

have found it necessary to prepare them for their work. Our schools of the Prophets have been erected and partially endowed. This is a day of great intellectual life, and the demands for thorough mental training are increasing every year. The college of a score of years ago will not do to-day. Hoary seats of learning have had to recognize the new life and the demands of the present age. Baptists, of all denominations in the world have the least to fear and the most to gain from higher education. The best scholarship is the most emphatic in its endorsement of our views. We must educate to keep abreast of the day's intellectual life. We must scatter knowledge broadcast among the people. Our venerated Fathers saw this and founded Acadia. It is in the best sense of the term a true school of the Prophets. God's rich grace has marked it out as such in many rich displays of converting power. Our ministerial ranks are largely supplied with its sons, our missionaries, Home and Foreign have most of them been strengthened for their work by its teachings, and many in the learned professions and commercial life turn to it as the centre where not only their minds were roused to worthy action but they learned of Jesus and his redemption.

Now toward all these agencies of good there should be among Baptists worthy acting. Having the truth we should show, by more consistent illustration of its controlling power over us, its blessedness. God gave us the doctrine in which we glory and we have set it forth with emphasis. Let us equally emphasize the doing of the Word. Let the Christ-life flame out in us so that there shall be no mistake by the world as to our discipleship, and the claims of Christ which we acknowledged in our baptism. Dead men to the world, yet full of resurrection life, should Baptists be.

Brethren upon us are imposed by the risen Master the most weighty of obligations. In every worthy way we must seek to clothe with increased power all the truth. We must seek its extension everywhere, and in this work our best endeavours must be put forth till we pass through the veil, and every power finds sweet employ, in an eternal world of joy. God's will shall be realized yet more gloriously in this world, but in the Father's house of many mansions it shall reach full realization. Man builds a beautiful house that he may reside in it. God will glorify all whom he justifies and they, then, will be in fulness, his people. I once visited the old home of Lord Bacon, Verulam House. It used to be the very centre of culture and fashion in the Elizabethan age. Now it is a miserable ruin. The ivy vainly tries to beautify its rugged outline. The sickly animal has made it a home in which to die, and the whole place is repulsive, notwithstanding its grand old associations. As I walked around it I could not but exclaim: "The great inhabitant is gone! God will not thus desert those who keep in remembrance the first works and do them." According to that faith which works by love and purifies the heart be it unto you. Ye are able to possess the land, and the land needs your cultivation. Its old structure built by human device must give place to the edifice built according to divine instructions on the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets.

Our relation to, or insertion in, or labor for that temple will make our names imperishable and preserve our life work. All else shall pass away in that grand conflagration which while it destroys the wood, hay and stubble only causes the gold, silver and precious stones to come forth the purer, and to sparkle in the diadem of the world's Creator and Redeemer, the Jesus of Nazareth who called the Apostles and bade them lay the foundations in the proclamation of that Gospel, which it is, and ever shall be our delight to unfold to men here; and into which even in glory we, with the angels, shall look and wonder as the eons of the eternal ages roll on.

"Life shall on and upward go;  
The eternal step of progress beats  
To that great anthem, calm and slow,  
Which God repeats."  
"The building groweth unto an holy temple in the Lord."

For the Christian Messenger.  
Tabernacle Notes.

The Tabernacle Flower Mission has fulfilled its work for the season; and the cold snap has stolen the beautiful flowers, and in a short time even the most hardy will bid us adieu, and the Lord of the seasons will soon cover them with nature's white pall, fit emblem of their innocence and sleep. For:—  
There is no death! An angel form  
Walks o'er the earth with silent tread;  
He bears our best-loved things away,  
And then we call them "dead."

He leaves our hearts all desolate,  
He plucks our fairest, sweetest flowers;  
Transplanted into bliss, they now  
Adorn immortal bowers.

Born unto that undying life,  
They leave us but to come again:

Till then we must bend our energy  
in another direction, and wait until  
springtide brings back the flowers, then  
we shall hope to continue and enlarge

this branch of service, for it has not been in vain in the Lord. Many who received the first flowers, have already crossed the flood, and some are crossing now.

In response to an invitation from the pastor and church at St. Andrews, Colchester County, last Saturday I found after a little over a two hours railway ride, that at Lower Stewiacke station, the pastor Brother Haverstock was waiting and ready to carry me into the country some seven miles, which through the combined influence of a glorious autumn day and scenery made our time pass so pleasantly, that the seven miles seemed but as one. One of the most striking features in St. Andrew's is the skill and perseverance of the Sibley Bros as shown in their manufactory of Rustic shades, a business wherein they promise to excel. And the most remarkable is the fact that they have made their own machinery for splitting the wood and weaving the blinds, the conception and execution of which shows no small inventive skill and mechanical genius. St. Andrew's will soon become known and famous for its 'Rustic shades.' Lest any should think I mean lovers' walks, and lone forest trails, it might be well to say Rustic shades for window blinds.

The Brethren at this place believe in, and expect growth; they have built a vestry and marked off ample space for the new church as soon as they outgrow the present arrangement. May the time come speedily.

Before service I baptized two candidates, and that Lord's day will long be remembered among the pleasant ones that are past. It was specially sweet to know that my former visit to Stewiacke was owned of God unto the salvation of a young man.

The pastor has good promise in his work, he has the people's love, and his labors are not in vain.

J. F. A.

In Memoriam.

DEACON WILLIAM B. INGRAM,  
of Margaree, passed to his rest 25th June, 1881, aged 53 years. He was a son of John Inghram of this place. Deacon Wm. Inghram was converted in the year 1847, at a time when this church was visited by God's grace in the conversion of many precious souls. Our brother was the first fruit of that gracious work; from that day until he crossed the river, his conduct was consistent and exemplary; his conversation was chaste and pure. Although young, when converted he avoided levity and frivolity, as enemies to the godliness. He was an affectionate husband, a loving father, a kind neighbor, who studied nature in men and things, and cultivated his farm to the best advantage. Consequently he was one of the most profitable and liberal of the Baptist church here, not only did he cultivate his farm, he also cultivated and disciplined his intellect; he was a lover of good men, and pure literature. His perseverance and self-denying labors with his hands and purse has endeared him to all who have practical religion at heart. His regular and unwearied attendance on the means of grace was wondered at by the world and careless professors. If two or three would be in the house of God, Deacon Inghram would be the first, to kindle fires, and would leave his home in time to have the house warm and comfortable for his brethren and sisters. Sabbath after Sabbath, and year after year, brother Inghram would be seen through cold and snow banks, staff in hand, going to the house of prayer before the regular hour.

Our departed brother being spiritually minded and mighty in the scriptures, was able to preach and exhort, much to the edification of the hearer and convincing of the gainsayer. He was a man of prayer, the throne of grace was his hiding place in the time of trouble. No doubt his strong cries and tears at the throne of grace have brought many blessings to this church. Our departed brother was one with whom I have often taken sweet counsel going up to the Lord's house, and my mind lingers around him. If I ask myself why has the Lord removed this useful and loving brother from the church militant to the church triumphant, I must be silent, the Dear Redeemer has a right to take his own to his home above where his servants will serve him day and night for ever.

Oct. 1st, 1881.

L. McD.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Rev. Wallace Lucas informs us that on Lord's Day the 2nd inst., he had the pleasure of baptizing four converts into the Baptist Church at Guysboro Road, the people formerly under the instruction of the Rev. Jacob Allen. Since his death they have been as sheep without a shepherd. According to the ruling of the Central Baptist Association\* this church was dropped from the list of its churches, but will make application for reception again, at the next meeting of that body. There was a large concourse of people of various denominations to witness the observance of the baptism. A preaching service was held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the right hand of fellowship was given to five, the four newly baptized and one baptized previously.

P. E. ISLAND.—Rev. J. B. Woodland lately baptized two at Rustico, and two others are received for membership.

The Canadian Baptist gives us an account of the formation and organization of a new Baptist Church at Warton, Ont. Sixteen members, representing about a dozen families, are the nucleus of what is expected to become a flourishing church.

The same paper informs us of A MINISTER BAPTIZED.—Pastor J. B. Moore writes: On Sept. 25th a brother and sister, husband and wife, were added to the Tilsonburg church by baptism, who came to us from the Society of Friends. The brother has been a recognized minister among them, and is a very acceptable preacher. The sermon delivered by him just before his baptism was one long to be remembered by us. He comes to us from principle, and as soon as he can arrange his business, intends to take work in the denomination. From a personal and intimate acquaintance with him I can most cordially recommend him to our churches in need of a pastor. Our brother's address is Daniel B. Cohoe, Norwich.

DOMINION & FOREIGN NEWS.

DOMINION OF CANADA.—The Governor General and party arrived at Ottawa on Friday morning, all well. There was no guard of honor or demonstration of any kind, owing to the early hour the train came in.

At a dinner given by the Manitoba Club, at Winnipeg, to the Governor-General on Monday the 10th, His Excellency, in the course of a long and interesting speech, referred to his recent trip through the United States. He said: "Not even the terrible events, which recently cast so deep a gloom upon our neighbors as well as our ourselves, could prevent our kinsmen from showing that hospitality and courtesy which makes a visit to their country so great a pleasure. Canada has recently shown that sympathy with her neighbor's grief which becomes her, and which has been so marked throughout all portions of our Empire. She has sorrowed with the sorrow of a great commonwealth, where the chief has been struck down in the fulness of his strength, the height of his usefulness, and in the day of universal recognition of his public character, by the dastard hand of an assassin. We have felt in this as though we ourselves had suffered, for General Garfield's position and personal worth made his own and fellow-citizens' misfortune a catastrophe for all English-speaking races. Bulletins telling of his calm and courageous struggles against cruel and unmerited affliction have been read and discussed by us with as strong admiration for the man, and with as tender a sentiment for the anxiety and misery of his family, as in the South. It is fitting and good; this should be; for we have, with Americans, not only a common descent, but a similar position on this continent and a like destiny."

It is understood that Parliament will be summoned for the despatch of business the second week in January.

It is rumored that Dr. Bergin will succeed Mr. O'Connor in the Cabinet, a Senator from P. E. Island succeeds J. H. Pope, and J. H. Pope retires to the Montreal Collectorship to make room for Sir. Alex. Galt.

Mr. McLellan, President of the Council it is said will succeed Mr. Pope as Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Throwing stones at passenger trains on the Q. M. O. Railway having become frequent of late, active steps are being taken to detect and punish the perpetrators of the outrages.

Some changes have taken place in the Railway Department at Moncton. The department heretofore under charge of Geo. Taylor, General Freight and Passenger Agent, is divided. The freight business remains under the charge of Mr. Taylor, who will have the title of General Freight Agent. The passenger, baggage and ticket business is under the charge of A. S. Busby, who has been appointed General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

The Rev. Dr. McGregor, of Edinburgh,

the celebrated Scottish divine who accompanied the Marquis of Lorne on his tour through the North-West and who is at present in Montreal, in conversation with an interviewer spoke enthusiastically of Canada, praising alike the splendor of her eastern cities, the inexhaustible fertility of her prairies and the grandeur of her Rocky Mountain scenery, and complained that these advantages were unknown in Scotland on account of Canada's neglect in not advertising herself.

UNITED STATES.—At Washington, in the Senate on Tuesday last, the oath of office was administered to Senators elect, Lapham and Miller, of New York, and Aldrich, of Rhode Island. A petition from members of the New York Legislature, alleging certain reasons why the Senators from that State were not entitled to seats, was presented and referred.

It was stated that the final adjournment of the special session is possible in two or three days.

Charles H. Landenberger's large mill in Philadelphia was burned on Tuesday evening, and many of the employes being unable to escape except by jumping, were killed in so doing, or burned to death. Twenty men and four women lost their lives. The fire is supposed to have been caused by the electricity supplied to the electric lights. The property loss is \$70,000; insurance, \$50,000.

At Wheaton, masked burglars on Tuesday last entered the house of Allen Fairbanks, gagged him, his wife and two domestics, then robbed him of \$10,000 in Government bonds, and a large amount of silver.

A magazine containing three hundred pounds of nitro-glycerine exploded on Thursday night. Two men are supposed to have been killed.

On Wednesday last, Professor King, accompanied by United States signal service officer Wade, made a balloon ascension from Chicago. A stiff breeze was blowing but the ascent was successful. The balloon left in a South-westerly direction. Their intention is to make the voyage as long as possible.

Guiteau's villany is further appearing by his endeavor to make his case a political one.—His counsel Mr. Scoville, has published the following statement prepared by Guiteau: "I have been terribly vilified by the press, and it has made some people bitter and impulsive against me. But time will righten that. I expect to issue a book shortly, wherein I shall show that the President's wrecking of the Republican party last spring by the unwise use of patronage, would have resulted in another war, and that the Lord inspired me to remove him to keep the republican party intact and save the nation another heartrending and desolating war. The breach last spring in the Republican party was widening week by week, and I foresaw a civil war. My inspiration was to remove the President, and close the breach at once before it got so wide that nothing but a civil war could close it. The Divine pressure on me to remove the President was so enormous that I had to do it, even if I had been shot dead the next moment, and the Lord took special pains to confirm my act by the gradual way he allowed the President to depart. This case should be judged by the condition of politics in May and June, when I conceived the idea of removing the President, and not by the feeling now. The President's removal has saved the nation another war, and people will recognize this fact as soon as they recover their heads."

Guiteau's trial has been fixed for Nov. 4, and the question of jurisdiction will not be settled before Oct. 30.

Guiteau's brother-in-law is not likely to be a very zealous advocate for him. He said recently to a Chicago Tribune reporter: "There won't be any great effort made, I can tell you that, to defend him. If I appear at all, I will simply put before the jury matters relating to his mental condition, whether the indictment is faulty or not. Nobody is going to furnish any money to defend him. I cannot advance him any, nor do I propose to raise any for this object. I am satisfied that no one could start a subscription and raise ten cents in thirty days for such a purpose."

The President has asked for the resignation of Assistant Postmaster-General Tyner.

ENGLAND.—Charles S. Parnell was arrested on Thursday morning at the Kingsbridge railway station on his way to the Kildare Convention. He was immediately lodged in Kilmainham jail. Dublin is said by his friends to be in a state of terrible excitement. The city is an armed camp.

On the receipt at Paas, of the intelligence of Parnell's arrest, all the shops were shut and black flags displayed from many windows. A Dublin despatch says there is a singular absence of excitement there. The entire suppression of the League is thought in all political circles to be certain.

A telegram from Kinsale says the news of Parnell's arrest was received there with unbounded satisfaction by the tradesmen, whose business has been paralysed since the agitation began.

The Times says the arrest of Parnell caused little surprise in London, but everybody seemed to approve of it.

The Dublin Evening Mail says the Land League has resolved to attack Kilmainham Jail. Mr. Forster was guarded

by dragoons in going from the Castle to his residence.

Mr. Gladstone, speaking at the London Guild Hall, deplored the arrears of business in the House of Commons, in consequence of the disloyalty to the House of men who had no pride in its traditions. In announcing the arrest of Parnell he said: "I have been informed that the first step has been taken towards the vindication of law and order, of rights of property and of the first elements of civilization, by the arrest of a man, who, entirely from motives which I do not challenge or examine, has made himself prominent in the attempt to destroy the authority of law. We are not at issue with the people of Ireland. I firmly believe that a majority of tenants earnestly desire a fair trial of the Land Act."

Father Sheehy, Patrick Eagan, and O. B. Dillon proceeded to Paris on Thursday.

P. A. Collins, President of the Land League of the United States, sent the following cablegram to the Executive in Dublin: "To Secretary Land League Dublin: Parnell's arrest is Gladstone's blunder. Parnell in prison must be the strongest force of the League. Continue his policy. Stand firm and keep cool. British game has always been to crush the agitation in Ireland by provoking civil war. Defeat it. Keep on the old line. Be as patient as you have been bold. The American League will redouble its work and stand by you to the end."

"COLLINS, President."

The Land Commissioners continue to receive applications from tenants to have fair rents fixed. The first notice filed by a landlord has just been sent by the Marquis of Waterford to have the rents of two tenants increased.

The N. Y. Telegram's Dublin correspondent has been informed that the Fenian element in the Cork Land League is arranging to attack one of the military columns on eviction duty.—The police returns show a remarkable number of agrarian outrages in Ireland during September, the total number being 387.

Sir Stafford Northcote, who represents the opposition in Parliament, speaking at Edinburgh on Thursday night said it was a satisfaction to arrest Parnell, but he held the Government responsible for the state of affairs leading to the arrest.

Parnell has asked the governor of the prison for permission to work in the carpenter's shop.

Arthur O'Connor was arrested on Saturday.

Since the arrest of Parnell, threatening letters of an unusual character have been received by Mr. Gladstone and Sir William V. Harcourt.

A Dublin mob attacked the Congregational church on York street on Sunday and smashed the windows. The service was stopped and the congregation dispersed. Great quiet prevailed in the evening. Sir Thos. Steel, commander of the forces, received telegrams on Sunday night reporting all parts of Ireland quiet.

In attempting to disperse the meeting on Sunday, troops charged the mob. The latter closed with the soldiers who were ordered to load. The soldiers charged several times, but subsequently entered their barracks. The Scots Greys and police afterwards charged the mob down George street causing it to flee in all directions. The Police in Denmark street fired upon the mob. Several persons were wounded and twenty arrests were made. Numerous houses were wrecked.

After the riot the club house was attacked, windows smashed and street lamps extinguished.

At meetings held on Sunday last at Grogg, Enniskillen and Kittishen it was resolved to pay no rents until Parnell was released.

There is only one direct wire from Valencia to London, and most of the land wires connecting with cables between England and the continent are broken.

ITALY.—Eleven thousand persons were present at the reception of Italian pilgrims at St. Peter's at Rome on Sunday last. The Pope referred to the coming Masonic congress as an assault upon the church's corner stone. He said that promises in favor of religion, and the Pope had been contradicted by the facts. He asks Catholics to watch and pray. The liberty and independence of the Pope, he said, were necessary for the welfare of the universe, and the Pope would not care to fight for that object. In conclusion, he said: "Our arms are spiritual, and we shall conquer." He blessed the pilgrims.

SPAIN.—At Madrid, on Tuesday last, the Marquis of Northampton visited King Alfonso with the British Order of the Garter, with great ceremonies.

RUSSIA.—It is reported that a new conspiracy against the life of the Emperor has been discovered, Nihilists in the telegraphic service having on various occasions betrayed to the conspirators news concerning the Emperor's intended journeys.

It is stated in St. Petersburg Court circles that preparations for the Czar's journey to meet the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria have been countermanded, and that an interview will not occur for months.

The trial of four Nihilist members of the Black Division, who were indicated for secretly printing a revolutionary

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