### The Messenger Almanac.

NOVEMBER, 1881.								
	21st, 0h. 7m. A. 28th, 7h. 47m. M.							
Day SUN. M. Rise. Sets. Rises.	100N. High Tide South Sets. at Halifax							
1 Tu. 6 42 4 46 2 19 2 W. 6 43 4 44 2 48 3 Th. 6 45 4 43 3 18 4 Fr. 6 46 4 41 3 52 5 Sa. 6 47 4 40 4 29 6 Su. 6 49 4 39 5 10 7 M. 6 50 4 38 5 58 8 Tu. 6 51 4 36 6 50 9 W. 6 53 4 35 7 48 10 Th. 6 55 4 34 8 47 11 Fr. 6 56 4 32 9 46 12 Sa. 6 58 4 31 10 46 13 Su. 6 59 4 30 11 46 14 M 7 0 4 29 M	9 59 3 28 4 46 10 52 4 40 5 47 11 45 5 52 6 36 M. 7 1 7 22 0 38 8 6 8 3 1 32 9 6 8 43 2 4 9 58 9 23 3 15 10 42 10 1 4 4 11 21 10 38 4 49 11 52 11 17 5 33 A. 20 A. 2							

16 W. 7 3 4 27 1 46 7 40 1 34

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28 M. . 7 18 4 18 A. 23 6 15 M.

29 Tu. 7 19 4 18 0 52 7 5 0 7 30 W. 7 21 4 17 1 20 7 54 1 18

4 4 26 2 49 8 24 1 59

5 4 25 3 52 9 9 2 26

7 4 24 4 58 9 56 2 54

8 4 23 6 6 10 49 3 32

9 4 23 7 13 11 44 4 15

5 12

0 48

THE TIDES.—The column of the Moon's Southing gives the time of high water at Parreboro, Cornwallis, Horton, Hantsport, Windsor, Newport, and Truro. High water at Pictou and Cape Tormen-

tine, 2 hours and 11 minutes LATER than at Halifax. At Annapolis, St. John, N.B., and Portland Maine, 3 hours and 25 min-utes LATER, and at St. John's, Newfoundland, 20 minutes EARLIER, than at Halifax. At Charlottetown, 2 hours 56 minutes LATER. A Westport, 2 hours 54 minutes LATER. A Yarmouth, 2 hours 20 minutes

FOR THE LENGTH OF THE DAY.—Add 12 hours to the time of the sun's setting, and from the sum subtract the time of rising. FOR THE LENGTH OF THE NIGHT.-Sub tract the time of the sun's setting, from 12 hours and to the remainder add the time of rising next morning.

obtained for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invived to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains then the beaten whites. Beat well complete instructions how to obtain Patents, and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Jos. Casey, late Chief Justice, U. S. Court of Claims, to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address: LOUIS BAGGER & CO.,

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These Pianos were not got up for exhibition, but were our ordinary manufacture. We invite inspection of our instruments; all first class and warranted to give satisfaction.

Piano-Fortes, Cabinet and Church Organs Tuned and repaired. Nov. 5,

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THE HOUSE.

FRUIT-DRYERS AND " EVAPORATORS. -Those who have hot-bed sashes can dry fruit by the heat of the sun in a manner vastly superior to the ordinary method. A box should be made like a hot-bed frame, but with a bottom, and it should have legs to raise it a few inches from the ground. The sashes should fit sufficiently closet to keep out dust and insects. In the front of the box at the bottom, make openings under the middle of each sash, and at the rear, and at the top make similar openings. We do not recollect the exact size we used, but probably twelve inches long by three wide will answer. These openings should be covered with wire cloth, though in its absence musquito netting or a similar stuff will answer. The fruit, or other article to be dried, should be upon trays or frames covered with some coarse fabric and raised a few inches from the bottom of the box. The sash being so placed as to catch the full heat of the sun, the drying will go on in a surprisingly rapid manner. The air passing in at the lower openings will become quickly heated, and going out at the upper openings a current will be established, carrying off the moisture from the fruit, etc., in the most satisfactory manner. The product will not be so white as when dried by artificial heat, but for home use just as good, and it will be free from dust and the soiling by insects. We have dried the finest sweet corn imaginable with a contrivance like this, and have no doubt of its efficacy in drying fruit. - American Agriculturist for October.

KEEPING BULBS.—Gladiolus bulbs must be entirely dry to keep well. The bulbs should be lifted without pulling off the stalks, tied into small bundles, and hung up in any airy place, but not exposed to the sun. After the stalks have become entirely dry, cut them off about half an inch from the bulb. The old bulb is then twisted off, and the bulbs for next year's planting are ready for storing away. They keep best in a cool, dry place, where the temperature never talls below the freezing point. If a dry storage place cannot be secured, it is advisable to pack the bulbs between layers of dry sawdust.

MUFFINS .- Two eggs, one pint flour, one teaspoon baking powder, one teacup an egg, and a little salt. Mix the flour, baking powder and salt together. In another dish beat the yolks of the eggs, together, and bake in gem irons in a hot oven.

eggs, one cup white sugar, a pinch of pounds of meal fed alone. Meal and Picton at 2 P. M., connecting with I. C. R., leaving salt, three teaspoonfuls vanilla, chocolate been mixed in more profest feed alone. salt, three teaspoonfuls vanilla, chocolate | bran mixed is more perfect feed than very brown. Dissolve the corn starch | percentage of phosphoric acid, potash, in a little cold water, stir it into the and nitrogen than Indian meal, while a good deal, stirring it well. Let it starch than the former. stand while you beat the eggs and sugar and salt together. When these are sugar and vanilla to taste. The pudding in eradicating weeds. is good at all times, but better cold.

BREAD AND BUTTER PUDDING .- Fill a pudding dish two-thirds full with very thin slices of bread and butter. A cupful of currants or dried cherries may be sprinkled between the slices. Make a custard of two eggs beaten with a cup of sugar; add a quart of milk, and pour over the bread. Cover with a plate, and set on the back of the stove an hour; bake from half to three-quarters of an hour.

MOCK BUCKWHEAT CAKES .- Warm one quart of skimmed milk to the temperature of new milk; add one teaspoonful of dairy salt and three tablespoonfuls of good lively yeast; thicken to the consistency of real buckwheat cakes with Graham meal, in which three small handfuls of fine corn-meal have been mixed Very coarse " middlings " such as one gets from country mills, answer quite as well, and none but an expert would know the difference between the imitation and the real.

FOUNDER .- The first thing to do is to place the borse's feet in tubs of warm water, then blanket heavily, and get the animal thoroughly warm all over. The lameness is caused by a stagnation of blood in the feet, caused by being cooled too rapidly after exhausting labour. that makes the best bread.

The warm water thins the blood, extends and softens the blood vessels, and favours increased circulation. In very bad cases bleeding in the feet is necessary, though ordinarily it may be dispensed with.

#### AGRICULTURE.

LABOR ON THE FARM .- As the labor problem is one of the most difficult that the farmers have to deal with, the plans of the farm should be arranged with reference to it, so that the greatest economy, consistent with efficiency, can be practised. The order of the crops in rotation, and the system of feeding and care of the live stock, will determine, to a great extent, the importance of a distribution of labor. This is one of the advantages of a mixed husbandry, that cannot be so readily practised in an exclusive system of special culture. It would be desirable, under favorable conditions, to arrange the details of management, so that work could be profitably provided for at a fixed and uniform force throughout the year. By this means it would be possible to avoid paying high prices for extra labor during seasons of harvest, and it would at the same time be for the interest of the farm laborer, who could thus obtain steady employment.

Under a well planned system, it would not be necessary to make any marked increase of working force on the average farm at any season of the year, if full advantage is taken of the improved farm machinery that can now be readily obtained for a variety of purposes. In the cases where it is not possible to secure an exact uniformity in the distribution of labor, it will be best to make as close an approximation to it as possible.

PRESERVING DAHLIA TUBERS. - A correspondent writes :- "Though carefully dried before storing away in the autumn, I used continually to lose them by the rotting of the crown, till at length it occurred to me, it was occasioned through the decay of the long stalk left attached to the tubers; this becoming partially charged with fluid, kept the crown constantly wet. My remedy has been to leave not more than four inches of stalk; from this to scrape the whole of the outer covering or bark, and at the base to make a small opening which permits any watery deposit to milk, a piece of butter half the size of escape. The result has been, I have preserved the whole of my tubers, while experienced gardeners around me have complained of loss, notwithstanding that every precaution from damp or frost has been taken.

BRAN FOR CATTLE.—It is claimed by some feeders that 100 pounds of corn milk, one small cup corn starch, two give a greater gain in flesh than 200 9.50 A. M., arriving at New Glasgow at (grated) enough to make the mixture meal alone. Bran contains a larger milk, and boil till the mixture thickens the latter contains more oil, sugar and

In sowing wheat be careful that no well mixed add the milk and the van- foul seeds get into the ground through illa; last of all the chocolate. Bake in the drill or by the hand of the sower. a buttered pudding-dish. SAUCE- Have your seed wheat perfectly clean. Whipped cream, to which is added the | An hour spent in making seed clean beaten white of an egg, and powdered will save a day or a week in the future

#### VARIETIES.

One day is worth three to him who does everything in order.

It is easy to look down on others; to look down on ourselves is the difficulty.

Friendly discourse at table promotes Is all and a great deal more than we have health, and without it the table is too apt to become a manger.

Cultivate cheerfulness, if only for per-onal profit. You will do and bear every duty and burden better by being cheerful.

Polish your joys, but conceal your

A hen to-morrow is better than an egg to-day.

The following statement should have have appeared in an Irish rather than a Scotch paper: "The celebrated vocalist has narrowly escaped with his life, his carriage having been upset near Edinburgh; but he was to appear the same evening in three pieces."

The finest friendships have been formed in mutual adversity, as iron is most strongly united by the fiercest

It isn't always the flower of the family

# INTERCOLONIAL BAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS leave Halifax daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:-(Halifax time.)

At 8.25 a. m.—Express for St. John, Pictou, Quebec. At 12.15 p.m.—Accommodation for Pictou. At 5.00 p. m.-Accommodation for Truro. At 6.15 p. m.—Express for St. John and

WILL ARRIVE :-At 9.15. a. m. - Accommodation from Truro. At 10 15 a. m.,—Express from Quebec and from St. John. At 2.50 p. m.-Accommodation from Pic-At 7.45 p. m.—Express from St. John. Nov. 24, 1880.

Windsor and Annapolis Railway.

Summer Arrangement—Commencing Monday, April 4th, 1881. The following is according to Railway Time. Halifax times is 15 minutes later.

Miles.	GOING W	EST	Express Daily.	Passengers & Fre	Pass. & Frgt. Di
	Halifax	Leave	A. M. 7 45	8 52 P.M.	P. M. 3 00
	Windsor.	ne parti	9 40	12 30	
71	Wolfville. Kentville,		10 30 11 05 11 36	2 30	7 40
	Berwick.		P. M. 12 23		
	Middleton. Annapolis.	Arrive			
	St. John,	do	7 30		1
			reight	reight rsdays only.	illy.

Miles.	GOING BA	AST.	Pass. and F. Daily.	Pass. and F Tuesdays Thur and Saturday	Express Da
	St. John,	Leave	A.M.	A. M.	A.M. 8 00 P.M.
98	Annapolis, Middleton.	Leave	1.60 /	6 30 8 20	2 15 3 31
47 59	Berwick. Kentville, Wolfville.		6 30 6 57	9 46 11 15 11 45 P.M.	4 20 5 00 5 24
	Windsor, Halifax	Arrive	8 15 11 00	(Charles of Manager 1992)	6 12 8 10

Steamer "Empress" leaves St. John at 8a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Digby and Annapolis, and leaves Annapolis, on arrival of Express Train from Halifax. 1.40 p. m, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, for Digby and St. John.

HALIFAX and CAPE BRETON BAILWAY.

EXPRESS leaves New Glasgow at 1.00 P. M., after arrival of I. C. R. Train leaving Halifax at 8.10 A. M., arriving at the Strait of Canso at 5.00 P. M.

## TOTAL CONTROL CONTROL

Western Counties Railway Train leaves Yarmouth daily at 7.45 a

m., and arrives at Digby at 11.45 a. m. Leaves Digby on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1.00 p. m. Arrives at Yarmouth at 5.00 p. m. On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 30 p.m. Arrives at

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the greatest possible PECTORAL. ity of results. It strikes at the foundation of all

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pulmonary diseases, affording prompt relief and rapid cures, and is adapted to patients of and rapid cures, and is adapted to patients of any age or either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily. In ordinary Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Clergyman's Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Catarrh, the effects of Aver's Cherry Pectoral are magical, and multitudes are annually preserved from serious illness by its timely and faithful use. It should be kept at hand in every household for the protection it affords in sudden attacks. In Whooping-cough and Consumption Whooping-cough and Consumption there is no other remedy so efficacious, soothing, and helpful.

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