With the death of Jesus they were did not go into detail, supposing, as he matter at the recent meeting at Yarwhen they heard that Jesus had arisen not for school boys who needed milk tation or interference from the Con--they could not, they would not be- and not meat." (!) lieve it. " Certain women also of our 5-8), and to the testimony of these could he appeal. Thus all possibility of deception, of hallucination, of nervously affected vision ceases. The plea of hallucination in regard to facts is often urged by persons who would conceal their perplexity concerning are bound not to ignore." them. Still the most sagacious critic

eternal night of death."

adds his own in conformation. For the common sense and moral percepnothing else than this made him, who | tions of the Baptists of these Provinces had been the enemy of Jesus and the who for nearly forty years have worked persecutor of the saints, a disciple and according to the present order. And apostle, and caused him, while venting the experience of that period contrahis hatred against christians, to find in | dicts Mr. D's. implied allegation-of Jesus Christ peace for his soul. This fact cannot be got rid of by any art of explanation. It is too mighty. It cannot be said he only imagined he saw Jesus. For nothing was farther from his thoughts. And such was his inner relation to Jesus that he would have spurned as a mere phantom any such appearance. He prostrated himself in the sequence of events, but it does before it because he had to-in spite of his opposition. Had he not been obliged to submit, he would never have done so. It cannot be said that the Maid of Orleans also imagined she heard the voices of their holy ones. Just because she wished to hear them, because berein she lived and moved. But as to Paul, what he saw was a direct contradiction to call his thinking and willing. And Paul was no fanatical maiden. No man has accomplished so great things as he. The founding of the church in Europe is his work; it rests on his conversion to Christianity, on the manifestation of Him who was raised from the dead. Will any one assert, can any one seriously assert, that the greatest fact of history and the fact fullest of blessing to the world, rests upon the strangest self-deception that a man ever experienced? No, if any fact of history is certain, it is this, the fact of the resurrection of Jesus Chri-t. This however is proof of the divine revelation and its seal.

For the Christian Messenger.

Reply to Mr. A. J. Denton, A. B.

Mr. Editor,-

I have read over again my article in the CHRISTIAN MESSENGER of Aug.

attitude and tone he has exhibited. 1. Mr. Denton proposed to so change the time of holding the Baptist Convention, and the seven Associations of the Associations follow in their turn; would tend greatly to promote harmony and vigour in the working of the tion, and of course remove the "much friction and great indifference" which wisdom, care and good feeling. Mr. D. stated existed in that respect.

Mr. D. speaks indeed of the Concompany made us astonished -said those | vention laying down plans for the Astwo disciples on the way to Emmaus- sociations, and having one policy and having been early at the tomb; and only one for all; but how the laying when they found not his body, they down of plans by the Convention to be came, saying, that they had also seen a transmitted first to the Associations, vision of angles, which said that he was and through them to the churches to be alive. And certain of them that were carried into effect, is to produce harwith us went to the tomb, and found it mony and vigour, and remove "much even so as the women had said; but friction and great indifference" in him they saw not. So little prepared Denominational work, is not made were they to permit such new hopes clear, notwithstanding Mr. D's. showimmediately to arise throught the report | ing. If such result would follow from of the women. They were made almost fixed plans and knowledge of them, more comfortless by their report. Only there should have been no "friction the personal testimony of Jesus him- and indifference in the working of any self convinced them. And nothing less | Department of Denominational work than repeated palpable manifestations during the year; for we have had since were necessary to make all the dis- August, 1879, the Convention Scheme ciples, especially Thomas certain of this or plan adopted at Truro in that time, fact. And not simply to individuals and an excellent one it is, and may be but also to great collections of persons | considered the Financial Scheme of the did he appear, and finally to five hun- Denomination for many years to come; dred at once, of whom the greater part and yet during the past year, as Mr. were living when Paul wrote this in D. asserts there has been "much frichis letter to the Corinthians (1 Cor. x v. tion and great indifference," which, according to his proposal and panacea should not have existed. Mr. D. tells us he "prefers to see the horse before the cart; that there is a natural sequence in the order of events, which Christians, as well as human beings

Leaving Mr. Denton to get his must acknowledge the fact of the resur- " Christians" back within the pale of rection of Jesus. Says Baur: "only humanity, whence his phraseology exthe miracle of the resurrection could cludes them, his allusion to the present scatter the doubts which it should seem | arrangement of holding the Associamust have dethroned faith itself in the tions before Convention as being a violation of the common adage of horse To all this testimony, however, Paul &c., is by no means complimentary to cart before horse.

What is the great working power or force in the Baptist Denomination? Surely it is not the Convention, but the churches without whose piety, aid, and money, Denominational enterprizes could not be kept in operation.

Mr. D. refers to the natural order not help him. "The natural order of sequence" in our history has been,first, churches gathered or organized; 2nd. Associations formed; 3rd. Convention formed; and Baptist or Congregational Theology teaches the same

2. Mr. D. however, seems not to entertain a very exalted opinion of the matured wisdom, or the power of Associations, apparently ignorant, or oblivious of the fact that allows great enterprizes had their origin in Associations and received from the nurture and fostering care without which they could not have lived.

The Baptist Home Mission of these Provinces had its origin at an Association in Chester in 1815, and the Foreign Mission originated at the Association cases where what is denied or withheld held in the same town in 1838; Horton Academy had a similar origin at Horton in 1828, and the Seminary at Fredericton was launched at an Aslater, Acadia College, though opened some months previous, received the hearty endorsement of the Association at Wilmot in 1839; and even the Convention Scheme is little more than | that he would not indulge in an ungena revival of the old Union Society plan which was adopted and worked many T. H. Porter, now prostrate by disease years ago by the old Association.

And if the Associations have waned 17, to discover what incivility, lapse in interest and power, it is not much to in doctrine, or outrage in common be wondered at, for they have denuded and candid, reliable and earnest, cheersense I had committed to account for themselves of power and influence by ful and heavenly minded. the strange effusion from the pen of handing over almost every thing to the A. J. Denton, with which I have been | Convention, so that now they have no honoured in the Christian Messen- direct control over any Denomination-GER of Sept. 7; but I have failed to al enterprize. And so great on the discover any thing in my treatment of part of some has been the desire for his article, or of himself to entitle concentration that it could not be frankness, would do more to produce Mr, Denton to assume towards me the satisfied until even the Infirm Ministers harmony and vigour, satisfaction and years, was parted with and passed over cleverest manipulation in timing the to the Convention, much to the annoy- Convention first, and the Associations the Maritime Provinces, that the meet- ance and in opposition to the views and in their turn can effect." ing of the Convention occur first, and wishes of some of our best and wisest brethren. Perhaps those among us and stated his belief that such change who have been apprehensive we were carrying concentration too far, and that concentration is not an unmixed good, organizations of the Baptist Denomina- were right; and now to work matters safely and successfully requires much

3. But the whole matter of their My reply was to the effect that such | Anniversaries lies with the Associations

of history. We know that the disciples and that Mr. D. had not shown how it | their own working; and as an influential | better. expected nothing less than this fact. would. Mr. D. says he did show, but and worthy brother said on another comfortless and without hope. And tells us, he was writing for "men, and mouth, they can do so, "without dic- that a young man attains to such de- v. 13. Neither does it appear that vention."

But even with the disadvantages referred to, the Associations can do a noble work; and one thing necessary is, not changing the time of holding the Associations and inverting the present order, but that timely information be furnished to them by the Boards as to the condition, operations, and wants of the great Denominational enterprizes. Instead of this requiring Mr. Denton's greate" work of supererogation"-the preparing of six or seven special and tull reports from the Boards to the seven Associations, all that is needed could be put by each Board or its Secretary, on a leaf of note paper!

4 Mr. Denton's right to pronounce "the recent Associational Resolutions in regard to Foreign Missions as passed in the dark," is, he tells us, the "right and authority that every free man in a free country has, that of making a statement when it is true." O indeed! Sir, I am much obliged.

Seeing the Associations were kept in the dark in regard to important Foreign Missionary matters, and passed as alleged certain resolutions in the dark, I wanted to know how it came to pass that A. J. Denton was entitled to pronounce categorically against the course of said Association; and the above is his answer, as though I wished to interfere with his rights and liberty!

But he says that he asked and obtained information from members of the Board. But I do not see that even then he was competent to pronounce judgment as he did; for he had not heard Rev. W. F. Armstrong's rebuttal of statements made in what Mr. D. calls the Board's Defense, -a rebuttal which damaged, in the opinion of many, essentially damaged that defense.

Mr. D. tells us all that was necessary was, to ask for information, and the Foreign Missionary Board would have given it gladly. The Board, however, had not so announced, and howit is true one may doubt, since the CHRISTIAN MESSENGER, the Denominational organ in Nova Scotia asked more than once in behalf of thousands of its readers for such information, and it was persistently withheld to the last!

■ I did not, as Mr. D. most incorrectly states, say that his communication "operated to weaken confidence, create dissatisfaction and discussion;" but l did say, "it is high time that private communications ceased, and similar correspondence from the Missionary Boards were discontinued; that they op-rate to weaken confidence, create dissatisfaction and disunion;" a state ment by no means "absurd," as expe rience has shown Mr. A. J. Denton to the contrary, notwithstanding unofficial information, marked private or confidential, is not seldom unsatisfactory; besides, what right has one brother to information touching matters of general interest to the denomination, to which all are not equally entitled? And in is a right, one is most reluctant, pay, may well decline to ask or accept it as favor. What cannot be rightfully given to all the brethren, it is better, in my sociation in New Brunswick a few years | judgment, to leave slumber in darkness. 5. One would suppose it would have

fully satisfied Mr. Denton, in his exul tation, to have a fling at the Saunderses, the Kings, and the Armstrongs, and erous and unbecoming fling at the Rev. and on the brink of the grave, than whom there is not among our ministers and members one more conscientious

Perhaps a better and higher illumination will yet lead Mr. Denton to higher views and worthier feelings.

I had said that "the spirit of humility and confidence, of brotherly love and Fund which some Associations had success in our Denominational enterbeen raising and controlling for many prizes at home and abroad, than the

6. But Mr. Denton becomes much been converted under his ministry. more direct and bold ;-it is not often | See 1 Corinthians iv. 14, 15; 1 Pet. velopment in the line on which he has Jesus intended to discourage proper ventured. Not content with his general respect to aged ministers which is all condemnation of those who expressed, that is intended in the cases to which however kindly and conscientiously, our brother refers. Our Lord's teachdisapproval of the course taken by the ing is evidently like the preceding Board, he thus launches out against me | verses and carrying out their spirit, that personally; "And had you possessed men should not seek to exalt themselves it (that is, 'the spirit of humility and and demand that submission from their confidence, of brotherly love and frank- fellowmen, which belongs alone to our ness,') you would not have attempted to Heavenly Father. Each one must give the Foreign Missionary Board a come to Christ for himself without the fling in replying to me."

Why-simply because I announced in Cephas; and I of Christ." Christ is this "free country" my conviction that | the only true and supreme Master and the Foreign Missionary Board was teacher of his people. Any commands under obligation to give, and should given by a minister must be in subhave given to the churches and denom- ordination to what He has said. ination during the past trying year, information touching important and pressing matters bearing very seriously on our Foreign Mission, and troubling the minds of our people much; a belief shared in by thousands, and which Convention votes of approval and thanks cannot remove.

Mr. Denton's right to address me as he has, I leave others to determine. And how far such an exhibition as he has given consists with "the spirit of humility and confidence, brotherly love and trankness," which he commends, it is not for me to say, that I leave to others; and I also leave Mr. Denton to his own reflections.

GEORGE ARMSTRONG. Kentville, N. S., Sept. 16th, 1881.

For the Christian Messenger.

Co-operation?

MR. EDITOR,-

I observe with surprise that brethren in Saint John, including the New Brunswick member of the Convention Finance Committee, are busily engaged in an effort to secure from the denomination in this province funds for a Baptist Academy, I suppose in St. John. Have these brethren forgotten the provisions of Article II of the Constitution of the Convention? Do they desire their brethren of Nova Scotia and P. E. Island, to understand that the Baptists of New Brunswick are unmindful the Board of Governors of our College and Academies at Wolfville? The brethren who have these Institutions in charge cannot regard the action of brethren on this side the Bay astimely or helpful. Our Academies at Woltville can accommodate double the number of rating in carrying out in good faith the action of the Convention designed for relief of the Governors. There must be no pulling apart.

FIDES. New Brunswick, Sept. 24.

The Christian Messenger

Halifax, N. S., September 28, 1881.

For the Christian Messenger.

Matthew xxiii. 9, Jesus our law-giver said "Call no man your Father upon earth: for one is your Father, which is in heaven." Here we see a plain com mand given by our Master Jesus, that we should call no man our father upon aged Christian men and aged Christian minister., father? thus breaking one of your Master's plain commands. Dear brethren and sisters in Jesus, I want you to carefully consider this subject and remember that Jesus said in another place, " if ye love me keep my commandments.

Your brother in Jesus, BENJAMIN HARDY. Smith's Cove, Sept. 20, 1881.

and other readers, that in complying and all sorts of things made in wood, with his request to give his communi- iron, copper, brass, silver, gold, tin, cation a place in our columns we should from Ontario, New Brunswick, and add a few words.

we think to be taken in its spirit rather a splendid display of the mineral rethan in the letter. If we should take sources of the province-pillars of coal it literally we should have to find some from various mines and other products Though Mr. Denton accedes to this, other name to use instead of father for of mining-gold, silver, copper and he nevertheless announces; "It is not a parent, and so also as to master, a other ores. Some fine nuggets of gold difficult to see, since the Convention, servant would not be allowed to speak and fac-similes of other large nuggets who did, and who did not, possess that of his employer as master or taking that have been found in several counspirit." Of the spirit that dominated the more proper rendering of the Greek- ties are shown. over, swayed, and controlled the pro- teacher-we must not allow pupils to ceedings touching the matters of differ- speak of their teacher by that name. turing Company in skates and silver ence between the Foreign Missionary We cannot therefore understand that plated ware are very beautiful. Board, and Rev, W. F. Armstrong, our Lord intended to teach that the aurely Mr. Denton ought to know or simple use of the words is wrong. Rope Works are placed along side of change was unnecessary and would not themselves, and they are competent to be admonished that the least said in Further it appears that it was not held ropes of different sizes from St. John

speaking one cannot get round this fact accomplish the great good anticipated; do their own business and arrange for boast or laudation—of that spirit, the to be wrong that a minister should be regarded as father to those who have intervention of another. We must not Indeed Sir! Now, on what ground say as the Corinthians did "I am of does Mr. D. thus publicly charge me? Paul; and I of Apollos; and I of

THIRD ANNUAL DOMINION EXHIBITION, 1881.

The Exhibition has been the great subject of consideration in Halifax during the past week, and will be for several days to come. The arrangements were not altogether satisfactory to those who came early last week, seeing that a large portion of the exhibits were not in place till Friday or Saturday, whilst the Exhibition was partially open on Wednesday. The exhibitors are probably more to blame for the delay in this than the Committee of Management. It is, of course, very difficult to get every thing ready where a portion—the agricultural productions, horses, cattle, and live stock generally—is to be a week later. Parties coming to see the first opening are perhaps not careful to notice the advertisement of the partial Exhibition that must be at the beginning, and a sense of disap pointment would naturally arise on that account. It would probably have been better to have had the full opening at first, and let the show of articles, not perishable, remain after the live stock, &c., had been removed, instead of making the extension of time before they

The preparation of the grounds made by the Committee was excellent. They are well laid out, having large buildings back of the Main Half for machinery, agricultural implements, of the pressing claims now resting upon | cattle, pigs, sheep, and poultry, and further back four fine sheds for horses, with the horse-track still further back, where there is ample room for exerercising and exhibiting the qualities of

the horses. The fruit, flowers, and agricultural productions are in the old Rink in the students in attendance. I trust a halt Public Gardens, It is doubtful if this will be called in St. John, and a large is a good arrangement as it divides the hearted effort made by way of co-ope- show and diminishes the effect more than if a shed had been erected for the purpose on the grounds.

It is a great advantage to have the moving machinery, steam engines, rope making, nail making, shingle and spool machines, all away from the main building, so that visitors may enjoy the sight, and give patient examination of all the articles therein without noise or disturbance. The musical instruments exhibited also have a much better chance of being heard, and the music of the military bands more fully enjoyed Dear brethren in Christ, We read in and appreciated by everybody, than if

disturbed by the clatter of machinery. It is truly a marvellous collection of things rich and rare. The products of man's inventive powera are here seen gathered from all parts of the Dominearth. How is it that some of you call ion, and one may occupy several days in gaining a full acquaintance with the whole. We shall not attempt anything like a list of what is contained therein, especially as we had to go to press yesterday afternoon before the formal opening of the Exhibition.

The display to be seen on entering the building is varied and beautiful. The u-eful very largely prevails over the ornamental. Here are mantel It may be satisfactory to our brother pieces, brushes, locks, keys, axes, files various parts of Nova Scotia. The The passage of scripture referred to is Nova Scotia Department of Mines has

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