

TERMS AND NOTICES.

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Religious Intelligencer.

Rev. JOSEPH McLEOD D. D., EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 4TH, 1900.

The time-server is out of place in the christian ministry. He disgraces it.

According to a new rule of the Chicago University, a student who marries while holding a fellowship will lose it. It seems a very proper rule.

The Episcopal Church in Montreal, whose rector, Rev. Mr. Troop, resigned because the pews were not free, has voted heartily to comply with the rector's wish, and he has withdrawn his resignation.

Spiritualism is quite prevalent in Germany. In Berlin alone there are said to be as many as six hundred mediums. They carry on all sorts of humbugs and frauds.

Rev. Dr. Courice and Rev. G. J. Bond, editors, respectively, of the Christian Guardian, Toronto, and The Wesleyan, Halifax, have arranged an exchange of work.

The Bohemians in the United States are a most irreligious lot of people. According to a recent statement, their leaders advocate the grossest forms of infidelity.

We are in receipt of a communication from the Committee of the recent Ecumenical Missionary Conference stating that no advanced subscriptions for the Report will be received after July 15th.

What Romanism means today as a religion, and that in the very centres of civilization, is illustrated by the recent death in Paris of an old beggar woman.

An illustration of the intolerance of Rome comes from the Argentine Republic. A Protestant colporteur had succeeded in disposing of a large number of Bibles and Testaments, and portions of Scripture and tracts, in two villages in the province of Mendoza.

manded the people with terrible threats to bring him all the literature they had purchased from the Protestant. They obeyed, with the exception of two families, and the books were publicly burnt, only the covers of the Bibles escaping destruction.

A recent report on the state of religion in Russia mentions the rise of a curious sect on the Volga. Its principal article of faith is that Judas was the only true disciple of Christ.

"THAT SEEMETH RIGHT."

Things are not always what they appear. Error often presents itself in the garb of truth. The world is full of things and ways which seem to be right, but which are wrong.

There is much running on false time, time that only seems to be right. "There is a way, that seemeth right unto a man, but the end thereof are the ways of death."

The same is true of business practices. Here false views often prevail. Everything is right in trade. God's holy day is desecrated for gain.

This same principle will apply with equal force to opinions and beliefs. These, if wrong, will lead to wrong courses in life.

Mr. Tarte is mentioned as probable Governor of Quebec, soon.

OTHER DENOMINATIONS.

Annual meetings of four denominations have been held recently. It is good for us to know how our brethren of other branches of the Church of God are getting along.

The Western Baptist Association of New Brunswick held its annual session at Doaktown a few days ago. The digest of the reports from churches showed that there are 75 churches in the association. Of these 35 reported. Twelve showed increases of from one to fifty in membership; twelve showed loss of from one to six members; in eleven the membership remained stationary.

METHODIST CONFERENCES.

The Methodist Conference of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, which met in Moncton last week was a session of considerable interest. Rev. Geo. Steele, who had served the Conference several years as Secretary, was elected President.

The Conference took a strong position on the prohibition question. The question of a permanent place of meeting for the Conference was introduced, and notice was given of a motion, at the next session, to establish such a place, and also that a bill-letting fund be provided by taking one percent of all ministers' salaries.

The Nova Scotia Methodist Conference was held at the same time, at Parrisboro. Seventy-five ministers and twenty-three lay delegates were present.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, which closed its session in Halifax a few days ago, is reported to have been a very excellent meeting.

The annual meeting of the Reformed Baptist Alliance was held at Brown's Flat, K. Co., last week.

Political News.—Hon. A. G. Jones is named as the probable successor of Sir M. B. Daly as Governor of Nova Scotia.

Mr. Emerson will be absent from the province for several weeks, during which time by an order-in-council Mr. Tweedie will act as premier and attorney general.

The Report.—Persons wishing to possess the volumes containing verbatim reports of the great missionary Conference should send their order and \$1.00 to the committee on Press and Publication, Missionary Conference, 16 Fifth Avenue, New York.

NOTES ON CURRENT EVENTS.

FIFTY-THREE THOUSAND.

The Chicago Tribune is not a temperance paper; it is a political party paper, and has small sympathy with anti-rum-selling movements. But it makes the statement that the grog shops of the United States are responsible for over 53,000 murders committed in that country in the last ten years.

SALT LAKE.

It is stated that the waters of the Great Salt Lake in Utah have receded a mile within the past year; and it is conjectured that during the coming century this wonderful body of water may be completely dried up.

THE ANGLO-SAXON.

Bishop Fowler, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, speaking in New York, said of the Anglo-Saxon race: "It moves and governs the world. For touching one hair of a Saxon an account must be rendered."

They are great missionaries. Give the Anglo-Saxon conscience time to move, time to assert itself, and its problems will be solved. The Saxons have never robbed a people without the victims being gainers and there are no such liberties as under the Union Jack and Stars and Stripes.

JEWS IN RUSSIA.

Judging by the tone of the Russian press there is reason to believe that the Jews in Russia are to be again subjected to a series of oppressive regulations. The leading papers are directing attention to the ever-increasing influence of Jews in commercial and professional circles.

A PRIEST'S GOOD WORK.

Rev. Fr. Scanlan, the priest in charge of St. Ann's parish, Montreal, is doing vigorous and successful work against illicit rum-sellers in his parish.

RETIRING.

Principal Calkin, of the Nova Scotia Normal School, has resigned the position he has held for thirty years. He has spent a half century in the educational service of the Province, and has well earned the rest he hopes to get in the closing years of his life.

THE INDIA FAMINE.

The news of some recent rains in some parts of the famine area in India awakens hope that the calamity may soon be at an end. It needs, however, to be remembered that even if the rains were general, awful and widespread distress must continue for a long time.

NOTES ON CURRENT EVENTS.

more persons are suffering.

The failure of the last two autumn and spring harvests and the unprecedented loss of cattle in western and central India makes the task of recuperation more arduous than on any previous occasion. The Government has reduced the rate of mortality, and even in the worst districts the figures show only a slight excess over the normal rate.

IT PROHIBITS.

Rev. Chas. Sheldon, the author of "In His Steps" and like books, is now in Great Britain. At the Convention of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union he spoke of Kansas' experience of prohibition, his own home being in Topeka, the capital of the state.

MOBBED IN MONTREAL.

Two street preachers were set upon and badly treated in Montreal last week. It is not charged that they were saying anything that ought to be offensive to anybody, but were simply preaching the gospel.

THE EMPEROR WON.

The German navy bill passed the reichstag by a good majority. This is a marked triumph for the Emperor, whose heart has been set on the increase of the country's naval strength.

"FOREIGN DEVILS."

The foreigners in China are said to number 12,000. Only a small number of these—not more than a few hundreds, are in Pekin. From the bitter feeling of "the Boxers" towards "the foreign devils," it might be supposed that they were very numerous and threatening to overrun the country.

WHEAT.

The wheat yield in the western states is said to be very small. A crop report last week, prepared by a Chicago expert, who had just completed a fortnight's tour of Minnesota and the Dakotas, says the situation is very bad, that the wheat failure is the worst ever known.

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AFTER THE WAR.

When the war is ended the work of reconstruction in South Africa will only have well begun. Says the Westminster: "With the implements of modern warfare the question of the comparative strength of the combatants can be settled in a few months but the work of obliterating race hatreds and establishing a new condition of things is a much slower process."

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will be along other lines. The gage question is an important one and the use of one official language will work as an unifying force. The rights of the Boers and the races must be carefully guarded. The encroachments of the natives will crowd into the country, and hatreds die hard but wise and just treatment will help to bring the past and bring in a new order of things.

BOURASSA AND LANGEVIN.

Mr. Bourassa, who has made himself so distastefully conspicuous as anti-British twaddle, in Paris and out of it, was in Manitoba last week. He was lionized by the Quebec people he said, considering he had to talk. He declared, in large majority of the people of the Empire he had his views. He said no doubt that the sending of the tincts was forced on the Government by the hot-headed patriots.

Authentic news of the progress of the mighty struggle raging in the vicinity of Pekin comes but slowly spasmodically to the reader of the English newspaper. Wild and startling rumors are sent out daily by respondents, who must have been even if compelled to make it; but the fate of the foreign legations at Pekin is as much a mystery to the public as it has been during all the days of past fortnight, during which thousands of infuriated Chinamen have wreaked their anger against the little European nations.

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GENERAL RE...

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WAR NOTES.

Though the war in Africa has in closing hours been overshadowed by the new cloud in the Orient, yet the closing days of the fighting in the Transvaal have given opportunity to the Canadians to once more prove their worth, and to gain again the warm approval of the great field Marshal Lord Roberts.

A special cable report says:—The Strathcona Horse has done one of the great deeds of the war. Leaving Cape Town a month ago they went to Durban by water and then proceeded inland up country, reaching General Buller's forces in time to do splendid service in the advance from Newcastle on towards Standerton and Pretoria—service for which they received special mention in General Buller's despatches to the war office, approved by Lord Roberts. Now they have done a deed which will live in history. They have blown up the railway bridge at Komati Poort, on the railway between Pretoria and Komati Poort, and have cut off all communication of the Boer army with the sea.

All the Delagoa Bay rolling stock, the Boer artillery, the whole Boer army, including gold taken by President Kruger from the mines here are west of that break and must now inevitably fall into our hands. Strathcona's Horse has effectually bottled up the Boers.

It seems probable that some of the Colonial troops will be given a chance to see service in China. A copy of a