture, Rising in immortal birth; I shall have no grave to enter, Never feel expiring breath; Life eternal, life eternal, Swallows up the grave and death.

Fear and grief, an empty story, While I feel that Jesus reigns; Raptures of immortal glory, Loses all the sense of pains; Draw the curtain, draw the curtain, Let me tread the blissful plains.

While in time my soul doth enter, Realms of everlasting day; Thus to God, my life I'd centre Till my soul was borne away; Live forever, live forever, In my soul, O God, my stay.

O pleasing scene! I can but wonder, While I on Jehovah gaze; Shall I, O thought! partake the splen-

Of his most meridian blaze; Lost in glory, lost in glory, Forever join angelic lays.

> For the Christian Messenger From Germany.

Berlin, April 25th, 1881.

The spring of the year has brought the annual struggle between the authorities and the emigrants to the front. Towards every European outlet-towards Liverpool, Hull, Havre, Bremen, and Hamburg, Germans are hastening away from the German Fatherland to embark for the United States. The principal departures are from Silesia and Schleswig. In the former, the authorities complain that whole villages are depopulated. The emigration now going forward, it is stated, will exceed that of any previous year, owing to the failure of the rye crops. The authorities are exerting themselves to prevent and impede this exodus as much as possible, and are putting the laws strictly in force can legation at Berlin has thought it cautious.

and the contagion of fires is less; a manager of a theatre contemplates the s trange rehearsal of instructing an audience how to act in case of an incendiary. We are fishing for Spring coaxing the coquette to not so much | you are well acquainted with Dr. come, as to stay. Father Winter has but few adorers, so much for human gratitude; yet at his first appearance we hailed the blazing log and loved to chat around the fire with friends; or with ourself and thus defy contradiction. Speed the parting guest; welcome young spring that according to Ussher | quainted with Dr. Carey. But when I is 6,000 years old, but that has escaped remember that we have before us, this alike the suffocation of chronologists and evening a society which dates back poets. Spring means equality, for it has flowers within the reach of all; white lilac for the rich, nodding violets for the humble. A bouquet of these is far superior in suggestive delight than a silver or a gilt sucking pig suspended from a bracelet, a broach, representing the loves of spiders, or cray fish earrings. In Italy, a country not now in the odor of sanctity, the girls prefer flowers to

Frankfort-on-the Main, the greatest railway centre in South-West Germany, number of visitors during the approaching Summer. No fewer than five distinct in that city this year. There is to be a private and medicinal bathing. Next not for any wild dream of crusade, but the way (if Dr. Trestrail will pardon me),

there is to be an Exhibition of Patents and Patterns, intended to promote the interests and protection of inventors. the glory of God. And not only men Further, there will be an Exhibition of but women-(Hear, hear)-women worthe German Horticultural Society, and thy to be sisters of our own Mrs. Judson, another of all the local industries of Frankfort. Finally, there will be an International Exhibition of leather, leather goods, boots, shoes, gloves, harness and tanning materials. Another their homes, for I am not sure that there International Exhibition of power and is not quite as much heroism at home work machinery will take place at Altona, from August 18 to October 17, 1881. Altona, a free port, is adjacent to Hamburg, and the exhibition will afford a rare opportunity for American and Canadian manufacturers to exhibit their goods. The Hamburg-American Steamship Company offers to take back to New York all American objects of exhibition free of freight, provided the goods are sent to the exhibition by the company's steamers and the application for reshipment is made by the committee and effected within a month after the close of the exhibition. Applications for forms furnished by the exhibition comreceive especial attention.

AUGUST.

The English Baptist Missionary Society,

Neld its annual Soiree, on Tuesday evening, 26th ult., under the presidency of Lord Justice Lush. After tea the chairman called on Dr. Wayland, from Philadelphia, who spoke to good effect as

follows :of tea to promote social feeling. I never knew but one case in which it failed. That was a somewhat memorable case. There are exceptions, I suppose, to almost every rule, except to the fact that Baptists are all right, and that editors are always truthful. (Laughter.) There was a cup of tea made a fittle more than a hundred years ago in Boston Harbour (Laughter) - which had not that soothing influence to which I have alluded. But then that is capable of explanation. The fact was that the water was not boiling. (Laughter.) It was only the people that were boiling. You will pardon a stranger for saying that one cannot be very long in this island without observing that there are a great many things which are not only old and not only very old, but, if you will still further pardon me, a little mouldy. It is only now and then that we come across something which is old and yet has all the excellence of youth. It is only now and then that we come across something which, if I may say it without irreverence, imitates the great Author and Finisher of our faith, in being at once the ancient of days and having the dew of its youth. And I look against emigration agents. The Ameri- upon this society as having those qualifications. When I look back-I do necessary to warn American agents to be not now mean that I remember Carey myself personally. There were grounds No bombs have exploded this week, that would prevent that. We used to have one of your lights that came over to America - Dr. Stoughten - whom many of you have known by reputation and some one from England came into my office one day and said, "I suppose Stoughton?" I told him that there was only one objection to that—that Dr. Stoughton died before I was born. But for that fact I had no doubt that we should have been intimate friends. (Laughter.) Now, being an editor, I do not assert that I was personally ac. almost forescore and ten years, which has lasted three generations, and then when I read the report, as I have done this week, through the kindness of Mr. Baynes, and observe the vigour and the enterprise and the heroism which is pervading its missionaries-when I read how these missionaries are pushing their way over and over again, undismayed by failure, up to the source of the Congo River, and how in India and in China, in Jamaica and all over the world they are pushing their work for the redemption will, it is anticipated, attract an unusual of men and the glory of God, I am reminded that if, in the words of your own statesman, the age of chivalry has Balneological Exhibition, including chivalry has come in - the age of Christ. every kind of appliance for public ian heroism—the age when men go forth

with their lives in their hands, to make men wiser and better, and to promote who ascended to heaven from the spot where the hopia tree marks her resting place. And the heroism is not confined to those who have gone out far from among those who are toiling and sacrificing and economising. The little item that is given at the close of the report . indicating the sources from which various sums have come-from widows -from the toiling-from those to whom

a shilling, or even a penny, is a large sum-those items are very large in the eyes of the angels and of the almighty God, for I believe that we are very much in error about this matter. We weigh and measure the sacrifices of our fellowmen by their apparent amount, but God has another standard. There was a time many years ago when He stood over space must be received before the end against the treasury, and marked those of May, and are required to be made on | that brought their gifts. There was a great crowd there. There always is on mittee. Dairy appliances will probably such occasions, for it is a very delightful thought, and it elevates our estimate of the nobility of man, that people who de not want to give anything themselves are always very glad to see other people giving. (Laughter.) It reminds us of the great philosophical principle announced by one very dear to every Dissenter-Sidney Smith. (Laughter.) Do you remember, when he was dying he said he really was so weak that if he had a knife put into his hands, he did There is a great deal of power in a cup not think he should have the strength to stick it into a Dissenter, such was the loveliness of his spirit—the very essence of Gospel meekness. (Laughter.) I say this illustrates the great principle announced by Sidney Smith—that man is a benevolent animal—that A never sees B in distress without wanting C to relieve him. (Laughter.) The people who were gathered against the treasury were watching those that put the money in and they indicated by their applause the magnitude of the contribution. Ah! you might see them as one came, and they said, "There, did you see that rabbi? He put in a talent of silver;" and they applauded, and they bowed reverently before him as he went out. And then presently there was a louder murmur of applause, and they opened their ranks to the right and left and there came in one with a very lordly air; and the people said, "Did you see that rabbi, Simeon, put in a whole talent of gold?" But here comes one in the rusty garb of a widow, and people did not make way for her, and it is hard work for her to push her way through the throng, and she has in her hands two mites, and she says to herself, "The fire has gone out on the hearth, and there is no bread in the house, but my Lord asks this"; and as she drops the two mites it made music in the heavens, and the Master said "she has cast in more than they all into the treasury of the Lord." (Applause.) No less heroes are those immortal Christian women, who with the sympathy and tenderness of heart of woman, are touching those golden chords that electrify and inspire the labourers at home and abroad all over the world. I believe it is very necessary in all political affairs that there should be a scientific frontier. (Slight laughter.) There is no need of any such frontier dividing those who labour in the cause of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, and it would be very difficult to draw the line which divides the labourers of the Cross who come from England and those who come from America. They occupy the same ground. When our own Judson went out to the East, and when he reached Calcutta, his hand was grasped by the missionaries of your own society, and ever since then the missionaries from America and the missionaries from England have laboured side by side - aye, and missionaries from Germany, too. And it is a very interesting fact that by far the large proportion of the missions of the American Baptist Missionary Union are conducted under the protection of the British flag. '(Applause.) We trust that you do not regard this as an intrusion, and if you do, and if you are dis-Exhibitions of importance will be held passed, yet something better than that posed to take revenge, why we promise fantastic thing that men used to call you, that if you should be disposed to

come over and evangelise any proportion

of the heathen from the island just over